



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jan 14, 2026 – 12:21 pm GMT

PDB ID : 9S1E / pdb_00009s1e
EMDB ID : EMD-54446
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the endogeneous MIWI in complex with pachytene piRNA at 2.8Å
Authors : Raad, N.G.; Fernandez-Rodriguez, C.; Pandey, R.R.; Mohammed, I.; Uchikawa, E.; Burger, F.; Homolka, D.; Pillai, R.S.
Deposited on : 2025-07-18
Resolution : 2.89 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : 7KX7

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

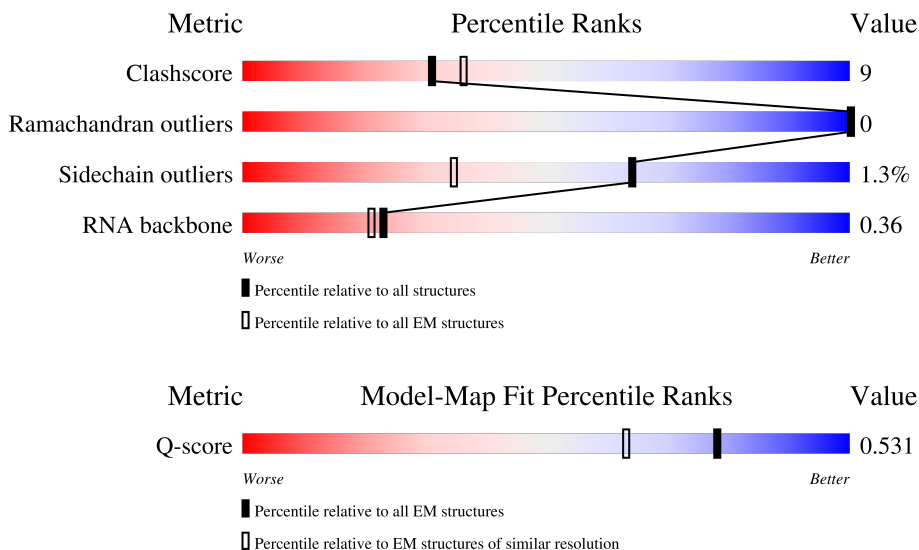
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev129
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.47

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.89 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
RNA backbone	6643	2191	-
Q-score	-	25397	12148 (2.39 - 3.39)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	5	
2	B	870	

2 Entry composition i

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5806 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(P*UP*UP*AP*CP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
1	C	5	103	46	15	37	5	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Piwi-like protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	717	5702	3643	993	1035	31	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	45	TRP	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	46	SER	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	47	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	48	PRO	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	49	GLN	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	50	PHE	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	51	GLU	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7
B	52	LYS	-	insertion	UNP Q9JMB7

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Mg	
3	B	1	1	1	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: RNA (5'-R(P*UP*UP*AP*CP*C)-3')

Chain C:  100%

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

- Molecule 2: Piwi-like protein 1

Chain B:  64% 18% 18%

NET
THR
GLY
VAL
ALA
ARG
ALA
ARG
ALA
ARG
ALA
ARG
GLY
GLN
GLU
THR
VAL
GLN
HIS
VAL
GLY
SER
ALA
ALA
ALA
SER
GLN
GLN
GLY
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TYR
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ARG
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PHE
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THR
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GLU
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ASP
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ASP
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GLY
VAL
THR
ASN
ARG
GLN
ASN
LEU
ASP
HIS
VAL
LYS
LYS
GLU
S104
T117
H118
H119
T123
L130

Y131
Q132
Y133
H134
Y137
M138
P139
L140
M141
E142
A143
H154
E155
T158
G159
R160
A163
L169
F170
R174
L175
Q176
H177
T180
M188
T196
T197
L198
E201
L202
L210
M214
I215
I216
F217
R218
R219
K222
I223
Q227
I240
N244
H245
R246

I249
T254
T255
H272
L275
V280
F283
Q289
THR
GLU
GLU
HIS
LYS
PHE
GLN
E298
I305
G306
L307
L310
I311
K312
Y313
N314
N315
K316
I317
Y318
R319
V320
D321
D326
GLN
ASN
PRO
LYS
SER
THR
PHE
LYS
LYS
ALA
ASP
GLY
SER
GLU
VAL
SER
PHE

L344
R348
K349
M352
Q353
E354
I355
T356
Q360
P361
V362
L363
V364
S365
GLN
PRO
LYS
ARG
ARG
GLY
PRO
GLY
GLY
THR
LEU
PRO
GLY
PRO
ALA
MET
I383
I384
P385
E386
L387
L390
L393
T394
D395
K396
M397
R398
N399
D400
F401
M404
K405
D406
L407
A408
R412

E421
R424
D427
S445
L450
E461
K462
I463
H464
G465
G466
T469
N473
P474
Q475
F476
W479
P487
L488
I489
W497
L498
L499
I500
Y501
T502
N505
S511
I513
Q514
A530
I531
M532
I533
E534
R538
T539
E540
A541
Y542
L543
R544
A545
L546

S552
Q555
I556
V557
L560
K566
D567
K568
I572
T578
Q595
V598
I605
M609
M613
E616
R619
M628
I629
D637
T638
T639
A640
G641
R642
I652
N653
T657
S661
R662
C663
R668
G669
Q670
W687
N691
P695
G706

D707
P719
L722
Y732
R735
V741
F750
A751
Q752
L757
L761
G762
G763
T764
V765
I766
V770
Y776
F779
I780
V781
V785
G788
Y795
N796
V797
S802
P832
K838
L839
V843
G844
Q845
R849
E850
P851
L862

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	374362	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.011	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.494	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.013	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.16	Depositor
Map size (Å)	327.93597, 327.93597, 327.93597	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0248, 1.0248, 1.0248	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	C	0.40	0/113	0.20	0/171
2	B	0.17	0/5826	0.30	0/7909
All	All	0.18	0/5939	0.30	0/8080

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	103	0	54	0	0
2	B	5702	0	5670	99	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	5806	0	5724	99	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 99 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:314:ASN:HD21	2:B:316:LYS:HE3	1.16	1.04
2:B:314:ASN:ND2	2:B:316:LYS:HE3	1.74	1.02
2:B:320:VAL:HG21	2:B:363:LEU:HD23	1.63	0.80
2:B:314:ASN:ND2	2:B:316:LYS:CE	2.54	0.68
2:B:750:PHE:HB2	2:B:757:LEU:HD12	1.74	0.68

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
2	B	709/870 (82%)	691 (98%)	18 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
2	B	623/770 (81%)	615 (99%)	8 (1%)	65 88

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	838	LYS
2	B	741	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	513	ILE
2	B	502	THR
2	B	552	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	263	ASN
2	B	314	ASN
2	B	315	ASN
2	B	585	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	C	4/5 (80%)	0	0

There are no RNA backbone outliers to report.

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

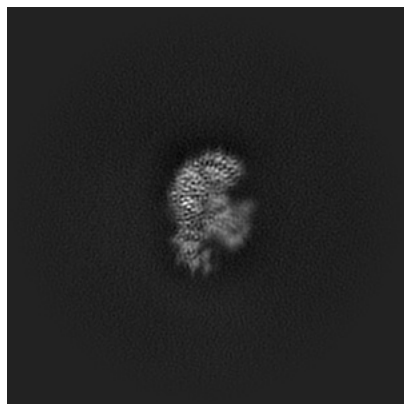
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-54446. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

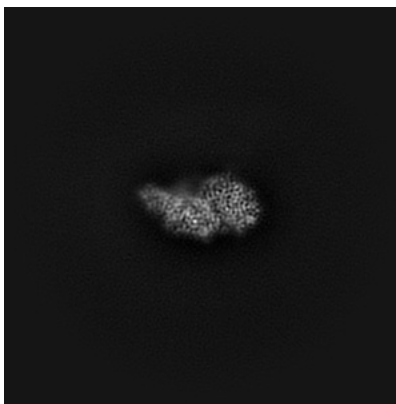
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

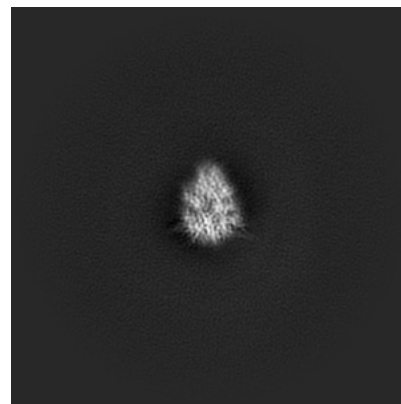
6.1.1 Primary map



X

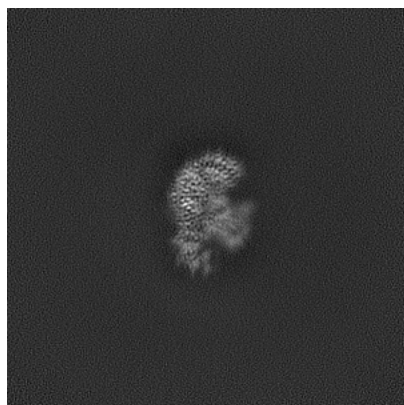


Y

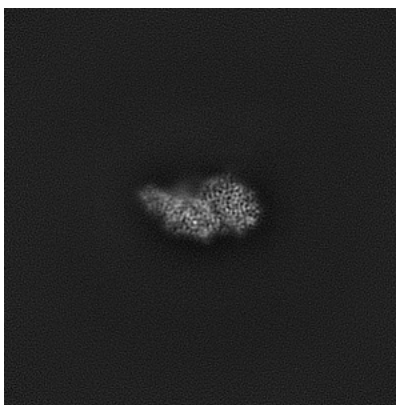


Z

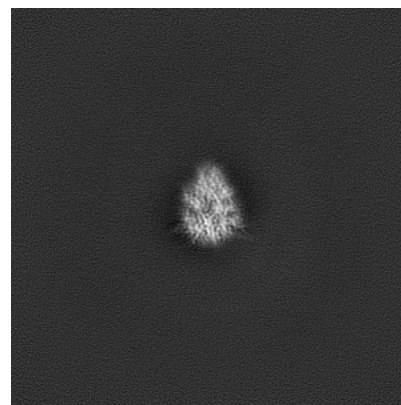
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

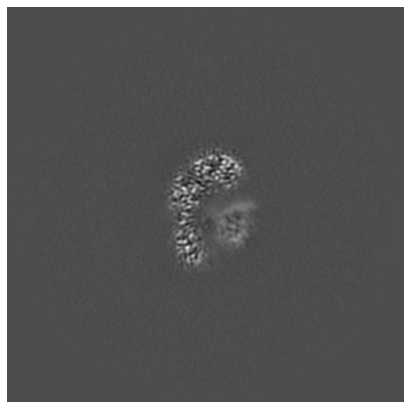


Z

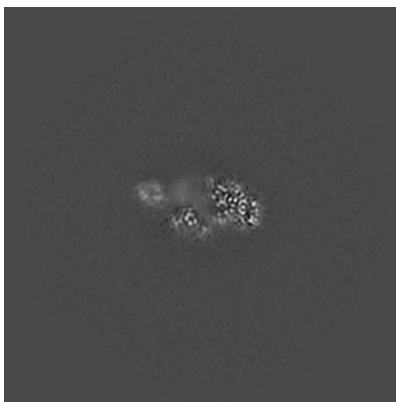
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

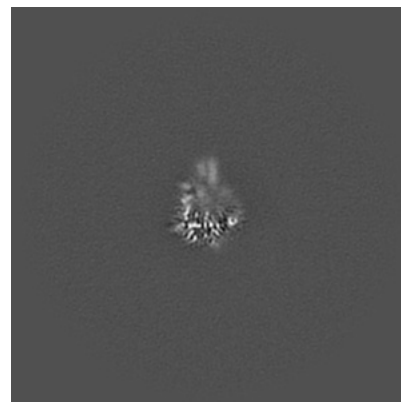
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

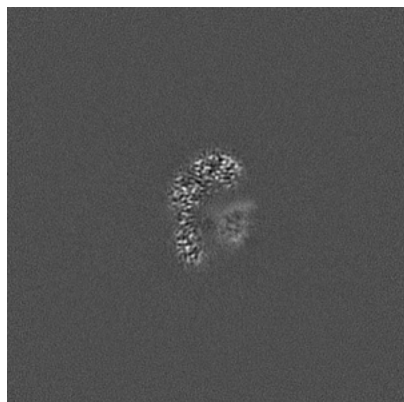


Y Index: 160

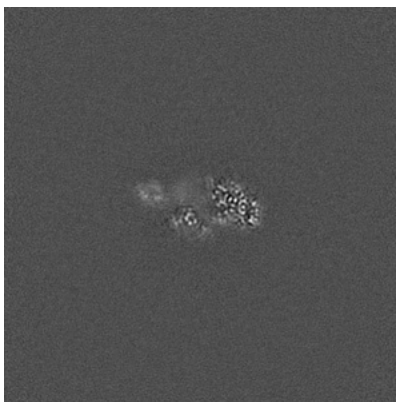


Z Index: 160

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

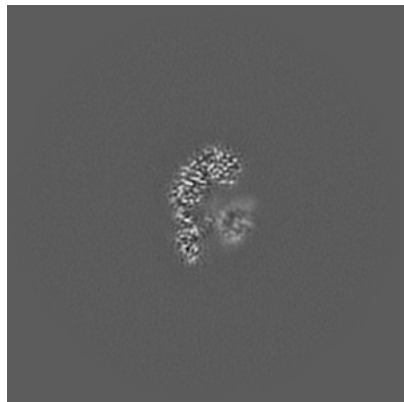


Z Index: 160

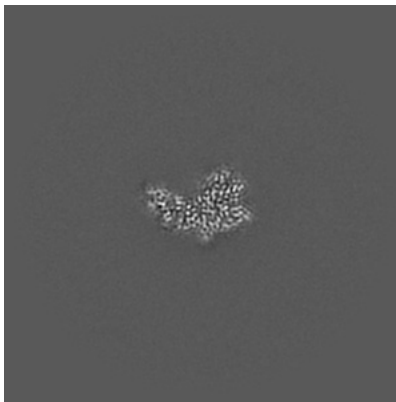
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

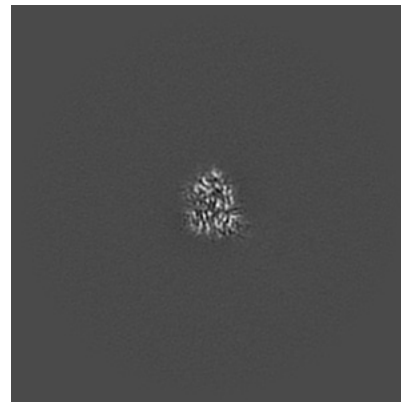
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 158

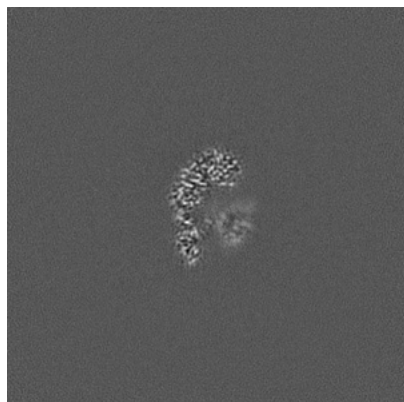


Y Index: 144

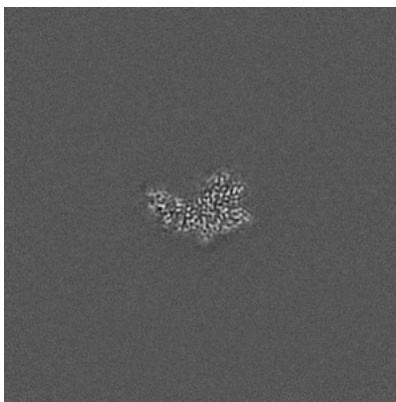


Z Index: 185

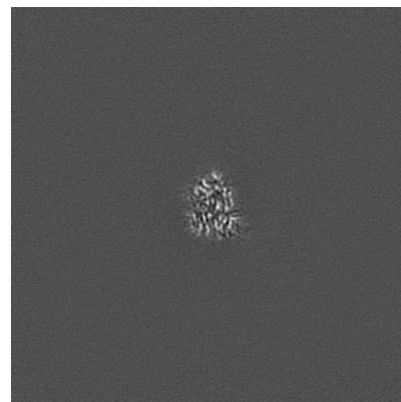
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 158



Y Index: 144

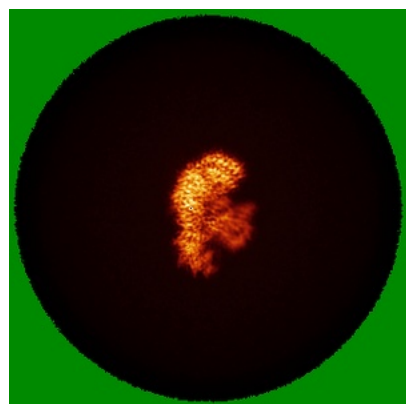


Z Index: 185

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

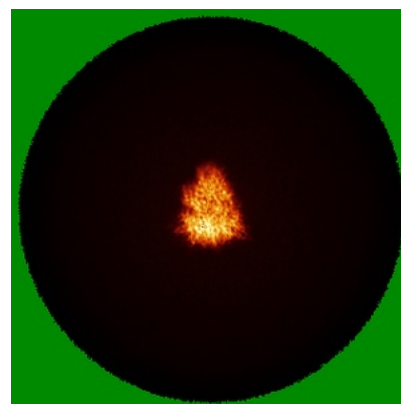
6.4.1 Primary map



X

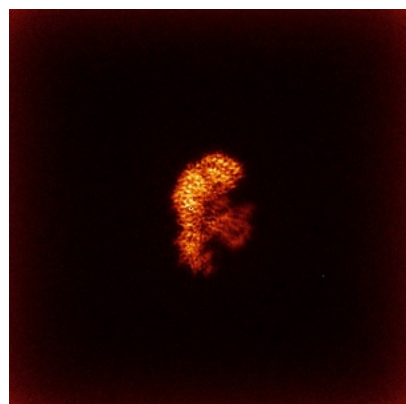


Y

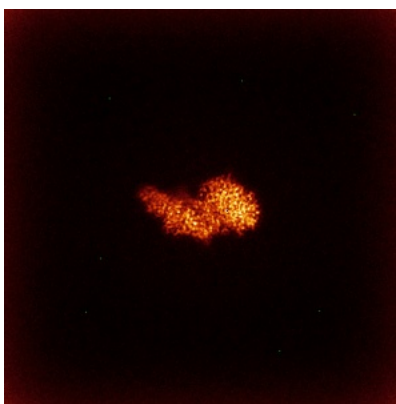


Z

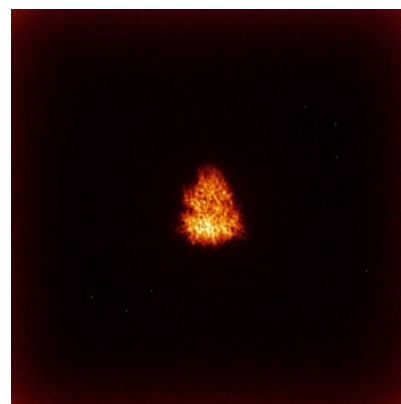
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

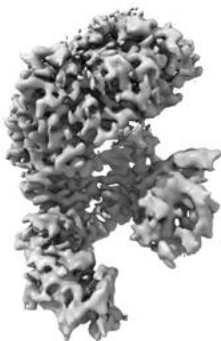


Z

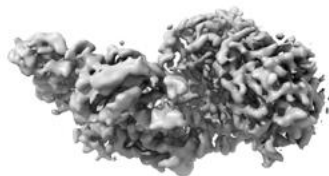
The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

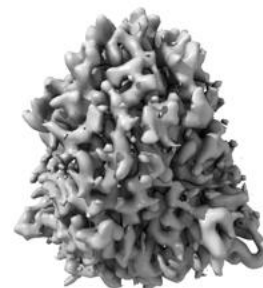
6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.16. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

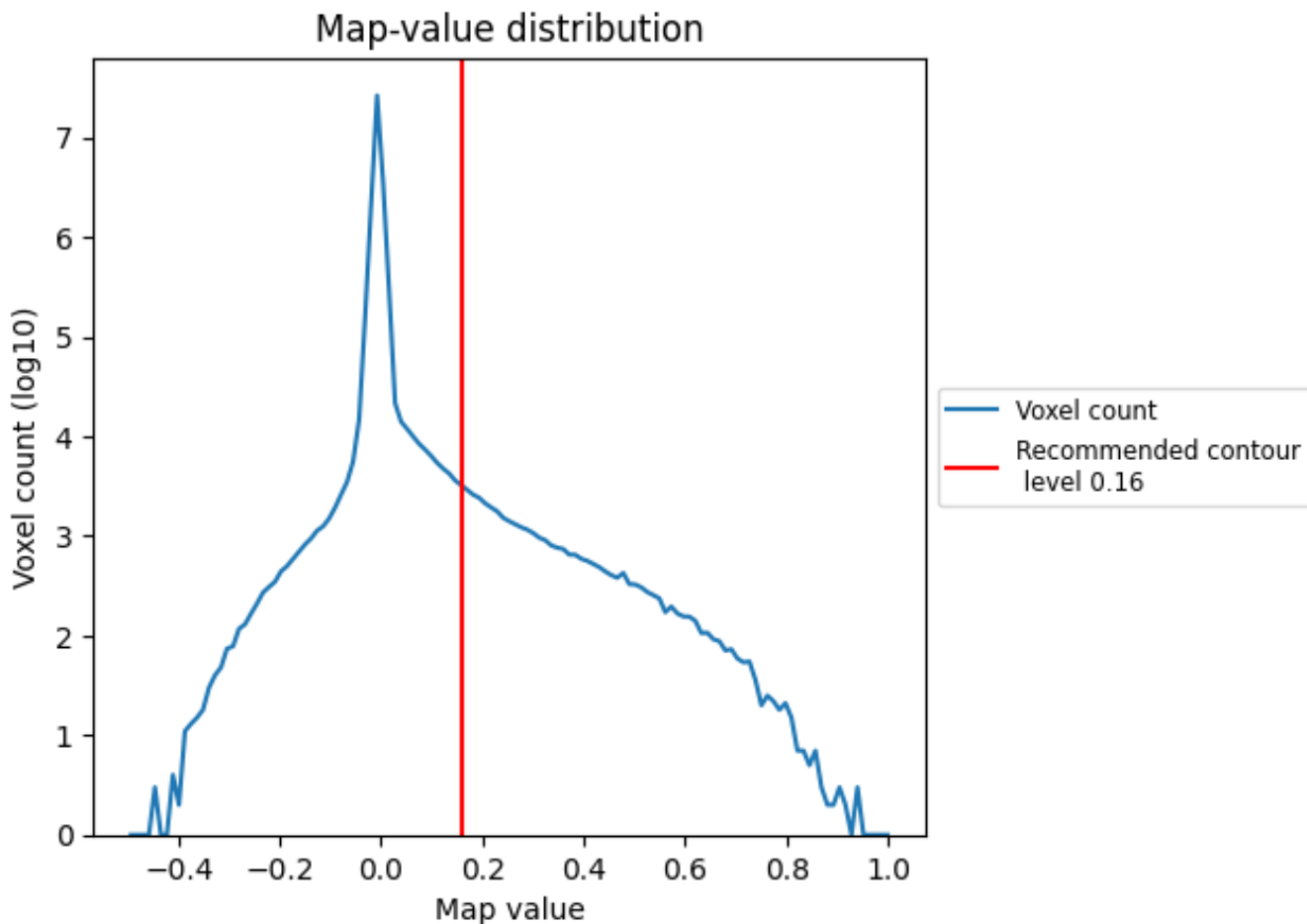
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

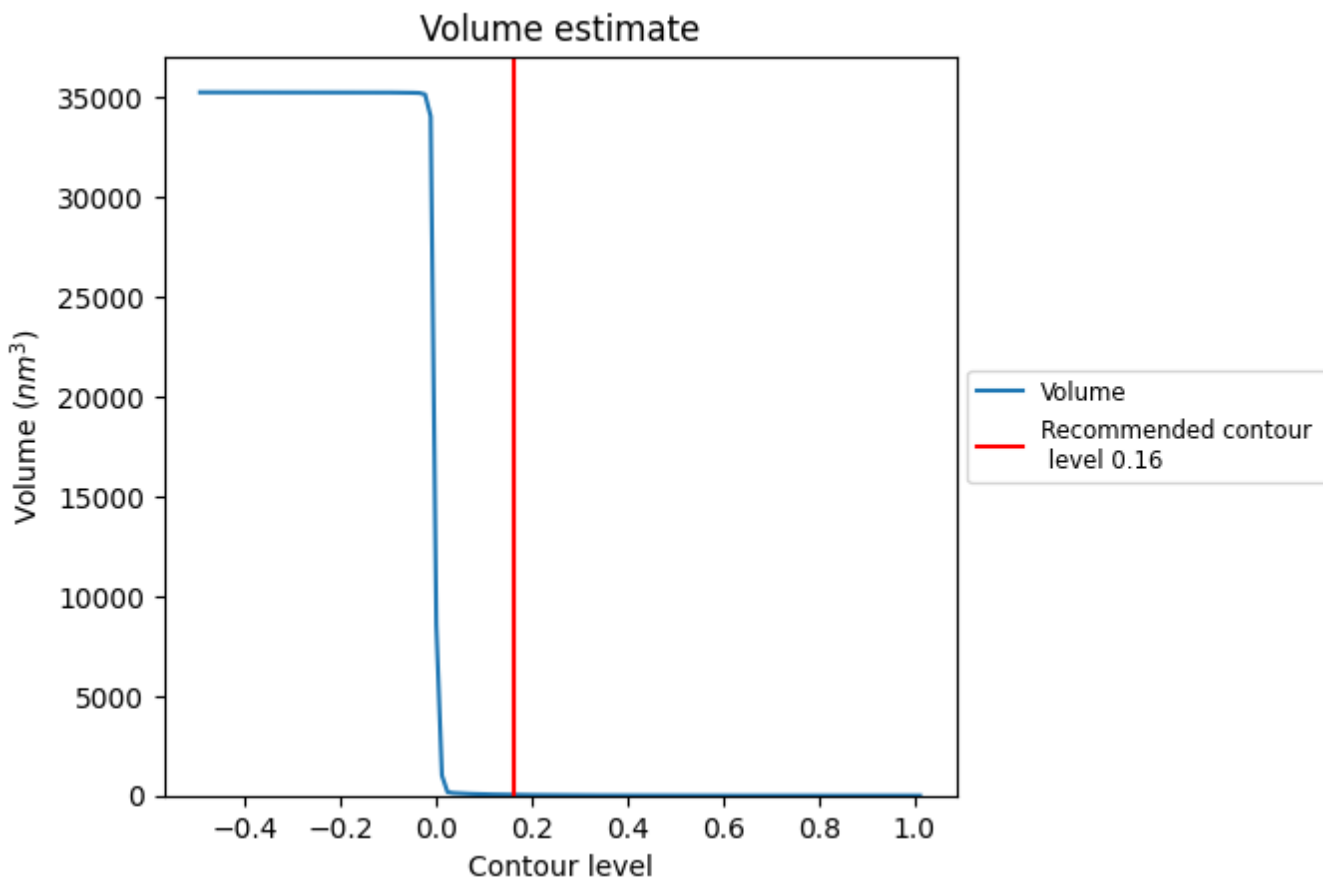
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

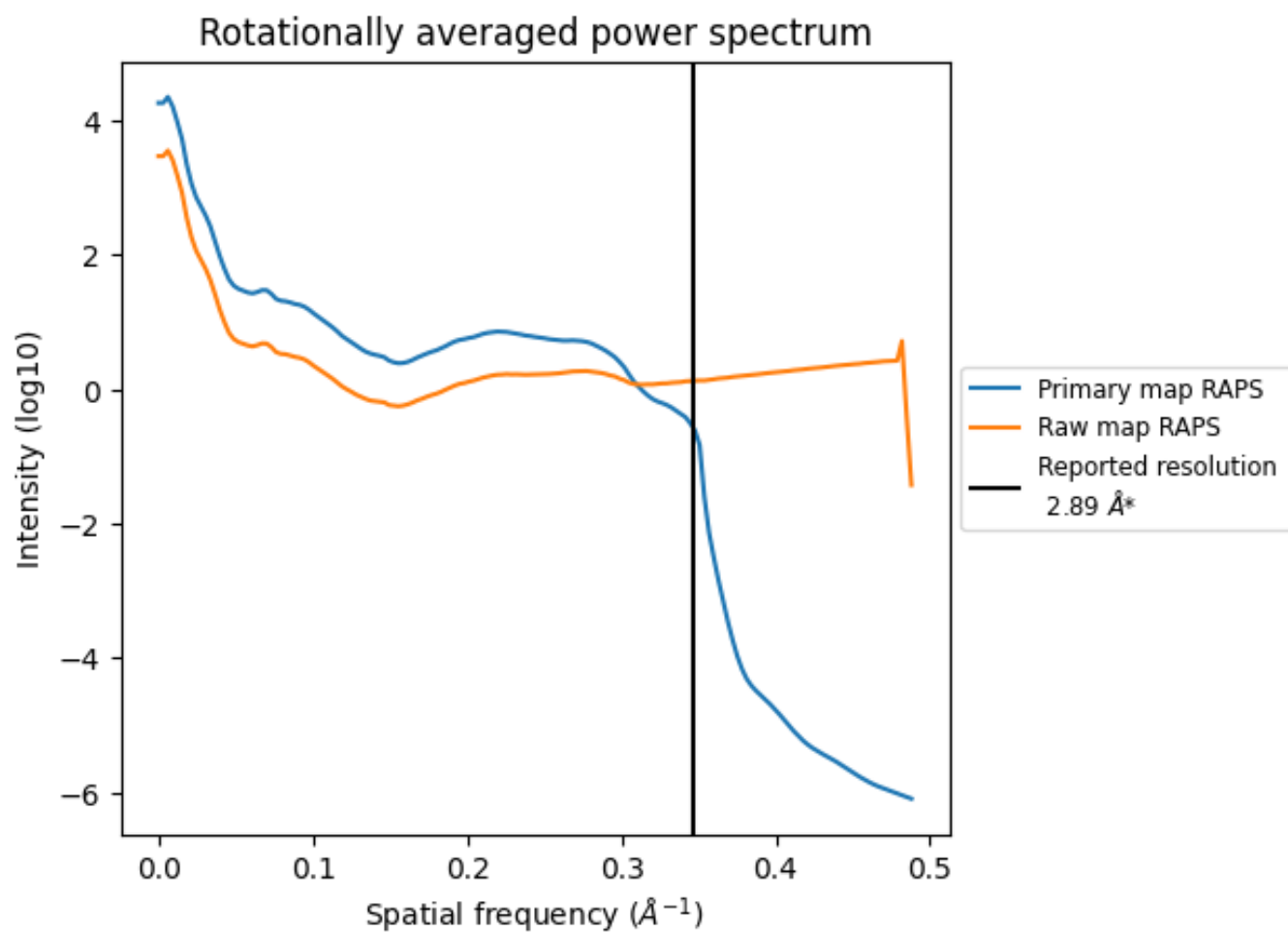
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 40 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 36 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

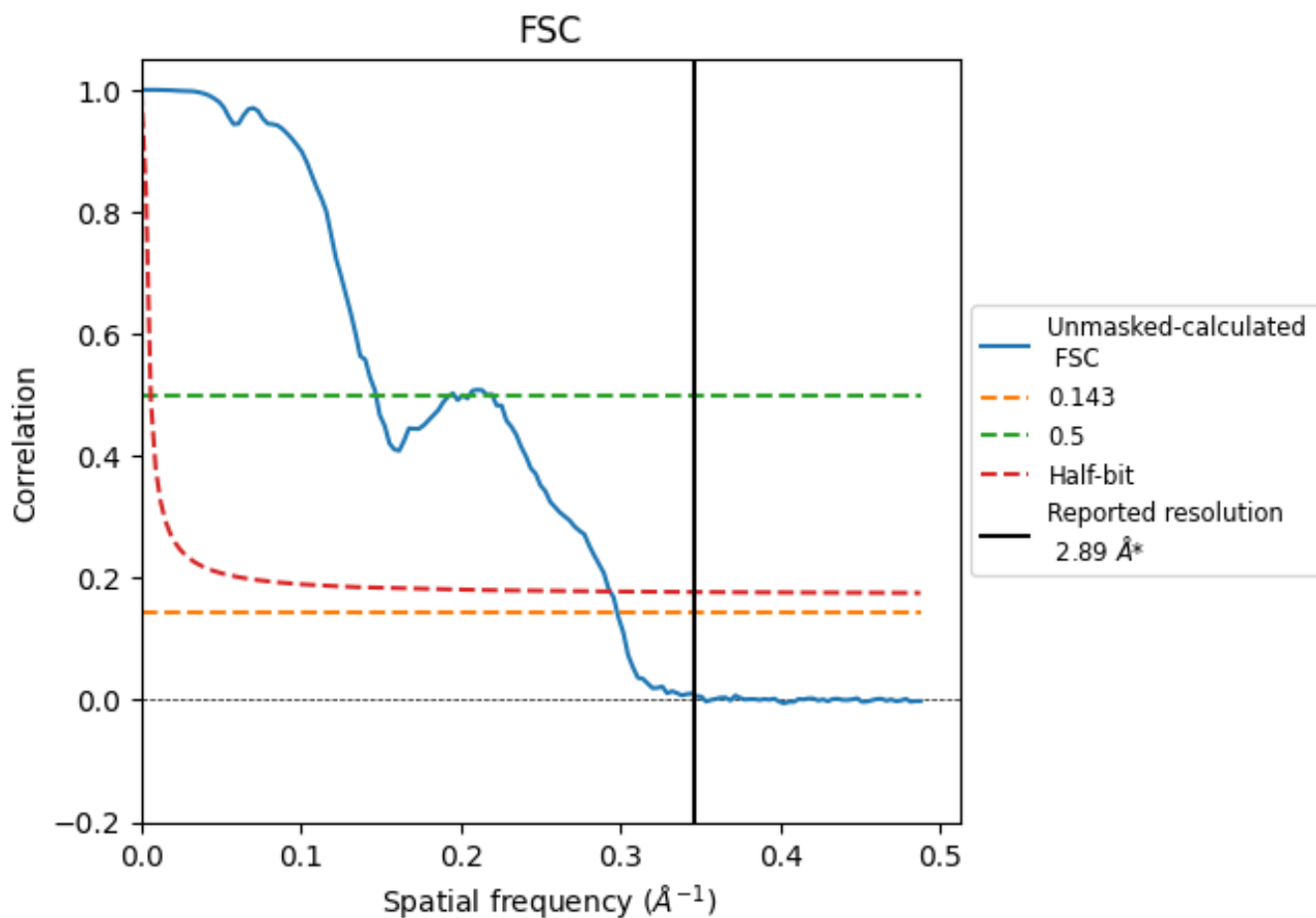


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.346 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.346 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

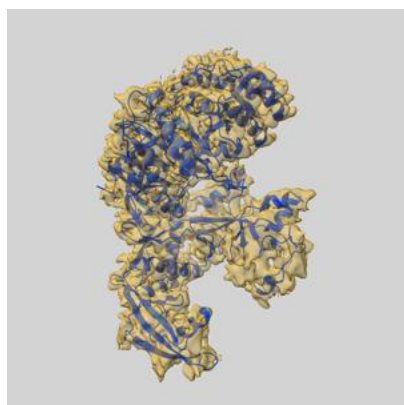
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.89	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.35	6.81	3.40

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.35 differs from the reported value 2.89 by more than 10 %

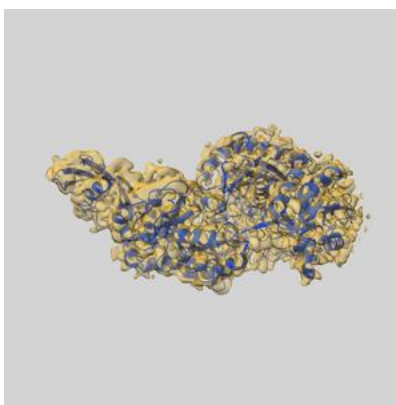
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-54446 and PDB model 9S1E. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

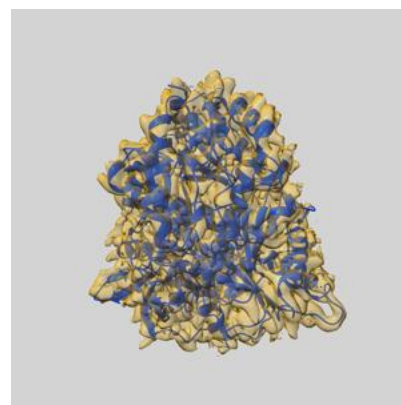
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



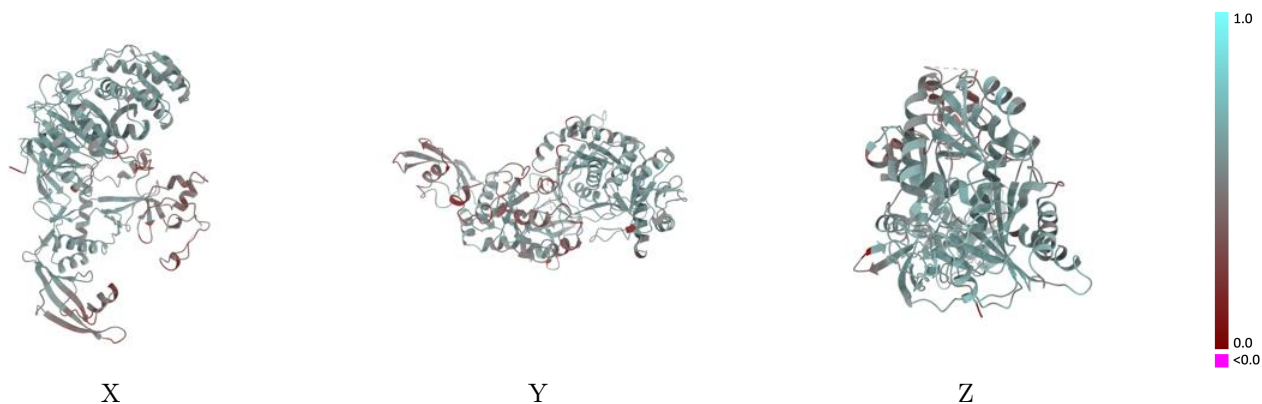
Y



Z

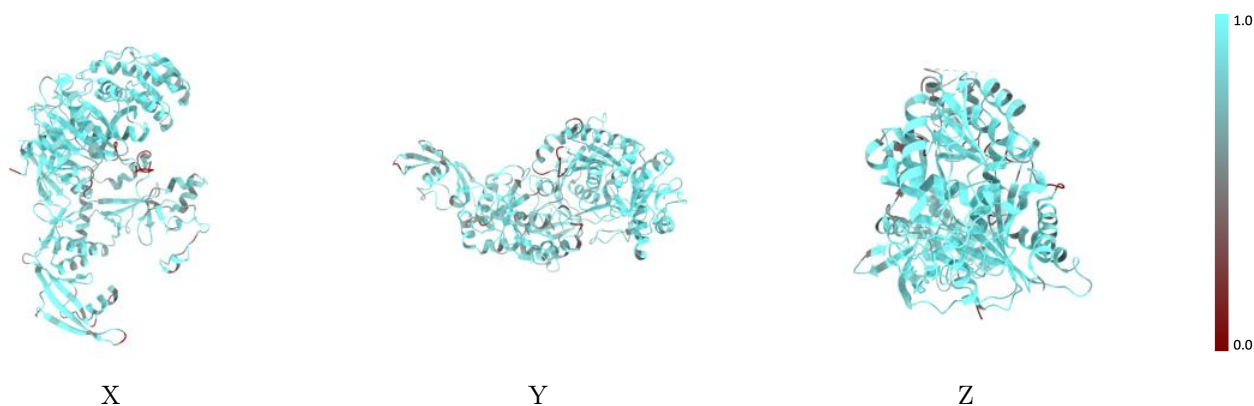
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.16 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



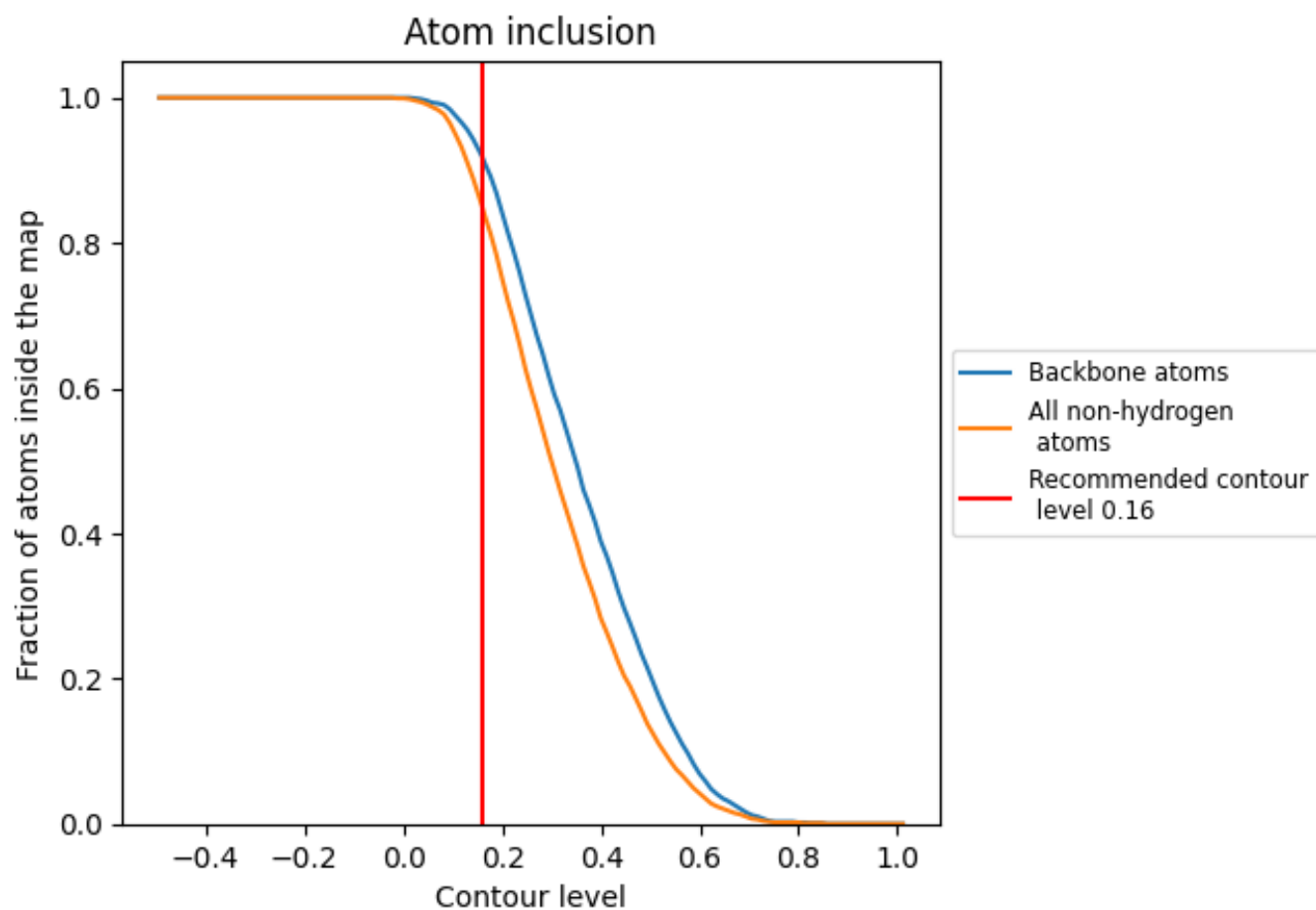
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.16).







9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 85% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.16) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8490	 0.5310
B	 0.8480	 0.5310
C	 0.8930	 0.5520

