



# Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Jan 5, 2026 – 04:06 pm GMT

PDB ID : 9SDX / pdb\_00009sdx  
EMDB ID : EMD-54793  
Title : Structure of RBR binding E2 variant crosslinked with NEDD8-CUL5-RBX2 bound ARIH2 and Ub  
Authors : Schulman, B.A.; Du, J.  
Deposited on : 2025-08-15  
Resolution : 2.97 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at  
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references \(i\)](#)) were used in the production of this report:

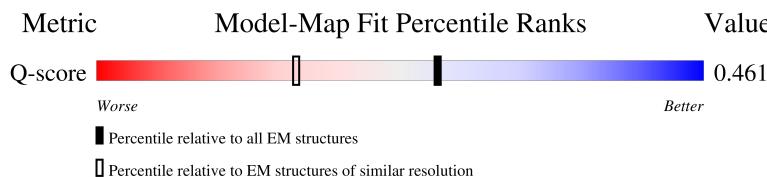
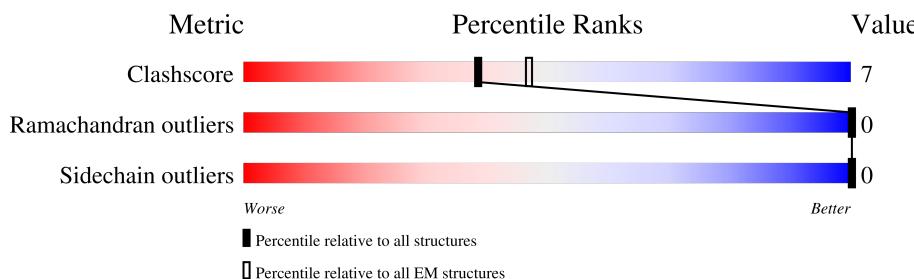
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev129  
Mogul : ?? (??), CSD ??CSD?? (????)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.47

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
**ELECTRON MICROSCOPY**

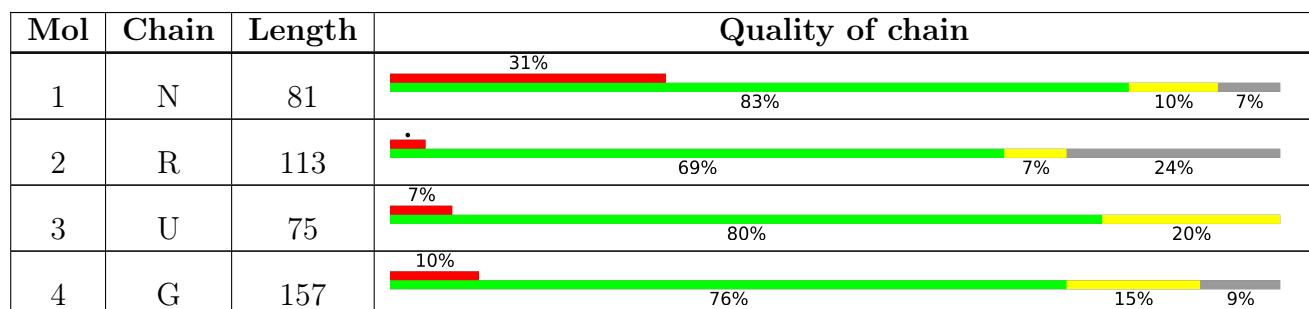
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.97 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	13205 ( 2.47 - 3.47 )

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.



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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
5	C	780	6%	62%	12%	26%
6	H	493	6%	71%	15%	13%

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10572 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called NEDD8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1	N	75	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			463	285	88	90		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called RING-box protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
2	R	86	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			665	414	123	113	15	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Ubiquitin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	U	75	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			519	333	92	94		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called L3A2-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
4	G	143	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			1022	656	171	192	3	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Cullin-5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
5	C	574	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			4456	2856	766	810	24	0

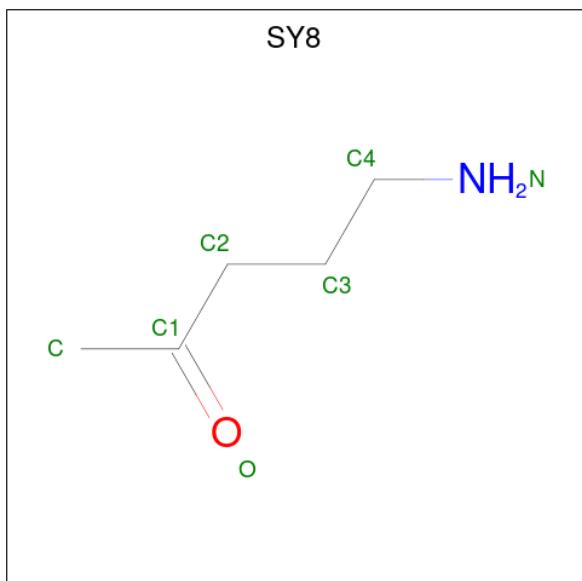
- Molecule 6 is a protein called E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase ARIH2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
6	H	428	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			3433	2162	610	628	33	0

- Molecule 7 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
7	R	3	Total Zn 3 3	0
7	H	4	Total Zn 4 4	0

- Molecule 8 is 5-azanypentan-2-one (CCD ID: SY8) (formula: C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

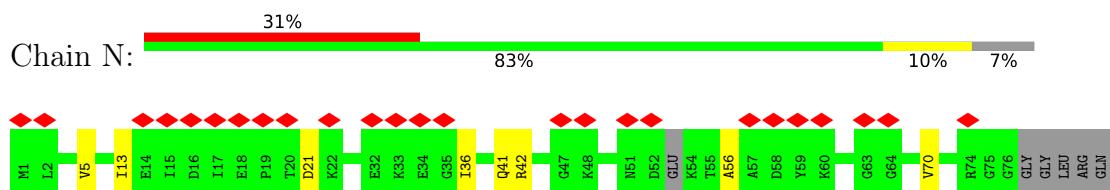


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
8	U	1	Total C N O 7 1 1	0

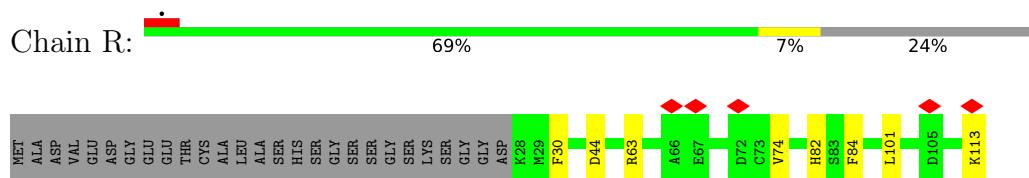
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

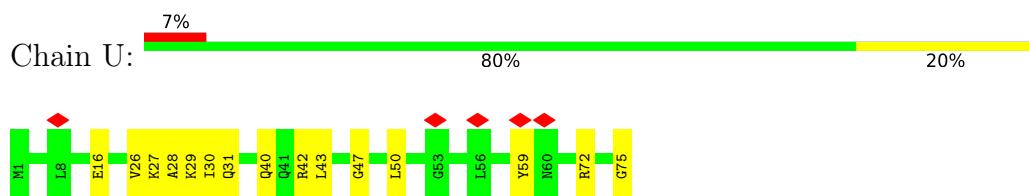
- Molecule 1: NEDD8



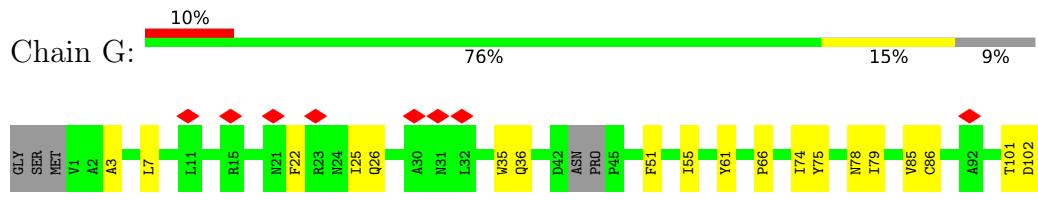
- Molecule 2: RING-box protein 2



- Molecule 3: Ubiquitin

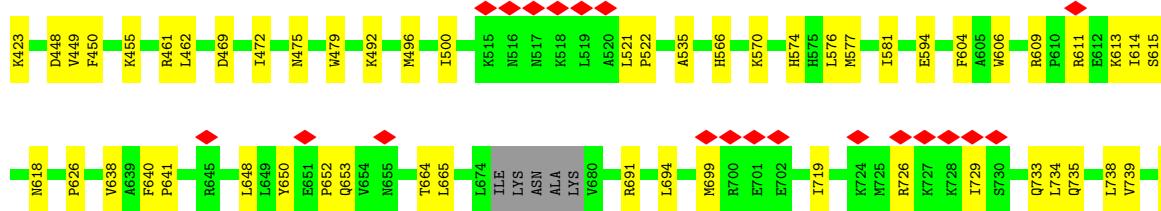
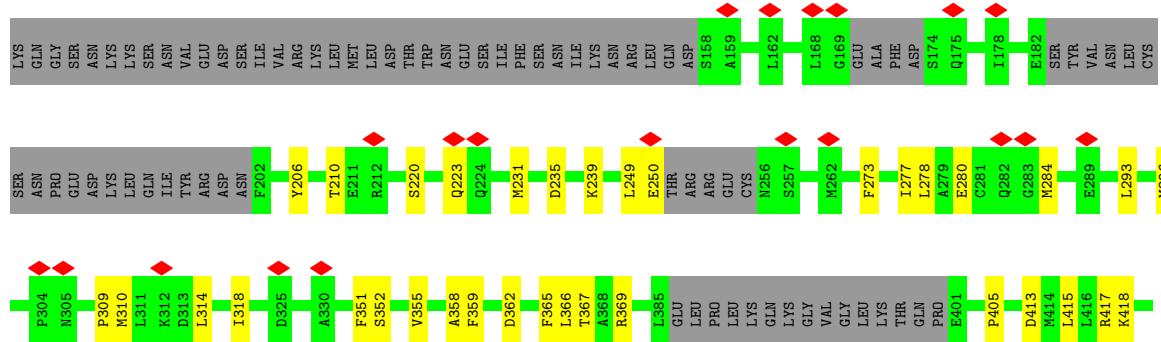
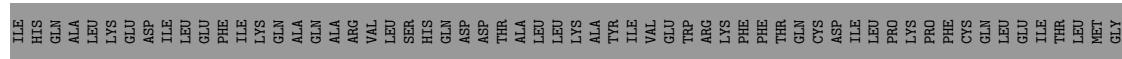
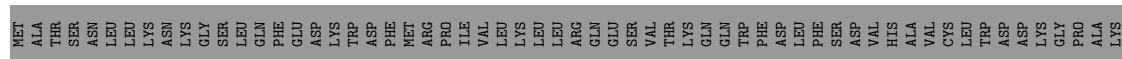


- Molecule 4: L3A2-1

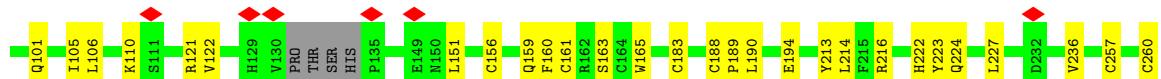


- Molecule 5: Cullin-5





- Molecule 6: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase ARIH2



## 4 Experimental information i

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	200442	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.608	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.184	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.010	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.13	Depositor
Map size (Å)	367.71838, 367.71838, 367.71838	wwPDB
Map dimensions	432, 432, 432	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8512, 0.8512, 0.8512	Depositor

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SY8, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	N	0.12	0/464	0.30	0/633
2	R	0.11	0/681	0.34	0/926
3	U	0.11	0/525	0.27	0/716
4	G	0.14	0/1044	0.34	0/1427
5	C	0.13	0/4530	0.34	0/6129
6	H	0.13	0/3512	0.37	0/4753
All	All	0.13	0/10756	0.34	0/14584

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts i

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	N	463	0	371	4	0
2	R	665	0	599	9	0
3	U	519	0	497	10	0
4	G	1022	0	921	15	0
5	C	4456	0	4367	68	0
6	H	3433	0	3224	50	0
7	H	4	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	R	3	0	0	0	0
8	U	7	0	0	1	0
All	All	10572	0	9979	146	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (146) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:C:577:MET:HE2	5:C:694:LEU:HD22	1.72	0.72
5:C:366:LEU:HD22	5:C:369:ARG:HE	1.53	0.72
5:C:521:LEU:HD12	5:C:522:PRO:HD2	1.71	0.71
6:H:151:LEU:HG	6:H:159:GLN:HB3	1.71	0.71
6:H:222:HIS:HE1	6:H:224:GLN:HB2	1.54	0.71
6:H:373:GLU:HG3	6:H:377:LYS:HE3	1.74	0.69
6:H:257:CYS:HB3	6:H:260:CYS:SG	2.33	0.68
5:C:609:ARG:HD2	5:C:614:ILE:HD11	1.75	0.66
5:C:293:LEU:HD22	5:C:358:ALA:HB1	1.79	0.64
5:C:235:ASP:OD1	5:C:239:LYS:NZ	2.32	0.62
6:H:151:LEU:HA	6:H:161:CYS:HA	1.82	0.62
6:H:404:TRP:NE1	6:H:408:GLN:OE1	2.32	0.62
5:C:280:GLU:O	5:C:284:MET:HB2	1.99	0.61
5:C:650:TYR:CE2	5:C:653:GLN:HA	2.36	0.61
2:R:74:VAL:HG21	2:R:113:LYS:H	1.68	0.58
6:H:403:THR:HG22	6:H:404:TRP:H	1.66	0.58
5:C:278:LEU:HD13	5:C:309:PRO:HG2	1.84	0.58
2:R:113:LYS:HE3	5:C:566:HIS:HA	1.86	0.58
5:C:206:TYR:O	5:C:210:THR:HG23	2.04	0.57
5:C:359:PHE:HD2	5:C:365:PHE:CG	2.23	0.57
5:C:362:ASP:HB3	5:C:365:PHE:CD2	2.40	0.56
5:C:492:LYS:O	5:C:496:MET:HG3	2.05	0.56
6:H:453:GLU:OE1	6:H:482:ARG:HG3	2.06	0.56
4:G:79:ILE:HG12	4:G:85:VAL:HG12	1.88	0.56
5:C:640:PHE:CG	5:C:641:PRO:HD2	2.40	0.56
6:H:370:GLU:HG3	6:H:371:ARG:HD2	1.87	0.56
3:U:47:GLY:H	6:H:286:THR:HG22	1.71	0.55
6:H:430:TYR:O	6:H:434:MET:HB2	2.06	0.55
5:C:417:ARG:NH1	6:H:39:TYR:OH	2.39	0.55
5:C:614:ILE:HG23	5:C:618:ASN:HB3	1.89	0.55
3:U:75:GLY:HA3	6:H:310:CYS:HB3	1.89	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:C:413:ASP:OD2	5:C:417:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.54
5:C:405:PRO:HB3	5:C:450:PHE:HB2	1.90	0.54
6:H:222:HIS:CE1	6:H:224:GLN:HB2	2.39	0.54
5:C:455:LYS:NZ	5:C:535:ALA:O	2.40	0.54
3:U:26:VAL:O	3:U:30:ILE:HG13	2.07	0.54
8:U:101:SY8:N	6:H:312:HIS:O	2.41	0.54
2:R:44:ASP:HA	5:C:570:LYS:HE2	1.90	0.53
5:C:249:LEU:HG	5:C:250:GLU:H	1.73	0.53
1:N:5:VAL:HB	1:N:13:ILE:HB	1.89	0.53
5:C:284:MET:HE1	5:C:293:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.53
5:C:652:PRO:HG2	5:C:664:THR:HG23	1.91	0.53
6:H:160:PHE:HB2	6:H:165:TRP:NE1	2.24	0.53
6:H:265:HIS:NE2	6:H:270:CYS:HA	2.25	0.52
4:G:25:ILE:HD11	4:G:55:ILE:HG13	1.91	0.52
5:C:273:PHE:O	5:C:277:ILE:HG13	2.10	0.52
5:C:747:LEU:HD12	5:C:748:PRO:HD2	1.92	0.52
4:G:26:GLN:N	4:G:36:GLN:O	2.33	0.52
5:C:613:LYS:HD3	5:C:665:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.52
6:H:325:MET:SD	6:H:326:CYS:N	2.83	0.52
6:H:266:ALA:HB3	6:H:267:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.51
6:H:93:LEU:HD22	6:H:122:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.51
5:C:448:ASP:OD1	5:C:449:VAL:N	2.45	0.50
5:C:735:GLN:O	5:C:739:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.50
5:C:650:TYR:HE2	5:C:653:GLN:HA	1.76	0.50
5:C:574:HIS:CE1	5:C:577:MET:HG3	2.47	0.50
5:C:626:PRO:HG2	5:C:699:MET:HE2	1.93	0.50
3:U:40:GLN:HA	3:U:72:ARG:HB2	1.93	0.50
5:C:581:ILE:HG12	5:C:594:GLU:HG2	1.95	0.49
5:C:461:ARG:O	5:C:462:LEU:HB3	2.11	0.49
5:C:367:THR:HG23	6:H:404:TRP:CG	2.48	0.49
6:H:121:ARG:NH1	6:H:189:PRO:HB3	2.28	0.49
4:G:102:ASP:O	4:G:106:GLN:HG3	2.12	0.49
5:C:362:ASP:HB3	5:C:365:PHE:HD2	1.78	0.49
4:G:108:LEU:O	4:G:112:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.48
5:C:609:ARG:HH11	5:C:614:ILE:HG12	1.78	0.48
4:G:25:ILE:HG12	4:G:35:TRP:CE3	2.48	0.48
4:G:78:ASN:OD1	4:G:86:CYS:HB3	2.13	0.48
6:H:37:ASP:HB3	6:H:40:VAL:HG23	1.95	0.48
3:U:50:LEU:HA	3:U:59:TYR:HE2	1.79	0.48
5:C:231:MET:HE2	5:C:277:ILE:HG23	1.95	0.48
6:H:381:LEU:HD23	6:H:381:LEU:O	2.13	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:U:50:LEU:HG	3:U:59:TYR:HD2	1.79	0.48
3:U:27:LYS:HE3	3:U:43:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.48
2:R:30:PHE:HB3	5:C:604:PHE:HE1	1.79	0.48
6:H:213:TYR:HB3	6:H:216:ARG:HH21	1.78	0.48
1:N:42:ARG:HB2	1:N:70:VAL:HG23	1.95	0.47
5:C:734:LEU:O	5:C:738:LEU:HD23	2.14	0.47
4:G:61:TYR:HE1	4:G:66:PRO:HB3	1.80	0.47
6:H:106:LEU:O	6:H:110:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.47
4:G:25:ILE:HG12	4:G:35:TRP:HE3	1.80	0.47
6:H:444:GLU:HA	6:H:447:GLN:HE21	1.80	0.47
4:G:22:PHE:CD1	4:G:105:ILE:HG21	2.49	0.47
6:H:227:LEU:HD23	6:H:236:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.47
6:H:435:GLU:HG2	6:H:436:SER:H	1.80	0.47
5:C:574:HIS:CE1	5:C:576:LEU:HB2	2.50	0.47
6:H:269:ASP:O	6:H:271:ALA:N	2.48	0.47
5:C:220:SER:O	5:C:223:GLN:HG3	2.15	0.47
5:C:691:ARG:HD3	6:H:38:TYR:O	2.15	0.46
6:H:435:GLU:HG2	6:H:436:SER:N	2.30	0.46
5:C:318:ILE:HG23	5:C:351:PHE:CE2	2.50	0.46
5:C:280:GLU:O	5:C:284:MET:CB	2.64	0.46
4:G:51:PHE:CZ	4:G:74:ILE:HD13	2.51	0.46
5:C:606:TRP:CE2	5:C:614:ILE:HD12	2.52	0.45
4:G:51:PHE:CE2	4:G:74:ILE:HD13	2.51	0.45
5:C:726:ARG:NH2	5:C:729:ILE:HD13	2.31	0.45
6:H:223:TYR:CE2	6:H:224:GLN:HG3	2.51	0.45
5:C:293:LEU:HD21	5:C:359:PHE:CE1	2.52	0.45
5:C:462:LEU:HD12	5:C:500:ILE:HD13	1.99	0.45
2:R:30:PHE:HB3	5:C:604:PHE:CE1	2.51	0.44
2:R:44:ASP:HB3	5:C:570:LYS:HG3	1.99	0.44
6:H:417:LEU:HD21	6:H:457:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
5:C:296:MET:HE3	5:C:310:MET:HE1	2.00	0.44
5:C:729:ILE:HD11	5:C:733:GLN:HB2	2.00	0.44
6:H:312:HIS:HA	6:H:330:TRP:CZ2	2.53	0.44
5:C:462:LEU:HD11	5:C:500:ILE:HG21	2.00	0.44
6:H:161:CYS:SG	6:H:163:SER:OG	2.70	0.43
4:G:101:THR:O	4:G:105:ILE:HG13	2.19	0.43
3:U:16:GLU:O	3:U:29:LYS:NZ	2.40	0.43
5:C:611:ARG:O	5:C:611:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.43
5:C:469:ASP:HB3	5:C:472:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.43
5:C:475:ASN:HB3	5:C:479:TRP:CZ2	2.53	0.43
5:C:417:ARG:HG2	5:C:418:LYS:H	1.84	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:N:21:ASP:H	1:N:56:ALA:HB2	1.84	0.42
6:H:101:GLN:O	6:H:105:ILE:HG13	2.19	0.42
2:R:82:HIS:HB3	2:R:84:PHE:CE2	2.54	0.42
5:C:314:LEU:O	5:C:318:ILE:HG13	2.19	0.42
5:C:638:VAL:HG11	5:C:650:TYR:CD1	2.54	0.42
6:H:387:GLN:O	6:H:391:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.42
6:H:77:MET:SD	6:H:92:LYS:HB3	2.59	0.42
6:H:474:ASN:O	6:H:478:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
2:R:82:HIS:NE2	2:R:101:LEU:HD23	2.35	0.42
5:C:615:SER:HA	5:C:664:THR:O	2.20	0.42
6:H:403:THR:HG22	6:H:404:TRP:N	2.33	0.42
2:R:63:ARG:HD3	2:R:63:ARG:HA	1.82	0.42
6:H:312:HIS:HA	6:H:330:TRP:HZ2	1.83	0.42
6:H:79:SER:O	6:H:83:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
5:C:719:ILE:CG2	5:C:760:LEU:HD11	2.50	0.41
6:H:67:LYS:HE2	6:H:67:LYS:HB2	1.93	0.41
5:C:609:ARG:NH2	5:C:743:LYS:O	2.54	0.41
6:H:151:LEU:HD12	6:H:160:PHE:C	2.46	0.41
6:H:393:ILE:O	6:H:397:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
5:C:423:LYS:HB2	5:C:423:LYS:HE2	1.83	0.41
3:U:28:ALA:O	3:U:31:GLN:HG3	2.20	0.41
4:G:3:ALA:O	4:G:7:LEU:HG	2.20	0.41
6:H:194:GLU:HG2	6:H:214:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
3:U:42:ARG:HB2	3:U:72:ARG:HD3	2.03	0.41
5:C:415:LEU:HD23	5:C:415:LEU:HA	1.87	0.41
5:C:719:ILE:HD11	5:C:734:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
6:H:411:GLN:HB3	6:H:415:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.41
1:N:36:ILE:HB	1:N:41:GLN:HE21	1.84	0.41
5:C:352:SER:HA	5:C:355:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.41
5:C:638:VAL:HG22	5:C:648:LEU:HB2	2.03	0.41
6:H:156:CYS:HB3	6:H:190:LEU:HD22	2.04	0.40
6:H:183:CYS:HB3	6:H:188:CYS:HB3	2.03	0.40
4:G:75:TYR:CZ	4:G:125:LEU:HG	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	N	71/81 (88%)	66 (93%)	5 (7%)	0	100 100
2	R	84/113 (74%)	77 (92%)	7 (8%)	0	100 100
3	U	73/75 (97%)	71 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100 100
4	G	137/157 (87%)	125 (91%)	12 (9%)	0	100 100
5	C	562/780 (72%)	537 (96%)	25 (4%)	0	100 100
6	H	420/493 (85%)	384 (91%)	36 (9%)	0	100 100
All	All	1347/1699 (79%)	1260 (94%)	87 (6%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	N	29/69 (42%)	29 (100%)	0	100 100
2	R	70/98 (71%)	70 (100%)	0	100 100
3	U	47/68 (69%)	47 (100%)	0	100 100
4	G	93/138 (67%)	93 (100%)	0	100 100
5	C	456/710 (64%)	456 (100%)	0	100 100
6	H	359/447 (80%)	359 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	1054/1530 (69%)	1054 (100%)	0	100 100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	R	56	GLN
2	R	109	GLN
3	U	62	GLN
5	C	360	GLN
5	C	507	ASN
5	C	574	HIS
5	C	579	ASN
5	C	687	ASN
6	H	240	GLN
6	H	265	HIS
6	H	320	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 7 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

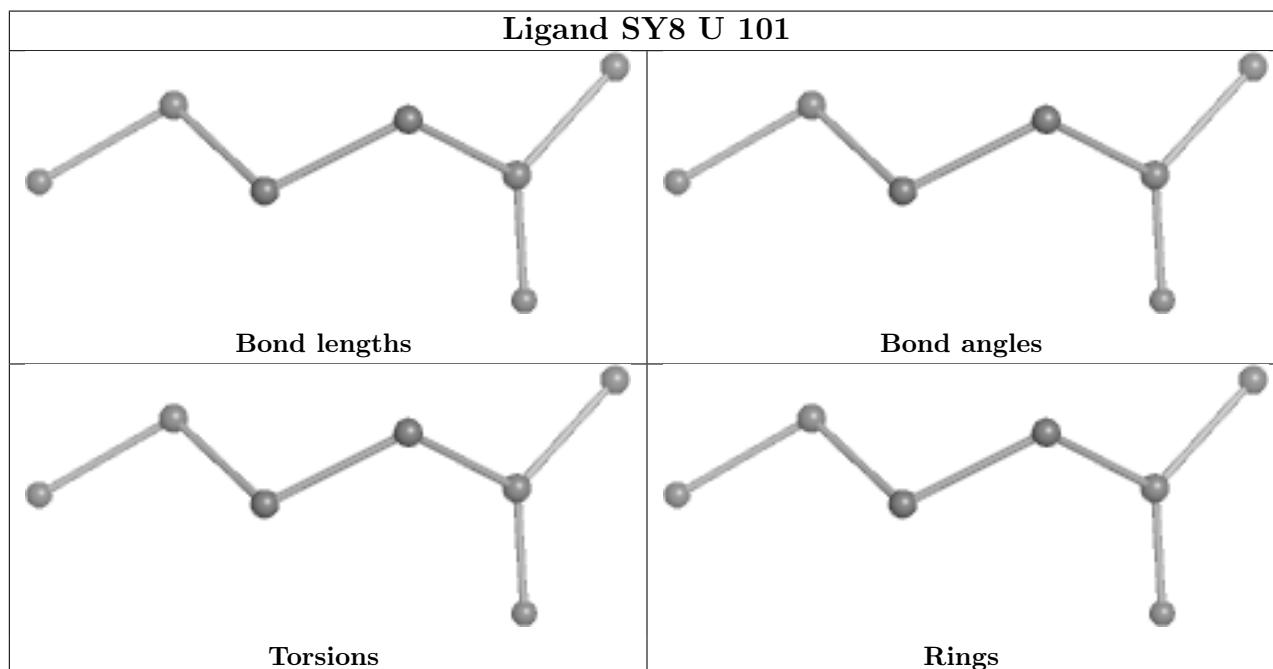
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

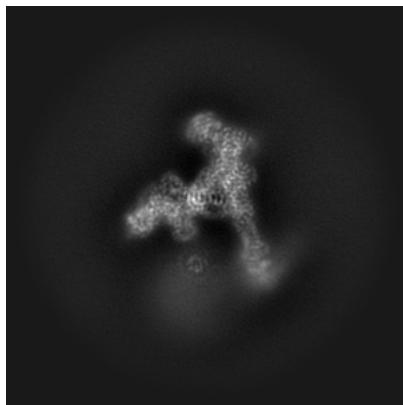
## 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-54793. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

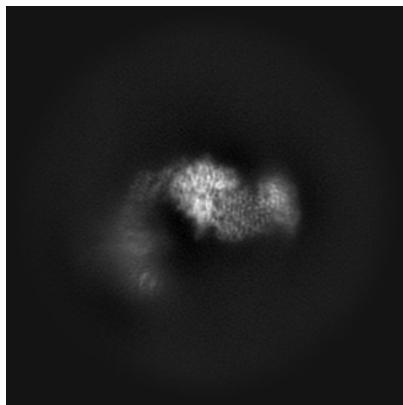
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

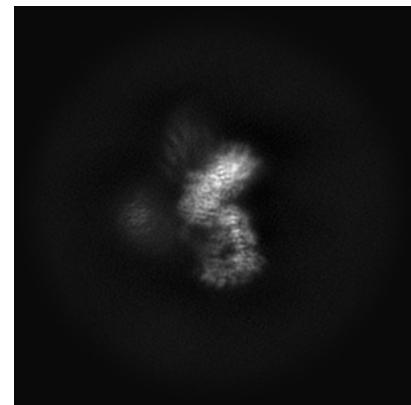
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

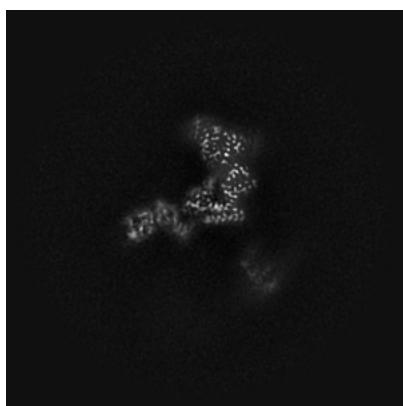


Z

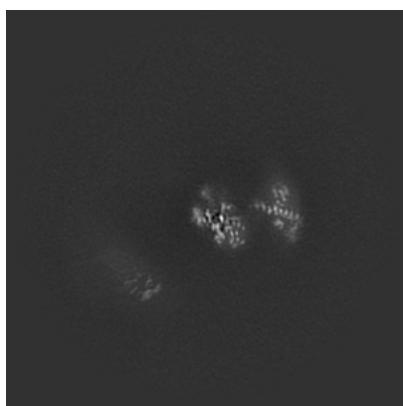
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices (i)

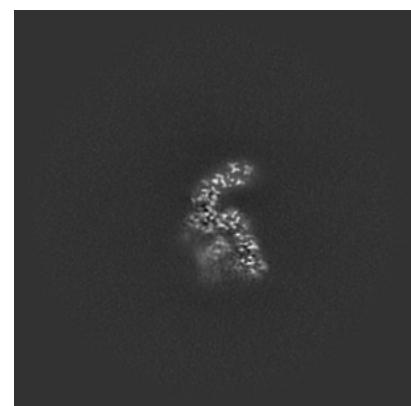
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 216



Y Index: 216

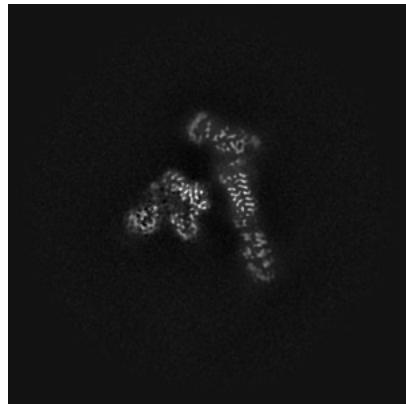


Z Index: 216

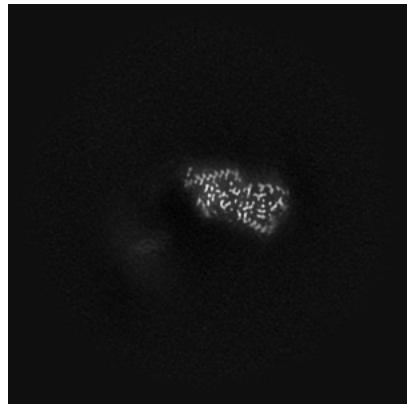
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

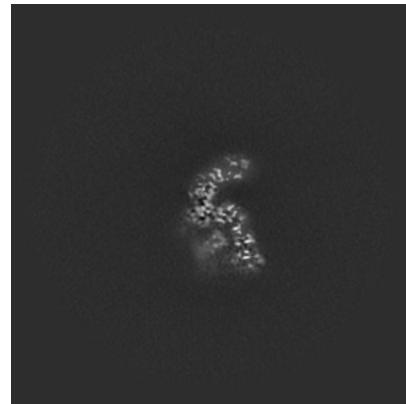
#### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 236



Y Index: 247

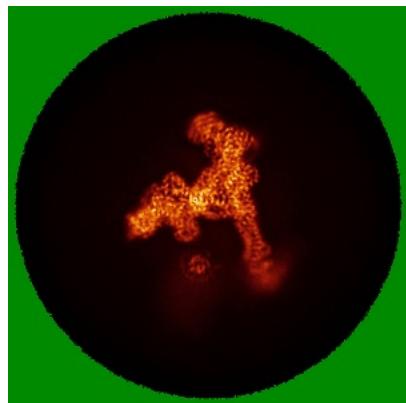


Z Index: 217

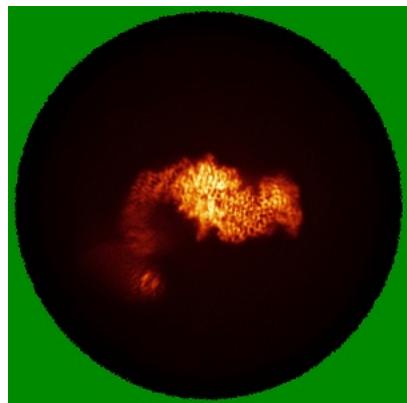
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

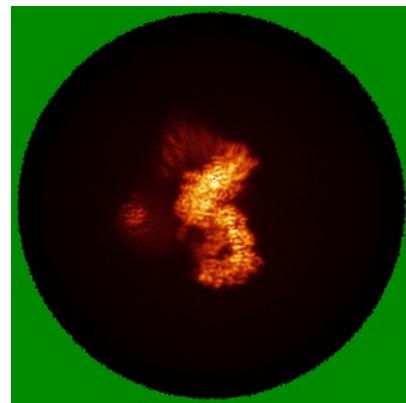
#### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

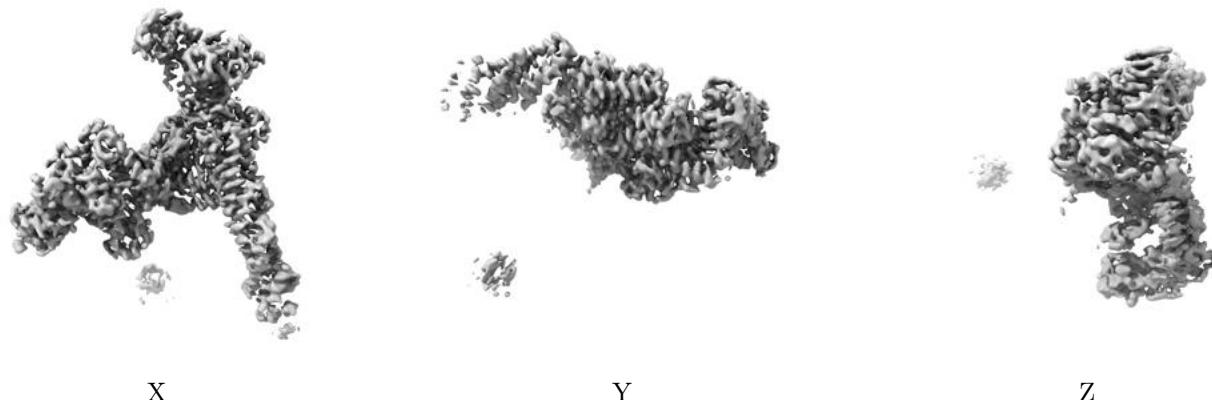


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [\(i\)](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.13. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

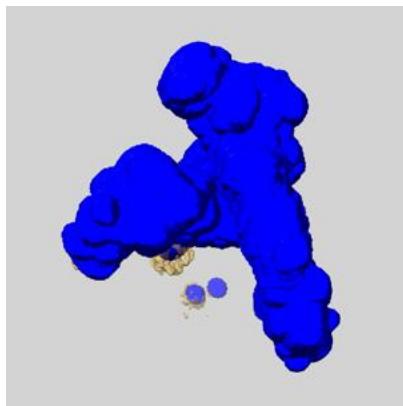
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [\(i\)](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

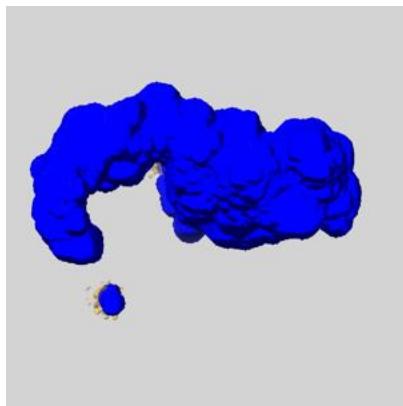
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

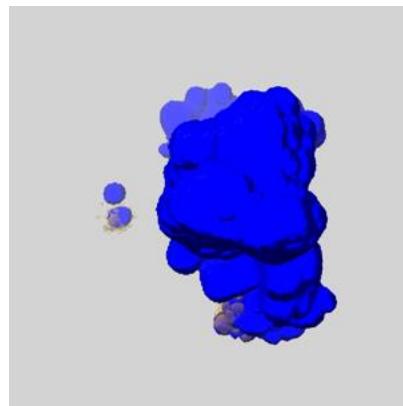
### 6.6.1 emd\_54793\_msk\_1.map [\(i\)](#)



X



Y

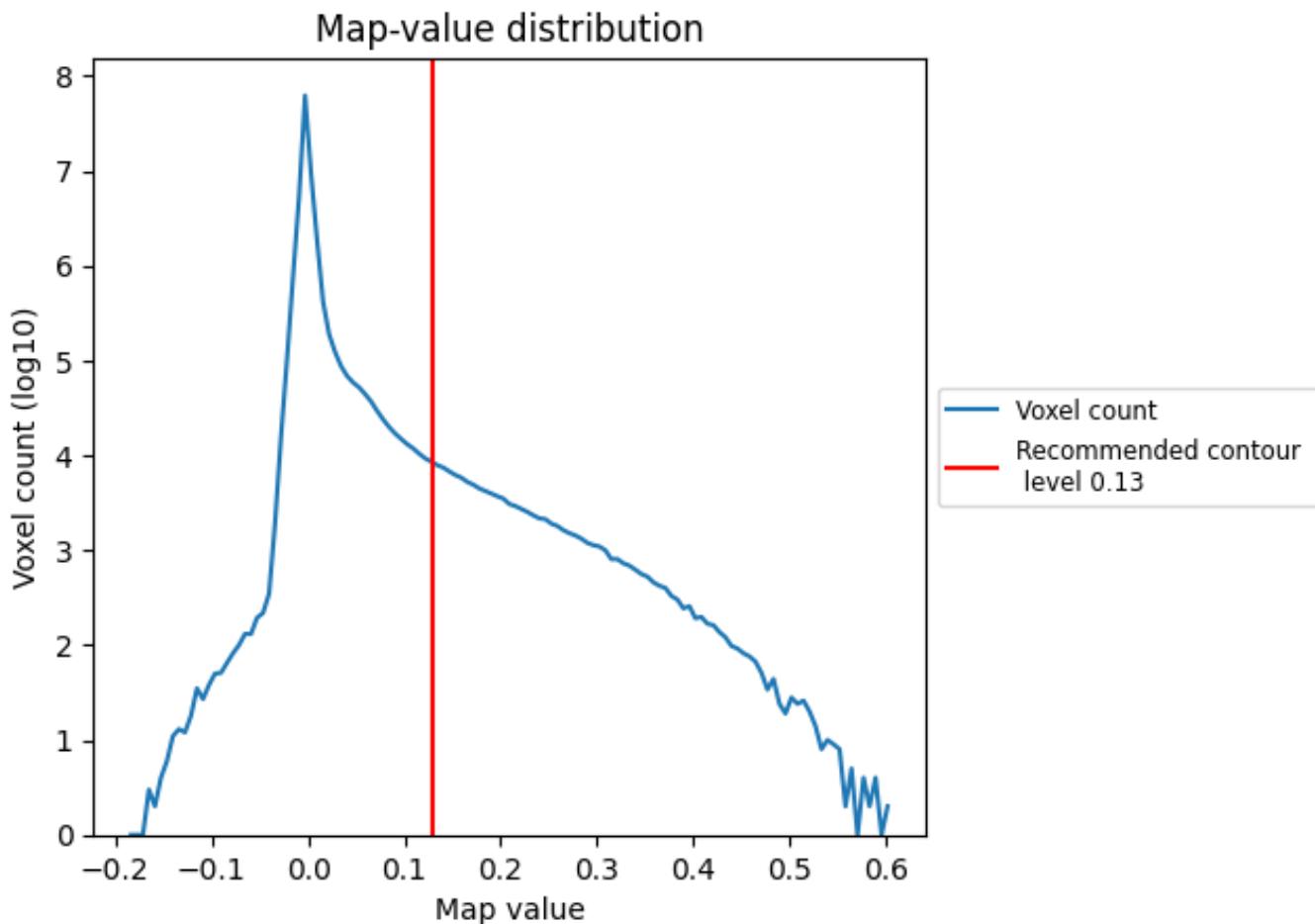


Z

## 7 Map analysis (i)

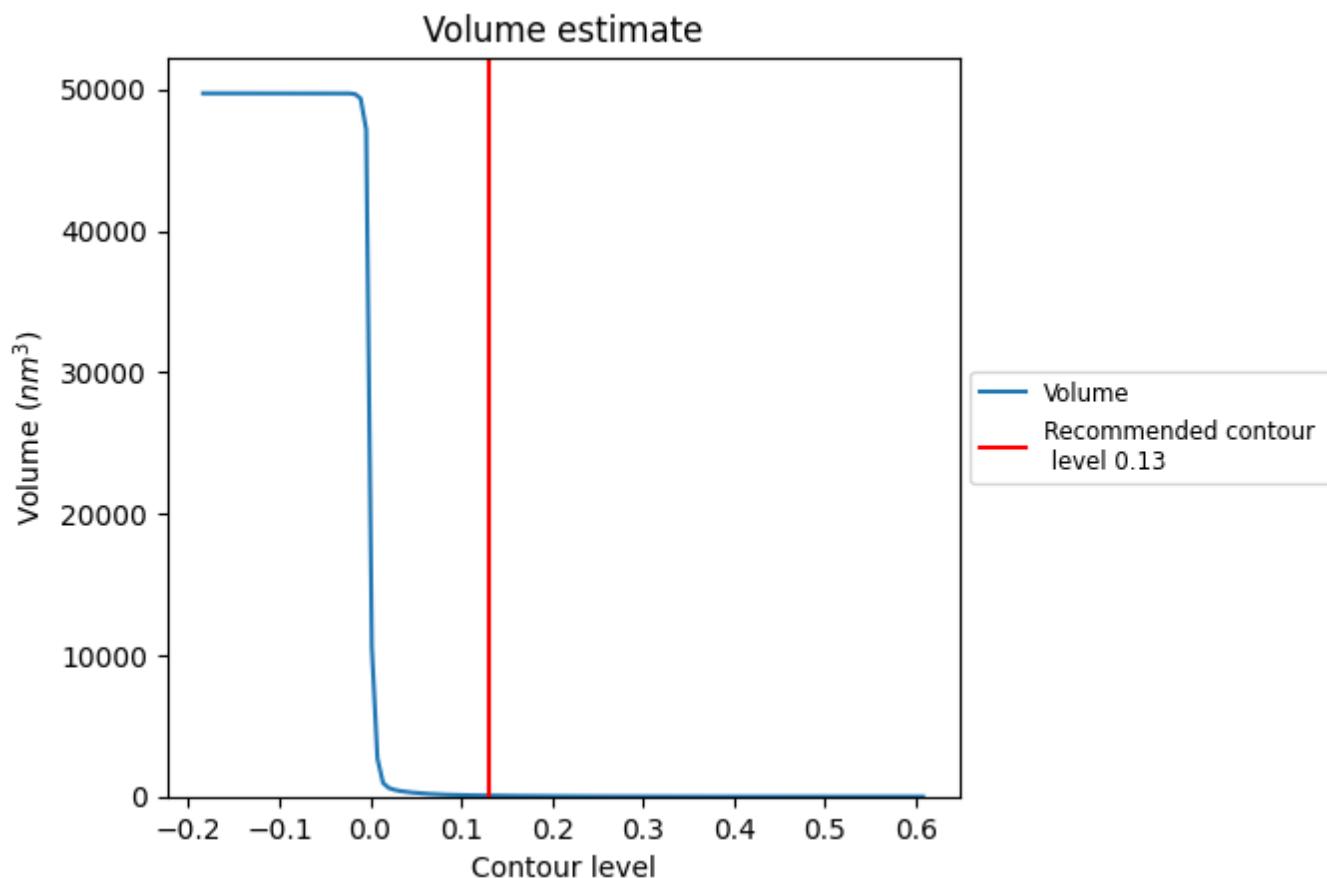
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

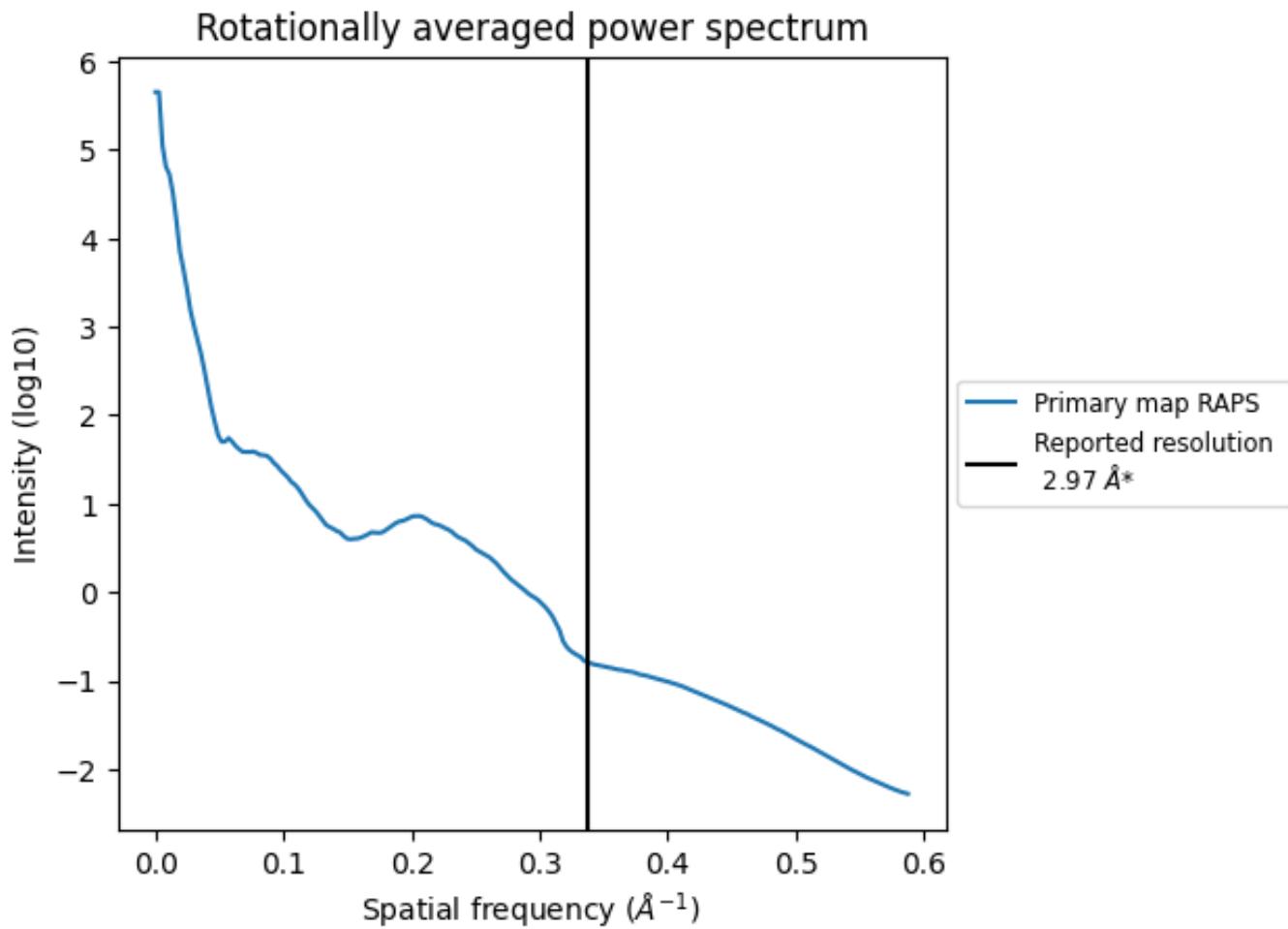
## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 68 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 62 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.337 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

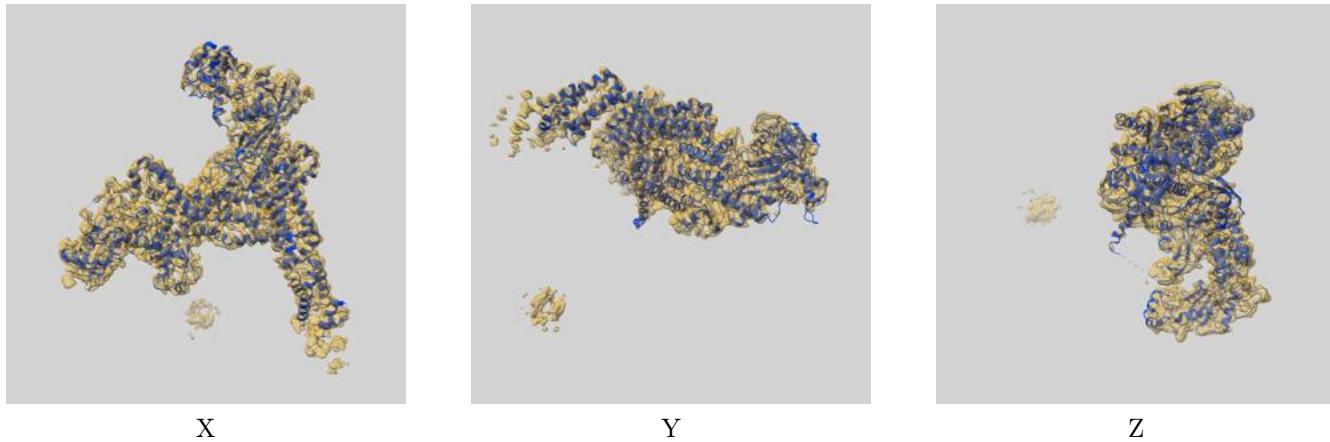
## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit i

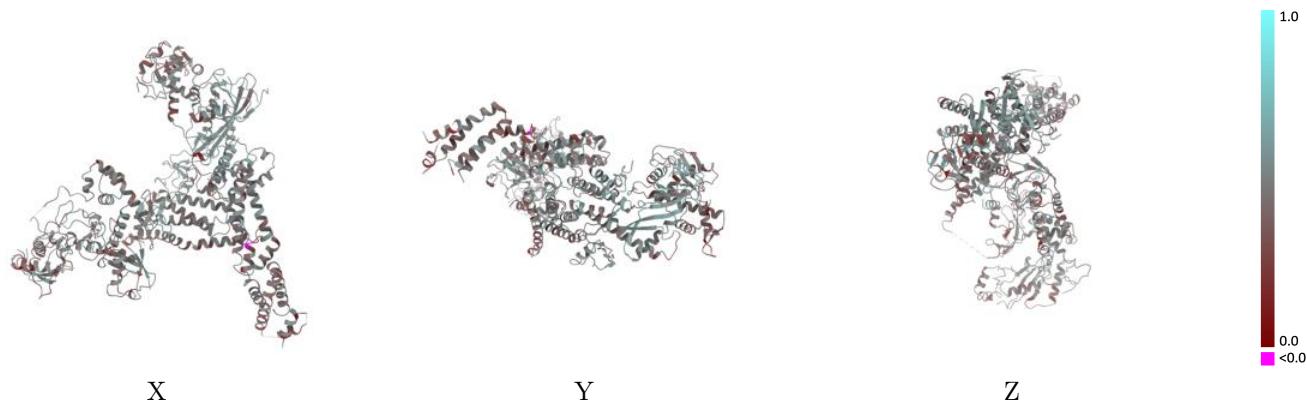
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-54793 and PDB model 9SDX. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay i



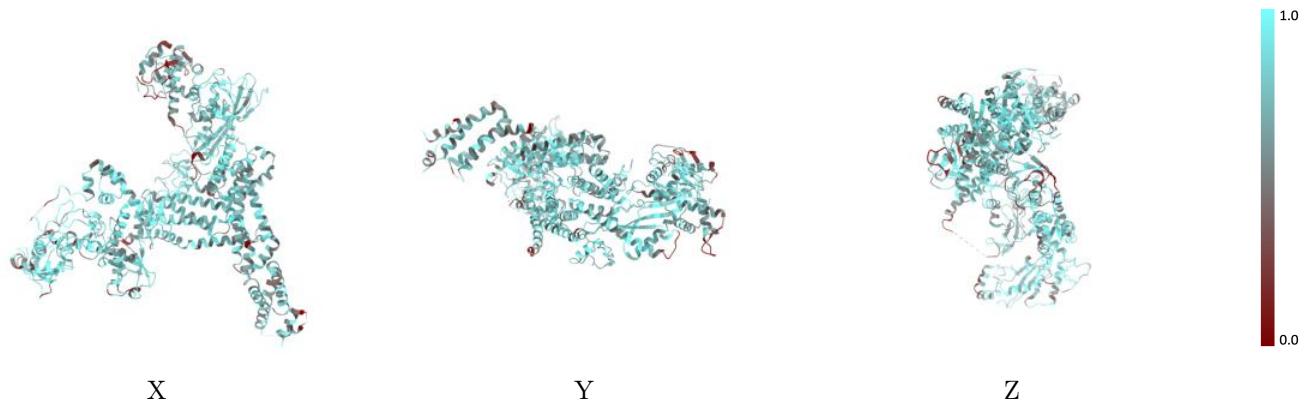
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.13 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



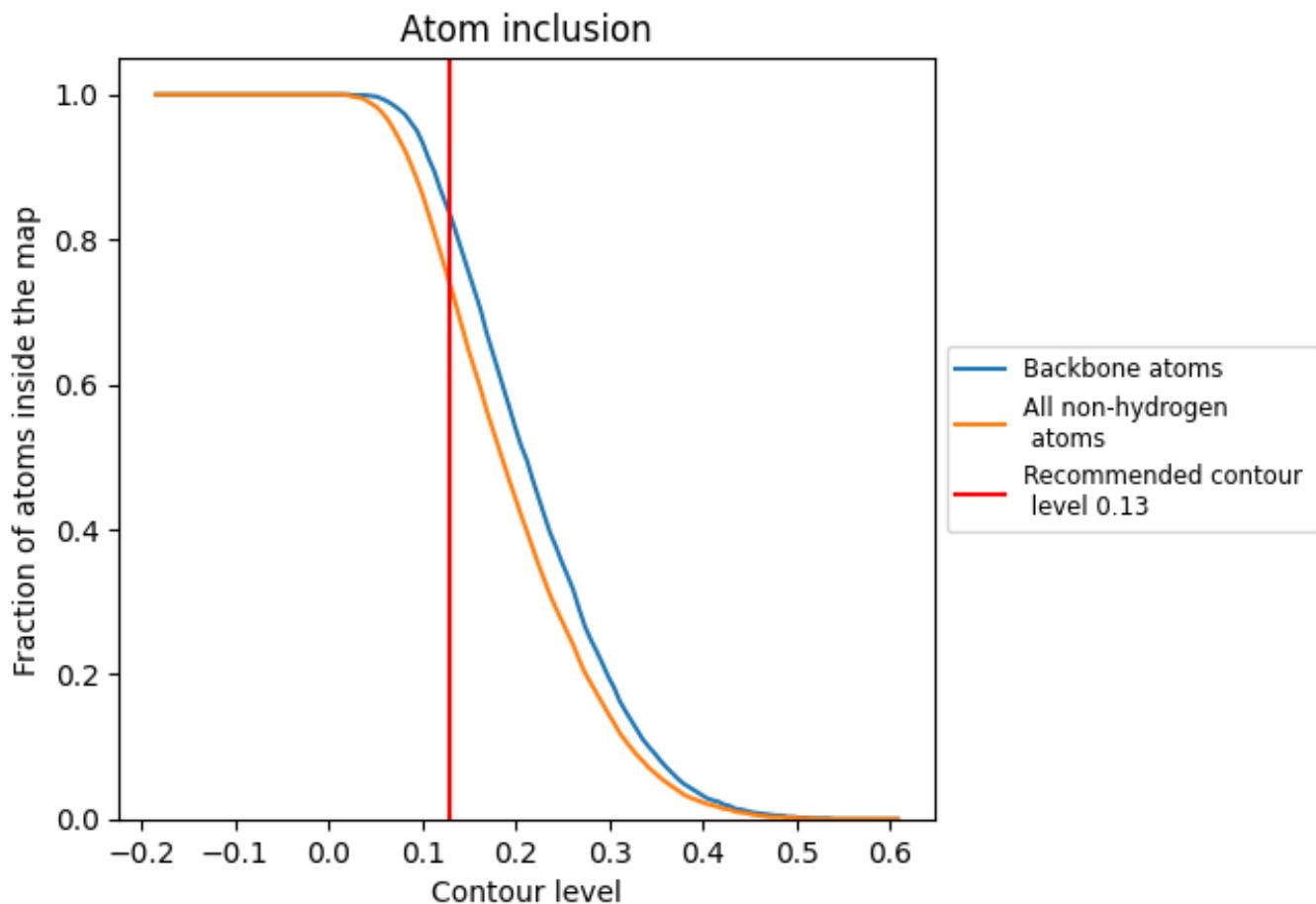
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.13).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [\(i\)](#)



At the recommended contour level, 83% of all backbone atoms, 74% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.13) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7370	0.4610
C	0.7170	0.4670
G	0.7620	0.4280
H	0.7790	0.4570
N	0.5280	0.4430
R	0.7830	0.4930
U	0.7080	0.4640

