

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 31, 2025 – 07:55 PM JST

PDB ID : 4X1P / pdb 00004x1p

Title : The crystal structure of mupain-1-17 in complex with murinised human uPA

at pH4.6

Authors: Jiang, L.; Zhao, B.; Xu, P.; Andreasen, P.; Huang, M.

Deposited on : 2014-11-25

Resolution : 1.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1 EDS : 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

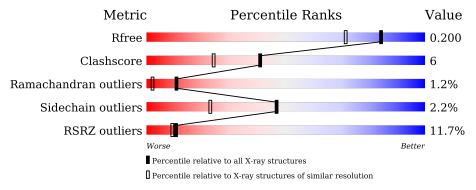
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.42

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	164625	4274 (1.60-1.60)
Clashscore	180529	4682 (1.60-1.60)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	4583 (1.60-1.60)
Sidechain outliers	177891	4582 (1.60-1.60)
RSRZ outliers	164620	4272 (1.60-1.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	U	247	9% 84% 14% •					
2	Р	10	70% 60% 20%	20%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	DAL	Р	6	X	_	_	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2247 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Urokinase-type plasminogen activator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	U	247	Total 1953	C 1234	N 339	O 365	S 15	0	0	0

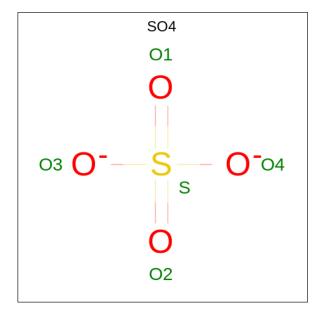
There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
U	99	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP P00749
U	122	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P00749
U	145	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P00749

• Molecule 2 is a protein called MUPAIN-1-17.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	D	10	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
	1	10	81	51	11	16	3	0	1	U

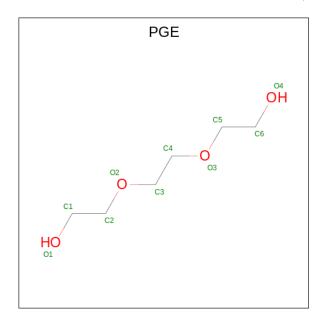
• Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	U	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	U	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

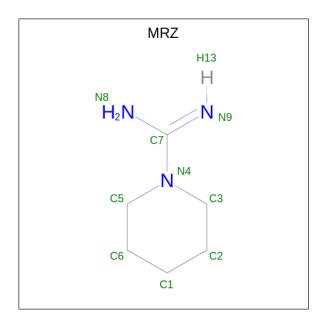
 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (CCD ID: PGE) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_6H_{14}O_4}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	U	1	Total C O 10 6 4	0	0
4	U	1	Total C O 10 6 4	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is piperidine-1-carboximidamide (CCD ID: MRZ) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_6H_{13}N_3}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
5	Р	1	Total 9	C 6	N 3	0	0

#### • Molecule 6 is water.

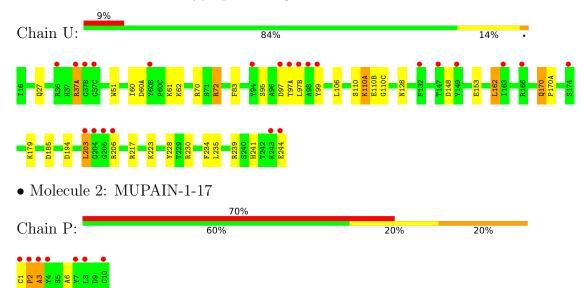
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	$\mathbf{ZeroOcc}$	AltConf
6	U	169	Total O 169 169	0	0
6	Р	5	Total O 5 5	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Urokinase-type plasminogen activator





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	Н 3	Depositor
Cell constants	121.08Å 121.08Å 43.24Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 1.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	50.00 - 1.60	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (50.00-1.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (50.00-1.60)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.05 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
D D	0.181 , 0.211	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.199 , $0.200$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1549 reflections $(4.96\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.008	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40 , 45.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.015 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2247	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DAL, SO4, PGE, MRZ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	U	1.39	$14/2002 \ (0.7\%)$	1.33	18/2712 (0.7%)	
2	Р	1.08	0/76	1.18	0/100	
All	All	1.38	$14/2078 \ (0.7\%)$	1.33	18/2812 (0.6%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	U	0	2
2	Р	1	1
All	All	1	3

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	U	110(B)	GLU	C-N	14.06	1.58	1.33
1	U	110(C)	GLY	C-N	8.54	1.53	1.34
1	U	110	SER	C-N	8.13	1.52	1.34
1	U	110(A)	LYS	C-N	7.63	1.51	1.34
1	U	185	ASP	C-N	7.39	1.48	1.34

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	U	72	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.87	126.24	120.30
1	U	110(A)	LYS	O-C-N	-11.70	103.97	122.70
1	U	110(C)	GLY	O-C-N	-11.22	104.75	122.70
1	U	72	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.27	115.67	120.30

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	U	230	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.86	115.87	120.30

#### All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

ľ	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
	2	Р	6	DAL	CA

#### All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	Р	6	DAL	Mainchain
1	U	110(A)	LYS	Mainchain
1	U	170	GLN	Mainchain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	U	1953	0	1903	21	0
2	Р	81	0	66	5	0
3	U	10	0	0	0	0
4	U	20	0	28	0	0
5	Р	9	0	11	0	0
6	Р	5	0	0	0	0
6	U	169	0	0	7	0
All	All	2247	0	2008	26	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 26 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:U:37(A):ARG:H	1:U:37(A):ARG:CD	1.52	1.23
1:U:37(A):ARG:HD3	1:U:37(A):ARG:N	1.63	1.13
1:U:37(A):ARG:H	1:U:37(A):ARG:HD3	0.80	0.95

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1			$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:U:206:ARG:HG2	6:U:567:HOH:O	1.70	0.90
2:P:2:PRO:HA	2:P:3:ALA:HB2	1.59	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	U	$245/247 \ (99\%)$	234 (96%)	10 (4%)	1 (0%)	30 14
2	Р	7/10 (70%)	4 (57%)	1 (14%)	2 (29%)	0 0
All	All	252/257~(98%)	238 (94%)	11 (4%)	3 (1%)	11 2

#### All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	U	97(A)	THR
2	Р	2	PRO
2	Р	3	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	3
1	U	215/215 (100%)	210 (98%)	5 (2%)	45 21	

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
2	Р	9/8 (112%)	9 (100%)	0	100	100	
All	All	224/223 (100%)	219 (98%)	5 (2%)	47	23	

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	U	27	GLN
1	U	37(A)	ARG
1	U	128	ASN
1	U	162	LEU
1	U	203	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	U	113	GLN
1	U	128	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	DAL	Р	6	5,2	1/1/1/2	-	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atom
2	Р	6	DAL	CA

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trino	Chain	Dag	T inle	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	SO4	U	302	-	4,4,4	0.50	0	6,6,6	0.75	0
4	PGE	U	304	-	9,9,9	0.72	0	8,8,8	0.69	0
3	SO4	U	301	-	4,4,4	0.18	0	6,6,6	1.22	1 (16%)
5	MRZ	Р	100	2	9,9,9	2.15	3 (33%)	10,11,11	3.78	4 (40%)
4	PGE	U	303	-	9,9,9	0.65	0	8,8,8	0.95	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	PGE	U	304	-	-	3/7/7/7	-
4	PGE	U	303	-	-	3/7/7/7	-
5	MRZ	Р	100	2	-	0/4/12/12	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
5	Р	100	MRZ	C7-N9	4.41	1.41	1.29
5	Р	100	MRZ	C7-N4	3.51	1.43	1.35
5	Р	100	MRZ	C7-N8	3.01	1.41	1.34

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
5	P	100	MRZ	C3-N4-C5	8.46	128.91	112.62
5	P	100	MRZ	C1-C2-C3	7.35	125.39	111.19
5	P	100	MRZ	C1-C6-C5	2.57	116.16	111.19
5	P	100	MRZ	C3-N4-C7	-2.33	112.28	118.91
3	U	301	SO4	O3-S-O2	-2.02	98.78	109.31

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	U	303	PGE	C3-C4-O3-C5
4	U	304	PGE	C3-C4-O3-C5
4	U	303	PGE	O2-C3-C4-O3
4	U	304	PGE	C1-C2-O2-C3
4	U	303	PGE	C6-C5-O3-C4

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	U	247/247 (100%)	0.60	23 (9%) 16	14	11, 18, 41, 75	0
2	Р	9/10 (90%)	3.44	7 (77%) 0	0	21, 35, 68, 90	1 (11%)
All	All	$256/257\ (99\%)$	0.70	30 (11%) 10	9	11, 19, 45, 90	1 (0%)

The worst 5 of 30 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	U	97(A)	THR	6.1
2	Р	2	PRO	5.9
2	Р	3	ALA	5.0
1	U	99	TYR	4.9
2	Р	10[A]	CYS	4.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	DAL	Р	6	5/6	0.87	0.12	18,19,20,21	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	PGE	U	304	10/10	0.68	0.26	37,68,70,74	0
4	PGE	U	303	10/10	0.72	0.23	41,64,75,75	0
3	SO4	U	302	5/5	0.87	0.13	30,30,34,35	0
5	MRZ	Р	100	9/9	0.90	0.11	14,16,18,22	0
3	SO4	U	301	5/5	0.96	0.09	21,22,23,30	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

