WORLDWIDE PDB

PROTEIN DATA BANK

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 15, 2025 – 02:18 PM JST

PDB ID	:	9UB6 / pdb_00009ub6
Title	:	Crystal structure of SFTSV Gn head with nanobody VHH261
Authors	:	Wu, Y.; Chang, Z.; Wu, X.
Deposited on	:	2025-04-02
Resolution	:	2.89 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

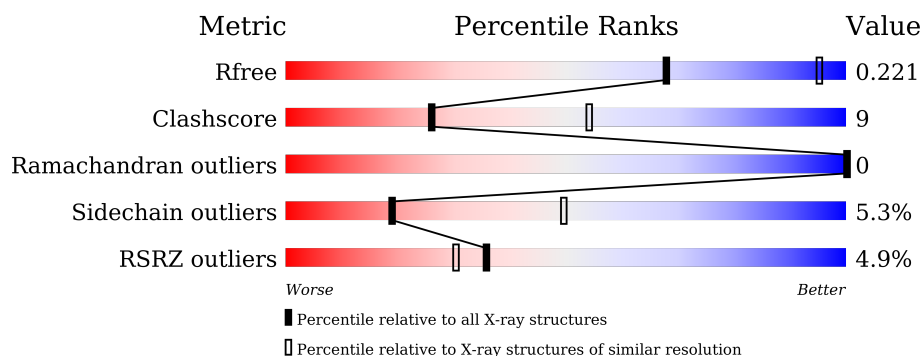|		
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.46

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.89 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Rfree		0.221
Clashscore		9
Ramachandran outliers		0
Sidechain outliers		5.3%
RSRZ outliers		4.9%

Worse   *Better*

▌Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R$_{free}$	164625	2335 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	180529	2564 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	2514 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	177891	2516 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	164620	2337 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	318	6% — 75% — 22% · ·
2	B	115	3% — 67% — 30% ·
3	C	5	20% — 80%

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3350 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glycoprotein N.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	310	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2389	1499	411	453	26			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Nanobody VHH261.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	115	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			886	551	156	174	5			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.
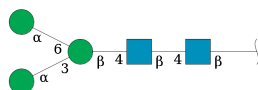
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	5	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			61	34	2	25			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).

NAG

| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

3 Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Glycoprotein N
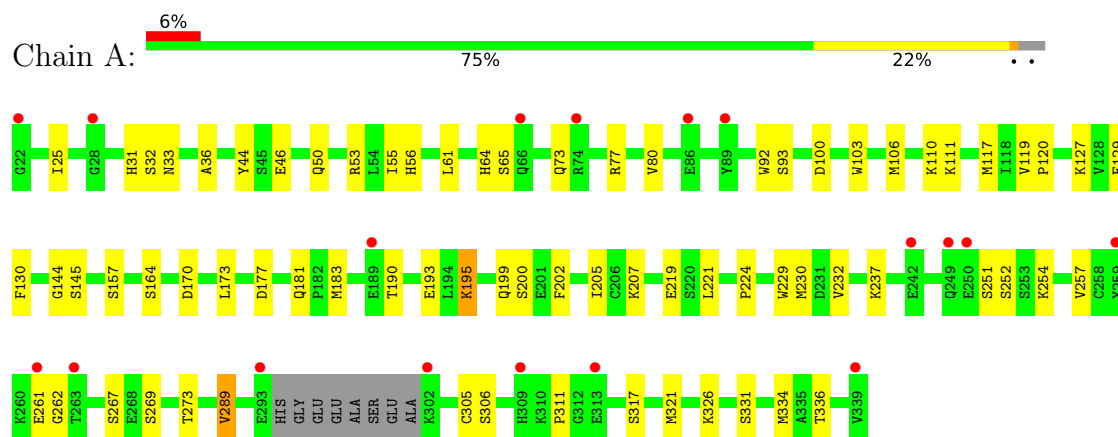
• Molecule 2: Nanobody VHH261
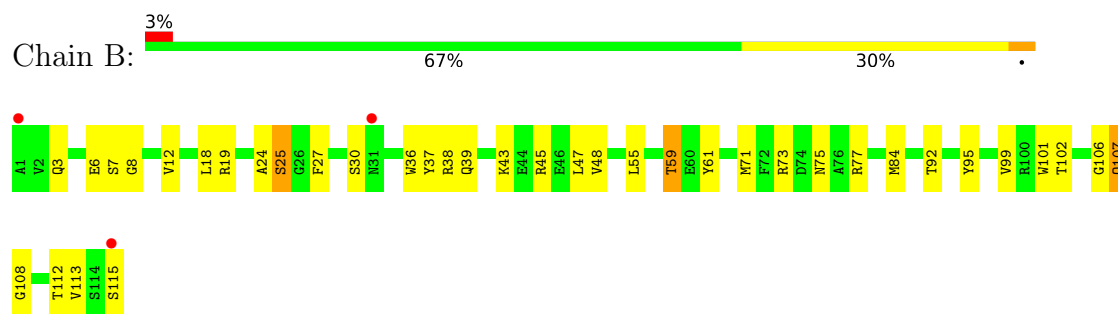
• Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

4 Data and refinement statistics ⓘ

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 62 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	172.71Å 172.71Å 136.03Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	52.20 – 2.89 52.20 – 2.89	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (52.20-2.89) 99.9 (52.20-2.89)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.79 (at 2.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158, PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.191 , 0.221 0.190 , 0.221	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2000 reflections (7.32%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	66.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.234	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.34 , 39.5	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3350	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	70.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.45% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

---

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, BMA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.42	0/2449	0.63	0/3301
2	B	0.51	0/902	0.68	1/1220 (0.1%)
All	All	0.44	0/3351	0.64	1/4521 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	107	GLN	CA-CB-CG	-6.54	101.02	114.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2389	0	2297	42	0
2	B	886	0	856	21	1
3	C	61	0	52	0	0
4	A	14	0	13	0	0
All	All	3350	0	3218	61	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

WORLDWIDE
wwPDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:229:TRP:HE1	1:A:331:SER:HB3	1.35	0.88
1:A:77:ARG:NH2	1:A:93:SER:O	2.13	0.81
2:B:92:THR:HG23	2:B:112:THR:HA	1.65	0.78
1:A:77:ARG:NH1	1:A:100:ASP:OD2	2.17	0.78
1:A:33:ASN:HB3	1:A:36:ALA:HB2	1.75	0.67
2:B:6:GLU:OE2	2:B:106:GLY:HA3	1.98	0.63
1:A:195:LYS:HE3	1:A:199:GLN:OE1	2.00	0.62
1:A:193:GLU:OE1	1:A:321:MET:HE1	2.00	0.61
1:A:53:ARG:HB2	1:A:55:ILE:HD12	1.84	0.59
1:A:229:TRP:CE3	1:A:237:LYS:HD3	2.38	0.59
2:B:59:THR:HG23	2:B:61:TYR:HE1	1.68	0.59
2:B:3:GLN:HB2	2:B:25:SER:HB3	1.84	0.58
1:A:61:LEU:HD21	1:A:129:PHE:HB2	1.84	0.57
2:B:59:THR:HG23	2:B:61:TYR:CE1	2.39	0.57
1:A:269:SER:O	1:A:273:THR:HG23	2.04	0.57
1:A:106:MET:HE1	1:A:181:GLN:C	2.29	0.57
1:A:64:HIS:HB3	1:A:111:LYS:HD2	1.87	0.56
1:A:224:PRO:HA	1:A:334:MET:HE2	1.88	0.55
1:A:25:ILE:HD11	1:A:257:VAL:HB	1.91	0.53
2:B:107:GLN:HG3	2:B:108:GLY:N	2.24	0.52
1:A:202:PHE:HB3	1:A:205:ILE:HG13	1.91	0.51
1:A:127:LYS:HE2	1:A:170:ASP:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:120:PRO:HD2	1:A:334:MET:HE1	1.94	0.50
1:A:92:TRP:CD2	1:A:311:PRO:HD3	2.47	0.50
1:A:65:SER:O	1:A:144:GLY:HA2	2.12	0.49
1:A:251:SER:HB3	1:A:289:VAL:HG11	1.94	0.49
1:A:106:MET:O	1:A:326:LYS:HE2	2.13	0.48
2:B:30:SER:HA	2:B:73:ARG:NH1	2.27	0.48
1:A:119:VAL:HG12	1:A:334:MET:HE3	1.96	0.48
1:A:56:HIS:HB3	1:A:103:TRP:CD2	2.49	0.48
1:A:117:MET:HB3	2:B:101:TRP:HD1	1.78	0.47
2:B:37:TYR:CZ	2:B:47:LEU:HD13	2.49	0.47
1:A:117:MET:HB3	2:B:101:TRP:CD1	2.50	0.47
1:A:130:PHE:HB3	1:A:173:LEU:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:A:120:PRO:HD2	1:A:334:MET:CE	2.46	0.46
1:A:219:GLU:HG3	1:A:336:THR:HB	1.97	0.46
2:B:24:ALA:HB1	2:B:27:PHE:CE2	2.51	0.46
2:B:12:VAL:HG13	2:B:113:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.45
2:B:84:MET:HE1	2:B:95:TYR:CZ	2.51	0.45
1:A:202:PHE:HB3	1:A:205:ILE:CG1	2.47	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:224:PRO:HA	1:A:334:MET:CE	2.46	0.44
1:A:44:TYR:CE1	1:A:254:LYS:HD2	2.52	0.44
2:B:36:TRP:CD1	2:B:71:MET:HE3	2.53	0.44
2:B:73:ARG:HD2	2:B:75:ASN:OD1	2.18	0.44
1:A:31:HIS:H	1:A:73:GLN:HE22	1.66	0.43
1:A:56:HIS:HB3	1:A:103:TRP:CG	2.53	0.43
2:B:43:LYS:HE3	2:B:43:LYS:HB3	1.78	0.43
1:A:183:MET:HE3	1:A:183:MET:HB2	1.81	0.43
1:A:317:SER:HA	1:A:321:MET:O	2.18	0.43
2:B:39:GLN:OE1	2:B:45:ARG:HG3	2.19	0.43
1:A:46:GLU:O	1:A:50:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:230:MET:HG3	1:A:232:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.42
1:A:261:GLU:OE1	1:A:262:GLY:N	2.52	0.42
2:B:8:GLY:O	2:B:18:LEU:HD22	2.20	0.42
1:A:110:LYS:HB2	1:A:110:LYS:HE2	1.73	0.42
1:A:229:TRP:NE1	1:A:331:SER:HB3	2.17	0.42
2:B:99:VAL:HB	2:B:102:THR:OG1	2.18	0.42
1:A:130:PHE:HA	1:A:173:LEU:O	2.19	0.41
2:B:55:LEU:HD23	2:B:55:LEU:HA	1.72	0.41
1:A:257:VAL:O	1:A:305:CYS:HA	2.21	0.40
2:B:38:ARG:HD3	2:B:48:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:19:ARG:O	2:B:77:ARG:NH2[12_544]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	306/318 (96%)	292 (95%)	14 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	113/115 (98%)	112 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	419/433 (97%)	404 (96%)	15 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2   Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	268/273 (98%)	253 (94%)	15 (6%)	17	47
2	B	93/93 (100%)	89 (96%)	4 (4%)	25	57
All	All	361/366 (99%)	342 (95%)	19 (5%)	19	49

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	32	SER
1	A	80	VAL
1	A	145	SER
1	A	157	SER
1	A	164	SER
1	A	177	ASP
1	A	190	THR
1	A	195	LYS
1	A	200	SER
1	A	207	LYS
1	A	221	LEU
1	A	252	SER
1	A	267	SER
1	A	289	VAL
1	A	306	SER
2	B	7	SER
2	B	25	SER
2	B	59	THR

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	115	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	GLN
1	A	223	GLN
2	B	83	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\lvert Z \rvert > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\lvert Z \rvert > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	0.45	0
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.60	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.59	0
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	1.26	0	15,15,17	1.10	1 (6%)
3	MAN	C	4	3	11,11,12	1.27	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.22	3 (20%)
3	MAN	C	5	3	11,11,12	2.20	3 (27%)	15,15,17	1.62	3 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	5	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	5	MAN	C1-C2	4.56	1.62	1.52
3	C	5	MAN	C2-C3	4.36	1.58	1.52
3	C	4	MAN	C4-C3	2.22	1.58	1.52
3	C	5	MAN	O3-C3	2.15	1.48	1.43
3	C	2	NAG	O5-C1	-2.09	1.40	1.43

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

| Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	5	MAN	C1-C2-C3	3.67	114.17	109.67
3	C	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.58	117.04	112.19
3	C	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.45	115.51	112.19
3	C	5	MAN	O3-C3-C2	2.40	114.60	109.99
3	C	3	BMA	C6-C5-C4	2.11	117.95	113.00
3	C	4	MAN	C3-C4-C5	2.09	113.97	110.24
3	C	4	MAN	C2-C3-C4	2.03	114.40	110.89

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

Oligosaccharide Chain C

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings
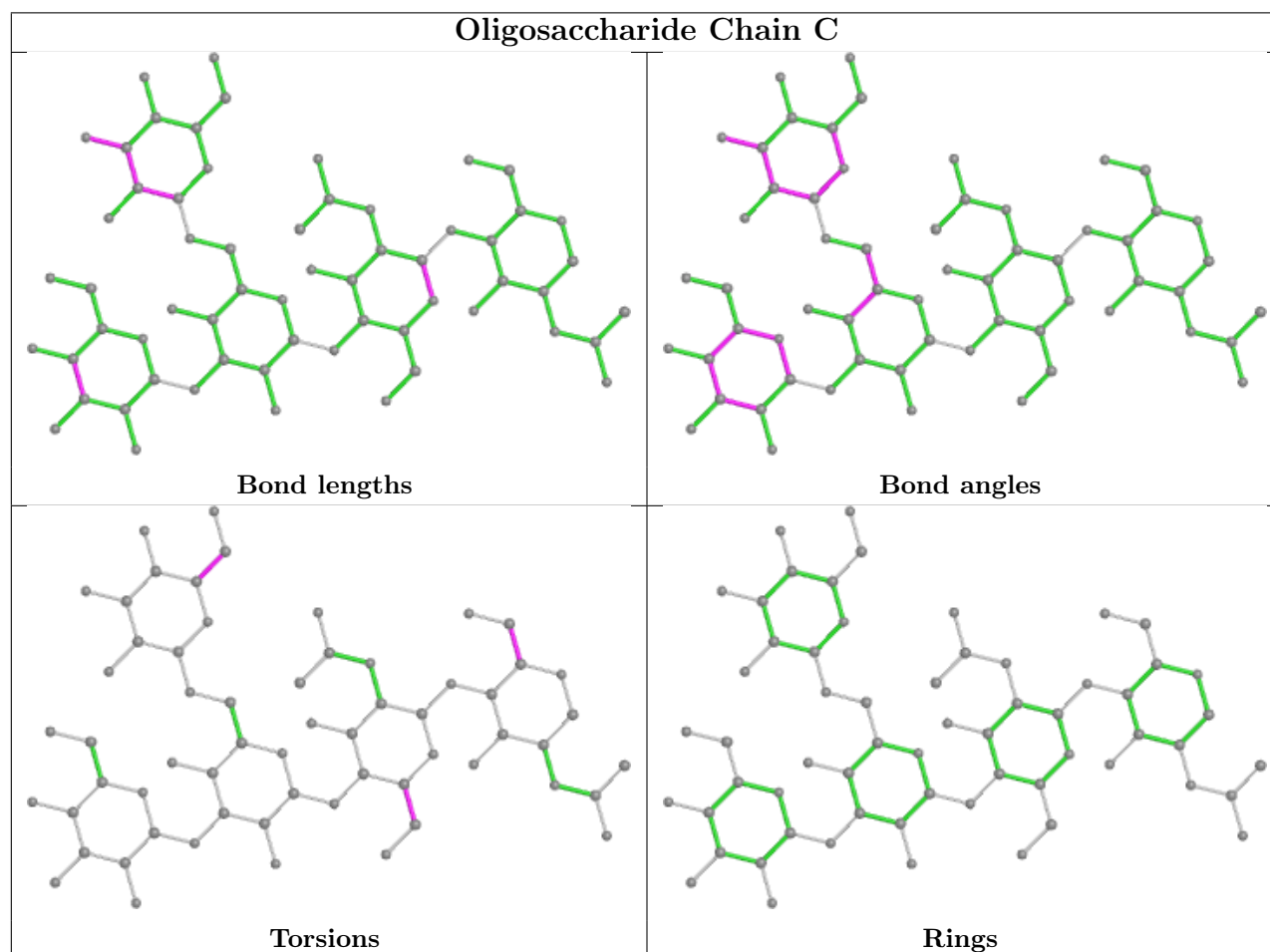
5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$
4	NAG	A	400	1	14,14,15	1.12	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.09	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.
'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	400	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	400	NAG	C1-C2	3.62	1.57	1.52

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	400	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.50	114.68	111.02
4	A	400	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-2.19	109.23	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	400	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
4	A	400	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	400	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	400	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	310/318 (97%)	0.08	18 (5%)	30	26	48, 69, 105, 133	0
2	B	115/115 (100%)	-0.15	3 (2%)	57	51	51, 61, 87, 111	0
All	All	425/433 (98%)	0.02	21 (4%)	36	30	48, 65, 103, 133	0

All (21) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	302	LYS	5.7
1	A	22	GLY	4.6
1	A	293	GLU	4.6
1	A	261	GLU	3.9
1	A	309	HIS	3.7
1	A	86	GLU	3.3
2	B	1	ALA	3.3
1	A	66	GLN	3.3
1	A	313	GLU	3.3
1	A	28	GLY	3.2
1	A	259	TYR	3.2
1	A	249	GLN	2.9
1	A	339	VAL	2.5
1	A	242	GLU	2.4
1	A	89	TYR	2.4
1	A	250	GLU	2.4
2	B	31	ASN	2.4
1	A	263	THR	2.3
1	A	189	GLU	2.1
1	A	74	ARG	2.0
2	B	115	SER	2.0

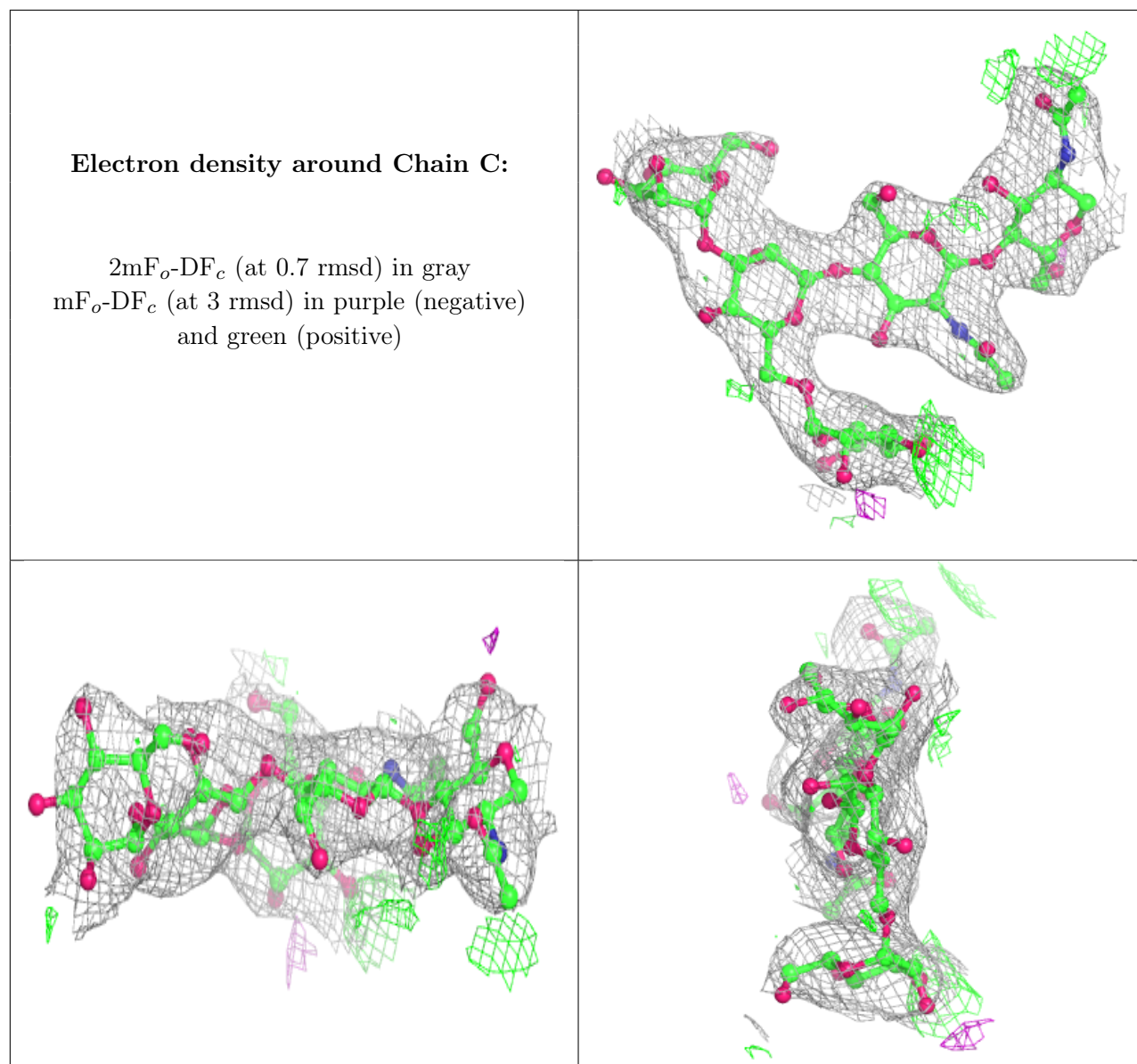## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	MAN	C	5	11/12	0.66	0.21	118,130,134,134	0
3	MAN	C	4	11/12	0.67	0.17	118,130,132,134	0
3	BMA	C	3	11/12	0.83	0.13	113,119,125,127	0
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.92	0.11	89,95,109,109	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.93	0.09	70,79,88,92	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	400	14/15	0.39	0.33	132,151,160,161	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.