

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 7, 2025 – 10:09 AM JST

PDB ID : 8ZF8 / pdb 00008zf8

Title : L-methionine oxidase from Burkholderia bacterium, K304A mutant

Authors: Kawamura, Y.; Chisuga, T.; Nakano, S.

Deposited on : 2024-05-07

Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

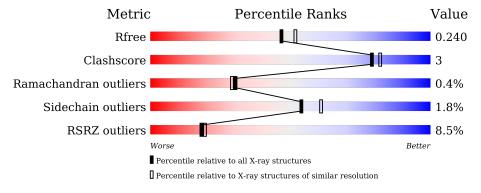
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Wiedlie	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	164625	6234 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	180529	6893 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6839 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6840 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	164620	6234 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			8%	
1	A	521	85%	8% • 5%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3950 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

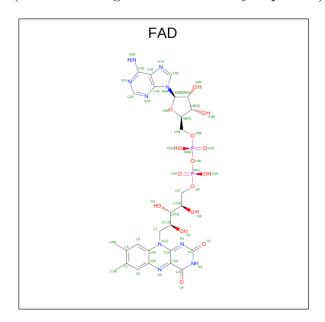
• Molecule 1 is a protein called FAD-binding protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	493	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	490	3845	2453	692	684	16	0	0	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	304	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP A0A3S0DJC5

• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (CCD ID: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total 53	C 27		O 15	P 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



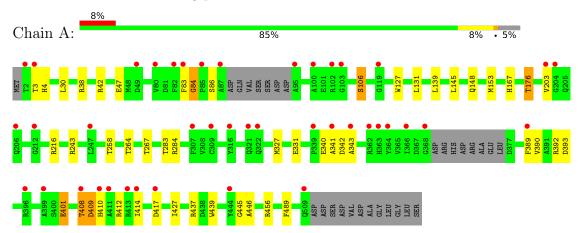
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	52	Total O 52 52	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: FAD-binding protein





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 41 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	122.03Å 122.03Å 295.71Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.79 - 2.10	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	47.79 - 2.10	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (47.79-2.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (47.79-2.10)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.10 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0419	Depositor
D D.	0.208 , 0.233	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.217 , 0.240	DCC
R_{free} test set	3250 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	48.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.059	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 40.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	3950	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	58.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.58% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $^{^1 {\}rm Intensities}$ estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	lengths $\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.70	0/3941	1.19	$11/5353 \ (0.2\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	5

There are no bond length outliers.

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	3	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-7.48	98.39	109.60
1	A	258	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-6.88	99.29	109.60
1	A	417	ASP	CB-CA-C	-6.54	99.81	110.79
1	A	283	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-6.28	100.18	109.60
1	A	176	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-6.18	100.33	109.60
1	A	331	GLU	N-CA-CB	-5.89	101.00	110.77
1	A	392	ARG	CB-CA-C	-5.32	101.95	110.79
1	A	409	ASP	CB-CA-C	5.13	117.64	109.02
1	A	408	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.13	101.91	109.60
1	A	30	LEU	N-CA-CB	-5.06	102.18	110.68
1	A	264	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.06	102.02	109.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	243	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	284	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	38	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	42	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	456	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3845	0	3802	19	0
2	A	53	0	31	2	0
3	A	52	0	0	3	0
All	All	3950	0	3833	20	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (20) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:145:LEU:HB3	1:A:153:MET:HE1	1.48	0.93
1:A:148:GLN:HB3	1:A:153:MET:HE2	1.66	0.77
1:A:47:GLU:HG2	3:A:701:HOH:O	2.00	0.62
2:A:601:FAD:C1'	2:A:601:FAD:O4'	2.53	0.56
1:A:167:HIS:HD2	3:A:750:HOH:O	1.89	0.56
1:A:445:GLY:O	1:A:446:ALA:HB2	2.11	0.49
1:A:401:GLU:H	1:A:412:ARG:HH22	1.59	0.48
1:A:139:LEU:C	1:A:139:LEU:HD23	2.38	0.48
1:A:83:PHE:O	1:A:84:GLY:O	2.34	0.46
1:A:437:ARG:HG2	1:A:439:TRP:CE2	2.51	0.46
1:A:4:HIS:O	1:A:267:THR:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:47:GLU:CD	3:A:701:HOH:O	2.61	0.44
1:A:390:VAL:HG12	1:A:427:ILE:HD13	1.99	0.44
1:A:127:TRP:O	1:A:131:LEU:HG	2.18	0.42
1:A:106:SER:OG	1:A:176:THR:HG21	2.20	0.41
1:A:342:ASP:O	1:A:343:ALA:C	2.63	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:327:MET:HE3	1:A:389:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.41
1:A:410:HIS:O	1:A:414:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:A:489:PHE:HA	2:A:601:FAD:N1	2.36	0.40
1:A:340:GLU:HG2	1:A:341:ALA:N	2.36	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	487/521 (94%)	469 (96%)	16 (3%)	2 (0%)	30 29

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	84	GLY
1	A	401	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	385/409 (94%)	378 (98%)	7 (2%)	54 61

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	86	SER
1	A	106	SER
1	A	203	VAL
1	A	216	ARG
1	A	393	ASP
1	A	408	THR
1	A	409	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	167	HIS
1	A	289	HIS
1	A	325	ASN
1	A	448	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



7	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	gles
1	V101	туре	Chain	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
	2	FAD	A	601	-	53,58,58	1.06	3 (5%)	68,89,89	2.25	11 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	601	-	-	11/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	A	601	FAD	C5'-C4'	3.61	1.56	1.51
2	A	601	FAD	C4'-C3'	-2.78	1.48	1.53
2	A	601	FAD	C2'-C3'	2.01	1.57	1.53

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	A	601	FAD	O5'-C5'-C4'	9.91	135.81	109.36
2	A	601	FAD	O4'-C4'-C5'	6.85	125.31	109.92
2	A	601	FAD	C1'-C2'-C3'	6.66	128.41	109.79
2	A	601	FAD	O3'-C3'-C2'	5.48	122.05	108.81
2	A	601	FAD	O2'-C2'-C1'	-5.29	97.00	109.80
2	A	601	FAD	O4'-C4'-C3'	-5.11	96.67	109.10
2	A	601	FAD	O3'-C3'-C4'	-3.57	100.18	108.81
2	A	601	FAD	O2A-PA-O1A	2.80	126.08	112.24
2	A	601	FAD	C5A-C6A-N6A	2.79	124.59	120.35
2	A	601	FAD	C4'-C3'-C2'	-2.39	108.40	113.36
2	A	601	FAD	O4B-C1B-C2B	-2.18	103.74	106.93

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
2	A	601	FAD	C1'-C2'-C3'-O3'
2	A	601	FAD	C1'-C2'-C3'-C4'
2	A	601	FAD	O2'-C2'-C3'-O3'
2	A	601	FAD	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	FAD	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	A	601	FAD	O2'-C2'-C3'-C4'
2	A	601	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'
2	A	601	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O1P
2	A	601	FAD	P-O3P-PA-O1A
2	A	601	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

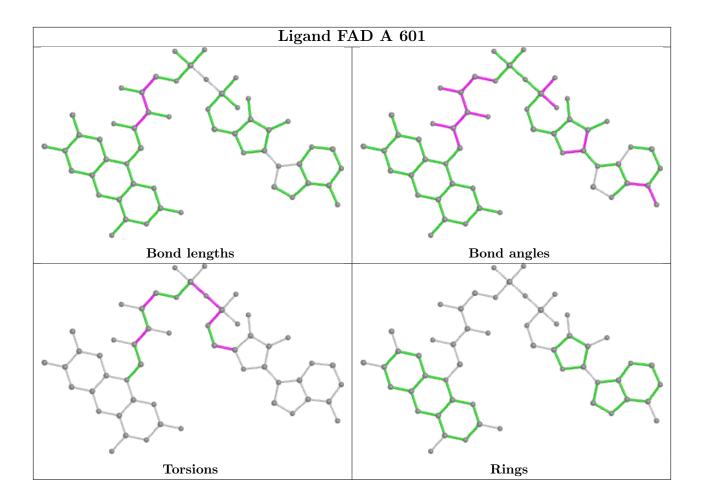
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	601	FAD	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	493/521 (94%)	0.54	42 (8%)	18 19	38, 54, 92, 125	0

All (42) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	95	ALA	7.3
1	A	87	ALA	6.5
1	A	247	LEU	4.9
1	A	83	PHE	4.7
1	A	410	HIS	4.7
1	A	309	CYS	4.7
1	A	408	THR	4.6
1	A	343	ALA	4.3
1	A	203	VAL	4.3
1	A	364	TYR	3.7
1	A	85	PRO	3.6
1	A	206	GLN	3.5
1	A	509	GLN	3.4
1	A	366	ILE	3.4
1	A	103	GLY	3.3
1	A	2	THR	3.1
1	A	82	PHE	3.1
1	A	3	THR	3.1
1	A	368	GLY	3.0
1	A	389	PHE	3.0
1	A	362	ARG	3.0
1	A	414	ILE	2.9
1	A	444	TYR	2.9
1	A	411	ALA	2.9
1	A	102	ARG	2.9
1	A	399	ALA	2.9
1	A	316	TYR	2.9

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	322	GLN	2.8
1	A	339	PRO	2.8
1	A	413	ARG	2.7
1	A	100	ALA	2.5
1	A	212	GLY	2.5
1	A	341	ALA	2.5
1	A	363	HIS	2.4
1	A	80	VAL	2.4
1	A	119	GLY	2.4
1	A	396	ARG	2.3
1	A	417	ASP	2.2
1	A	307	PHE	2.1
1	A	321	GLN	2.1
1	A	49	ASP	2.1
1	A	204	GLY	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

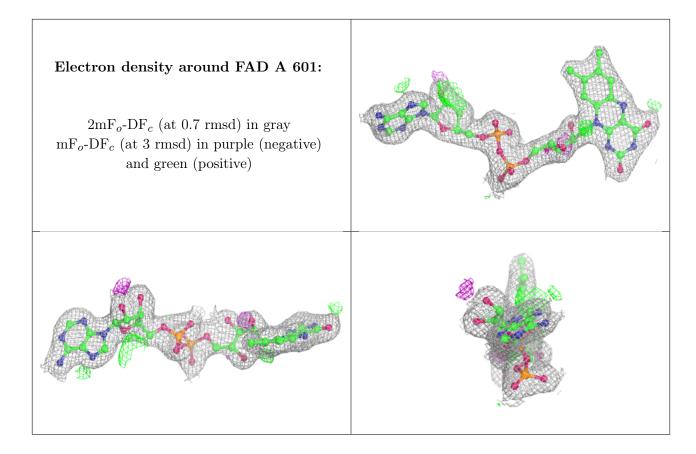
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FAD	A	601	53/53	0.98	0.06	33,40,48,59	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

