



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report i

Nov 11, 2025 – 12:29 pm GMT

PDB ID : 9T4V / pdb\_00009t4v  
EMDB ID : EMD-55533  
Title : Activation intermediate of ALC1/CHD1L bound to a PARylated nucleosome  
Authors : Bridges, H.R.; Bacic, L.; Deindl, S.; Gaullier, G.  
Deposited on : 2025-11-02  
Resolution : 6.60 Å (reported)  
Based on initial models : ., 8B0A

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at  
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) i) were used in the production of this report:

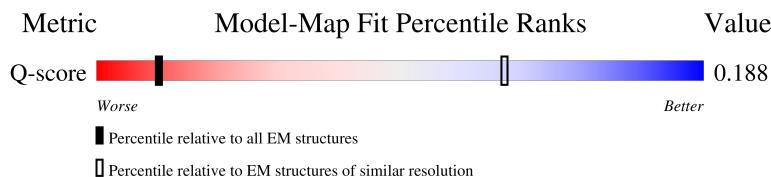
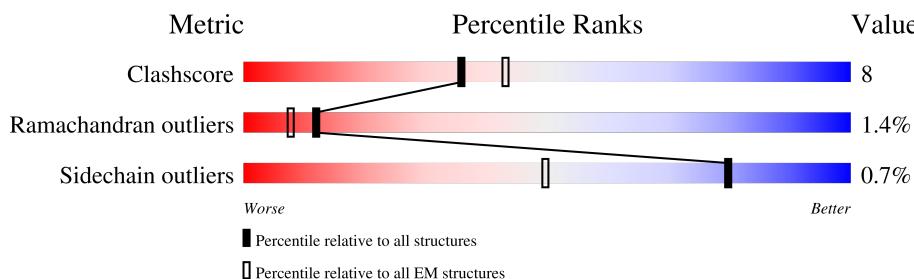
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev129  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
**ELECTRON MICROSCOPY**

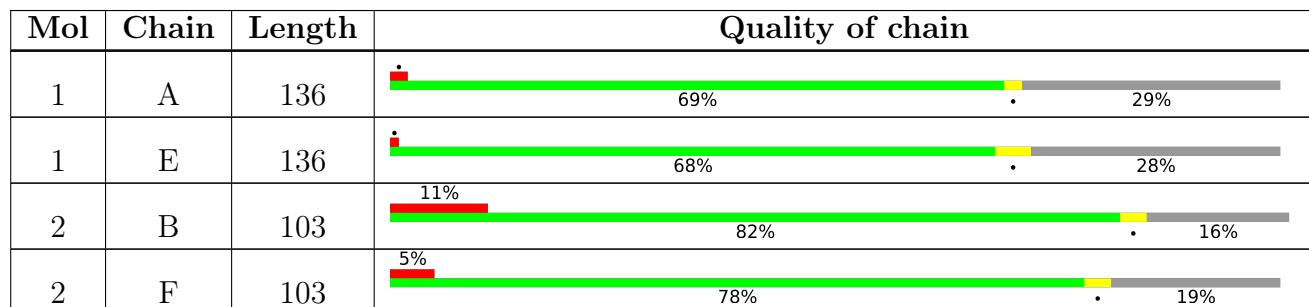
The reported resolution of this entry is 6.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



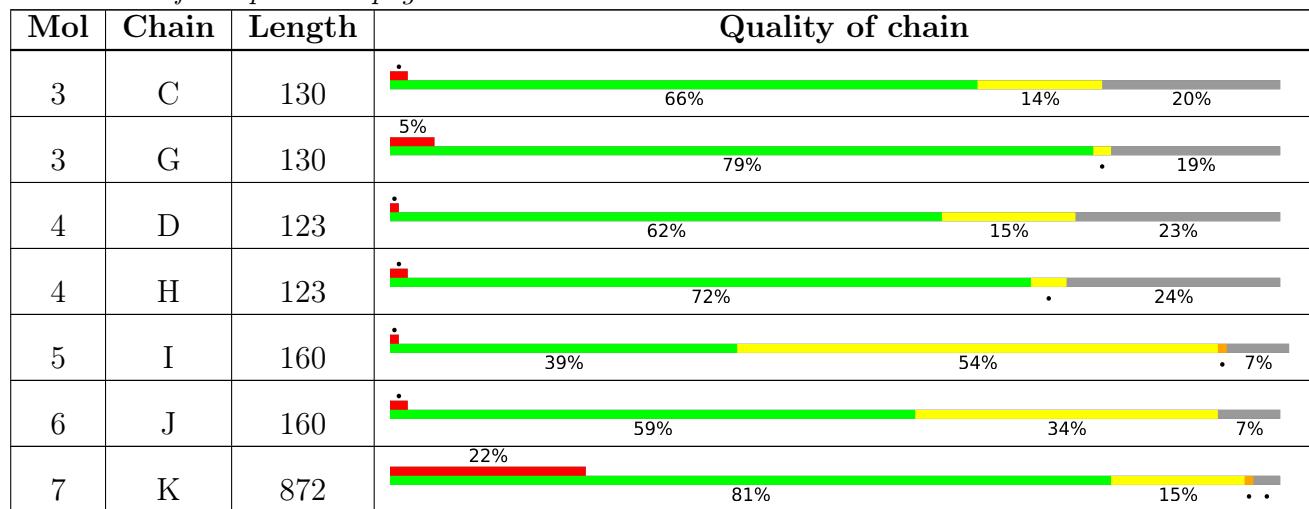
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	531 ( 6.10 - 7.10 )

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.



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## 2 Entry composition [\(i\)](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 35422 atoms, of which 16509 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	97	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1642	506	841	155	138	2		

Mol	Chain	Residues	Total	C	H	N	O	S	AltConf	Trace
1	E	98	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1653	509	846	156	140	2		

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P84233
A	102	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233
A	110	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P84233
E	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P84233
E	102	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233
E	110	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P84233

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Total	C	H	N	O	S	AltConf	Trace
2	B	87	1459	442	756	142	118	1	0	0
2	F	83	1372	418	710	129	114	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Total	C	H	N	O	AltConf	Trace
3	C	104	1664	507	860	157	140	0	0
3	G	105	1674	510	865	158	141	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
C	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897
G	99	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P06897
G	123	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P06897

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	D	95	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1519	469	774	134	140	2		
4	H	94	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1496	463	761	132	138	2		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
D	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281
H	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P02281
H	29	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P02281

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called Widom 601 sequence.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
5	I	149	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			4711	1443	1672	555	892	149		

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called Widom 601 sequence.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
6	J	149	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0	0
			4743	1454	1673	571	896	149		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 1-like.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
7	K	847	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			13489	4259	6751	1175	1280	24		

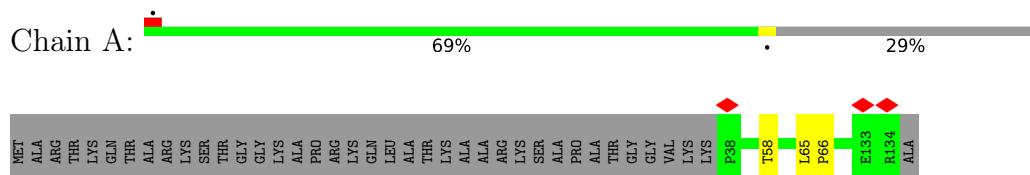
There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
K	15	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q86WJ1
K	880	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1
K	881	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1
K	882	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1
K	883	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1
K	884	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1
K	885	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1
K	886	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q86WJ1

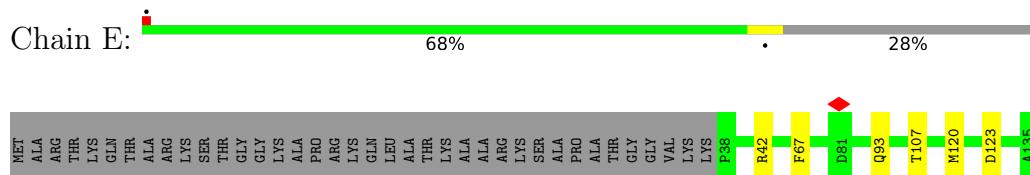
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

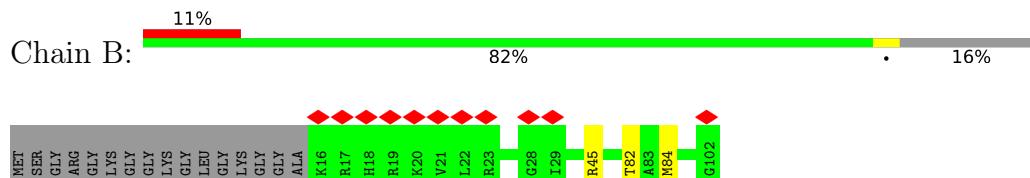
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2



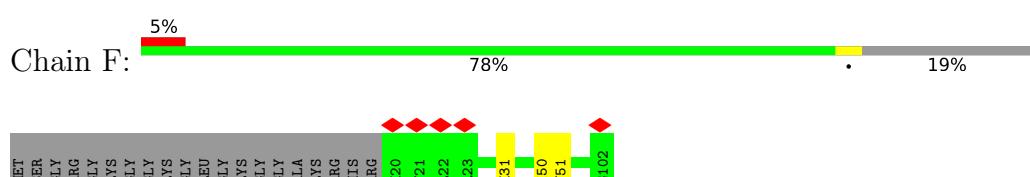
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2



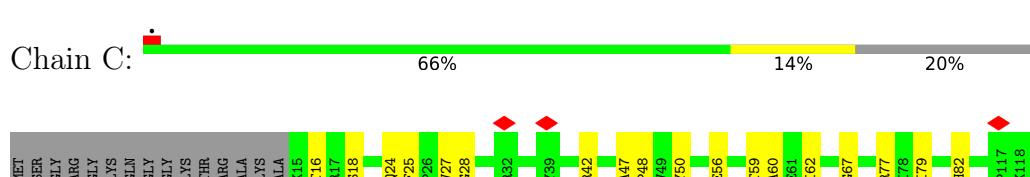
- Molecule 2: Histone H4



- Molecule 2: Histone H4

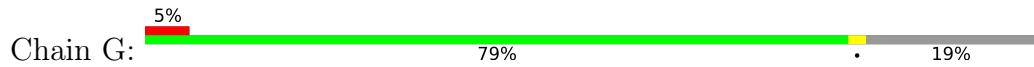


- Malawila 3: History, H2A, page 1

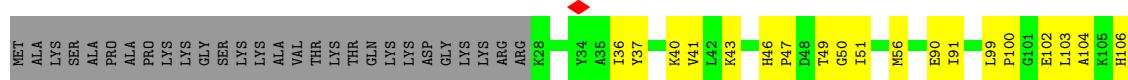


SER  
ALA  
LYS  
SER  
LYS

- Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1



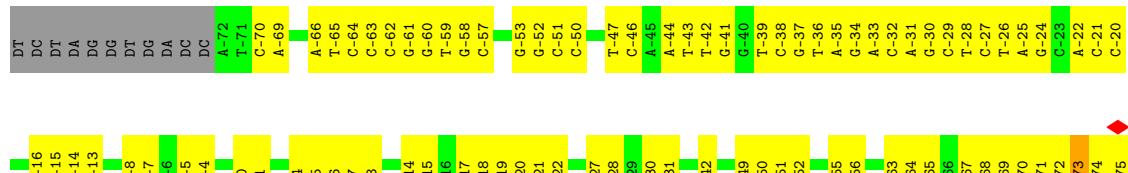
- Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



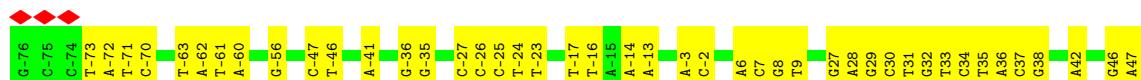
- Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



- Molecule 5: Widom 601 sequence



- Molecule 6: Widom 601 sequence





## 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	15740	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	45	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.537	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.216	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.013	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.08	Depositor
Map size (Å)	349.44, 349.44, 349.44	wwPDB
Map dimensions	416, 416, 416	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.84000003, 0.84000003, 0.84000003	Depositor

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.29	0/813	0.64	0/1091
1	E	0.28	0/819	0.63	0/1098
2	B	0.33	0/711	0.68	0/948
2	F	0.31	0/669	0.66	0/894
3	C	0.55	0/814	0.86	0/1099
3	G	0.28	0/819	0.64	0/1106
4	D	0.64	0/756	0.83	0/1015
4	H	0.31	0/746	0.62	0/1004
5	I	0.48	0/3406	0.88	1/5250 (0.0%)
6	J	0.44	0/3446	0.82	0/5321
7	K	0.38	0/6862	0.86	5/9237 (0.1%)
All	All	0.41	0/19861	0.81	6/28063 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	E	0	1
7	K	0	5
All	All	0	6

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
7	K	583	GLU	N-CA-C	6.12	123.34	109.81
7	K	569	LYS	N-CA-C	5.61	122.75	110.80
5	I	73	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	5.19	116.19	108.40
7	K	263	LYS	CA-C-N	5.17	131.42	121.54
7	K	263	LYS	C-N-CA	5.17	131.42	121.54

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	E	42	ARG	Sidechain
7	K	260	ARG	Sidechain
7	K	31	VAL	Peptide
7	K	365	ARG	Sidechain
7	K	91	ARG	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	801	841	841	2	0
1	E	807	846	846	3	0
2	B	703	756	755	2	0
2	F	662	710	709	2	0
3	C	804	860	859	17	0
3	G	809	865	864	1	0
4	D	745	774	773	22	0
4	H	735	761	760	3	0
5	I	3039	1672	1672	97	0
6	J	3070	1673	1674	68	0
7	K	6738	6751	6749	82	0
All	All	18913	16509	16502	266	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 266 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:K:347:GLY:HA2	7:K:533:MET:HE3	1.62	0.82
6:J:30:DC:H2"	6:J:31:DT:H71	1.63	0.81
7:K:75:LEU:HD21	7:K:267:ALA:HB1	1.68	0.76
6:J:32:DG:H2"	6:J:33:DT:H71	1.70	0.71
7:K:81:THR:HG23	7:K:199:LEU:HD23	1.73	0.71

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	95/136 (70%)	94 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100
1	E	96/136 (71%)	96 (100%)	0	0	100 100
2	B	85/103 (82%)	83 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100 100
2	F	81/103 (79%)	79 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100 100
3	C	102/130 (78%)	100 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100 100
3	G	103/130 (79%)	102 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100
4	D	93/123 (76%)	92 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100
4	H	92/123 (75%)	92 (100%)	0	0	100 100
7	K	845/872 (97%)	777 (92%)	46 (5%)	22 (3%)	4 25
All	All	1592/1856 (86%)	1515 (95%)	55 (4%)	22 (1%)	12 41

5 of 22 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	K	30	ARG
7	K	31	VAL
7	K	264	ALA
7	K	267	ALA
7	K	269	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	84/110 (76%)	84 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	84/110 (76%)	84 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	72/79 (91%)	72 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	68/79 (86%)	68 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	83/102 (81%)	83 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	83/102 (81%)	83 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	81/103 (79%)	81 (100%)	0	100	100
4	H	80/103 (78%)	80 (100%)	0	100	100
7	K	726/748 (97%)	716 (99%)	10 (1%)	62	75
All	All	1361/1536 (89%)	1351 (99%)	10 (1%)	80	87

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	K	603	LEU
7	K	715	THR
7	K	785	VAL
7	K	501	LEU
7	K	509	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	K	62	HIS
7	K	177	HIS
7	K	670	HIS
4	D	106	HIS
1	A	93	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

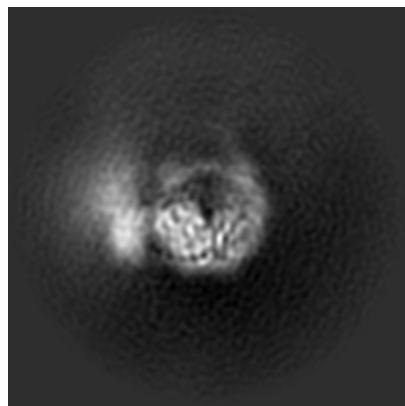
## 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-55533. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

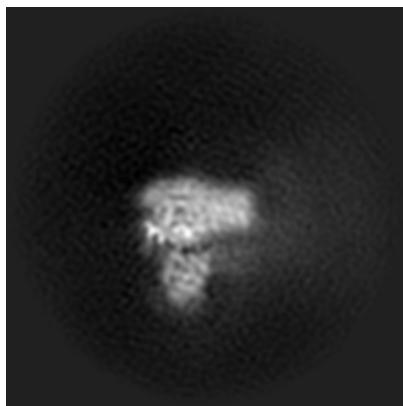
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

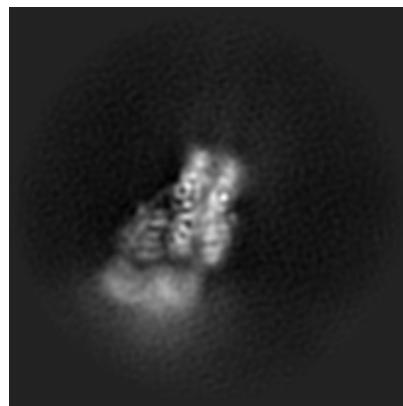
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

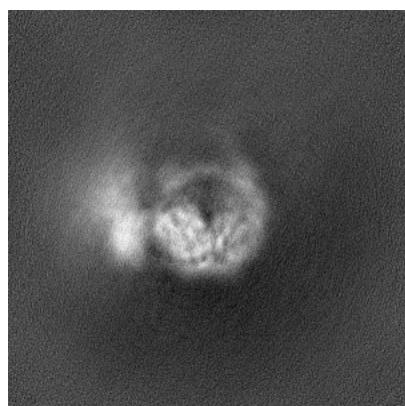


Y

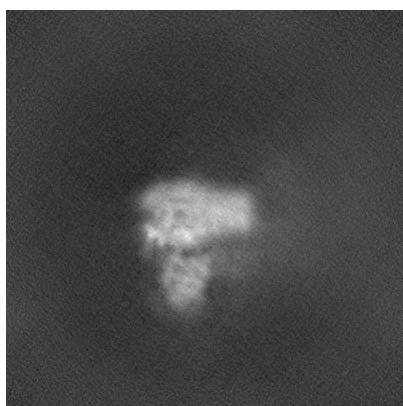


Z

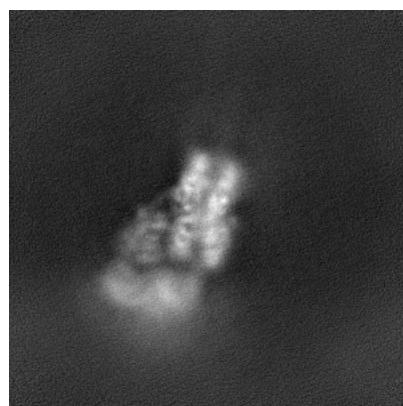
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

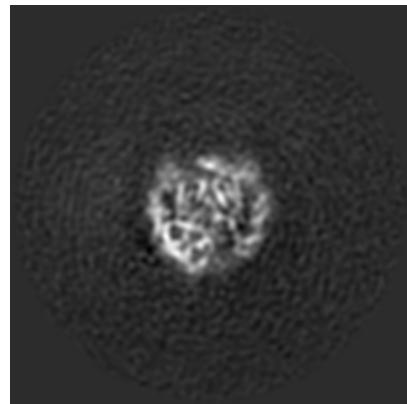


Z

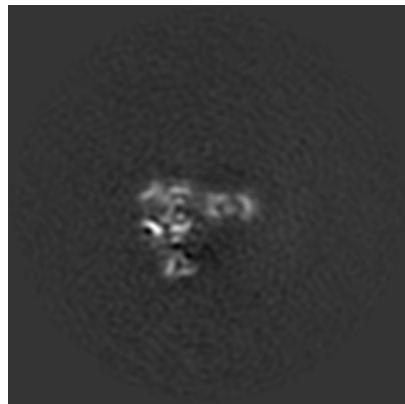
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [\(i\)](#)

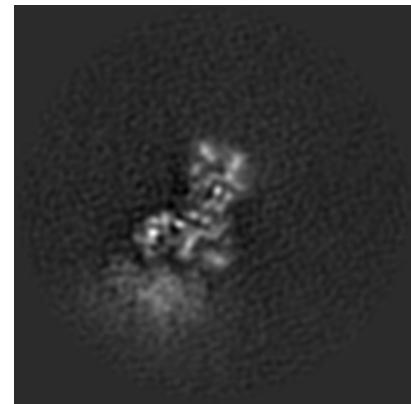
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 208

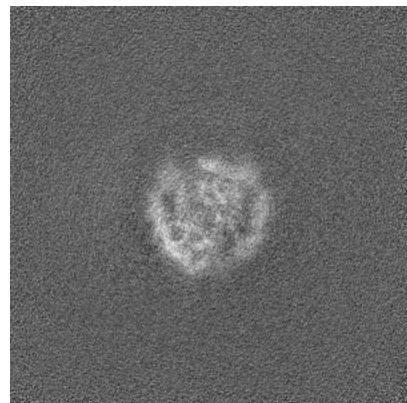


Y Index: 208

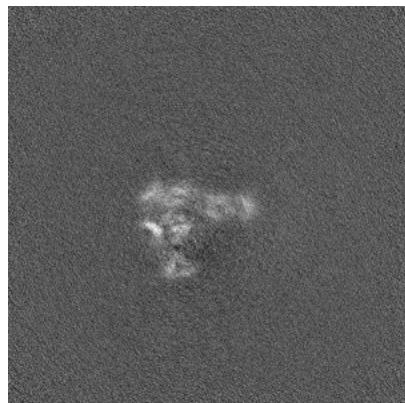


Z Index: 208

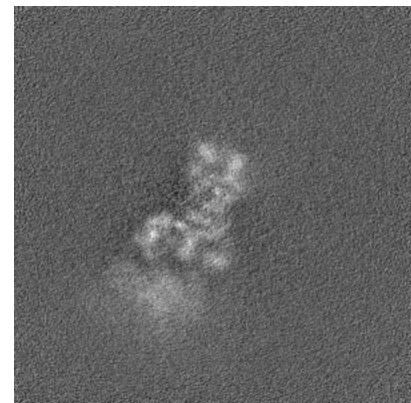
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 208



Y Index: 208

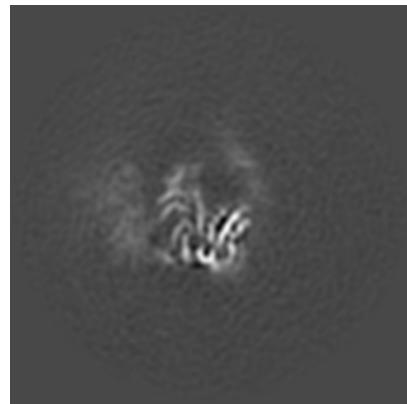


Z Index: 208

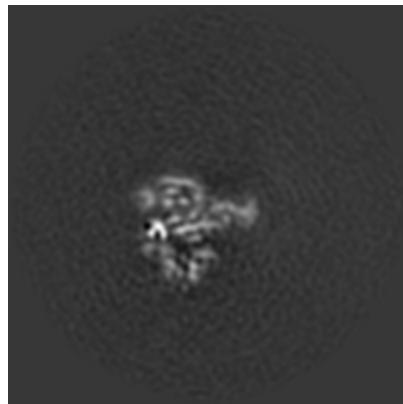
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

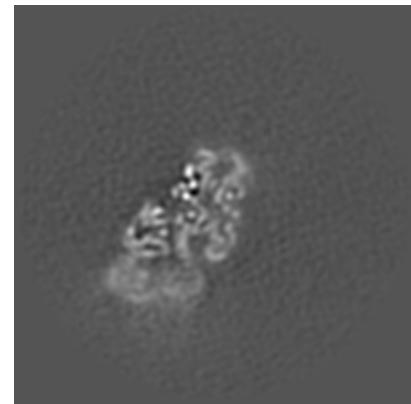
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 185

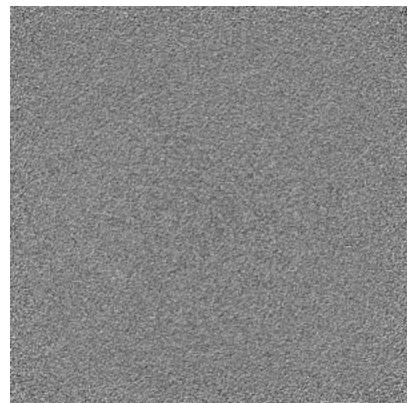


Y Index: 197

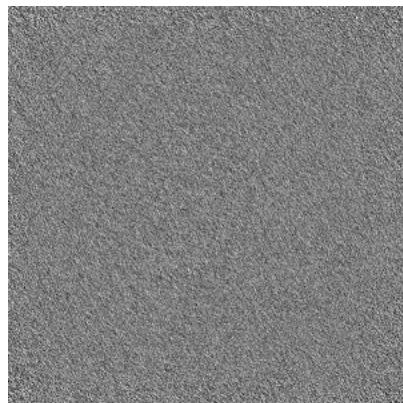


Z Index: 190

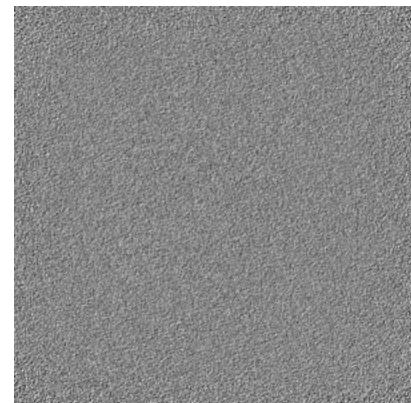
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0

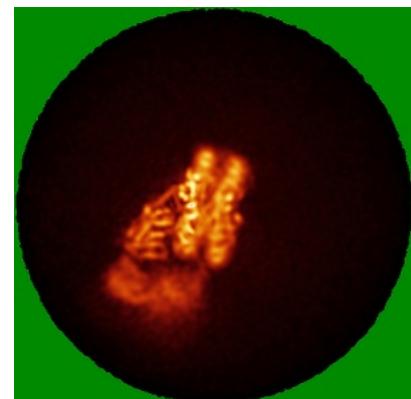
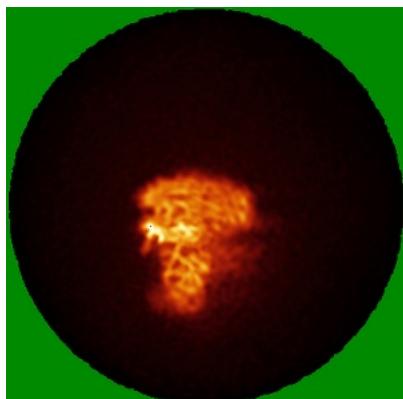
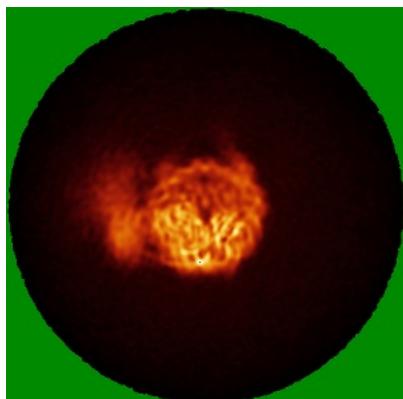


Z Index: 0

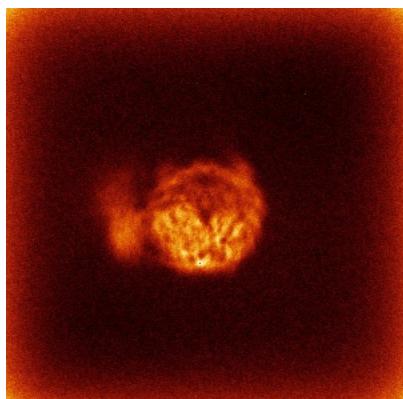
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



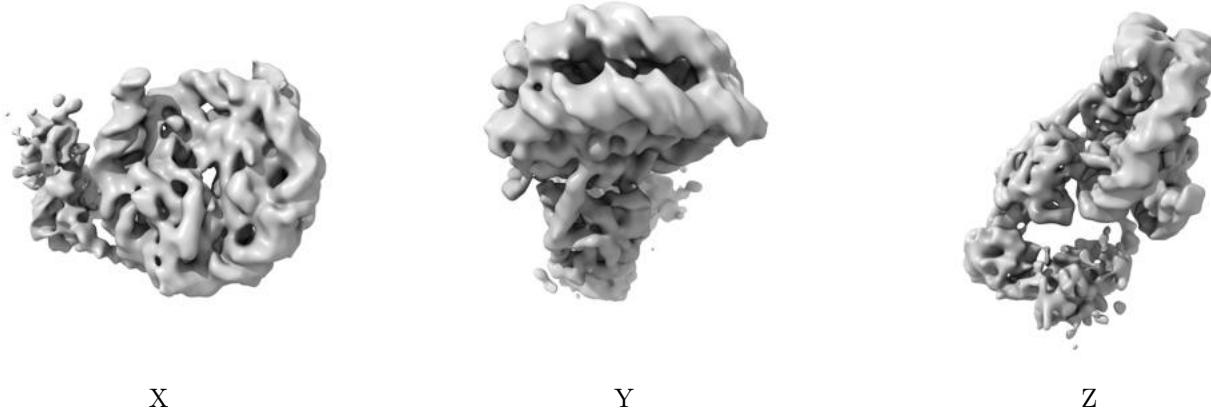
### 6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

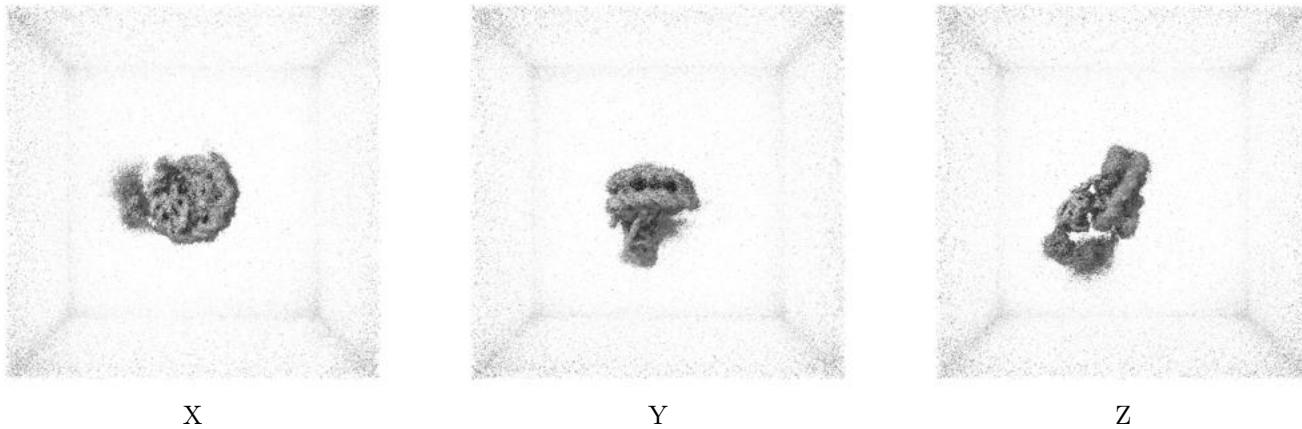
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [\(i\)](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.08. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

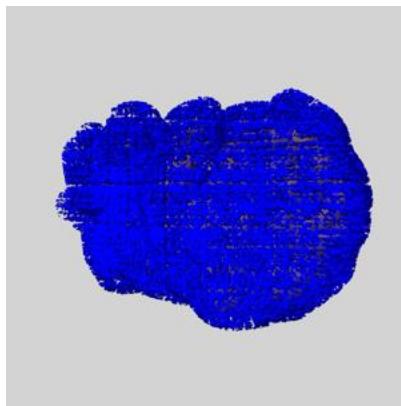
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [\(i\)](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

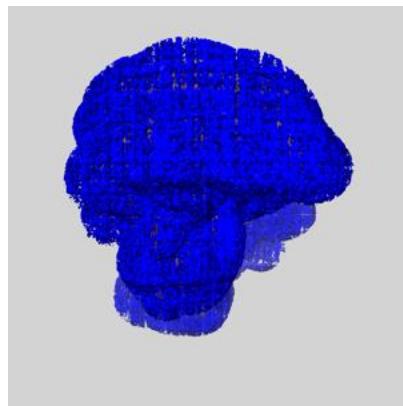
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

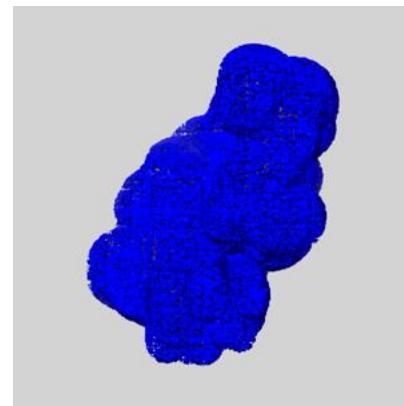
### 6.6.1 emd\_55533\_msk\_1.map [\(i\)](#)



X

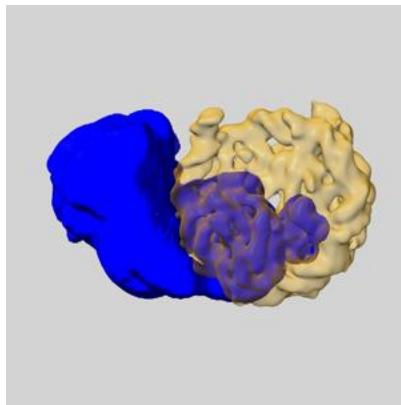


Y

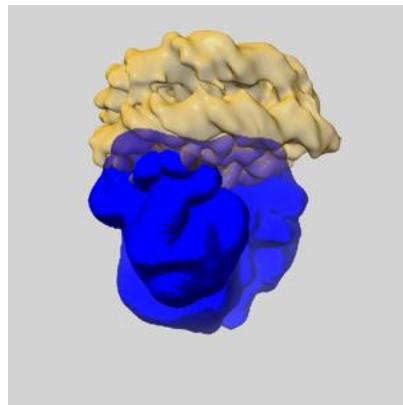


Z

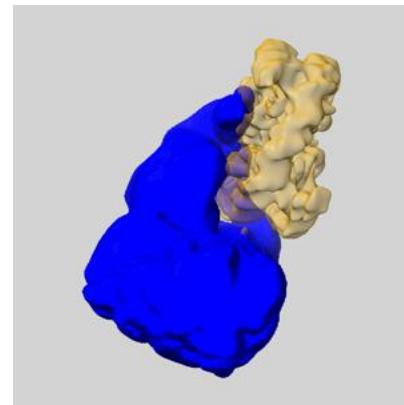
### 6.6.2 emd\_55533\_msk\_2.map [\(i\)](#)



X



Y

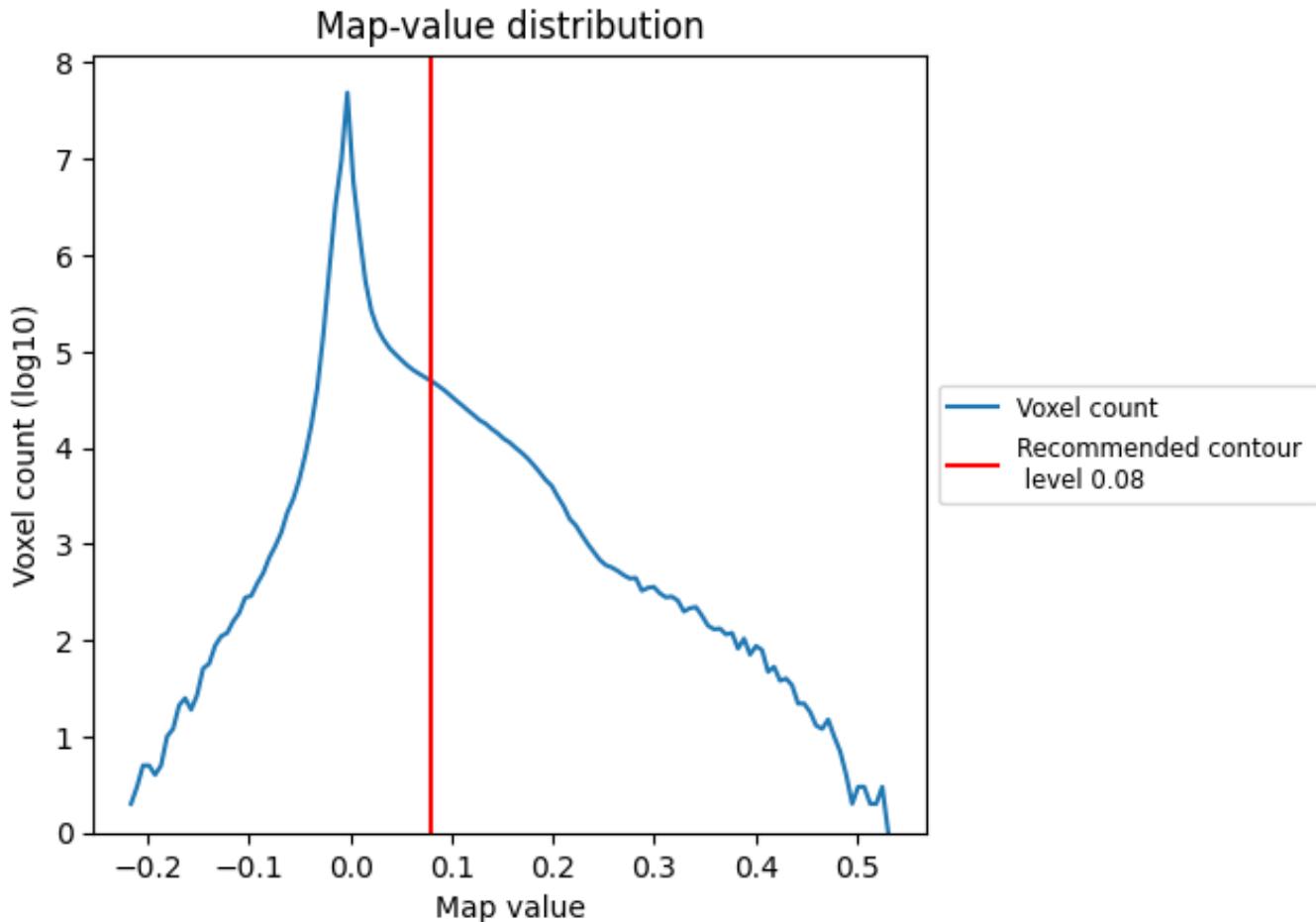


Z

## 7 Map analysis (i)

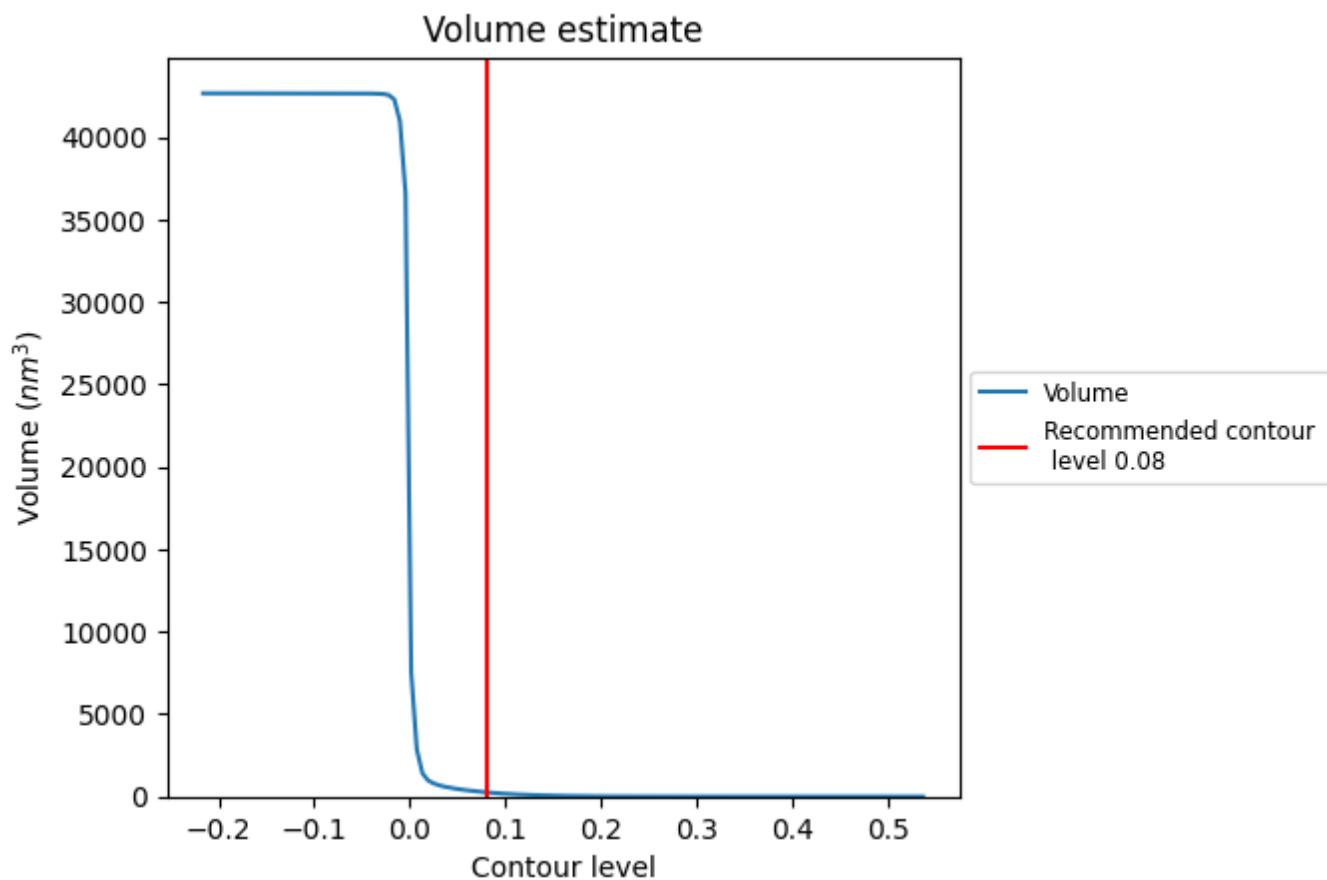
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

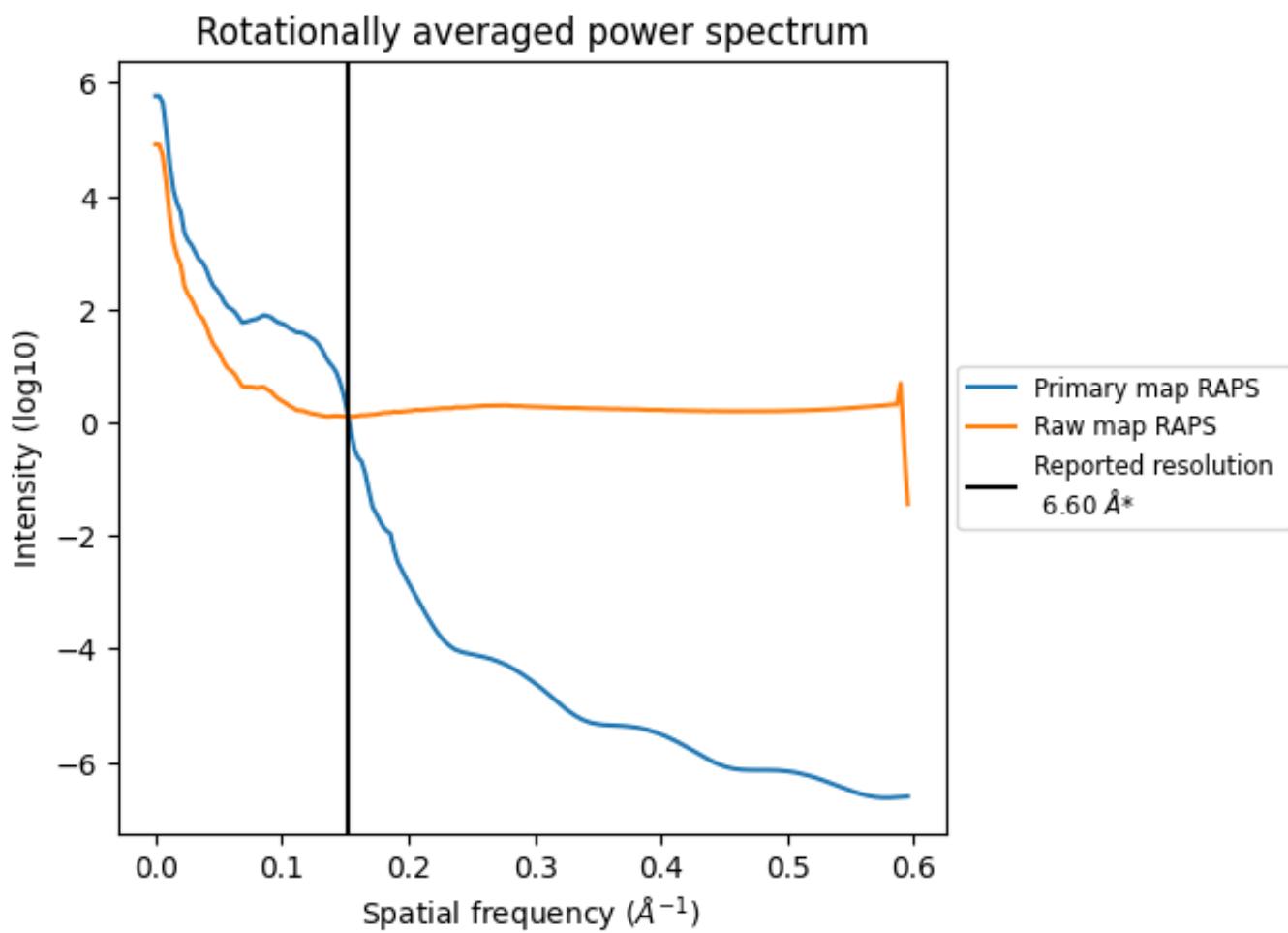
## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 258 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 233 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)

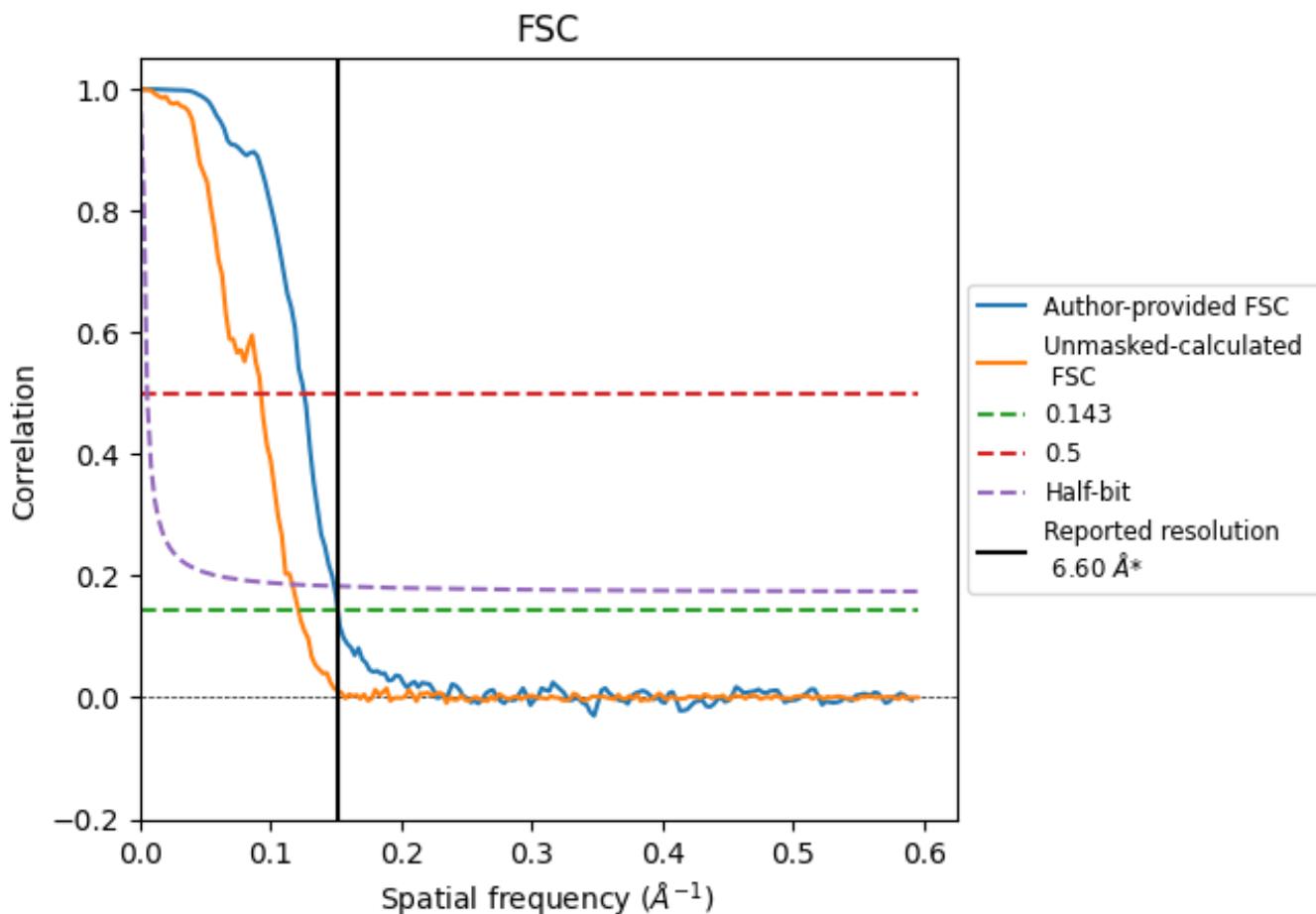


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.152 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [\(i\)](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [\(i\)](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.152  $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [\(i\)](#)

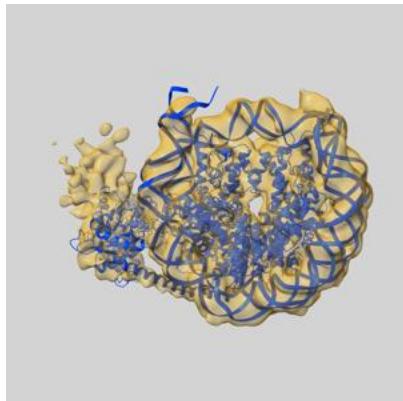
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	6.60	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	6.60	7.96	6.72
Unmasked-calculated*	8.23	10.79	8.56

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 8.23 differs from the reported value 6.6 by more than 10 %

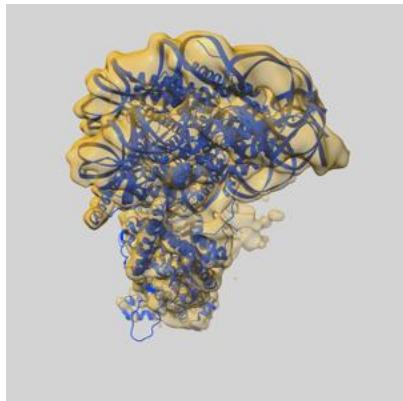
## 9 Map-model fit i

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-55533 and PDB model 9T4V. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

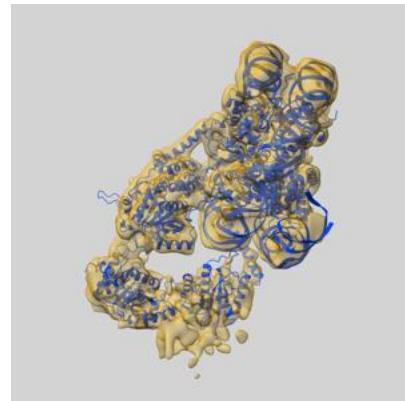
### 9.1 Map-model overlay i



X



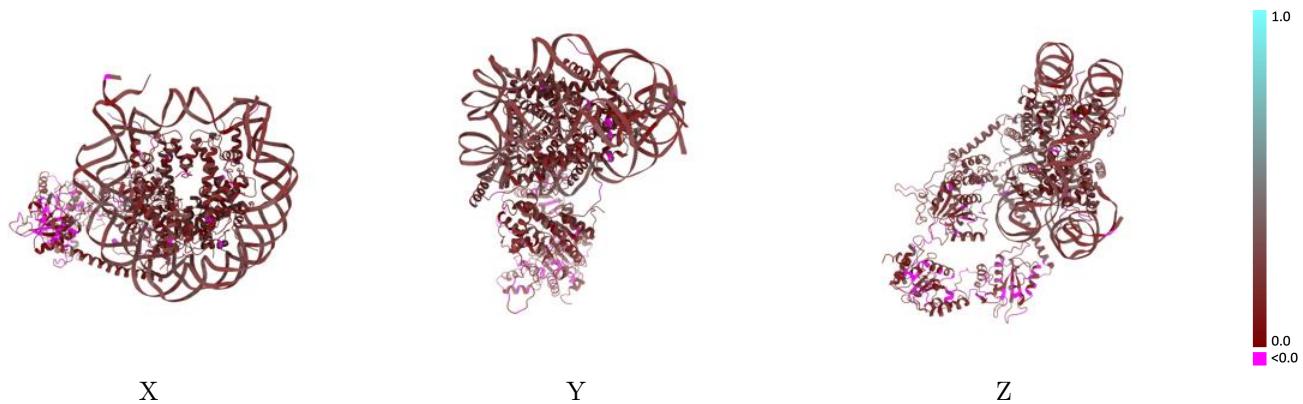
Y



Z

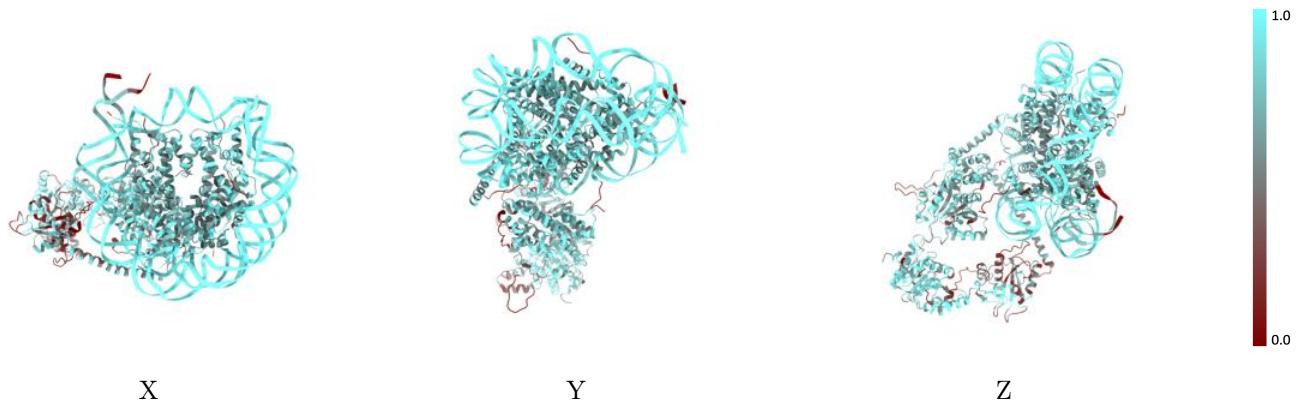
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.08 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



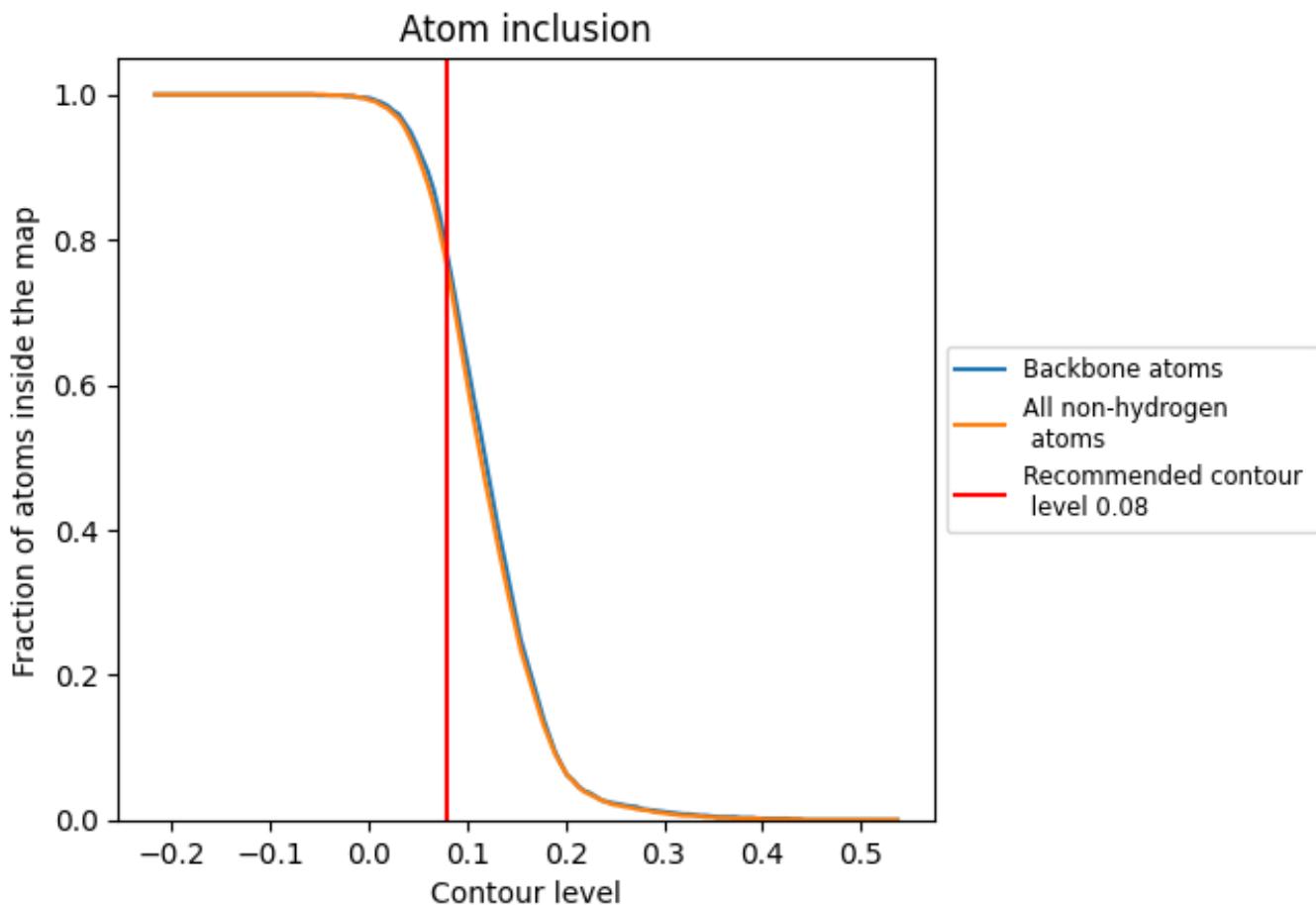
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.08).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [\(i\)](#)



At the recommended contour level, 78% of all backbone atoms, 76% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.08) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7620	0.1880
A	0.7460	0.1670
B	0.6760	0.1810
C	0.7560	0.2020
D	0.7880	0.1990
E	0.8040	0.1610
F	0.7690	0.1560
G	0.7590	0.1760
H	0.7790	0.1830
I	0.9460	0.2580
J	0.9420	0.2610
K	0.6500	0.1330

