

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 3, 2024 – 11:14 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7ZKP

EMDB ID : EMD-14764

Title: Late assembly intermediate of the proximal proton pumping module of complex

I with assembly factors NDUFAF1 and CIA84

Authors : Schiller, J.; Laube, E.; Vonck, J.; Zickermann, V.

Deposited on : 2022-04-13

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : 7071

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as 541 be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

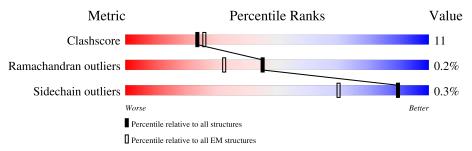
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of ch	ain	
1	D	87	77%	_	22% •
2	L	89	54%	45%	
3	U	172	72%		26%
4	W	123	67%	7%	25%
5	X	169	74%		21%
6	1	341	65%	24%	11%
7	2	469	77%		23%
8	3	128	50%	39%	11%

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Mol	Chain	Length	. 0	Quality of	f chain		
	C	105	22%				
9	6	185		69%		31%	•
			21%				
10	g	78		97%		•	
			12%				
11	b	74		86%		14%	
			36%				
12	9	89		83%		13% •	
			16%				
13	\mathbf{C}	852	32%	8%	60%		
			18%				
14	A	290	54	4%	21%	26%	ı

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
15	CDL	X	201	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 19 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 19929 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Subunit NIMM of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I).

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	D	86	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1	ט	00	681	432	127	119	3	0	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 4L.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
2	L	89	Total 693	C 465	N 109	O 116	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Subunit NUPM of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I).

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}^{1}	toms			AltConf	Trace
3	U	171	Total 1345	C 847	N 236	O 252	S 10	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Subunit NB6M of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I).

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
4	W	92	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1	**	32	744	476	133	130	5		

• Molecule 5 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase complex I, 21 kDa subunit -domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
5	Y	164	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	Λ	104	1274	828	216	226	4		

• Molecule 6 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 1.



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
6	1	303	Total 2426	C 1664	N 347	O 408	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 7 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase subunit 2.

M	ol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
	7	2	469	Total 3776	C 2558	N 550	O 656	S 12	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
8	3	114	Total 909	C 626	N 131	O 150	S 2	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
0	6	184	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
9	U	104	1453	985	208	251	9	0	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
6	1	FME	-	insertion	UNP S5U3X7

• Molecule 10 is a protein called subunit NI9M of protein NADH:Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
10	g	76	Total 622		N 113	O 101	0	0

• Molecule 11 is a protein called Subunit NEBM of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
11	b	64	Total 490	C 326	N 83	O 81	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called Subunit NIPM of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I).



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
12	9	86	Total 672	C 422	N 122	O 122	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a protein called assembly factor CIA84.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
13	С	337	Total 2763	C 1754	N 471	O 525	S 13	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called CIA30 domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
14	A	216	Total 1749	C 1119	N 296	O 328	S 6	0	0

There are 47 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Commont	Reference
			Actual	Comment	
A	238	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	239	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	240	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	241	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	242	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	243	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	244	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	245	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	246	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	247	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	248	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	249	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	250	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	251	GLU	_	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	252	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	253	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	254	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	255	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	256	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	257	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	258	SER	_	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	259	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	260	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	261	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	262	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0

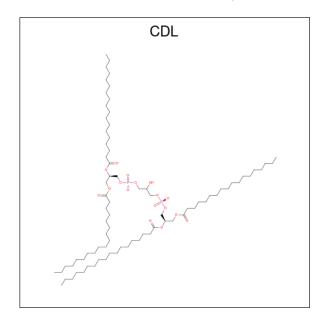
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	263	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	264	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	265	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	266	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	267	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	268	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	269	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	270	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	271	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	272	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	273	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	274	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	275	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	276	ALA	_	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	277	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	278	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	279	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	280	PRO	_	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	281	GLN		expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	282	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	283	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0
A	284	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1D8NEL0

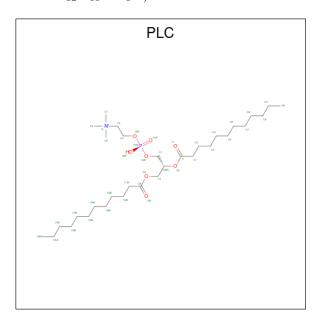
 \bullet Molecule 15 is CARDIOLIPIN (three-letter code: CDL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{81}H_{156}O_{17}P_2}).$





	Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				AltConf
Ī	15	v	1	Total	С	О	Р	0
	10	Λ	1	64	46	16	2	U
ſ	15	œ	1	Total	С	О	Р	0
	19	g	1	83	64	17	2	

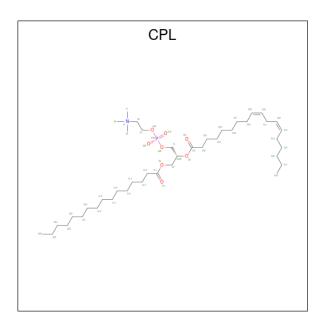
• Molecule 16 is DIUNDECYL PHOSPHATIDYL CHOLINE (three-letter code: PLC) (formula: $C_{32}H_{65}NO_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
16	1	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	1	1	42	32	1	8	1	U

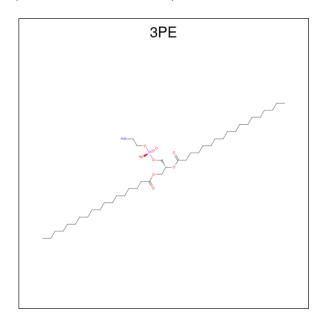
• Molecule 17 is 1-PALMITOYL-2-LINOLEOYL-SN-GLYCERO-3-PHOSPHOCHOLINE (three-letter code: CPL) (formula: $C_{42}H_{80}NO_8P$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
17	9	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
11		1	52	42	1	8	1	0

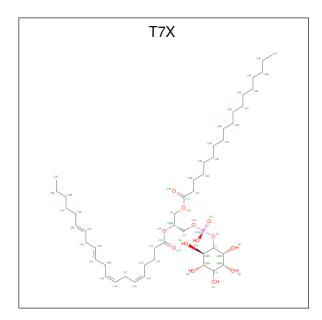
 \bullet Molecule 18 is 1,2-Distear oyl-sn-glycerophosphoethanolamine (three-letter code: 3PE) (formula: $\rm C_{41}H_{82}NO_8P).$



	Atoms			
otal C		O	P	0
43		33 1		

 \bullet Molecule 19 is Phosphatidylinositol (three-letter code: T7X) (formula: $\rm C_{47}H_{83}O_{13}P).$





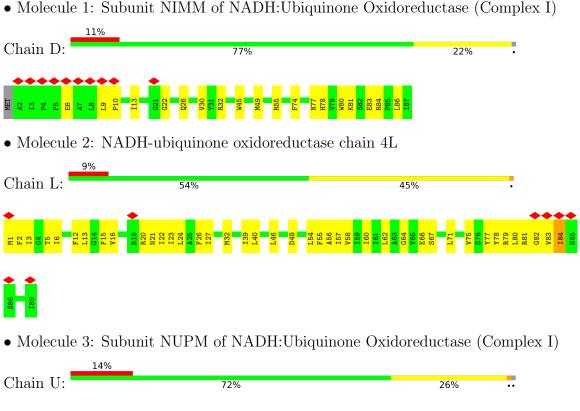
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
10	h	1	Total	С	О	Р	0
19	D	1	48	34	13	1	U

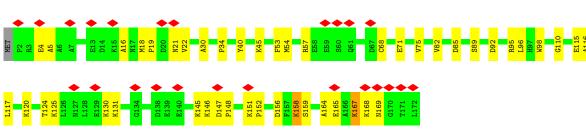


Chain W:

3 Residue-property plots (i)

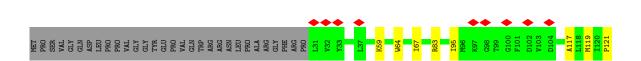
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 4: Subunit NB6M of NADH:Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I)

67%



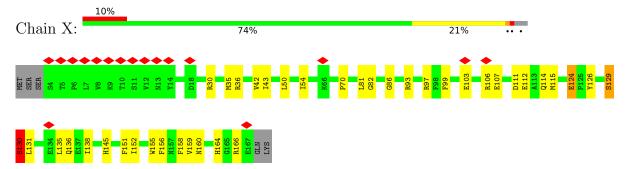


7%

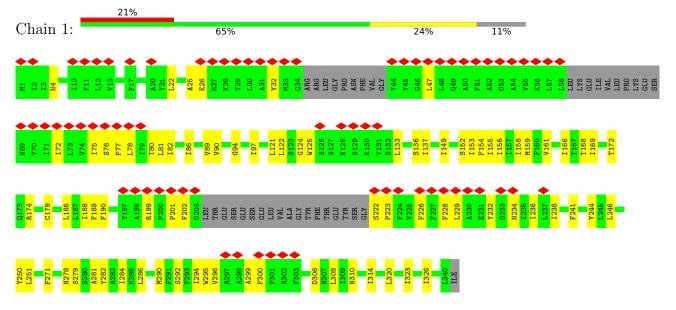
25%

P122 LYS

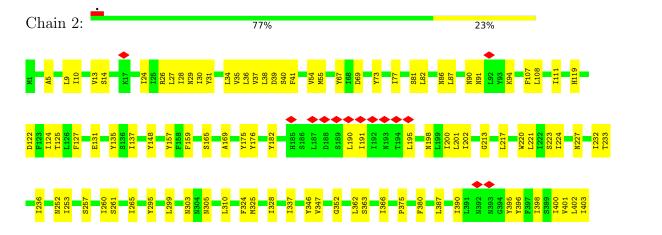
 \bullet Molecule 5: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase complex I, 21 kDa subunit-domain-containing protein



• Molecule 6: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 1



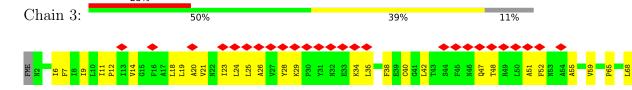
• Molecule 7: NADH dehydrogenase subunit 2





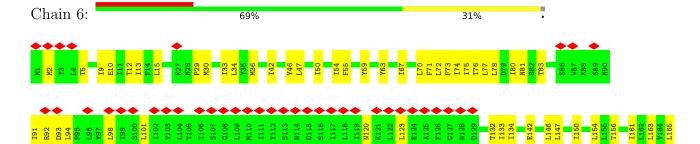


 \bullet Molecule 8: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 3





• Molecule 9: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 6



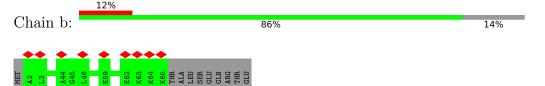


• Molecule 10: subunit NI9M of protein NADH:Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I)

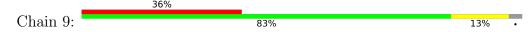




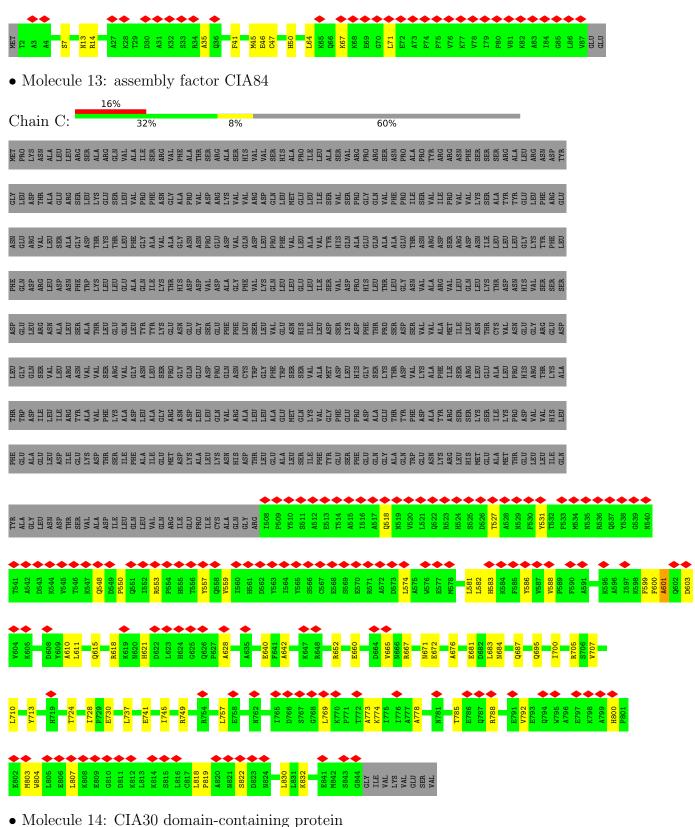
 \bullet Molecule 11: Subunit NEBM of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I)



• Molecule 12: Subunit NIPM of NADH: Ubiquinone Oxidoreductase (Complex I)



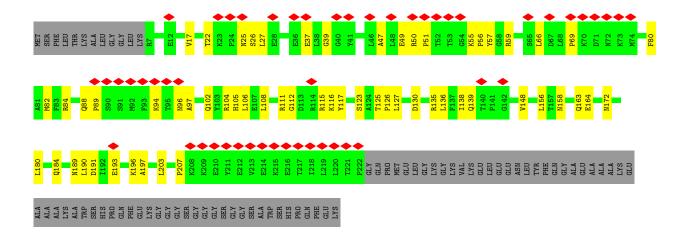




Molecule 14. CIA50 dollam-containing protein

Chain A: 54% 21% 26%







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	18279	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.341	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.273	Depositor
Average map value	0.010	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.099	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	251.09967, 251.09967, 251.09967	wwPDB
Map dimensions	208, 208, 208	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.20721, 1.20721, 1.20721	Depositor



EMD-14764, 7ZKP

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CPL, CDL, PLC, 3PE, FME, T7X

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	D	0.24	0/697	0.49	0/940	
2	L	0.26	0/692	0.49	0/937	
3	U	0.26	0/1374	0.51	0/1856	
4	W	0.24	0/758	0.47	0/1017	
5	X	0.34	0/1313	0.55	1/1782 (0.1%)	
6	1	0.27	0/2482	0.44	0/3389	
7	2	0.27	0/3846	0.42	0/5242	
8	3	0.32	0/930	0.49	0/1269	
9	6	0.26	0/1468	0.46	0/2003	
10	g	0.25	0/648	0.49	0/887	
11	b	0.25	0/503	0.38	0/679	
12	9	0.24	0/684	0.45	0/918	
13	С	0.25	0/2828	0.45	0/3832	
14	A	0.26	0/1791	0.56	0/2435	
All	All	0.27	0/20014	0.47	1/27186 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
5	X	130	SER	N-CA-CB	-5.17	102.74	110.50

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	681	0	671	16	0
2	L	693	0	753	44	0
3	U	1345	0	1327	28	0
4	W	744	0	761	7	0
5	X	1274	0	1245	46	0
6	1	2426	0	2522	56	0
7	2	3776	0	4004	85	0
8	3	909	0	970	35	0
9	6	1453	0	1576	54	0
10	g	622	0	602	0	0
11	b	490	0	509	0	0
12	9	672	0	683	8	0
13	С	2763	0	2672	47	0
14	A	1749	0	1731	45	0
15	X	64	0	78	26	0
15	g	83	0	116	0	0
16	1	42	0	64	2	0
17	2	52	0	79	4	0
18	g	43	0	63	0	0
19	b	48	0	0	0	0
All	All	19929	0	20426	400	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

The worst 5 of 400 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		${f distance}({f A})$	overlap (Å)
5:X:160:ASN:ND2	15:X:201:CDL:HA21	1.87	0.90
5:X:159:VAL:HG22	15:X:201:CDL:HA31	1.58	0.83
7:2:9:LEU:HD11	7:2:28:ILE:HD11	1.61	0.82
5:X:30:ARG:NH2	5:X:111:ASP:OD1	2.15	0.80
5:X:129:SER:HB2	5:X:136:GLN:NE2	1.96	0.79

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	D	84/87~(97%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	L	87/89~(98%)	81 (93%)	5 (6%)	1 (1%)	12	44
3	U	169/172~(98%)	164 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
4	W	90/123~(73%)	89 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
5	X	162/169~(96%)	159 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
6	1	$295/341\ (86\%)$	286 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
7	2	$467/469 \; (100\%)$	457 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100
8	3	112/128 (88%)	94 (84%)	18 (16%)	0	100	100
9	6	182/185~(98%)	173 (95%)	9 (5%)	0	100	100
10	g	74/78~(95%)	70 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
11	b	62/74~(84%)	62 (100%)	0	0	100	100
12	9	84/89 (94%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
13	С	335/852 (39%)	318 (95%)	16 (5%)	1 (0%)	37	69
14	A	214/290 (74%)	190 (89%)	22 (10%)	2 (1%)	14	49
All	All	2417/3146 (77%)	2309 (96%)	104 (4%)	4 (0%)	45	75

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
14	A	26	SER
13	С	601	ALA
14	A	96	ASN
2	L	84	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM



entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	D	68/69~(99%)	68 (100%)	0	100	100
2	L	76/76~(100%)	76 (100%)	0	100	100
3	U	147/148 (99%)	143 (97%)	4 (3%)	40	69
4	W	76/102~(74%)	76 (100%)	0	100	100
5	X	127/133~(96%)	124 (98%)	3 (2%)	44	71
6	1	268/301~(89%)	268 (100%)	0	100	100
7	2	432/432 (100%)	432 (100%)	0	100	100
8	3	100/113 (88%)	100 (100%)	0	100	100
9	6	$165/166\ (99\%)$	165 (100%)	0	100	100
10	g	63/65~(97%)	63 (100%)	0	100	100
11	b	50/59~(85%)	50 (100%)	0	100	100
12	9	73/76~(96%)	73 (100%)	0	100	100
13	С	297/745~(40%)	297 (100%)	0	100	100
14	A	193/245 (79%)	193 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	2135/2730 (78%)	2128 (100%)	7 (0%)	90	96

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	U	167	LYS
5	X	124	GLU
5	X	130	SER
5	X	129	SER
3	U	158	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	2	29	ASN
8	3	107	ASN
13	С	583	HIS
13	С	695	GLN
13	С	739	ASN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	FME	1	1	6	8,9,10	0.93	0	7,9,11	0.88	0
2	FME	L	1	2	8,9,10	0.91	0	7,9,11	0.90	0
7	FME	2	1	7	8,9,10	0.93	0	7,9,11	0.86	0
9	FME	6	1	9	8,9,10	0.92	0	7,9,11	0.90	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	FME	1	1	6	-	0/7/9/11	-
2	FME	L	1	2	-	2/7/9/11	_
7	FME	2	1	7	-	3/7/9/11	-
9	FME	6	1	9	-	5/7/9/11	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
	7	2	1	FME	N-CA-CB-CG
Ì	7	2	1	FME	C-CA-CB-CG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	6	1	FME	O1-CN-N-CA
9	6	1	FME	N-CA-CB-CG
9	6	1	FME	C-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	L	1	FME	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$_{ m ths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
16	PLC	1	401	-	41,41,41	1.19	3 (7%)	47,49,49	1.10	3 (6%)
18	3PE	g	102	-	42,42,50	0.55	0	45,47,55	0.55	1 (2%)
15	CDL	g	101	-	82,82,99	0.30	0	88,94,111	0.38	0
17	CPL	2	501	-	51,51,51	1.14	3 (5%)	57,59,59	1.16	4 (7%)
15	CDL	X	201	-	63,63,99	0.47	0	68,74,111	0.77	2 (2%)
19	T7X	b	501	_	48,48,61	0.55	0	57,60,73	0.78	1 (1%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
16	PLC	1	401	-	-	25/45/45/45	-
18	3PE	g	102	-	-	21/46/46/54	-
15	CDL	g	101	-	-	30/93/93/110	-
17	CPL	2	501	_	-	25/55/55/55	-
15	CDL	X	201	-	-	41/73/73/110	-
19	T7X	b	501	-	-	15/43/67/80	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
16	1	401	PLC	O3-CB	3.05	1.42	1.33
17	2	501	CPL	O3-C11	3.00	1.42	1.33
16	1	401	PLC	O2-C'	2.94	1.42	1.34
16	1	401	PLC	O2-C2	-2.45	1.40	1.46
17	2	501	CPL	O2-C2	-2.43	1.40	1.46

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
17	2	501	CPL	O2-C31-C32	4.11	120.35	111.50
16	1	401	PLC	O2-C'-C1'	4.08	120.30	111.50
17	2	501	CPL	C8-N-C7	3.96	119.16	108.97
16	1	401	PLC	C7-N-C6	3.84	118.84	108.97
17	2	501	CPL	C41-C40-C39	3.43	152.51	123.57

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 157 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
15	X	201	CDL	CA3-OA5-PA1-OA4
15	X	201	CDL	OA7-CA5-OA6-CA4
15	X	201	CDL	C11-CA5-OA6-CA4
15	X	201	CDL	CB4-CB3-OB5-PB2
15	X	201	CDL	CB3-CB4-CB6-OB8

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 32 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
16	1	401	PLC	2	0

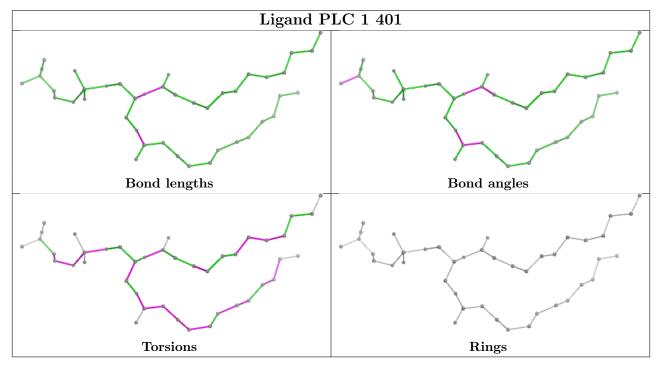
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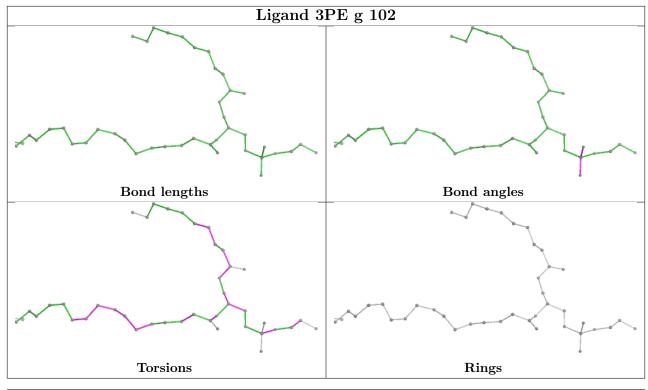
Continued from previous page...

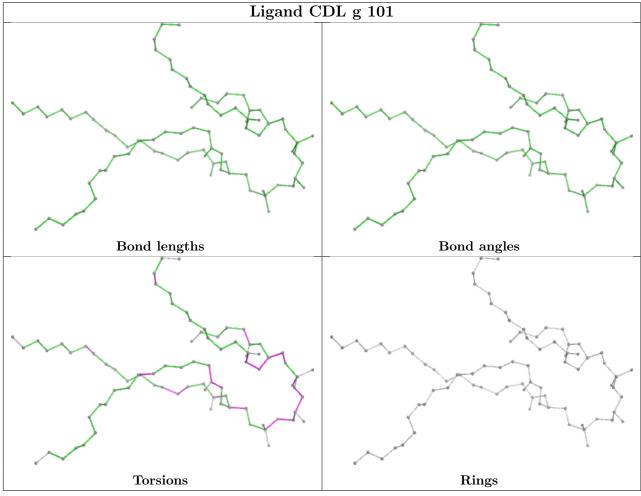
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
17	2	501	CPL	4	0
15	X	201	CDL	26	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

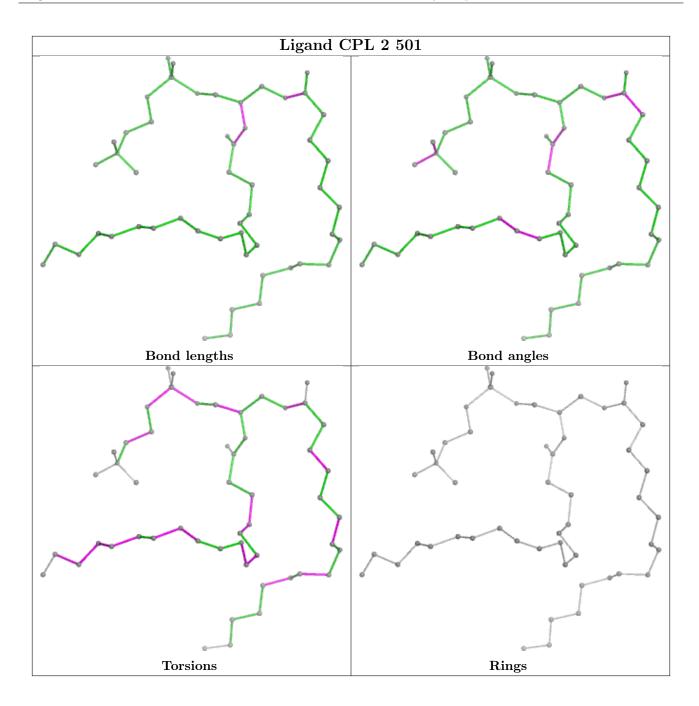




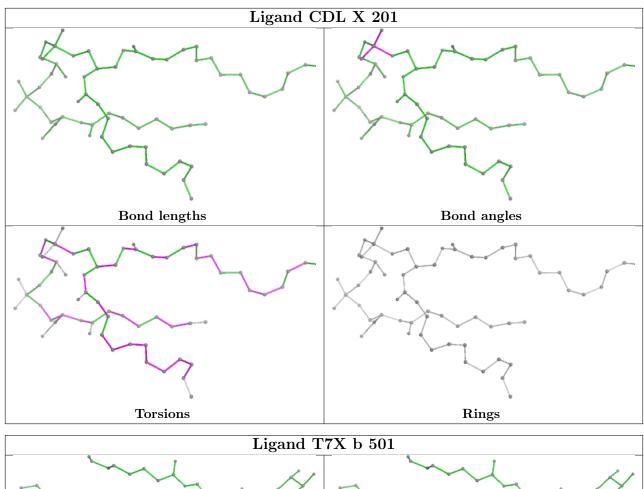


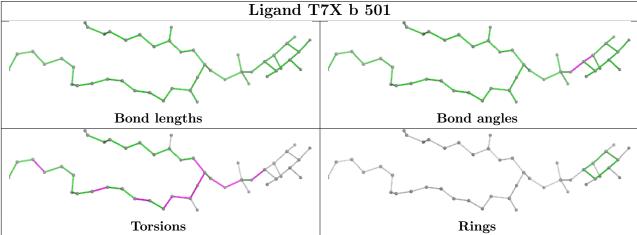












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



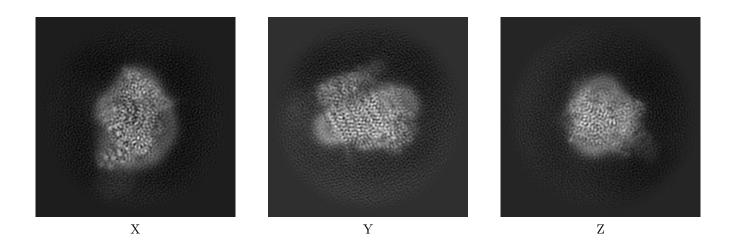
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-14764. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

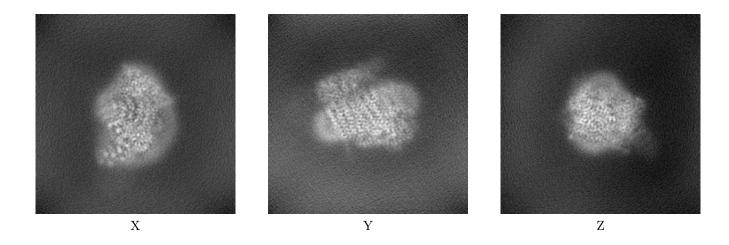
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

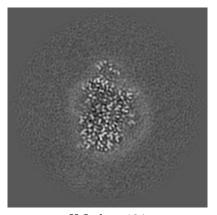


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

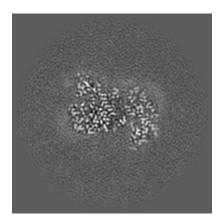


6.2 Central slices (i)

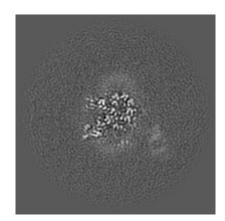
6.2.1 Primary map





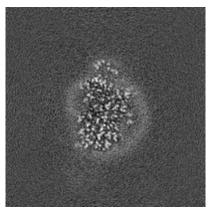


Y Index: 104

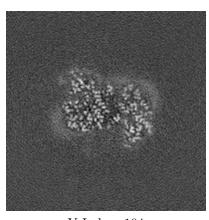


Z Index: 104

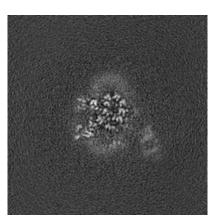
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 104



Y Index: 104



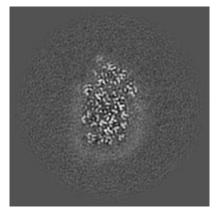
Z Index: 104

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

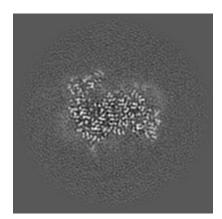


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

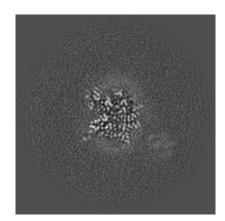
6.3.1 Primary map





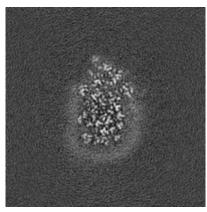


Y Index: 97

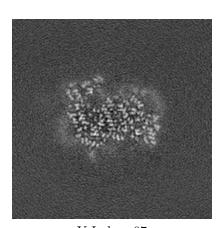


Z Index: 110

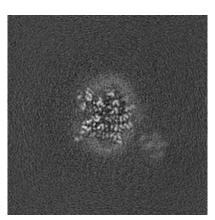
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 91



Y Index: 97



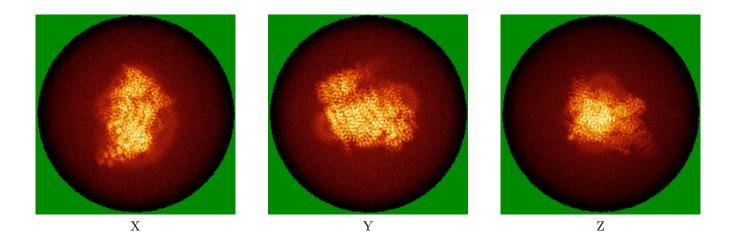
Z Index: 110

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

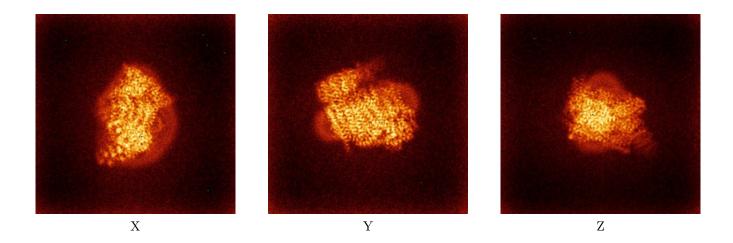


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

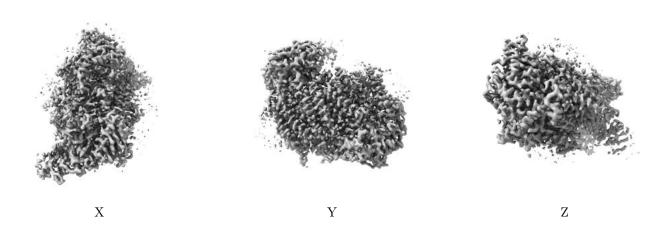


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



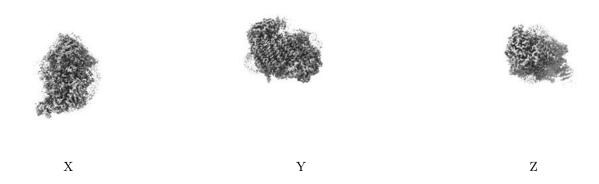
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.5. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



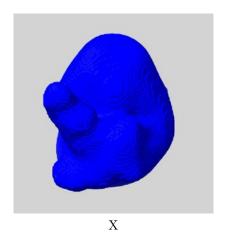
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

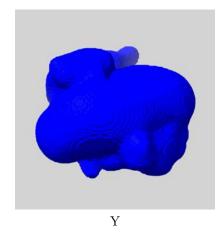
This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

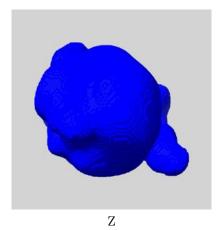
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

$6.6.1 \quad \mathrm{emd}_14764_\mathrm{msk}_1.\mathrm{map} \ \ \mathbf{\mathring{i}}$



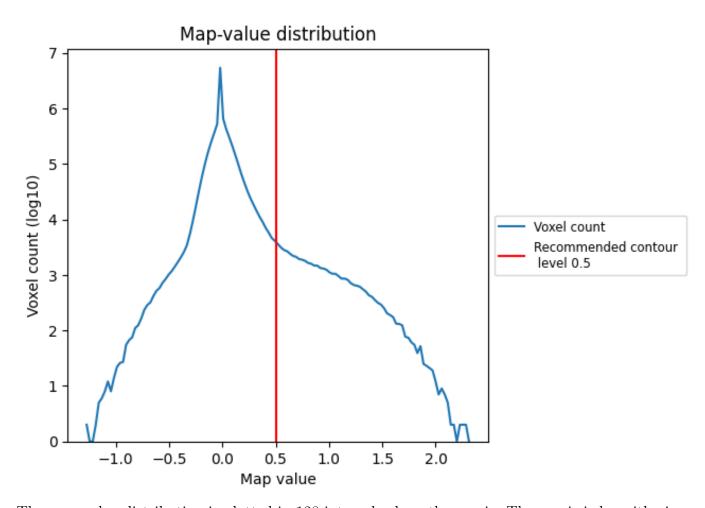




7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

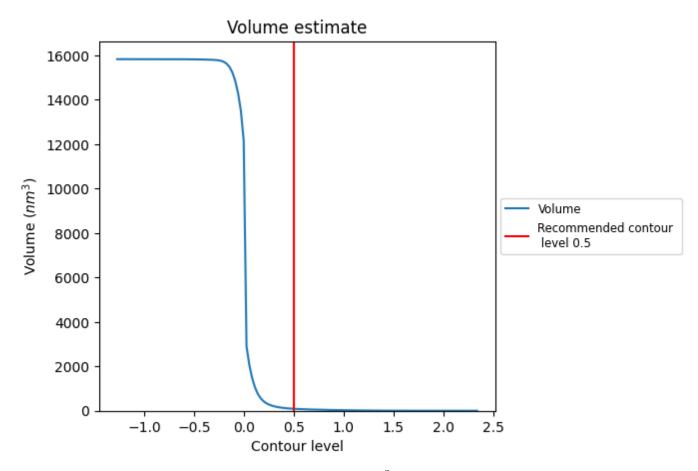
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

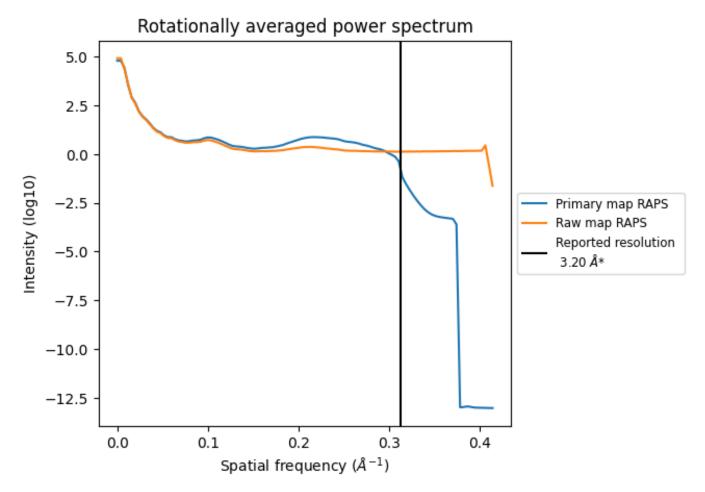


The volume at the recommended contour level is $90~\mathrm{nm^3}$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $81~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



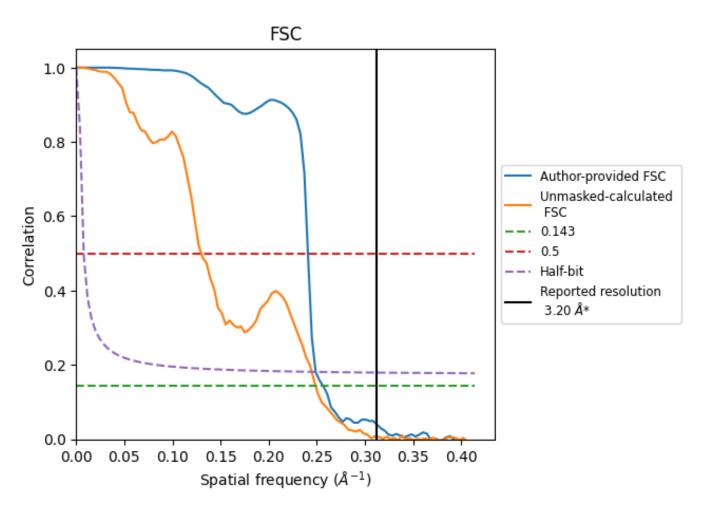
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.90	4.15	4.02
Unmasked-calculated*	4.02	7.70	4.08

^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from author-provided FSC intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.90 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %

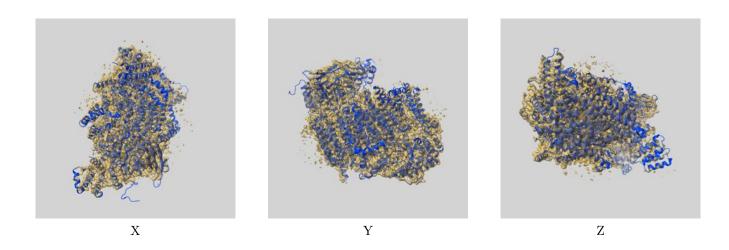
The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.02 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-14764 and PDB model 7ZKP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 11.

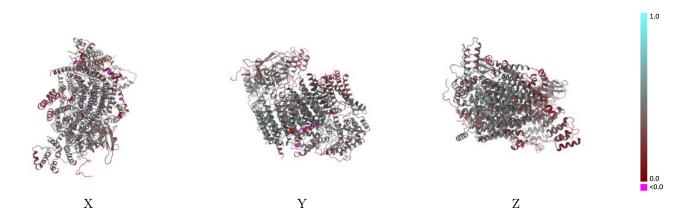
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.5 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

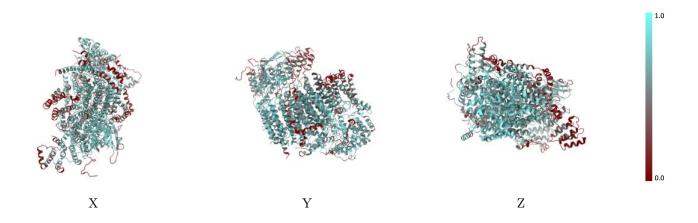


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

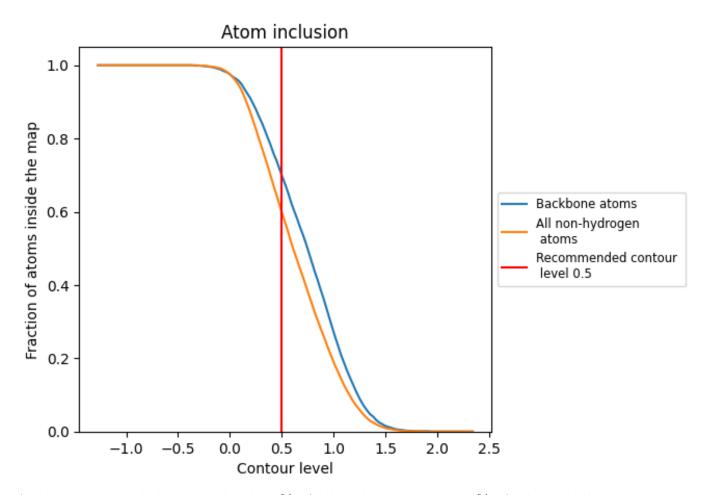
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.5).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 70% of all backbone atoms, 60% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5990	0.4150
1	0.5560	0.3870
2	0.7330	0.4850
3	0.5260	0.3940
6	0.5920	0.4090
9	0.4820	0.4010
A	0.5680	0.3700
С	0.4300	0.3620
D	0.6500	0.4340
L	0.6760	0.4620
U	0.6450	0.4120
W	0.6620	0.4300
X	0.6860	0.4390
b	0.6370	0.4290
g	0.4970	0.3660



