

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Mar 19, 2025 – 01:43 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3W3D

Title : Crystal structure of smooth muscle G actin DNase I complex Authors : Sakabe, N.; Sakabe, K.; Sasaki, K.; Kondo, H.; Shimomur, M.

Deposited on : 2012-12-20

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.21

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.004 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

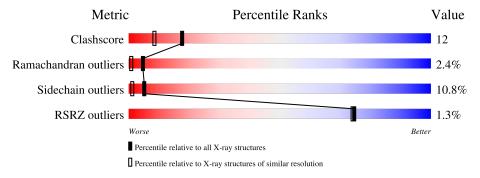
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.41.4

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	180529	8162 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8077 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8076 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7108 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	374	60%	32%	8% •			
2	В	260	66%	25%	7% •			
3	С	7	100%					



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5472 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, gamma-enteric smooth muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	374	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	3/4	2924	1849	492	562	21	0	U	

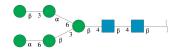
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	359	GLN	PRO	conflict	UNP P63270

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Deoxyribonuclease-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	В	260	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
		200	2049	1298	341	402	8	0		

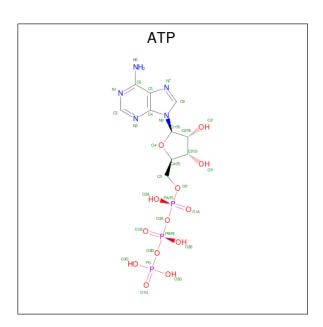
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose e-(1-3)-[beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose -(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	7	Total 83	C 46	N 2	O 35	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	A	1	Total			0	P	0	0
			31	10	5	13	3	_	_

• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
5	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

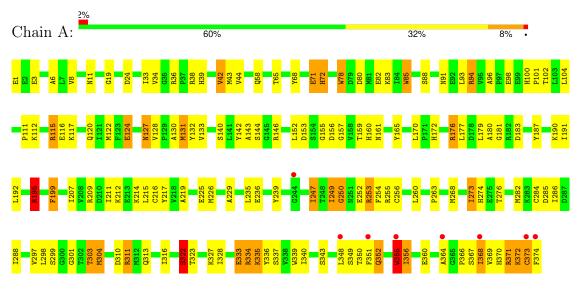
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	195	Total O 195 195	0	0
6	В	188	Total O 188 188	0	0



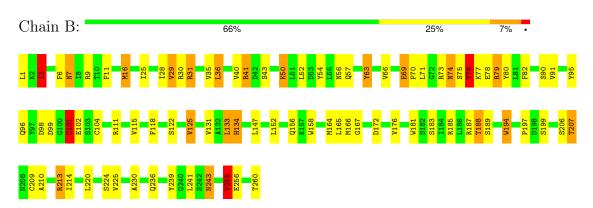
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Actin, gamma-enteric smooth muscle



• Molecule 2: Deoxyribonuclease-1



 $\bullet$  Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 100%



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	42.00Å 225.30Å 77.40Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 1.80	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	10.00 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (10.00-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	77.0 (10.00-1.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
P. P.	0.196 , (Not available)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.192 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.364	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.07, 35.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>1</sup>	$ < L >=0.30, < L^2>=0.14$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5472	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.98% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

Theoretical values of  $<|L|>, < L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HIC, ATP, CA, BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.85	0/2974	1.57	$42/4025 \ (1.0\%)$	
2	В	0.95	1/2095 (0.0%)	1.79	$42/2853 \ (1.5\%)$	
All	All	0.89	1/5069 (0.0%)	1.67	84/6878 (1.2%)	

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
2	В	158	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.25	1.34	1.43

The worst 5 of 84 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	31	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	12.75	126.68	120.30
2	В	79	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	11.57	126.08	120.30
2	В	95	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-11.03	114.38	121.00
2	В	9	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-10.31	115.14	120.30
1	A	311	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-10.10	115.25	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2924	0	2887	84	0
2	В	2049	0	1981	38	0
3	С	83	0	70	0	0
4	A	31	0	12	4	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	195	0	0	14	0
6	В	188	0	0	3	0
All	All	5472	0	4950	122	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 122 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:B:99:ASP:HB3	2:B:104:CYS:HB3	1.59	0.83
2:B:207:THR:HG23	2:B:209:CYS:SG	2.19	0.82
2:B:56:ASN:HD21	2:B:63:TYR:H	1.34	0.74
1:A:219:ALA:HB1	1:A:225:GLU:HG3	1.73	0.70
1:A:239:TYR:HB3	1:A:247:ILE:HG22	1.75	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percent	tiles
1	A	371/374 (99%)	339 (91%)	22 (6%)	10 (3%)	4	0
2	В	258/260 (99%)	244 (95%)	9 (4%)	5 (2%)	6	1
All	All	629/634 (99%)	583 (93%)	31 (5%)	15 (2%)	5	1

5 of 15 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	322	SER
1	A	367	SER
1	A	373	CYS
1	A	286	ILE
1	A	372	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	316/316 (100%)	282 (89%)	34 (11%)	5 1		
2	В	$229/229 \ (100\%)$	204 (89%)	25 (11%)	5 1		
All	All	545/545 (100%)	486 (89%)	59 (11%)	5 1		

5 of 59 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	352	GLN
2	В	207	THR
2	В	7	ASN
2	В	206	SER
2	В	152	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	134	HIS
2	В	161	ASN
2	В	222	GLN
2	В	193	GLN
2	В	7	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		ond leng	,		ond ang	,
		туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
	1	HIC	A	72	1	8,11,12	2.05	2 (25%)	5,14,16	4.58	2 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{N}$	<b>Iol</b>	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	1	HIC	A	72	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	72	HIC	CD2-NE2	-4.49	1.31	1.38
1	A	72	HIC	CE1-ND1	-2.61	1.30	1.34

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}({}^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	72	HIC	CG-CD2-NE2	-7.75	99.38	107.78
1	A	72	HIC	CD2-NE2-CE1	6.44	118.31	107.96

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
1	A	72	HIC	1	0	



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	e Cham Res 1		Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	С	1	3,2	14,14,15	1.23	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.70	4 (23%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	1.37	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.98	5 (29%)
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	1.92	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.09	3 (20%)
3	BMA	С	4	3	11,11,12	1.60	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.25	2 (13%)
3	MAN	С	5	3	11,11,12	1.28	2 (18%)	15,15,17	2.21	2 (13%)
3	MAN	С	6	3	11,11,12	1.76	4 (36%)	15,15,17	2.11	1 (6%)
3	BMA	С	7	3	11,11,12	1.29	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.00	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	3,2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	5	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	7	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	С	3	BMA	C2-C3	4.27	1.59	1.52
3	С	4	BMA	C2-C3	4.14	1.58	1.52
3	С	6	MAN	C4-C5	3.43	1.60	1.53
3	С	3	BMA	O3-C3	2.89	1.50	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)	
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5	2.85	1.49	1.43	

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	С	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	7.34	122.02	112.19
3	С	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	6.55	120.97	112.19
3	С	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	6.49	120.89	112.19
3	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.95	118.82	112.19
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.86	116.51	110.43

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	С	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	С	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

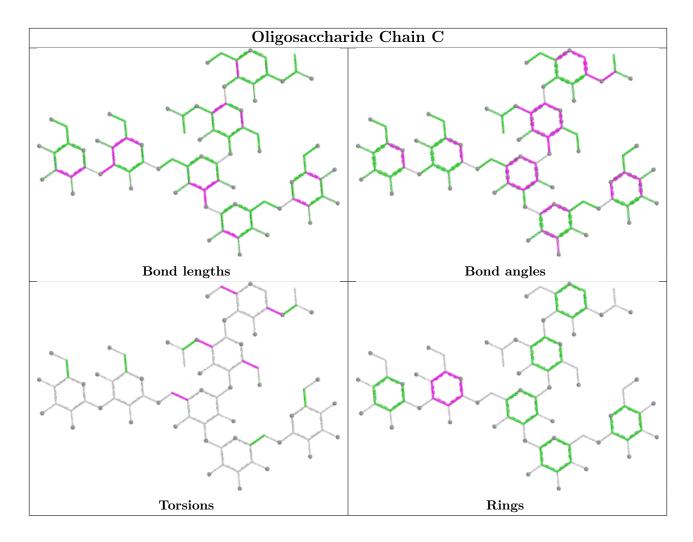
All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	6	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Dec	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
4	ATP	A	401	5	28,33,33	1.41	3 (10%)	34,52,52	1.70	5 (14%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ATP	A	401	5	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
4	A	401	ATP	PB-O3B	4.74	1.64	1.59
4	A	401	ATP	C8-N7	-2.59	1.30	1.34
4	A	401	ATP	PG-O3G	-2.38	1.46	1.54

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	401	ATP	C4'-O4'-C1'	-5.87	104.55	109.92
4	A	401	ATP	O4'-C1'-N9	3.58	113.49	108.75
4	A	401	ATP	O3B-PB-O1B	-3.49	100.21	110.70
4	A	401	ATP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.28	122.64	126.64
4	A	401	ATP	O4'-C4'-C3'	2.15	109.43	105.15

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	401	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
4	A	401	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
4	A	401	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G

There are no ring outliers.

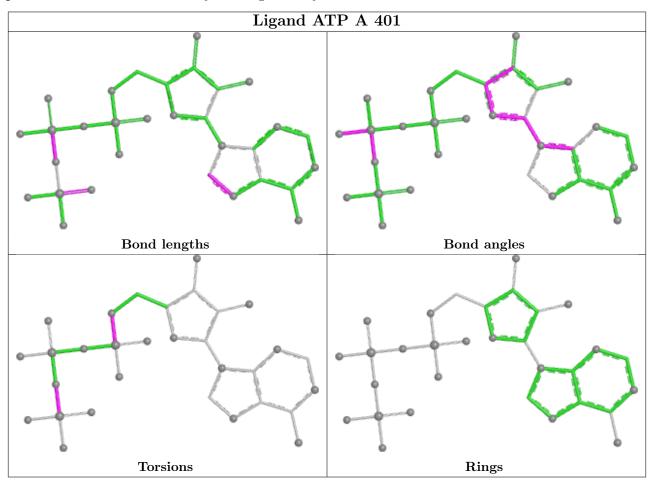
1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	401	ATP	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the



average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	373/374 (99%)	-0.08	8 (2%) 63 62	10, 34, 64, 72	0
2	В	$260/260 \; (100\%)$	-0.81	0 100 100	4, 16, 42, 57	0
All	All	633/634 (99%)	-0.38	8 (1%) 74 74	4, 26, 61, 72	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	374	PHE	4.2
1	A	364	ALA	3.0
1	A	348	LEU	3.0
1	A	368	ILE	2.8
1	A	355	TRP	2.6

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	HIC	A	72	11/12	0.96	0.05	14,18,23,26	0

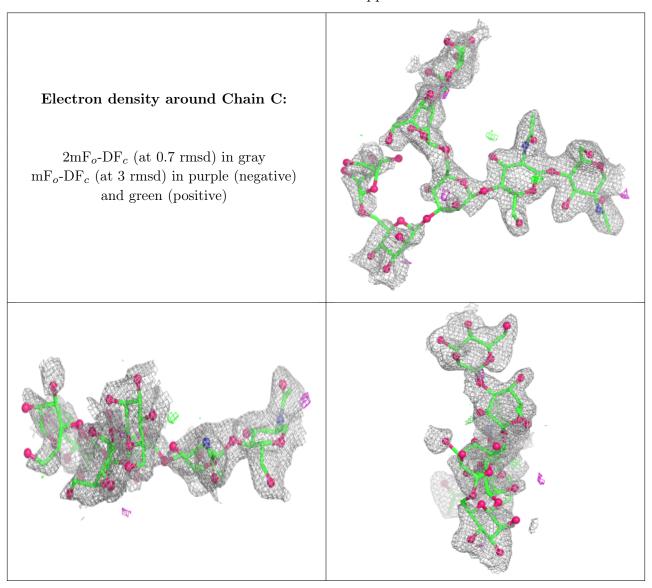
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	С	5	11/12	0.62	0.15	65,70,72,73	0
3	MAN	С	6	11/12	0.67	0.11	60,62,63,65	0
3	BMA	С	7	11/12	0.68	0.10	62,64,66,67	0
3	BMA	С	4	11/12	0.70	0.12	66,68,70,71	0
3	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.71	0.12	60,63,65,67	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.79	0.10	53,58,60,61	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.88	0.07	36,40,45,49	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



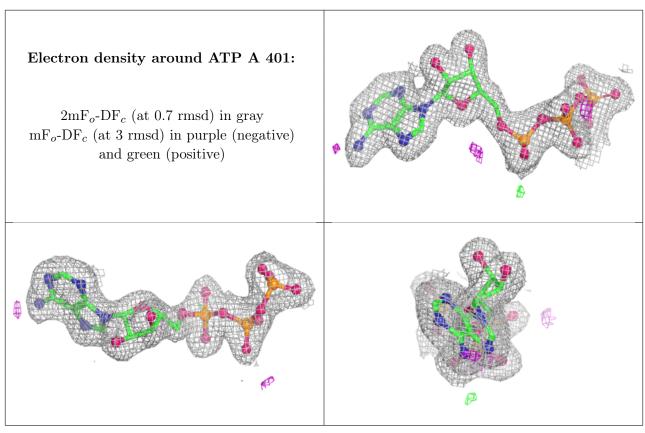


### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	CA	A	402	1/1	0.98	0.03	29,29,29,29	0
4	ATP	A	401	31/31	0.99	0.04	11,19,26,28	0
5	CA	В	308	1/1	0.99	0.05	15,15,15,15	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

