

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jul 13, 2025 – 06:08 PM EDT

PDB ID : 8VRP / pdb 00008vrp

Title: HIV-CA Disulfide linked Hexamer bound to 4-Quinazolinone Scaffold inhibitor

Authors : Goldstone, D.C.; Walsham, L.

Deposited on : 2024-01-22

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

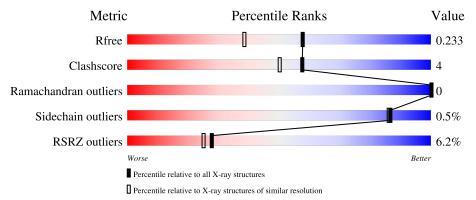
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\#\text{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\#\text{Entries, resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	7108 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	180529	8162 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8077 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8076 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7108 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	Λ	229	5%	70/
1	Λ	229	89%	7% • •
1	В	229	88%	7% • •
	Б	223	3%	770 • •
1	С	229	89%	7% • •



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5649 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spacer peptide 1.

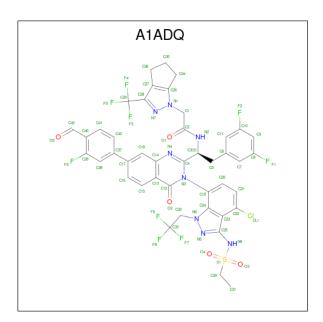
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	В	220	Total	С	N	О	S	0	10	0
1	Б	220	1696	1069	295	318	14	0	10	
1	C	221	Total	С	N	О	S	0	10	0
1		221	1718	1082	300	322	14	0	10	
1	Λ	222	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	. A	A 222	1700	1069	299	318	14		9	

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	14	CYS	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
В	45	CYS	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
В	184	ALA	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
В	185	ALA	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
С	14	CYS	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
С	45	CYS	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
С	184	ALA	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
С	185	ALA	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
A	14	CYS	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
A	45	CYS	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
A	184	ALA	TRP	engineered mutation	UNP P12493
A	185	ALA	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P12493

• Molecule 2 is N-[(1S)-1-[(3P,7M)-3-{4-chloro-3-[(ethanesulfonyl)amino]-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroeth yl)-1H-indazol-7-yl}-7-(3-fluoro-4-formylphenyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-2-yl]-2-(3,5-d ifluorophenyl)ethyl]-2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydrocyclopenta[c]pyrazol-1(4H)-yl]aceta mide (CCD ID: A1ADQ) (formula:  $C_{43}H_{32}ClF_9N_8O_5S$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	В	1	Total	С	Cl	F	N	О	S	0	0
	Ъ	1	67	43	1	9	8	5	1		0
2	C	1	Total	С	Cl	F	N	О	S	0	0
2		1	67	43	1	9	8	5	1	0	U
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Cl	F	N	О	S	0	0
2	A	1	67	43	1	9	8	5	1	0	U

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is IODIDE ION (CCD ID: IOD) (formula: I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total I 1 1	0	0
3	С	2	Total I 2 2	0	0
3	A	1	Total I 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

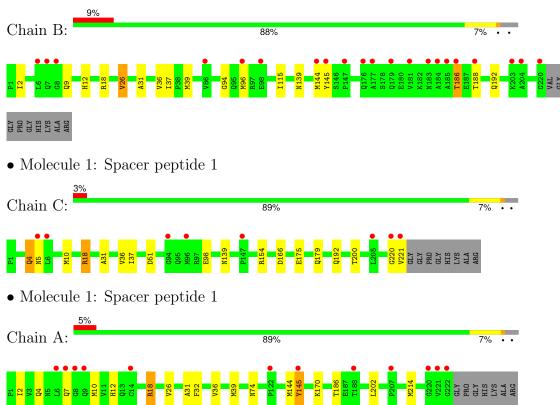
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	92	Total O 92 92	0	0
4	С	97	Total O 97 97	0	0
4	A	141	Total O 141 141	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Spacer peptide 1





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 6	Depositor
Cell constants	160.27Å 160.27Å 57.23Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	D :
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{rrrr} 46.62 & - & 1.80 \\ 46.62 & - & 1.80 \end{array}$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (46.62-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (46.62-1.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.65 \; (at \; 1.79 \text{Å})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
D.D.	0.192 , 0.226	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.201 , $0.233$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3907  reflections  (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.070	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 29.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5649	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 31.98 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.0126e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IOD, A1ADQ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.67	0/1737	1.11	4/2362~(0.2%)	
1	В	0.62	0/1737	1.13	2/2363~(0.1%)	
1	С	0.63	0/1759	1.12	5/2391~(0.2%)	
All	All	0.64	0/5233	1.12	11/7116 (0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	В	0	1
1	С	0	2
All	All	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	4[A]	GLN	N-CA-CB	7.73	122.75	110.23
1	A	186	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-6.86	99.31	109.60
1	В	186	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-6.53	99.80	109.60
1	A	32	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-6.30	107.50	113.80
1	С	4[A]	GLN	CB-CA-C	5.97	119.50	109.48

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	18	ARG	Sidechain
1	В	18	ARG	Sidechain
1	С	154	ARG	Sidechain
1	С	18	ARG	Sidechain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1700	0	1683	18	0
1	В	1696	0	1675	18	0
1	С	1718	0	1707	9	0
2	A	67	0	0	2	0
2	В	67	0	0	0	0
2	С	67	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	С	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	141	0	0	9	0
4	В	92	0	0	8	0
4	С	97	0	0	3	0
All	All	5649	0	5065	45	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 45 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:36[A]:VAL:HB	4:A:512:HOH:O	1.64	0.96
1:C:175:GLU:HB2	4:C:426:HOH:O	1.67	0.93
1:B:36[A]:VAL:HB	4:B:471:HOH:O	1.78	0.83
1:B:26:VAL:HG21	1:B:39:MET:HG2	1.63	0.81
1:A:36[A]:VAL:CB	4:A:512:HOH:O	2.31	0.68

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$220/229 \ (96\%)$	217 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
1	В	219/229 (96%)	216 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
1	С	220/229 (96%)	218 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	659/687 (96%)	651 (99%)	8 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	183/191 (96%)	182 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	86
1	В	183/191 (96%)	182 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	86
1	C	187/191 (98%)	186 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	86
All	All	553/573 (96%)	550 (100%)	3 (0%)	86	86

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	26	VAL
1	С	5	ASN
1	A	7	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such



sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	179	GLN
1	С	50	GLN
1	С	192	GLN
1	A	74	ASN
1	A	179	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trimo	Chain	Des	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	A1ADQ	С	301	-	70,74,74	0.80	1 (1%)	91,114,114	1.01	3 (3%)
2	A1ADQ	В	301	-	70,74,74	0.93	3 (4%)	91,114,114	0.92	4 (4%)
2	A1ADQ	A	301	-	70,74,74	0.76	2 (2%)	91,114,114	0.99	4 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



, ,	moone	no	outliers	$\alpha$ f	that	kind	woro	idontifi	$^{\circ}$
_	means	110	outhers	OI	unat	MIIIU	were	raemum	zu.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	A1ADQ	С	301	-	-	7/37/51/51	0/8/8/8
2	A1ADQ	В	301	-	-	1/37/51/51	0/8/8/8
2	A1ADQ	A	301	-	-	6/37/51/51	0/8/8/8

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(A)
2	В	301	A1ADQ	C23-C24	-4.77	1.36	1.42
2	С	301	A1ADQ	C22-C23	-3.41	1.38	1.43
2	A	301	A1ADQ	C22-C23	-3.24	1.38	1.43
2	В	301	A1ADQ	C22-C23	-2.79	1.39	1.43
2	В	301	A1ADQ	C29-C28	-2.56	1.47	1.51

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	С	301	A1ADQ	C24-C19-N3	3.68	122.13	118.78
2	A	301	A1ADQ	C24-C19-N3	3.51	121.98	118.78
2	A	301	A1ADQ	O4-S1-C30	3.06	113.20	108.70
2	A	301	A1ADQ	C38-C39-C40	-2.93	122.18	124.25
2	В	301	A1ADQ	O4-S1-N8	-2.70	100.69	107.23

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	301	A1ADQ	C31-C30-S1-N8
2	С	301	A1ADQ	C31-C30-S1-O3
2	С	301	A1ADQ	C31-C30-S1-O4
2	С	301	A1ADQ	C39-C40-C43-O5
2	A	301	A1ADQ	C25-N8-S1-C30

There are no ring outliers.

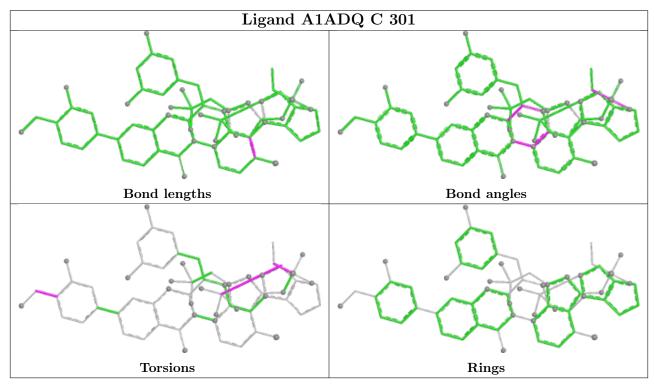
1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	301	A1ADQ	2	0

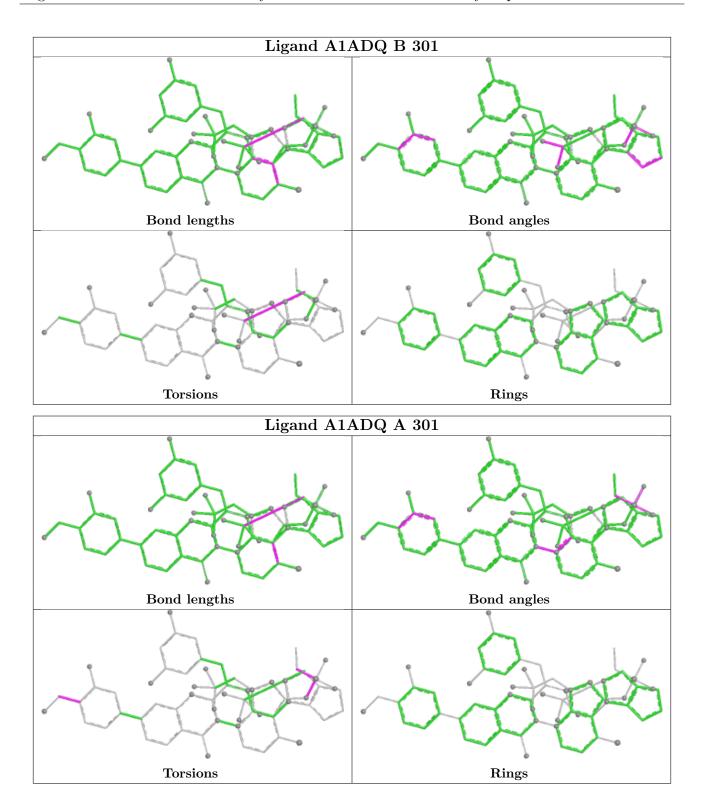
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$222/229 \ (96\%)$	0.34	12 (5%) 32 30	18, 31, 55, 77	0
1	В	220/229 (96%)	0.46	21 (9%) 15 13	19, 35, 66, 75	1 (0%)
1	С	221/229 (96%)	0.34	8 (3%) 46 44	20, 34, 59, 91	1 (0%)
All	All	663/687 (96%)	0.38	41 (6%) 28 25	18, 33, 61, 91	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 41 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	6	LEU	6.6
1	A	6	LEU	5.0
1	В	6	LEU	4.9
1	В	184	ALA	4.4
1	В	220	GLY	4.2

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

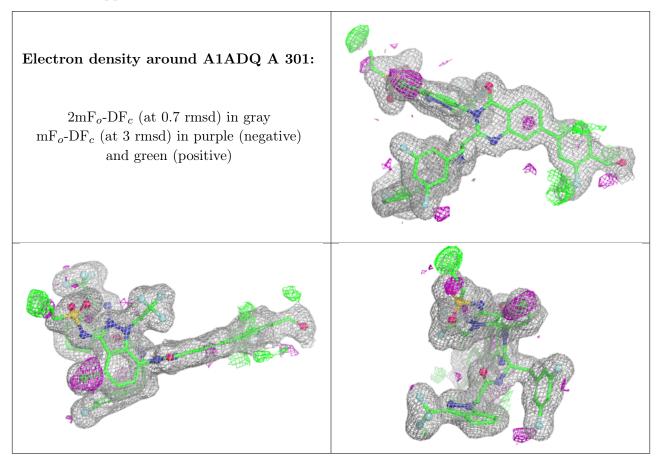
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	IOD	С	303	1/1	0.92	0.23	138,138,138,138	0
2	A1ADQ	A	301	67/67	0.96	0.07	15,22,49,55	0
2	A1ADQ	С	301	67/67	0.96	0.07	20,27,53,59	0
2	A1ADQ	В	301	67/67	0.97	0.07	17,23,52,67	0
3	IOD	С	302	1/1	0.98	0.08	39,39,39,39	0
3	IOD	A	302	1/1	0.98	0.09	35,35,35,35	0
3	IOD	В	302	1/1	0.99	0.12	41,41,41,41	0

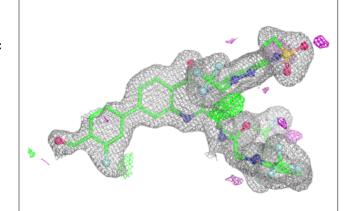
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

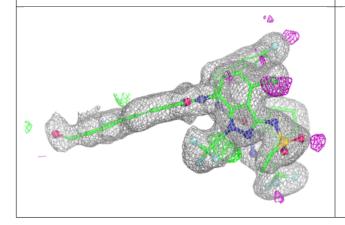


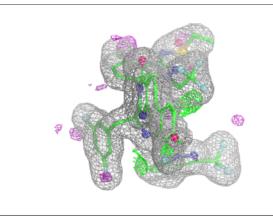


#### Electron density around A1ADQ C 301:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

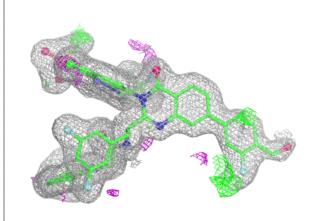


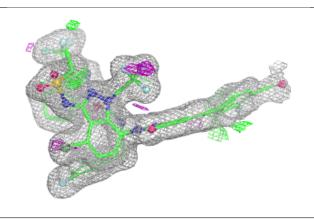


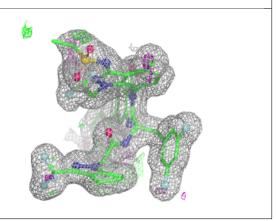


#### Electron density around A1ADQ B 301:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

