



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report i

May 4, 2025 – 01:51 PM EDT

PDB ID : 8U95 / pdb_00008u95
EMDB ID : EMD-42024
Title : The structure of myosin heavy chain from Drosophila melanogaster flight muscle thick filaments
Authors : Abbasi Yeganeh, F.; Rastegarpouyani, H.; Li, J.; Taylor, K.A.
Deposited on : 2023-09-18
Resolution : 4.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) i) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

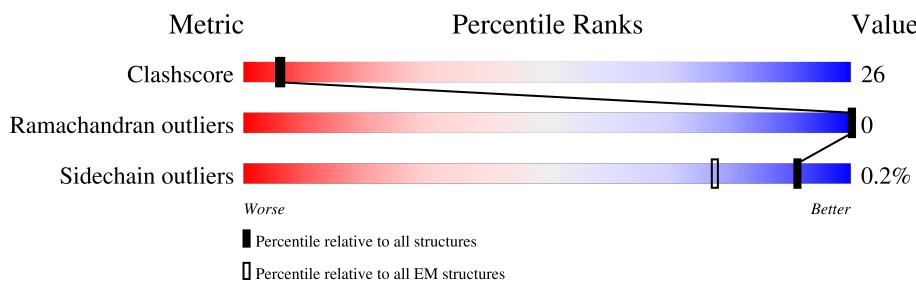
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

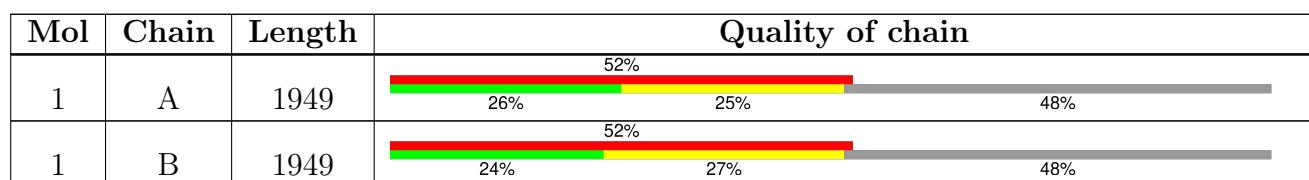
The reported resolution of this entry is 4.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.



2 Entry composition [\(i\)](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 16352 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

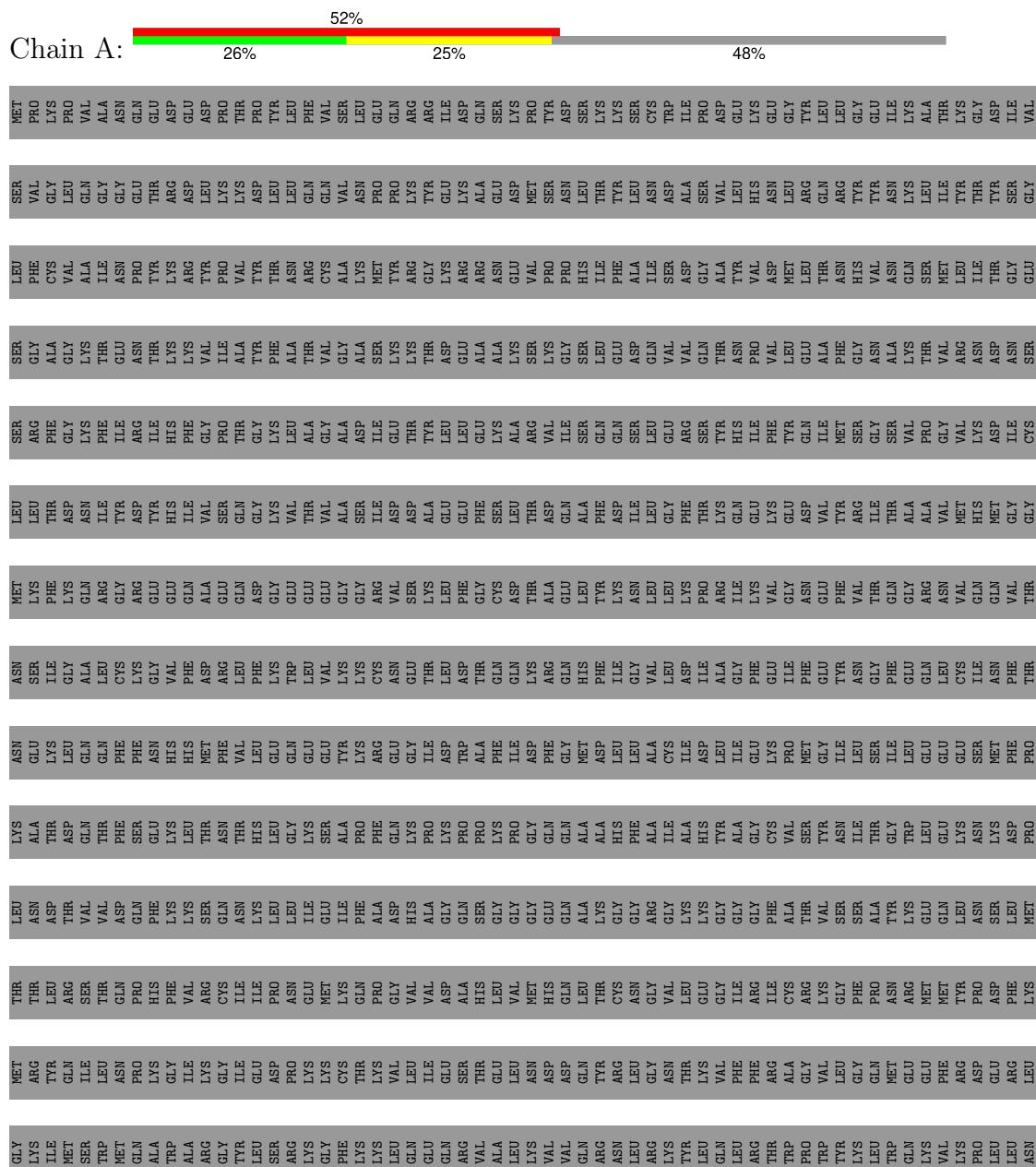
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Myosin heavy chain, isoform U.

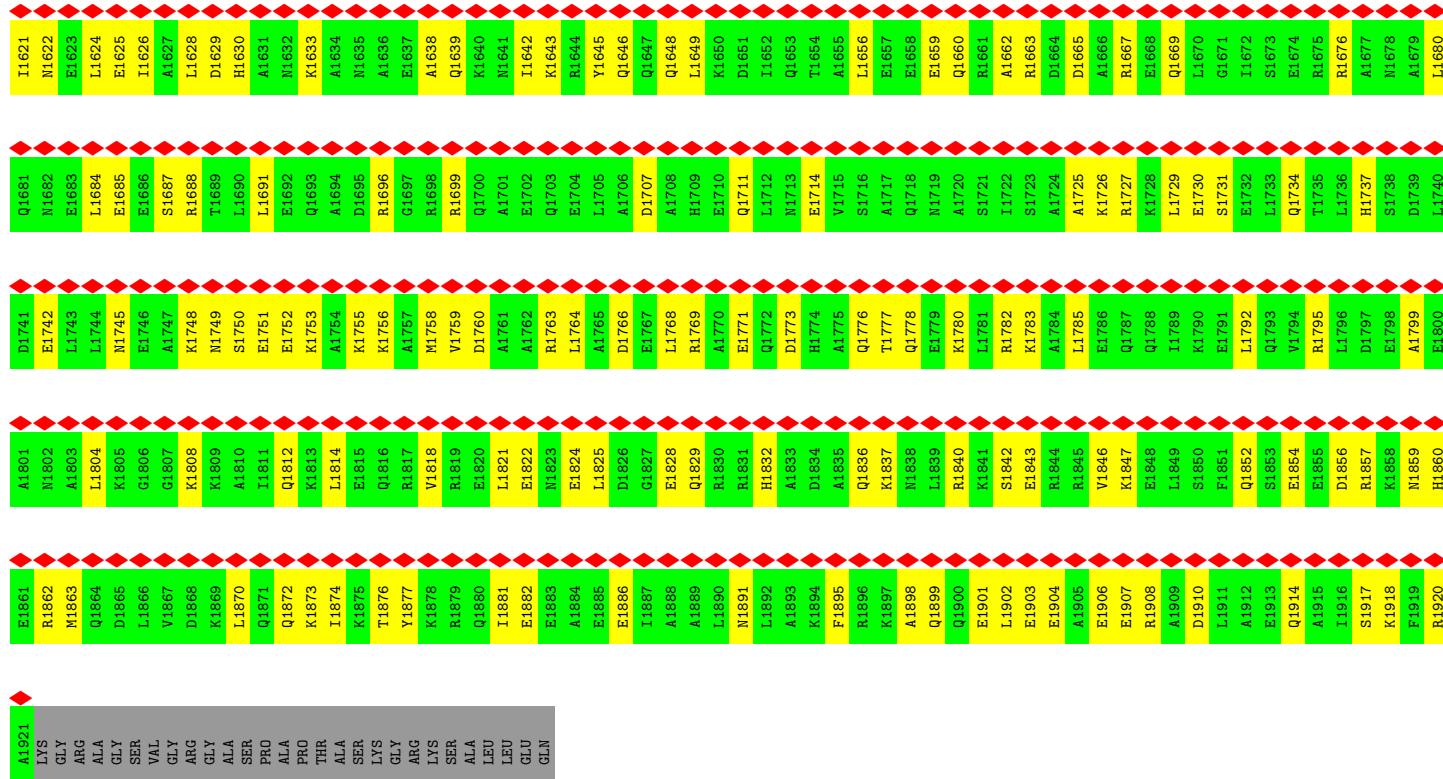
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	1009	8176	4946	1527	1695	8	0	0
1	B	1009	8176	4946	1527	1695	8	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Myosin heavy chain, isoform U





- Molecule 1: Myosin heavy chain, isoform U



NET	PRO	LYS	PRO	VAL	ALA	ALA	ASN	GLN	GLU	ASP	GLU	ASP	PRO	THR	PRO	TYR	LEU	PHE	VAL	SER	LEU	GLU	GLN	ARG	ARG	ILE	ASP	GLN	SER	LYS	PRO	TYR	ASP	SER	LYS	SER	CYS	TRP	ILE	PRO	ASP	GLU	LYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	TYR	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLU	ILE	LYS	ALA	THR	LYS	GLY	ASP	ILE	VAL
NET	PRO	LYS	PRO	VAL	ALA	ALA	ASN	GLN	GLU	ASP	GLU	ASP	PRO	THR	PRO	TYR	LEU	PHE	VAL	SER	LEU	GLU	GLN	ARG	ARG	ILE	ASP	GLN	SER	LYS	PRO	TYR	ASP	SER	LYS	SER	CYS	TRP	ILE	PRO	ASP	GLU	LYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	TYR	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLU	ILE	LYS	ALA	THR	LYS	GLY	ASP	ILE	VAL
NET	PRO	LYS	PRO	VAL	ALA	ALA	ASN	GLN	GLU	ASP	GLU	ASP	PRO	THR	PRO	TYR	LEU	PHE	VAL	SER	LEU	GLU	GLN	ARG	ARG	ILE	ASP	GLN	SER	LYS	PRO	TYR	ASP	SER	LYS	SER	CYS	TRP	ILE	PRO	ASP	GLU	LYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	TYR	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLU	ILE	LYS	ALA	THR	LYS	GLY	ASP	ILE	VAL
NET	PRO	LYS	PRO	VAL	ALA	ALA	ASN	GLN	GLU	ASP	GLU	ASP	PRO	THR	PRO	TYR	LEU	PHE	VAL	SER	LEU	GLU	GLN	ARG	ARG	ILE	ASP	GLN	SER	LYS	PRO	TYR	ASP	SER	LYS	SER	CYS	TRP	ILE	PRO	ASP	GLU	LYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	TYR	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLU	ILE	LYS	ALA	THR	LYS	GLY	ASP	ILE	VAL
NET	PRO	LYS	PRO	VAL	ALA	ALA	ASN	GLN	GLU	ASP	GLU	ASP	PRO	THR	PRO	TYR	LEU	PHE	VAL	SER	LEU	GLU	GLN	ARG	ARG	ILE	ASP	GLN	SER	LYS	PRO	TYR	ASP	SER	LYS	SER	CYS	TRP	ILE	PRO	ASP	GLU	LYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	TYR	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLU	ILE	LYS	ALA	THR	LYS	GLY	ASP	ILE	VAL

For more information, contact the Office of the Vice President for Research and Economic Development at 319-273-2500 or research@uiowa.edu.

R1381	K1261	E1141	Q961	GLN	LEU	LYS
S1382	L1262	Y1142	K962	GLU	ASN	ALA
E1383	R1323	K1023	A1023	ARG	ARG	THR
E1384	E1324	E1143	D1203	ASN	ILE	ASP
L1385	R1325	L1145	E1204	ALA	TYR	THR
E1386	A1326	Q1205	E1085	LYS	GLN	GLN
E1387	T1327	N1206	V1206	LYS	LEU	VAL
E1388	L1328	T1207	R1207	TYR	THR	VAL
K1389	L1329	Q1208	R1148	ALA	ILE	THR
R1390	G1330	L1209	L1149	LYS	TRP	ILE
A1391	K1331	N1210	E1150	LYS	ASP	LEU
D1391	K1391	D1271	K1211	ALA	GLU	ASN
F1392	F1332	F1272	L1212	ALA	ALA	PRO
R1393	R1333	D1273	K1213	ALA	ALA	ALA
M1334	A1274	A1214	G1153	Q963	GLU	GLY
S1335	L1335	S1275	E1154	ALA	GLU	GLY
K1336	K1276	K1215	A1155	ALA	GLY	GLY
H1337	K1277	E1277	T1156	ALA	ALA	ALA
D1338	K1278	K1218	A1157	ALA	ALA	ALA
L1339	L1279	L1219	Q1158	ALA	ALA	ALA
R1394	R1395	S1290	E1214	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1400	D1340	K1220	K1220	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1401	M1341	T1281	M1221	ALA	ALA	ALA
T1402	E1282	E1222	L1162	ALA	ALA	ALA
R1403	R1343	M1283	Y1223	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1404	E1344	S1284	Y1224	ALA	ALA	ALA
S1405	D1285	D1285	G1225	ALA	ALA	ALA
L1406	L1346	L1286	Q1226	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1407	E1347	L1287	L1227	ALA	ALA	ALA
Q1408	E1348	R1288	N1228	ALA	ALA	ALA
K1409	E1349	Q1289	D1229	ALA	ALA	ALA
C1410	A1350	L1290	L1230	ALA	ALA	ALA
I1411	E1351	E1291	R1231	ALA	ALA	ALA
T1402	E1352	A1232	K1172	ALA	ALA	ALA
G1412	K1353	A1283	G1233	ALA	ALA	ALA
A1413	A1354	E1294	V1234	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1414	K1415	D1295	D1235	ALA	ALA	ALA
M1416	L1356	Q1296	H1236	ALA	ALA	ALA
K1417	Q1357	E1297	I1237	ALA	ALA	ALA
Q1418	R1358	S1298	T1238	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1419	A1359	E1294	Q1299	ALA	ALA	ALA
L1420	L1360	L1300	E1240	ALA	ALA	ALA
S1421	S1361	S1301	K1241	ALA	ALA	ALA
T1422	K1362	K1302	A1242	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1423	A1363	I1303	A1243	ALA	ALA	ALA
V1424	N1364	K1304	Q1244	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1425	A1365	I1305	E1245	ALA	ALA	ALA
E1430	E1366	W1370	Q1250	ALA	ALA	ALA
V1431	R1371	L1311	E1312	ALA	ALA	ALA
A1432	S1372	T1307	E1308	ALA	ALA	ALA
D1433	K1373	D1313	T1309	ALA	ALA	ALA
A1434	A1374	T1374	T1344	ALA	ALA	ALA
M1435	E1375	K1351	E1356	ALA	ALA	ALA
A1436	A1376	R1356	S1377	ALA	ALA	ALA
I1437	L1377	L1377	D1377	ALA	ALA	ALA
A1438	A1378	A1318	V1379	ALA	ALA	ALA
N1439	D1319	D1319	V1379	ALA	ALA	ALA
A1440	A1380	A1380	R1420	ALA	ALA	ALA

A1921	E1861	A1801	D1741	Q1681	I1621	Q1561	N1501	A1441
	lys	N1802	E1742	N1682	L1562	K1502	E1442	K1443
	gly	A1803	L1743	E1683	E1623	N1503	M1503	K1444
	arg	A1804	L1744	L1684	L1624	L1564	L1504	K1444
	ala	K1664	D1665	K1805	E1685	E1625	S1565	Q1445
	ser	A1666	E1746	G1806	E1686	E1626	Q1566	K1446
	val	V1667	A1747	G1807	S1687	A1627	V1567	E1447
	gly	D1668	K1748	K1808	R1688	L1628	B1568	F1448
	arg	K1669	K1809	N1749	T1689	D1629	Q1569	D1449
	gly	A1810	S1750	L1690	I1630	E1570	D1510	K1450
	ala	L1670	E1751	I1811	L1691	A1631	I1571	L1451
	ser	Q1871	Q1872	Q1812	E1752	E1592	D1572	L1452
	pro	K1673	K1753	K813	Q1693	N1632	R1573	D1513
	thr	K1674	L1814	A1694	K1634	R1574	Q1514	E1454
	ala	K1675	K1755	K1755	D1695	N1635	I1575	W1455
	ser	E1815	E1816	Q1816	R1696	A1636	Q1576	K1456
	lys	T1876	K1756	K1756	E1697	E1637	E1577	L1457
	gly	Y1877	R1817	R1817	R1698	A1638	K1578	K1458
	arg	K1878	V1818	M1758	V1759	R1699	Q1639	V1459
	lys	R1879	R1819	R1819	D1760	Q1700	E1640	R1520
	ser	Q1880	E1820	L1820	A1761	A1701	N1641	D1460
	ala	L1881	L1821	A1762	E1762	E1702	I1642	D1461
	leu	E1882	E1822	A1763	R1763	Q1703	K1643	L1462
	leu	E1883	M1823	E1824	L1764	E1704	R1644	E1463
	glu	E1884	A1824	A1765	L1765	L1705	Y1645	E1464
	glu	E1885	L1825	D1766	A1766	A1706	Q1646	E1465
	glu	E1886	D1826	E1767	E1767	D1707	Q1647	L1466
	glu	I1887	G1827	E1828	L1768	A1708	R1648	D1467
	glu	A1888	A1829	R1769	H1709	E1709	H1649	A1468
	glu	A1889	Q1829	R1770	A1710	E1710	K1650	R1529
	glu	L1890	R1830	A1771	Q1711	N1711	Q1590	S1469
	glu	R1891	R1831	E1771	Q1772	N1772	R1591	K1470
	glu	H1892	H1832	A1833	D1773	N1773	D1651	R1531
	glu	A1893	A1833	D1834	H1774	E1774	Q1652	L1471
	glu	K1894	D1834	A1835	A1775	V1715	T1654	E1472
	glu	F1895	A1835	Q1836	Q1776	S1716	A1655	E1473
	glu	R1896	Q1836	K1837	T1777	A1717	E1657	R1474
	glu	L1897	K1837	K1837	E1778	Q1778	E1658	L1475
	glu	A1898	M1838	N1838	E1779	M1719	E1659	S1476
	glu	Q1899	L1839	L1839	A1776	A1720	Q1660	Q1540
	glu	Q1900	R1840	K1780	A1781	S1721	E1661	A1541
	glu	E1801	K1841	S1842	R1792	I1722	A1662	A1542
	glu	L1602	E1843	E1843	K1783	S1723	R1663	E1482
	glu	E1903	R1844	R1844	A1784	A1724	D1664	L1543
	glu	E1904	R1845	R1845	L1785	A1725	D1665	A1544
	glu	A1905	E1845	L1785	A1726	K1726	A1666	E1483
	glu	E1906	V1846	E1786	K1726	A1666	G1606	A1545
	glu	E1907	K1847	Q1787	Q1787	R1667	K1607	E1484
	glu	R1908	E1848	E1848	Q1788	K1728	E1663	L1546
	glu	A1909	L1849	L1849	I1789	L1729	Q1669	A1547
	glu	E1910	S1850	F1850	K1790	E1730	L1670	L1550
	glu	D1911	A1912	Q1852	L1792	E1732	I1672	B1612
	glu	E1913	S1853	Q1853	Q1793	S1733	S1673	M1613
	glu	Q1914	E1854	V1794	Q1734	E1674	E1614	E1554
	glu	A1915	E1855	E1795	T1735	R1675	K1615	N1555
	glu	T1916	D1856	D1796	L1736	R1676	K1616	K1556
	glu	S1917	R1857	D1797	H1737	A1677	L1617	V1557
	glu	K1918	K1858	K1798	S1738	E1692	E1618	R1558
	glu	F1919	N1859	A1799	D1739	E1693	A1619	R1499
	glu	R1920	H1860	E1800	L1740	R1680	D1620	A1560

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	116000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	OTHER	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	55	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	19.048	Depositor
Minimum map value	-4.384	Depositor
Average map value	0.028	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.633	Depositor
Recommended contour level	2.79	Depositor
Map size (Å)	1021.44006, 1021.44006, 1021.44006	wwPDB
Map dimensions	768, 768, 768	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.33, 1.33, 1.33	Depositor

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.20	0/8212	0.62	0/10958
1	B	0.22	0/8212	0.70	3/10958 (0.0%)
All	All	0.21	0/16424	0.66	3/21916 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	1786	GLU	N-CA-CB	5.33	118.54	110.28
1	B	1007	GLU	CA-C-N	-5.09	112.58	120.31
1	B	1007	GLU	C-N-CA	-5.09	112.58	120.31

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	1331	LYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts i

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbit. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8176	0	8192	467	0
1	B	8176	0	8192	496	0
All	All	16352	0	16384	861	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

The worst 5 of 861 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1224:TYR:HA	1:B:1227:LEU:HD12	1.50	0.93
1:A:1015:LYS:HZ1	1:B:1016:ILE:HG12	1.33	0.90
1:A:1755:LYS:HA	1:A:1758:MET:HE2	1.56	0.87
1:A:1223:TYR:OH	1:B:1226:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.85
1:A:1582:PHE:HB3	1:A:1586:ARG:HH12	1.45	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1007/1949 (52%)	999 (99%)	8 (1%)	0	100 100
1	B	1007/1949 (52%)	989 (98%)	18 (2%)	0	100 100
All	All	2014/3898 (52%)	1988 (99%)	26 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	866/1669 (52%)	865 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 95
1	B	866/1669 (52%)	863 (100%)	3 (0%)	91 92
All	All	1732/3338 (52%)	1728 (100%)	4 (0%)	91 94

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1089	ILE
1	B	1514	GLN
1	B	1635	ASN
1	B	1653	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 41 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	1226	GLN
1	B	1734	GLN
1	B	1250	GLN
1	B	1635	ASN
1	B	1836	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

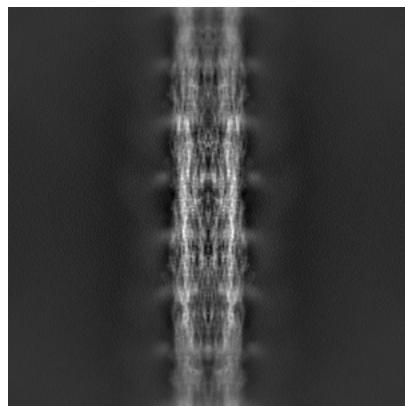
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-42024. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

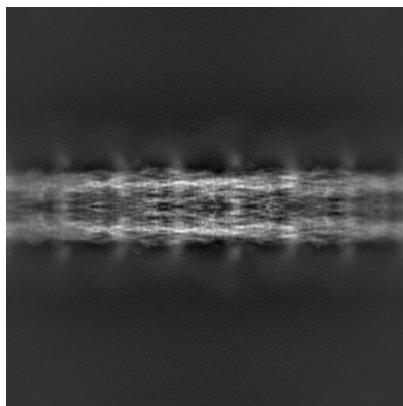
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

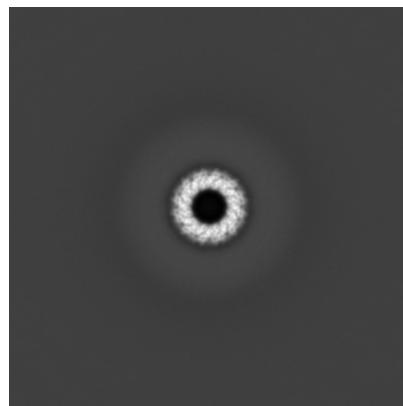
6.1.1 Primary map



X

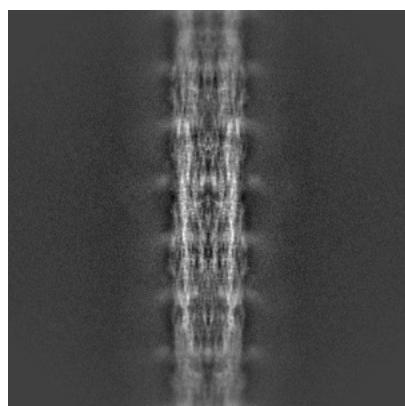


Y

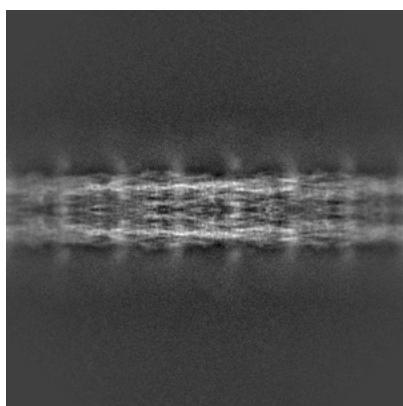


Z

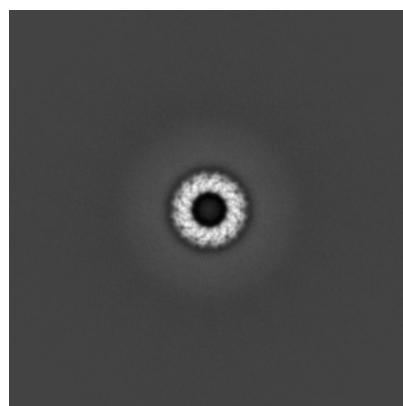
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

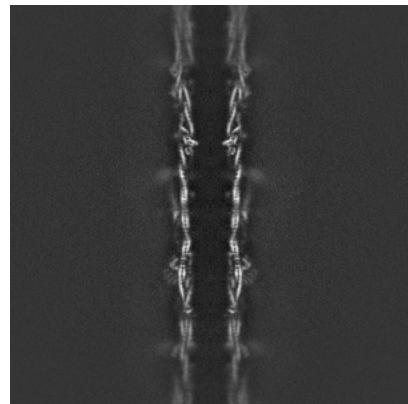


Z

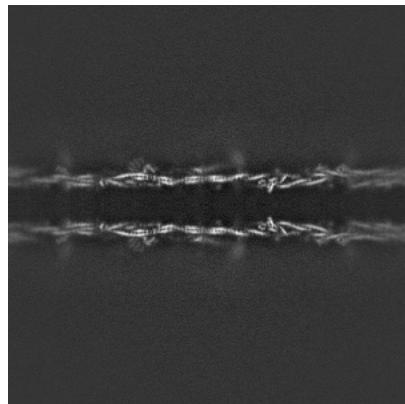
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [\(i\)](#)

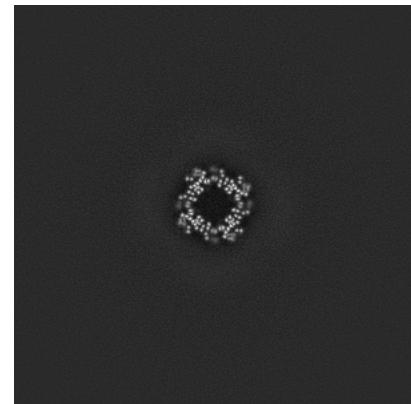
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 384

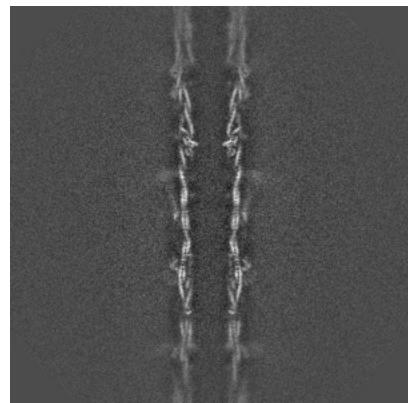


Y Index: 384

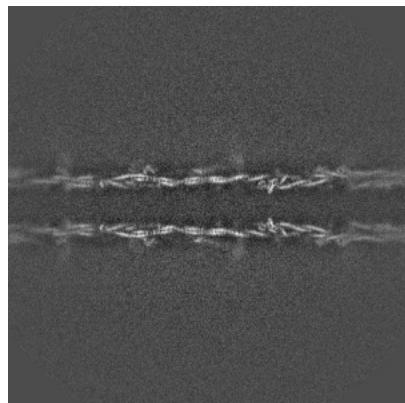


Z Index: 384

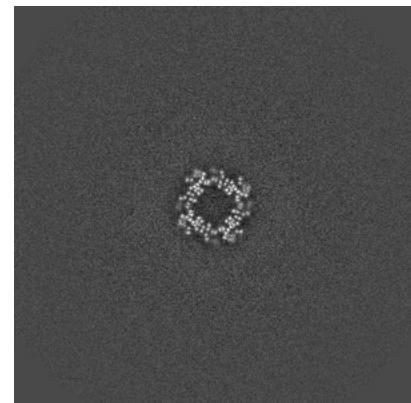
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 384



Y Index: 384

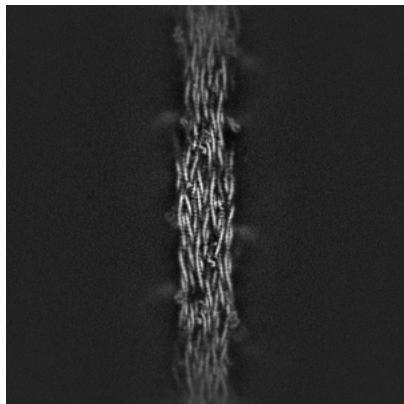


Z Index: 384

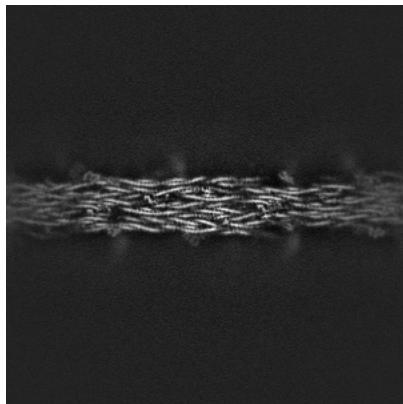
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

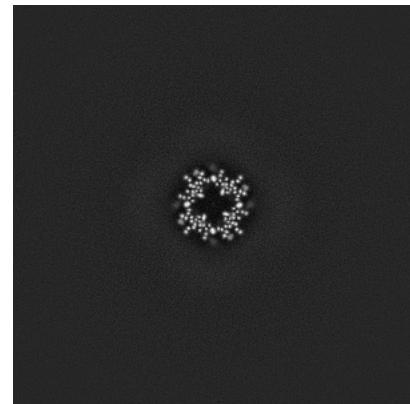
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 429

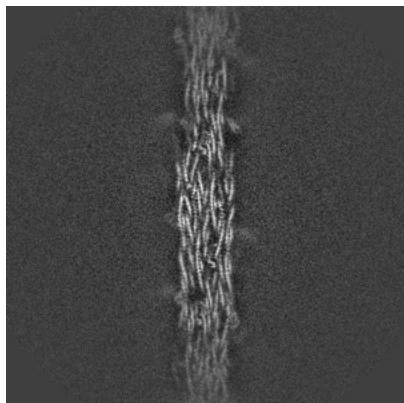


Y Index: 339

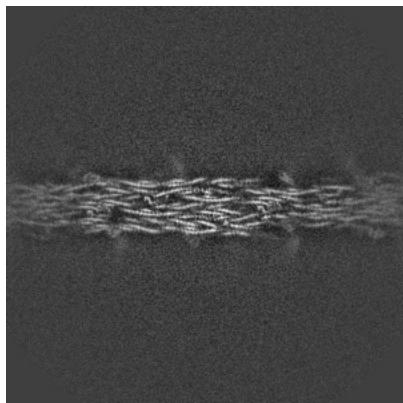


Z Index: 395

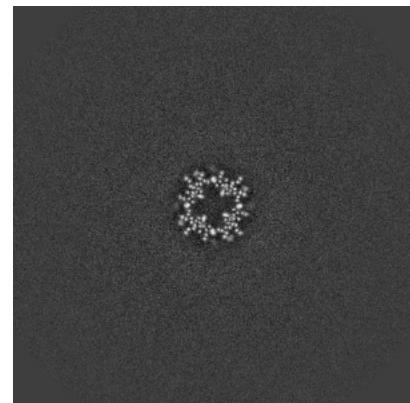
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 429



Y Index: 339

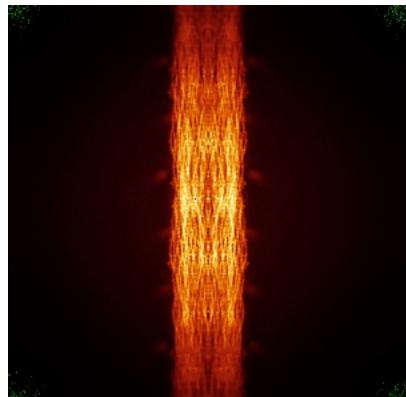


Z Index: 395

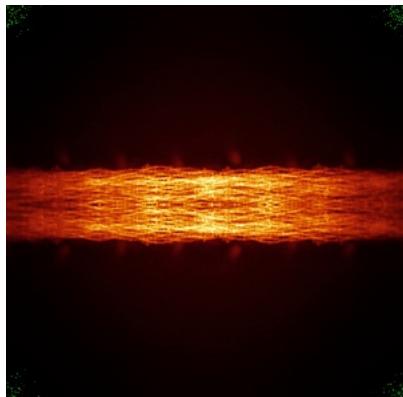
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

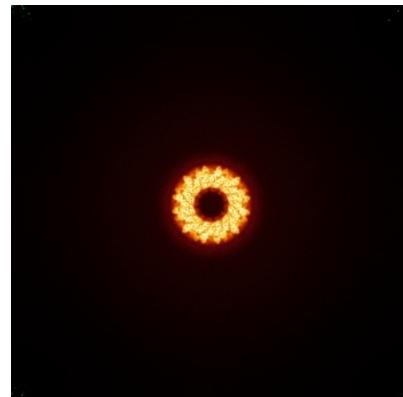
6.4.1 Primary map



X

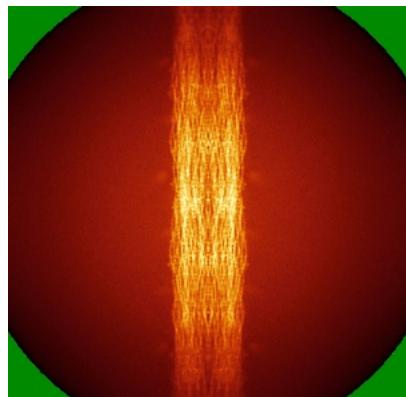


Y

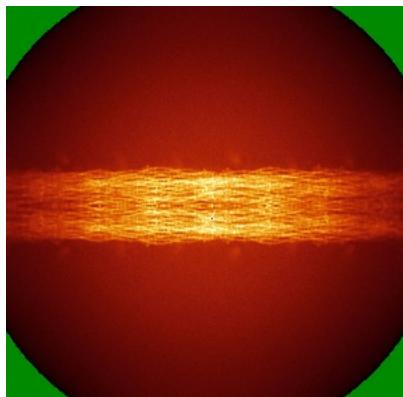


Z

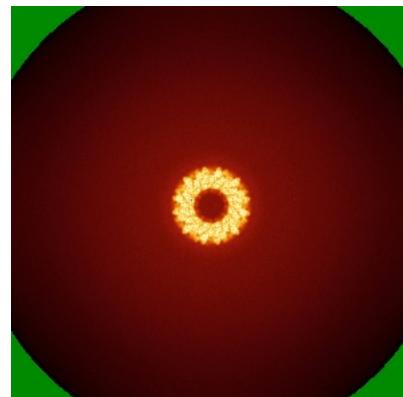
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

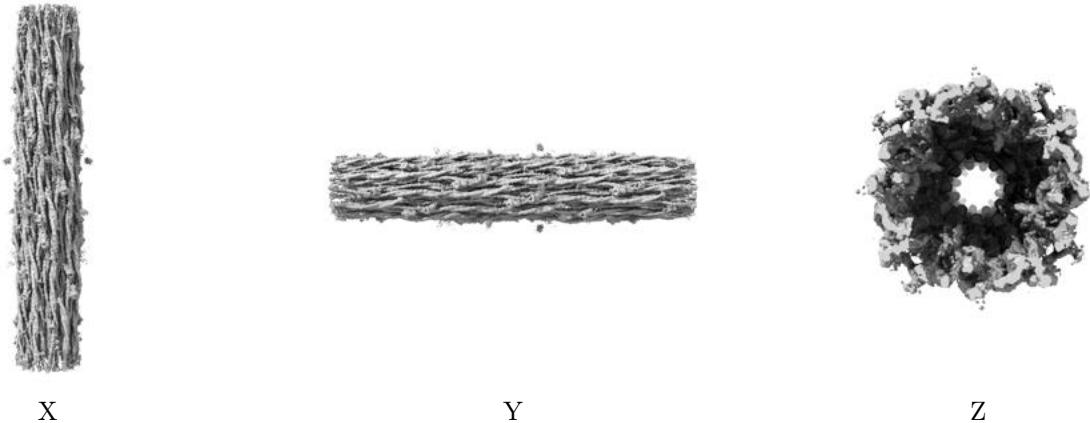


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

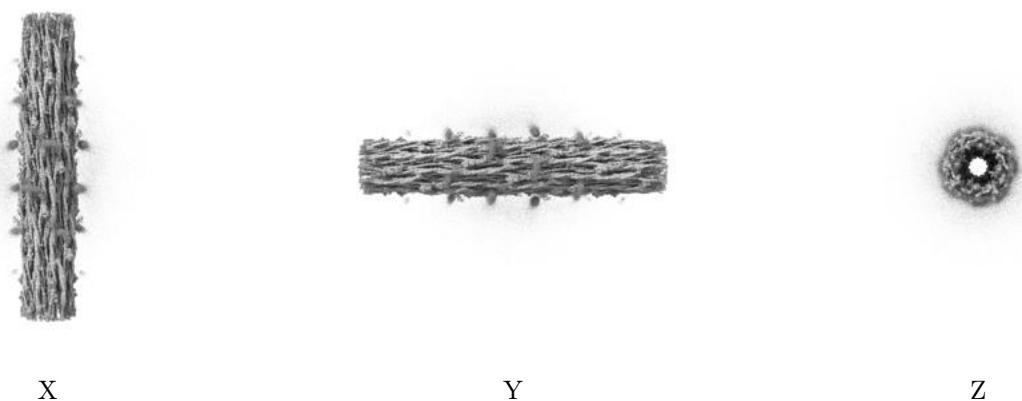
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 2.79. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

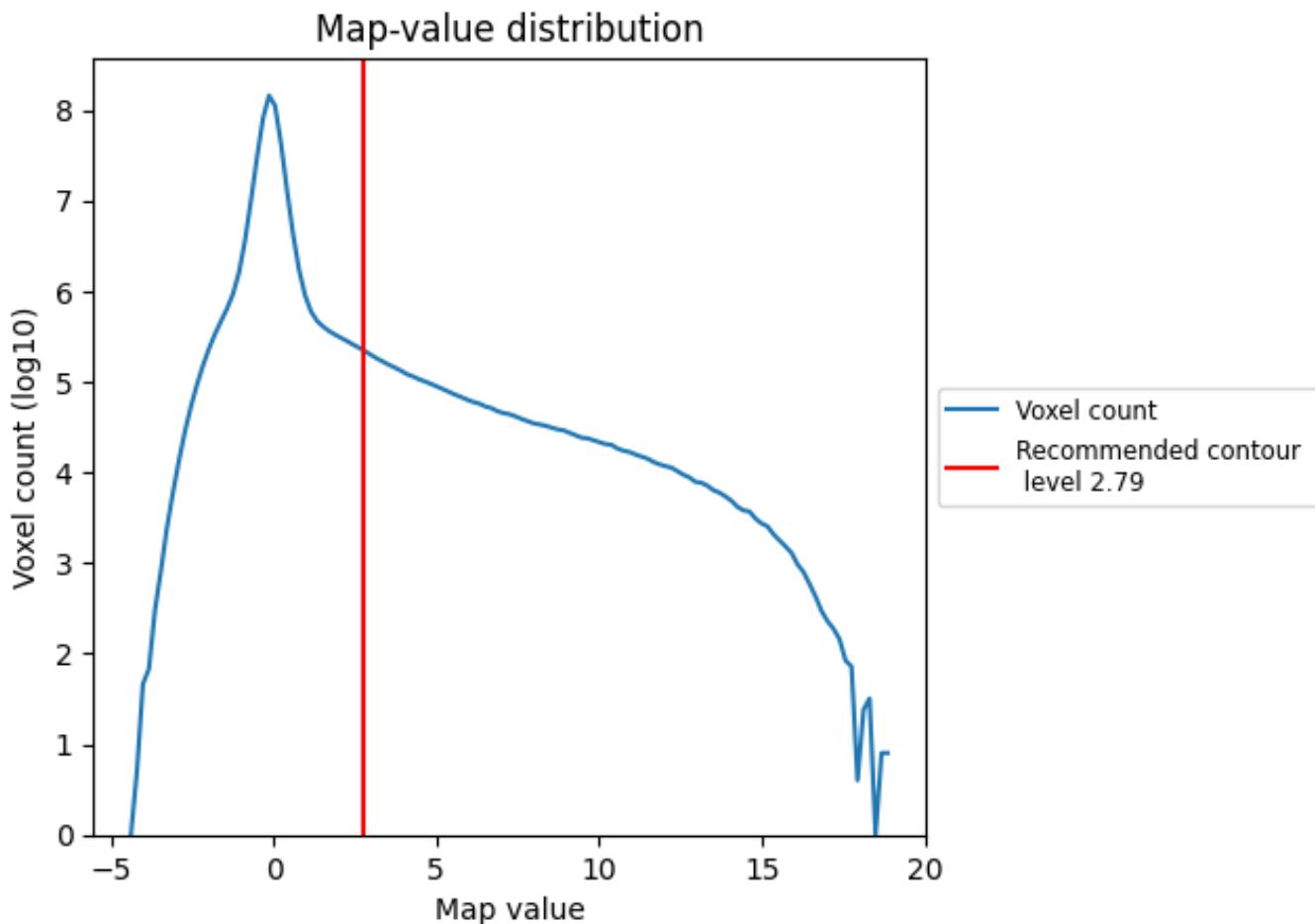
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

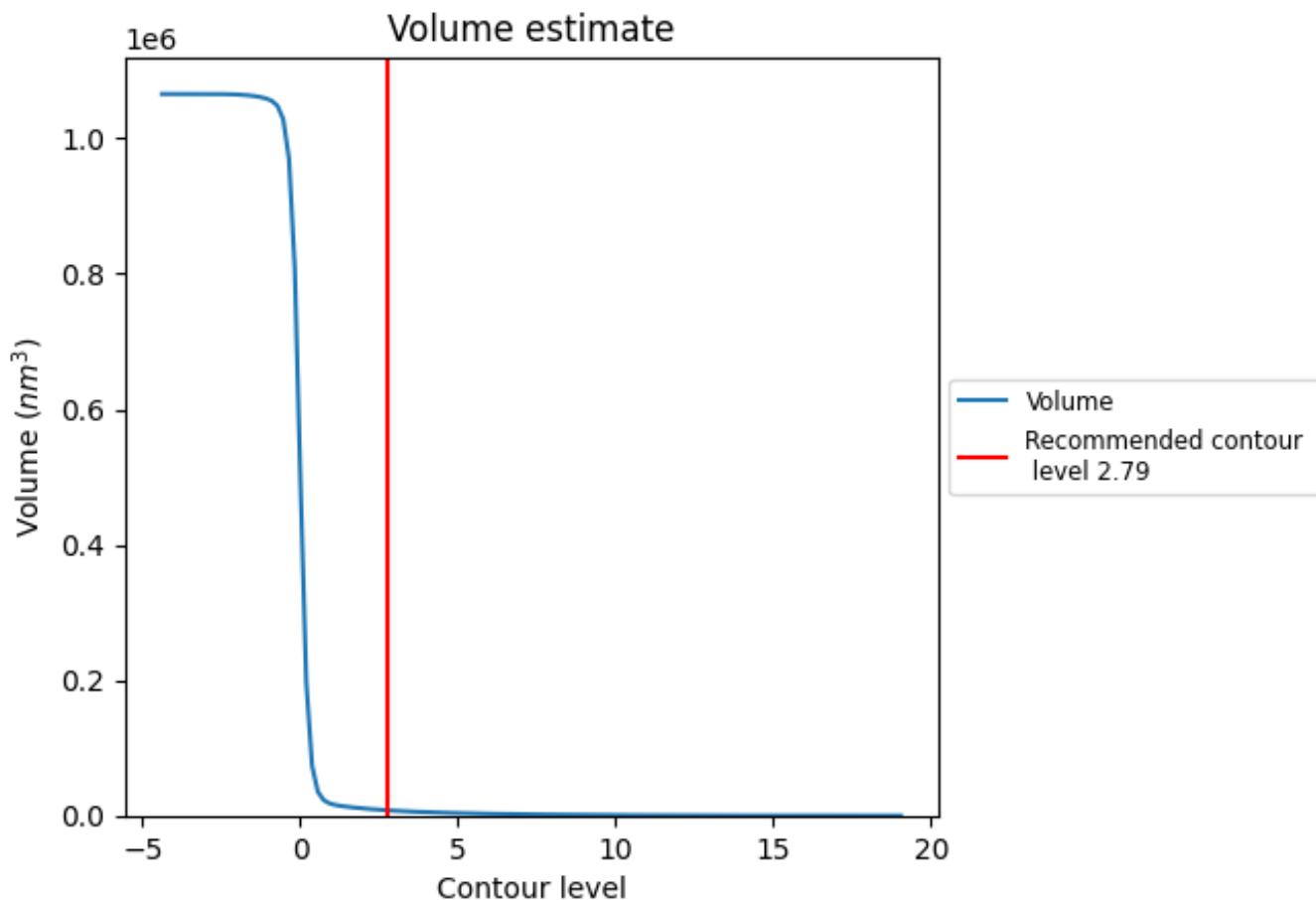
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

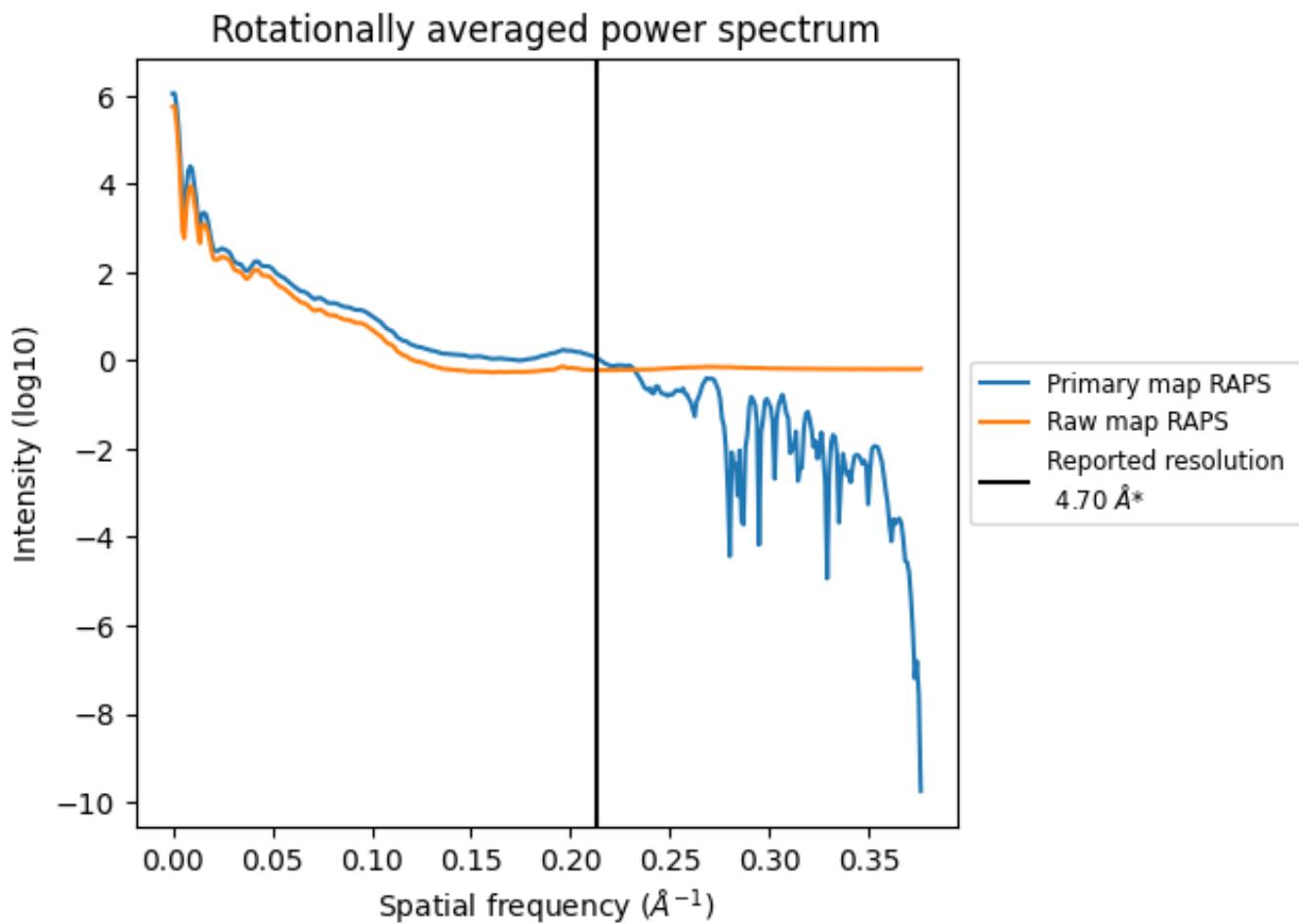
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 7791 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 7038 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)

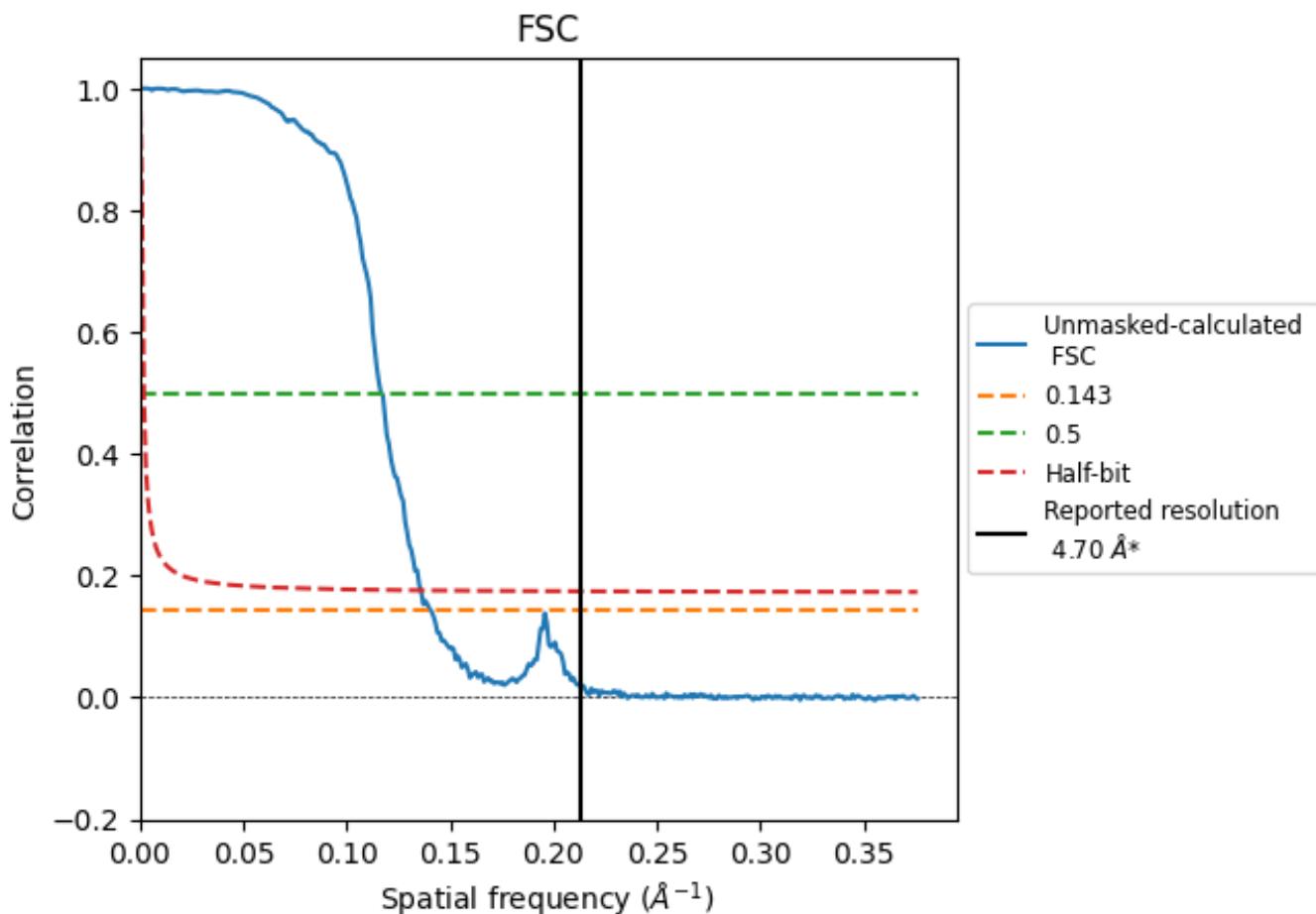


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.213 \AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [\(i\)](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [\(i\)](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.213 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [\(i\)](#)

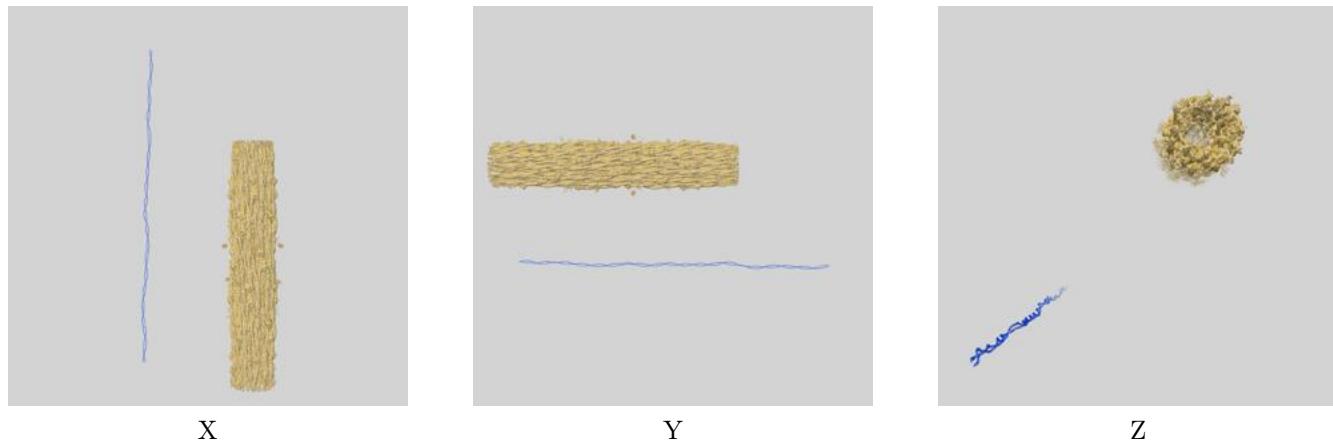
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	Other
Reported by author	-	-	-	4.70
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	7.11	8.57	7.36	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [\(i\)](#)

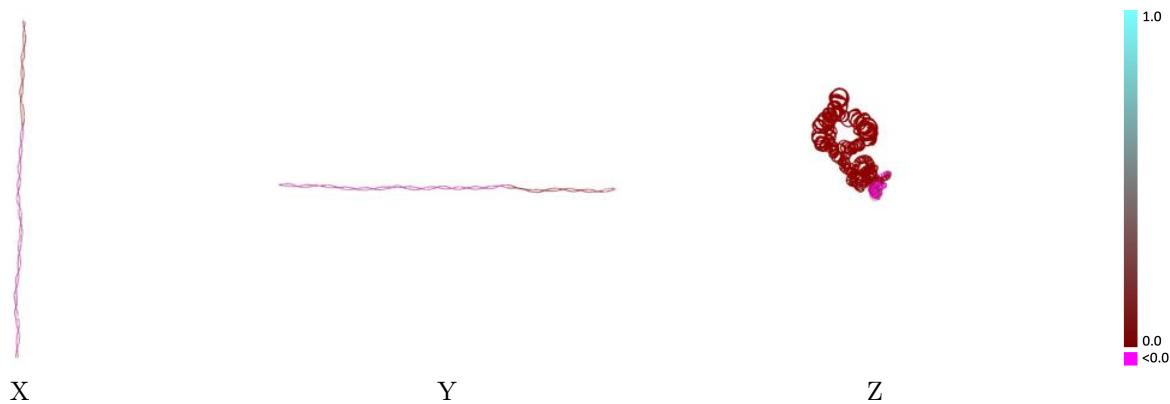
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-42024 and PDB model 8U95. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [\(i\)](#)



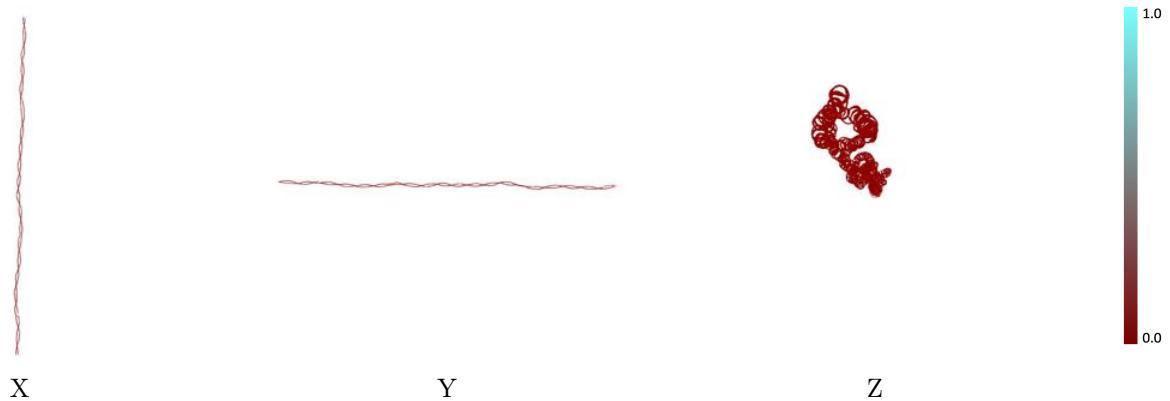
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 2.79 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



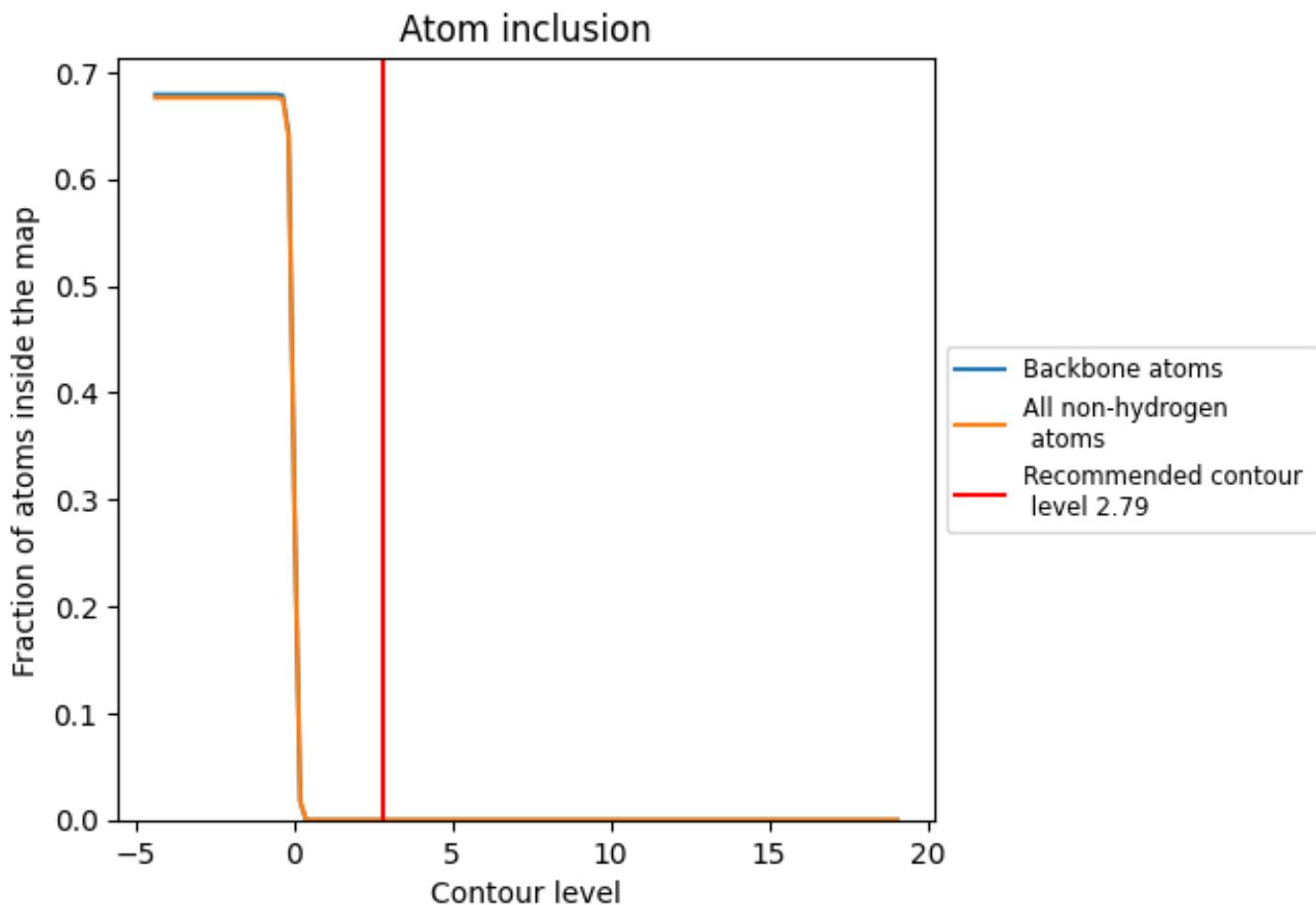
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (2.79).

9.4 Atom inclusion [\(i\)](#)



At the recommended contour level, 0% of all backbone atoms, 0% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (2.79) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.0000	0.0010
A	0.0000	0.0030
B	0.0000	-0.0010

