



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2026 – 12:31 PM EST

PDB ID : 9PD4 / pdb_00009pd4
EMDB ID : EMD-71525
Title : NER dual incision complex - DuIM
Authors : Li, C.L.; Kim, J.; Yang, W.
Deposited on : 2025-06-30
Resolution : 3.40 Å(reported)
Based on initial models : 8ebt, 1jmc, 6tus, 6sxa, 11lo

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

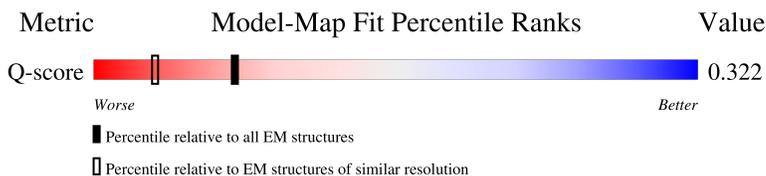
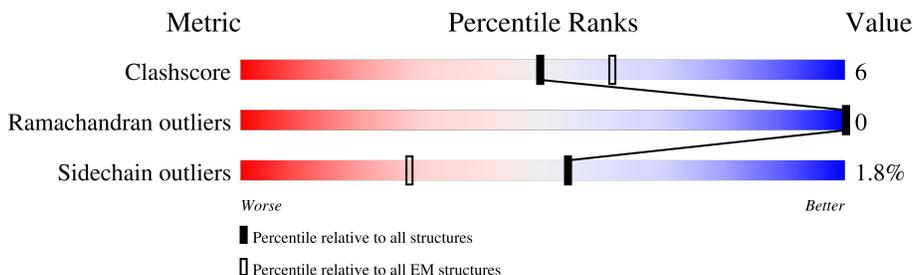
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev131
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.48

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



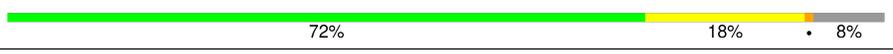
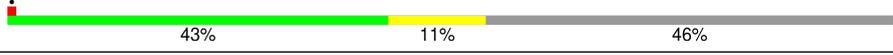
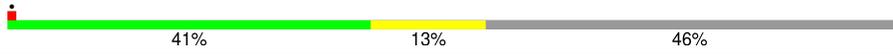
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	14717 (2.90 - 3.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	782	62% 16% 22%
2	B	768	77% 15% 7%
3	C	548	17% 8% 75%
4	D	462	78% 15% 6%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	E	395	
6	F	308	
7	G	71	
8	S	1186	
9	Q	916	
10	R	295	
11	K	273	
12	L	93	
13	M	94	
14	N	616	
15	O	270	
16	P	121	

2 Entry composition i

There are 18 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 40053 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TFIID basal transcription factor complex helicase XPB subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	613	4947	3159	856	902	30	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called General transcription and DNA repair factor IIF helicase subunit XPD.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	712	5745	3677	1001	1038	29	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	761	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	762	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	763	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	764	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	765	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	766	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	767	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P18074
B	768	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P18074

- Molecule 3 is a protein called General transcription factor IIF subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	138	1130	718	196	209	7	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called General transcription factor IIF subunit 4, p52.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	434	3483	2245	605	620	13	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called General transcription factor IIIH subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	E	343	2686	1697	457	506	26	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called General transcription factor IIIH subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	F	254	2001	1280	332	370	19	0	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called General transcription factor IIIH subunit 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
7	G	65	515	332	81	99	3	0	0

- Molecule 8 is a protein called DNA excision repair protein ERCC-5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
8	S	466	3829	2440	653	723	13	2	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
S	812	ASN	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P28715
S	1053	ARG	GLY	variant	UNP P28715
S	1080	ARG	GLY	variant	UNP P28715

- Molecule 9 is a protein called DNA repair endonuclease XPF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
9	Q	632	5001	3204	866	909	22	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Q	703	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP Q92889

- Molecule 10 is a protein called DNA excision repair protein ERCC-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	R	123	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			983	637	167	175	4		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called DNA repair protein complementing XP-A cells.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	K	209	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1724	1078	309	321	16		

- Molecule 12 is a DNA chain called DNA (Cy5).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	L	50	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			1031	506	175	300	50		

- Molecule 13 is a DNA chain called DNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	M	51	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			1055	503	196	305	51		

- Molecule 14 is a protein called Replication protein A 70 kDa DNA-binding subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
14	N	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3420	2154	583	666	17		

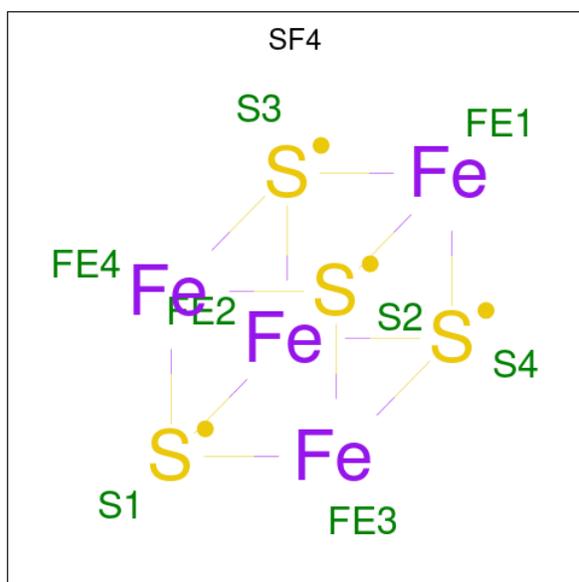
- Molecule 15 is a protein called Replication protein A 32 kDa subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
15	O	197	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1538	968	262	300	8		

- Molecule 16 is a protein called Replication protein A 14 kDa subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
16	P	121	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			950	610	155	177	8		

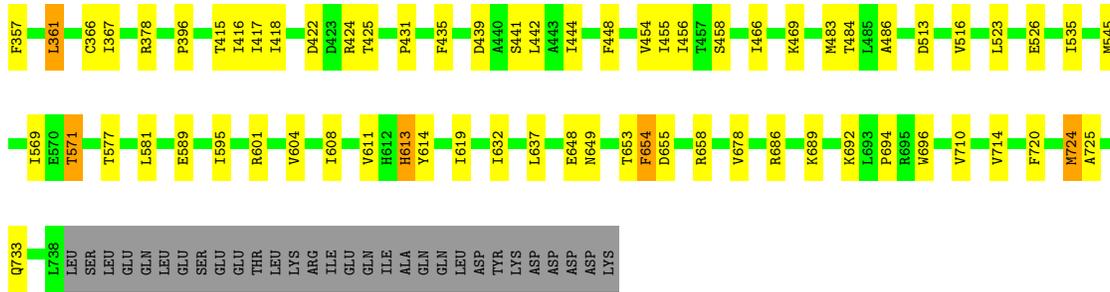
- Molecule 17 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (CCD ID: SF4) (formula: Fe₄S₄).



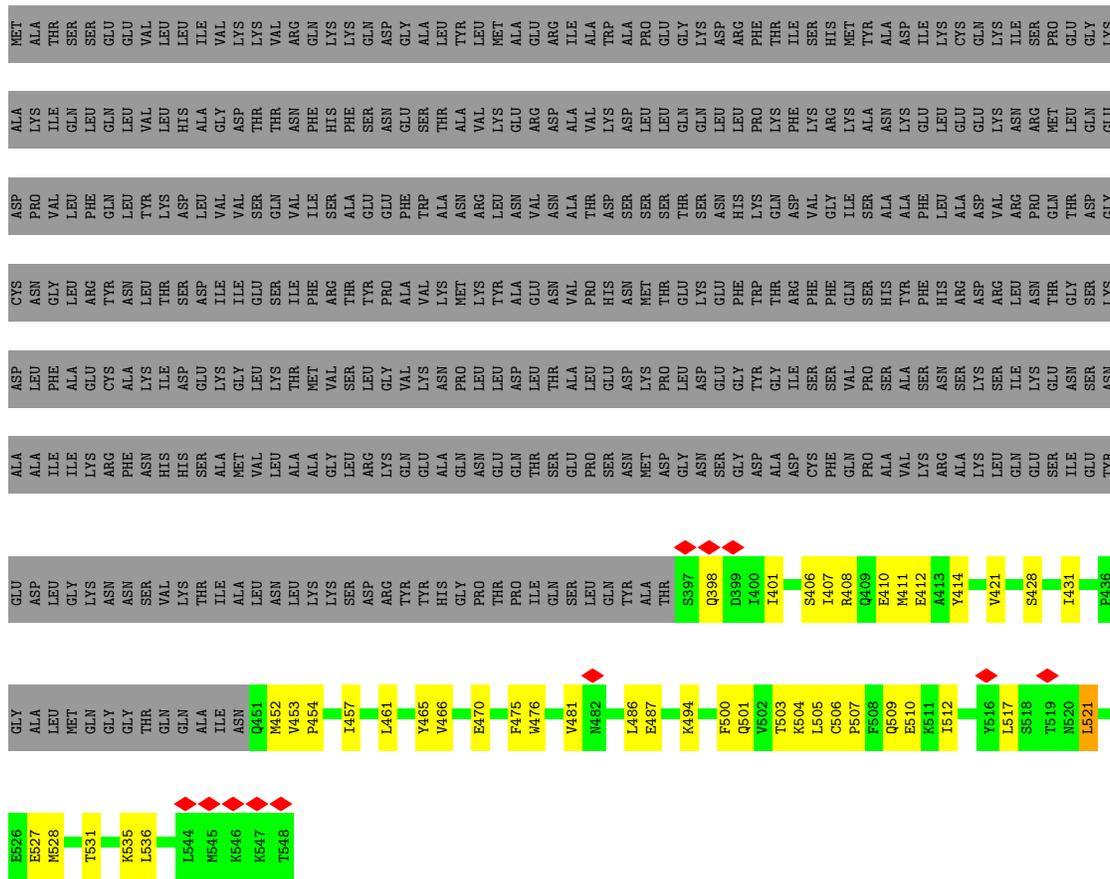
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
17	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	

- Molecule 18 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

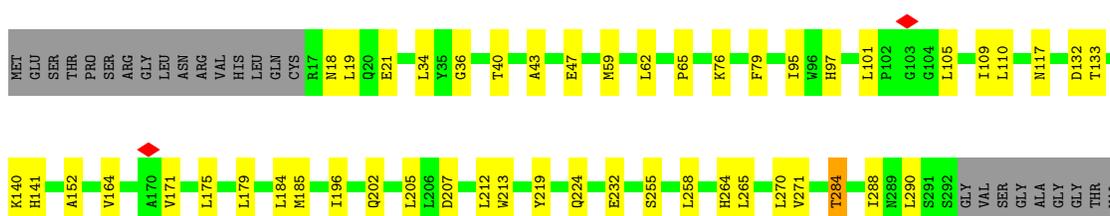
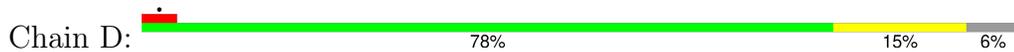
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
18	E	3	Total	Zn	0
			3	3	
18	F	2	Total	Zn	0
			2	2	
18	K	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
18	N	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	

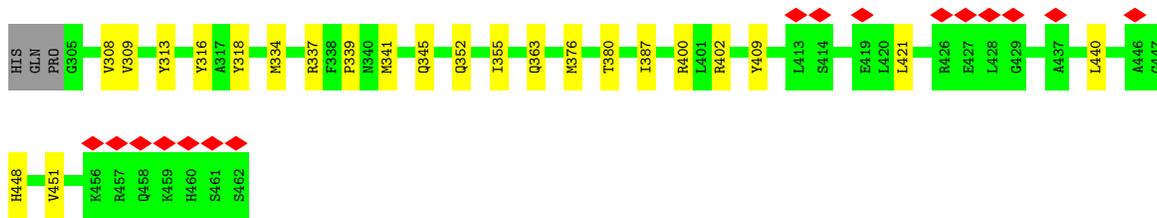


● Molecule 3: General transcription factor IIIH subunit 1

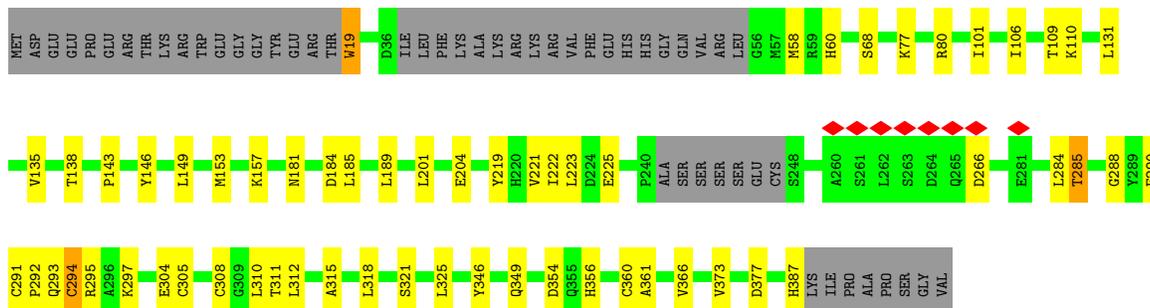


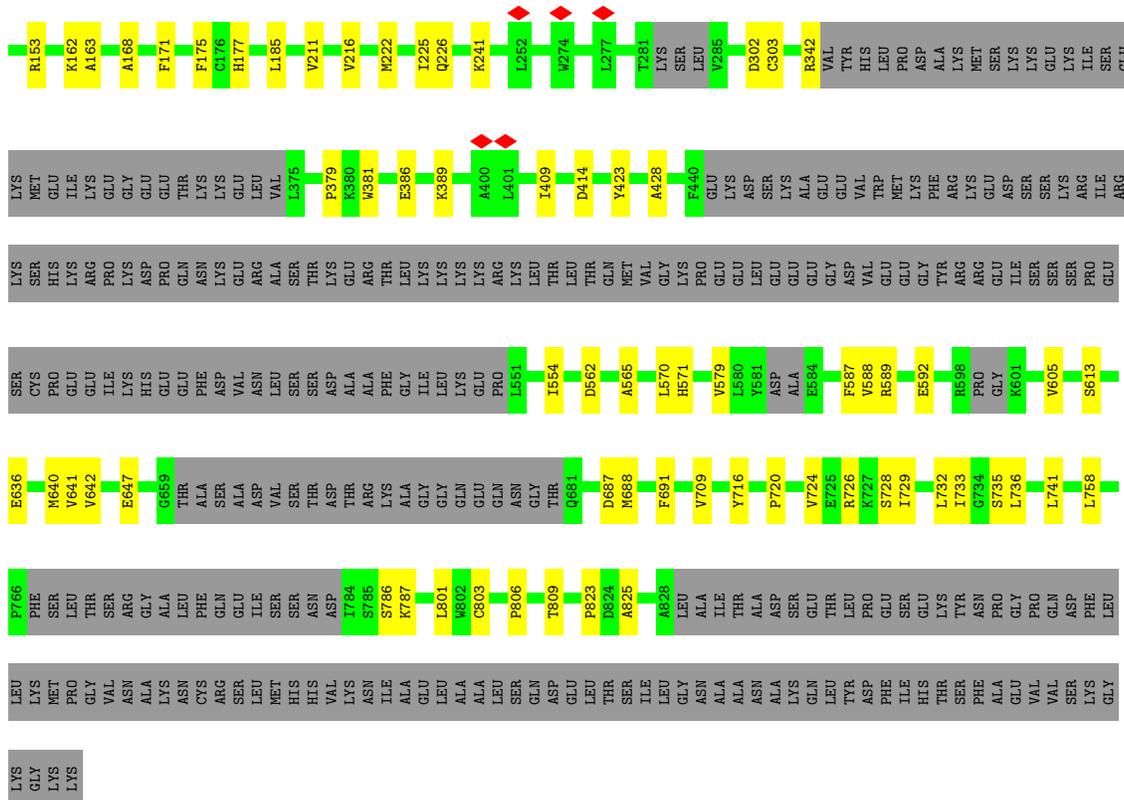
● Molecule 4: General transcription factor IIIH subunit 4, p52



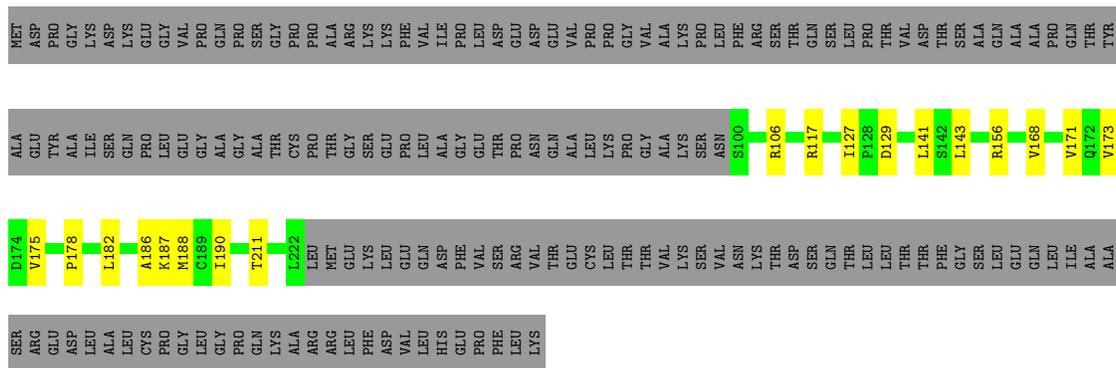
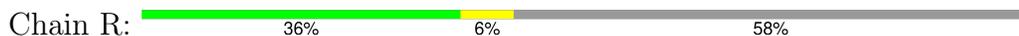


• Molecule 5: General transcription factor IIIH subunit 2

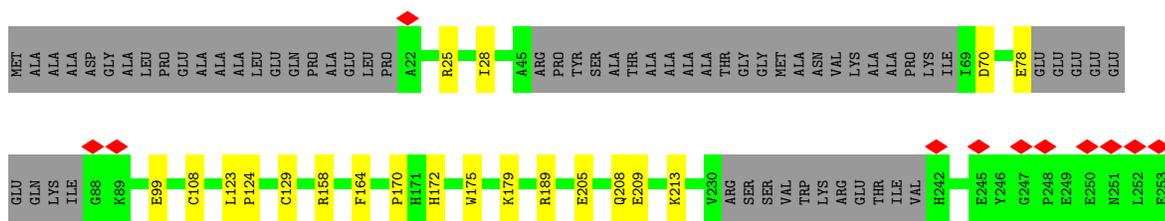


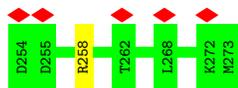


• Molecule 10: DNA excision repair protein ERCC-1

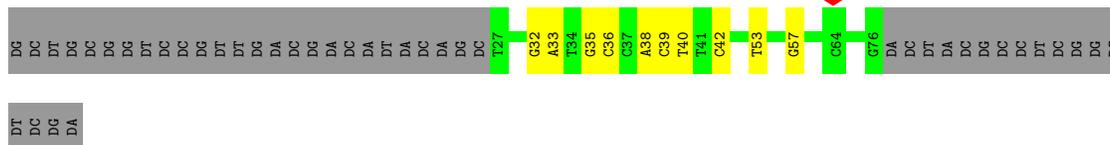


• Molecule 11: DNA repair protein complementing XP-A cells

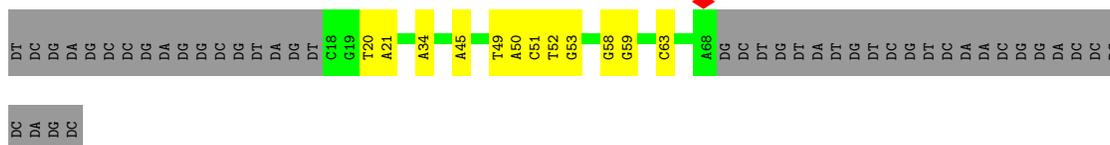




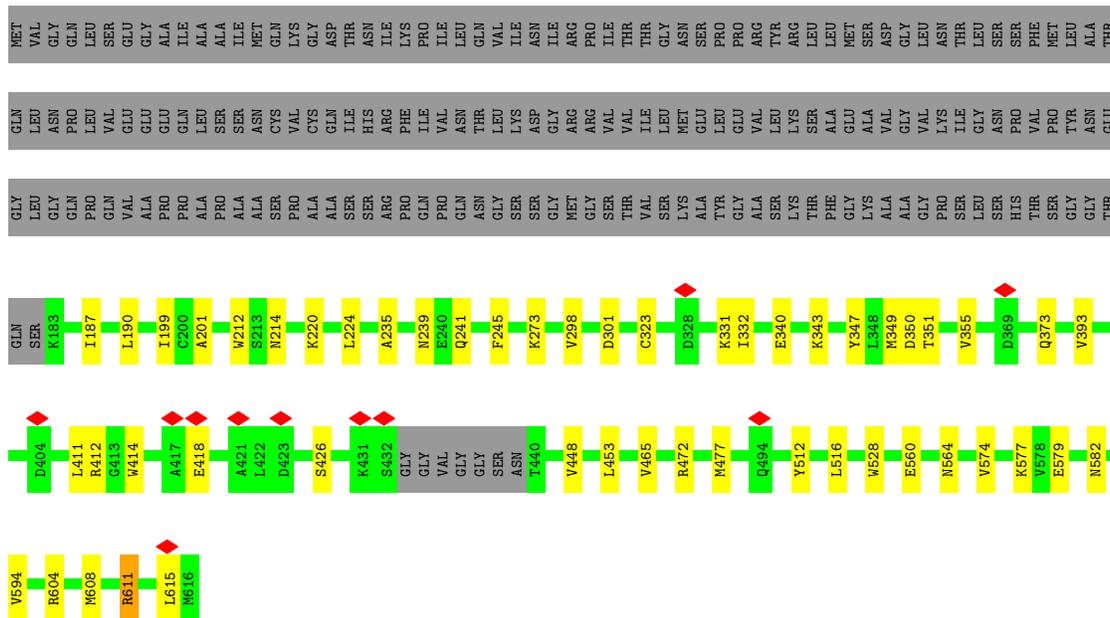
• Molecule 12: DNA (Cy5)



• Molecule 13: DNA



• Molecule 14: Replication protein A 70 kDa DNA-binding subunit

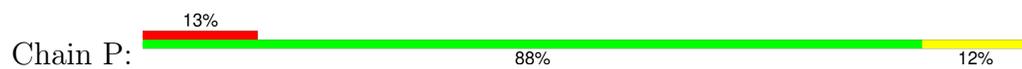


• Molecule 15: Replication protein A 32 kDa subunit





• Molecule 16: Replication protein A 14 kDa subunit



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	140332	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	52.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.052	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.009	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.006	Depositor
Map size (Å)	266.56, 266.56, 266.56	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.833, 0.833, 0.833	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, SF4, VM6

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.09	0/5051	0.25	0/6822
2	B	0.09	0/5868	0.25	0/7941
3	C	0.10	0/1152	0.26	0/1553
4	D	0.08	0/3564	0.19	0/4827
5	E	0.09	0/2745	0.25	0/3718
6	F	0.08	0/2036	0.21	0/2758
7	G	0.09	0/521	0.27	0/703
8	S	0.09	0/3913	0.23	0/5275
9	Q	0.08	0/5097	0.21	0/6916
10	R	0.08	0/1007	0.21	0/1370
11	K	0.08	0/1752	0.22	0/2335
12	L	0.16	0/1109	0.35	0/1704
13	M	0.15	0/1185	0.33	0/1829
14	N	0.09	0/3483	0.24	0/4702
15	O	0.09	0/1564	0.24	0/2124
16	P	0.08	0/970	0.21	0/1310
All	All	0.09	0/41017	0.24	0/55887

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4947	0	4993	79	0
2	B	5745	0	5787	66	0
3	C	1130	0	1147	29	0
4	D	3483	0	3526	47	0
5	E	2686	0	2644	38	0
6	F	2001	0	2021	32	0
7	G	515	0	522	12	0
8	S	3829	0	3743	29	0
9	Q	5001	0	4971	52	0
10	R	983	0	993	10	0
11	K	1724	0	1716	13	0
12	L	1031	0	554	10	0
13	M	1055	0	577	8	0
14	N	3420	0	3354	28	0
15	O	1538	0	1536	16	0
16	P	950	0	952	8	0
17	B	8	0	0	0	0
18	E	3	0	0	0	0
18	F	2	0	0	0	0
18	K	1	0	0	0	0
18	N	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	40053	0	39036	437	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 437 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:E:294:CYS:SG	5:E:305:CYS:HB2	2.19	0.82
5:E:291:CYS:HB3	5:E:312:LEU:HD21	1.63	0.81
5:E:285:THR:HG23	5:E:297:LYS:HD2	1.64	0.79
10:R:141:LEU:HB3	10:R:171:VAL:HG12	1.66	0.78
15:O:104:VAL:HG12	15:O:141:LEU:HB3	1.66	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	609/782 (78%)	577 (95%)	32 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	708/768 (92%)	691 (98%)	17 (2%)	0	100	100
3	C	134/548 (24%)	131 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
4	D	430/462 (93%)	426 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100
5	E	337/395 (85%)	325 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100	100
6	F	250/308 (81%)	246 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
7	G	63/71 (89%)	56 (89%)	7 (11%)	0	100	100
8	S	456/1186 (38%)	445 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100
9	Q	616/916 (67%)	603 (98%)	13 (2%)	0	100	100
10	R	121/295 (41%)	117 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
11	K	201/273 (74%)	192 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
14	N	423/616 (69%)	409 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
15	O	193/270 (72%)	189 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
16	P	119/121 (98%)	118 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	4660/7011 (66%)	4525 (97%)	135 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	542/688 (79%)	529 (98%)	13 (2%)	44	66
2	B	623/672 (93%)	604 (97%)	19 (3%)	36	61
3	C	131/484 (27%)	126 (96%)	5 (4%)	28	54
4	D	377/399 (94%)	374 (99%)	3 (1%)	79	87
5	E	307/352 (87%)	296 (96%)	11 (4%)	30	56
6	F	227/272 (84%)	225 (99%)	2 (1%)	75	86
7	G	58/64 (91%)	57 (98%)	1 (2%)	56	74
8	S	418/1050 (40%)	415 (99%)	3 (1%)	81	88
9	Q	535/816 (66%)	529 (99%)	6 (1%)	70	81
10	R	107/252 (42%)	104 (97%)	3 (3%)	38	62
11	K	188/233 (81%)	188 (100%)	0	100	100
14	N	379/530 (72%)	373 (98%)	6 (2%)	58	75
15	O	178/228 (78%)	176 (99%)	2 (1%)	70	81
16	P	106/106 (100%)	104 (98%)	2 (2%)	52	71
All	All	4176/6146 (68%)	4100 (98%)	76 (2%)	54	73

5 of 76 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
9	Q	91	GLU
14	N	611	ARG
9	Q	175	PHE
10	R	173	VAL
16	P	96	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 58 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	G	54	GLN
15	O	211	GLN
8	S	802	GLN
15	O	209	GLN
14	N	241	GLN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 7 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
17	SF4	B	1000	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
17	SF4	B	1000	2	-	-	0/6/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

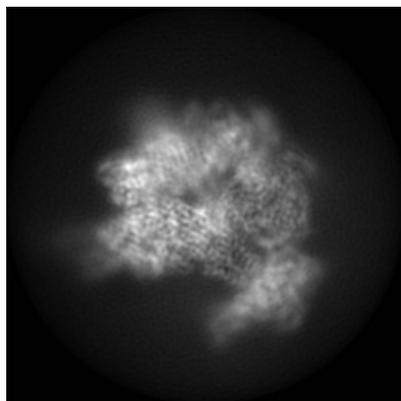
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-71525. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

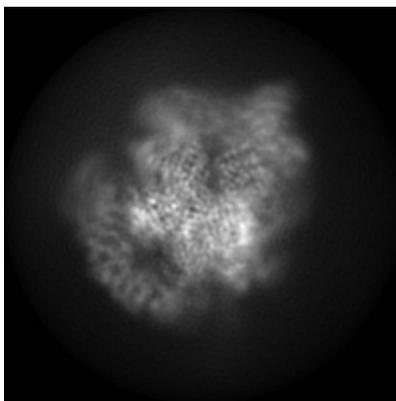
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

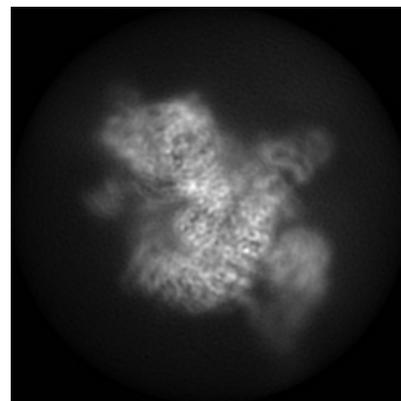
6.1.1 Primary map



X

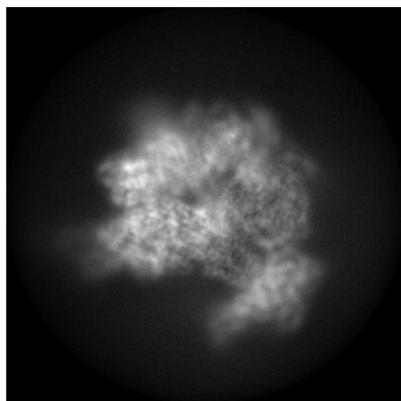


Y

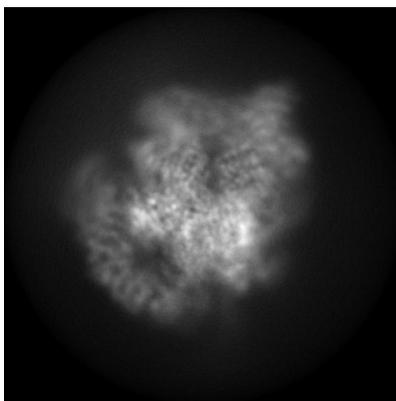


Z

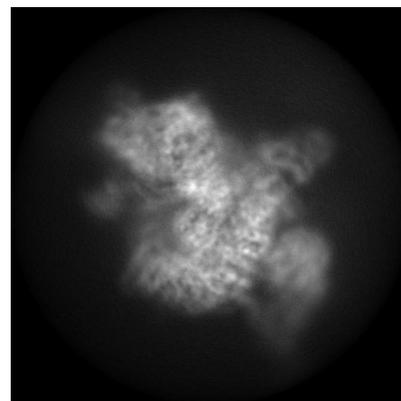
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

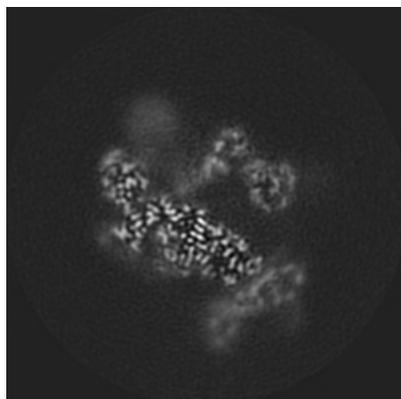


Z

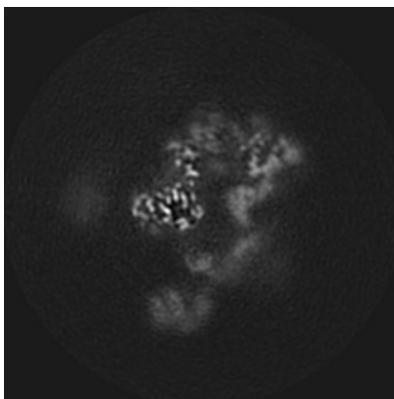
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

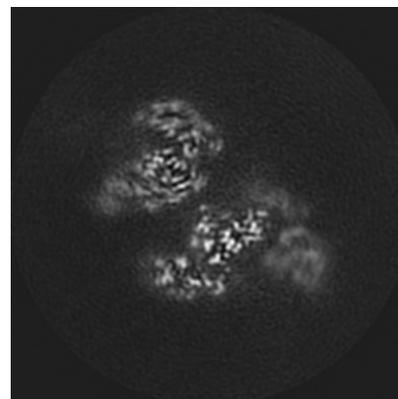
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

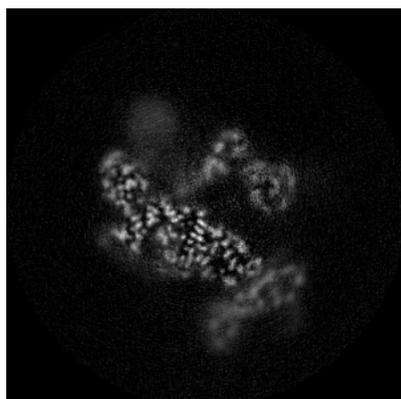


Y Index: 160

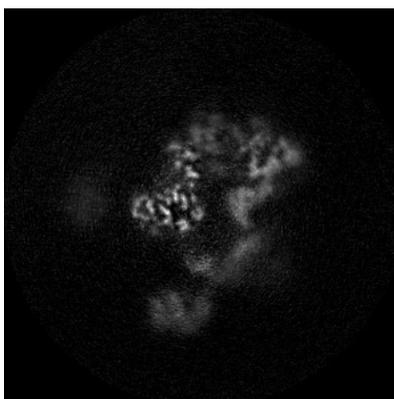


Z Index: 160

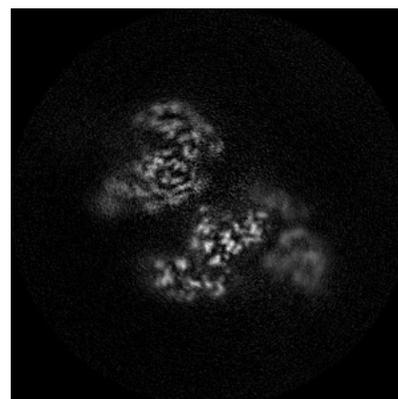
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

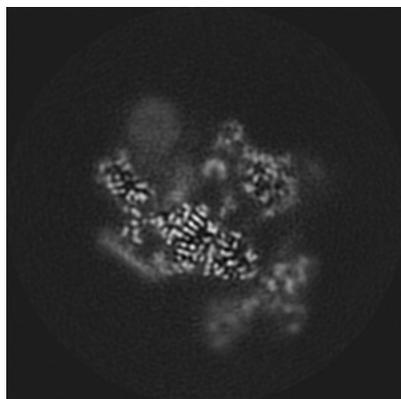


Z Index: 160

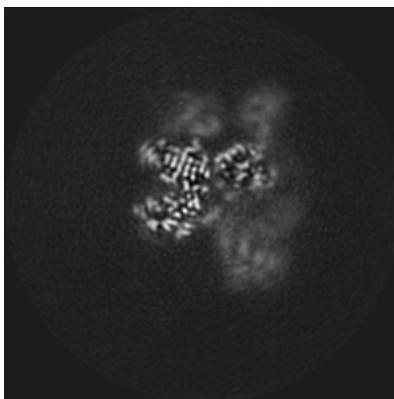
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

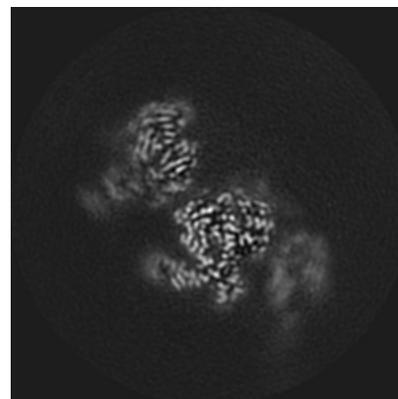
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 153

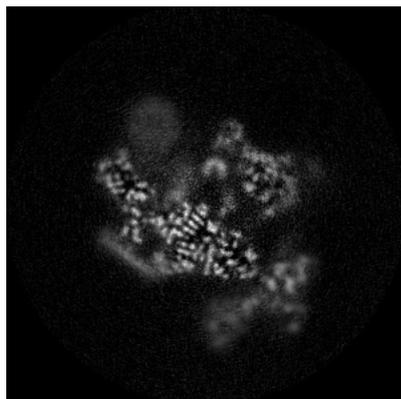


Y Index: 134

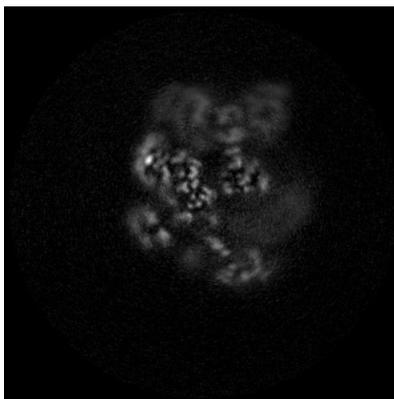


Z Index: 147

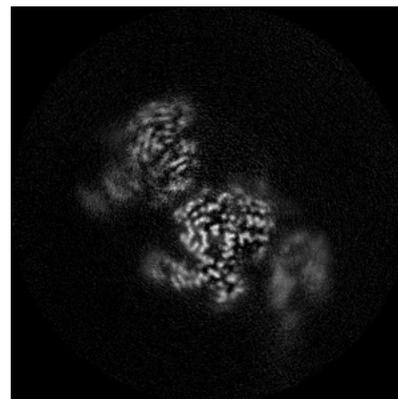
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 153



Y Index: 120

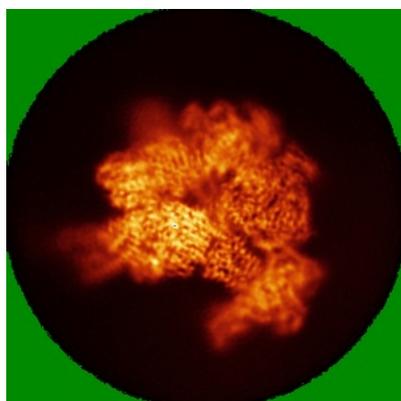


Z Index: 146

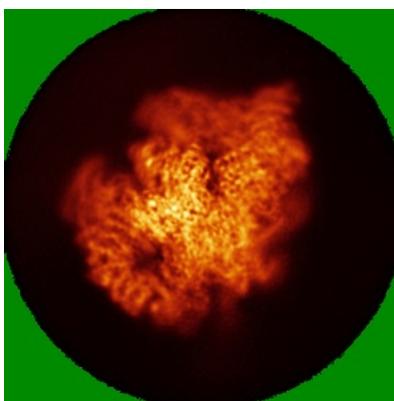
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

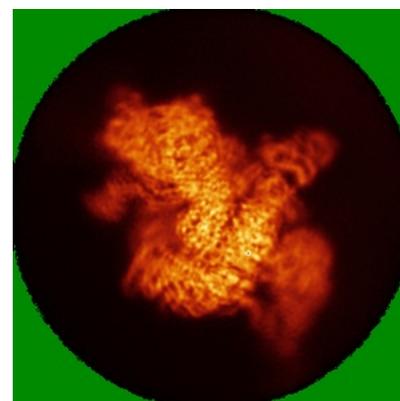
6.4.1 Primary map



X

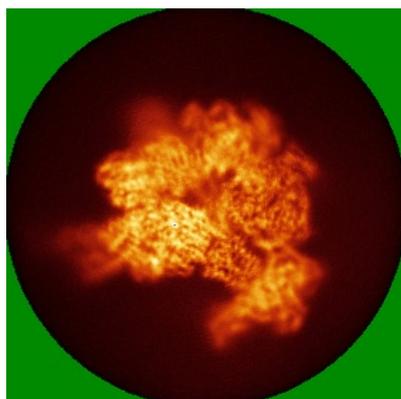


Y

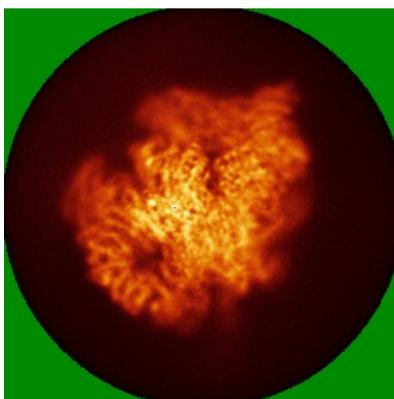


Z

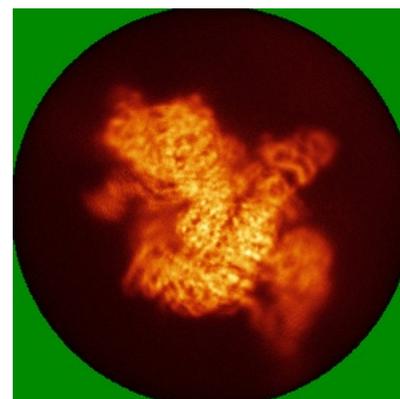
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

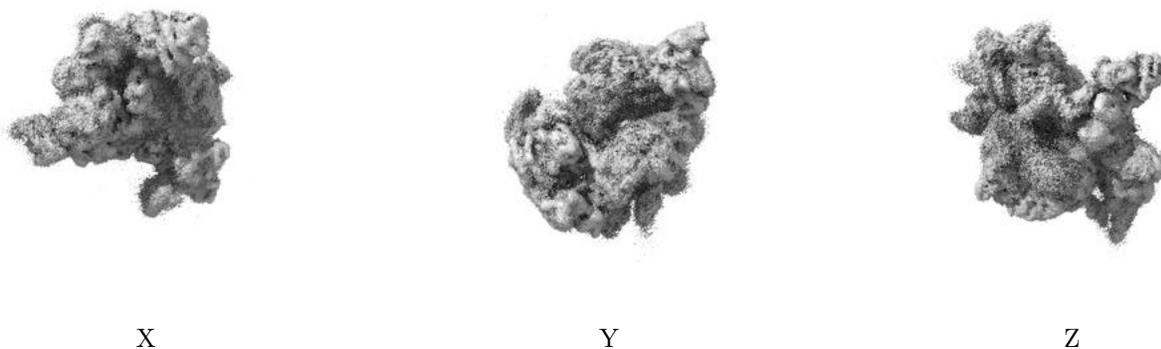
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.006. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

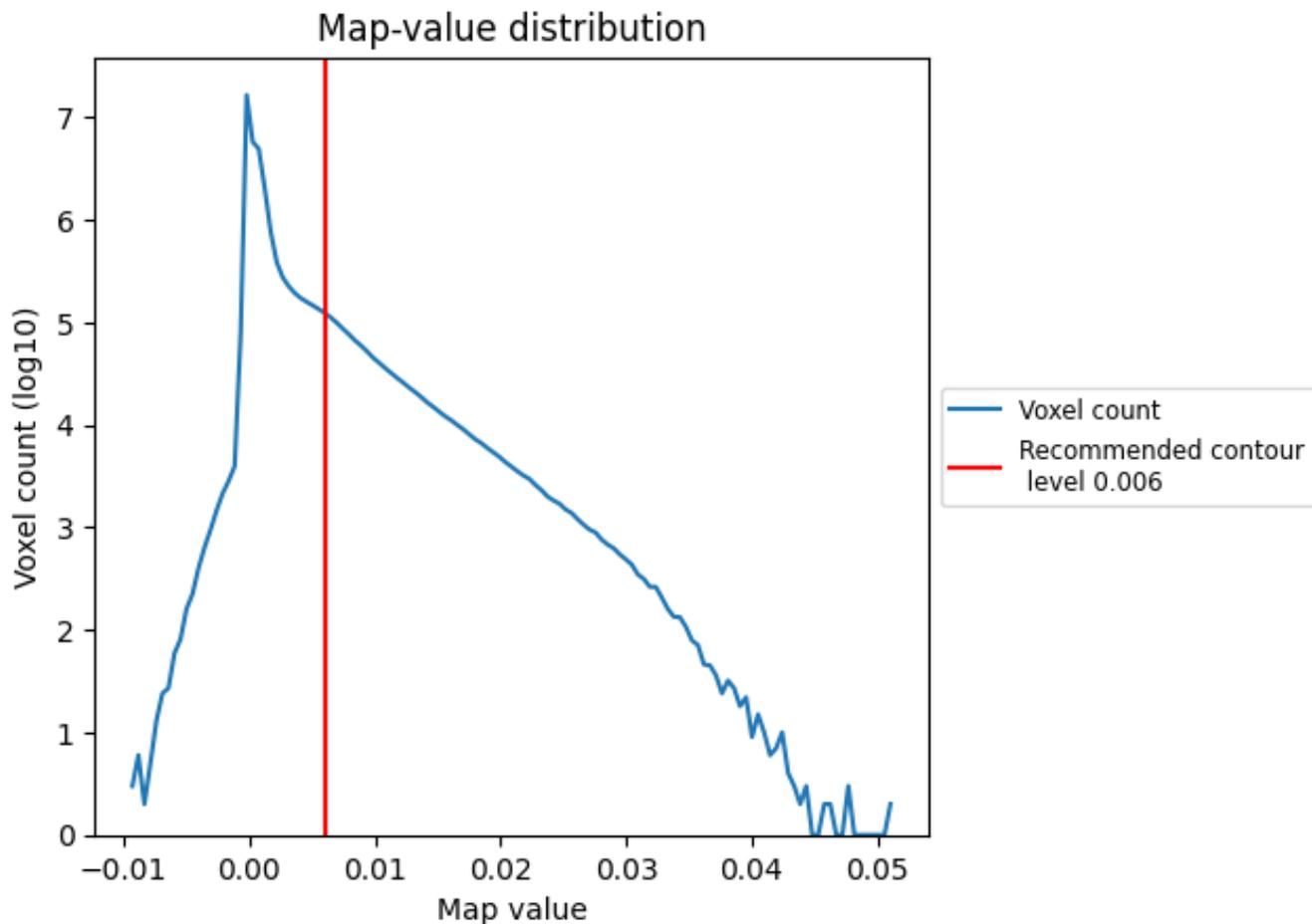
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

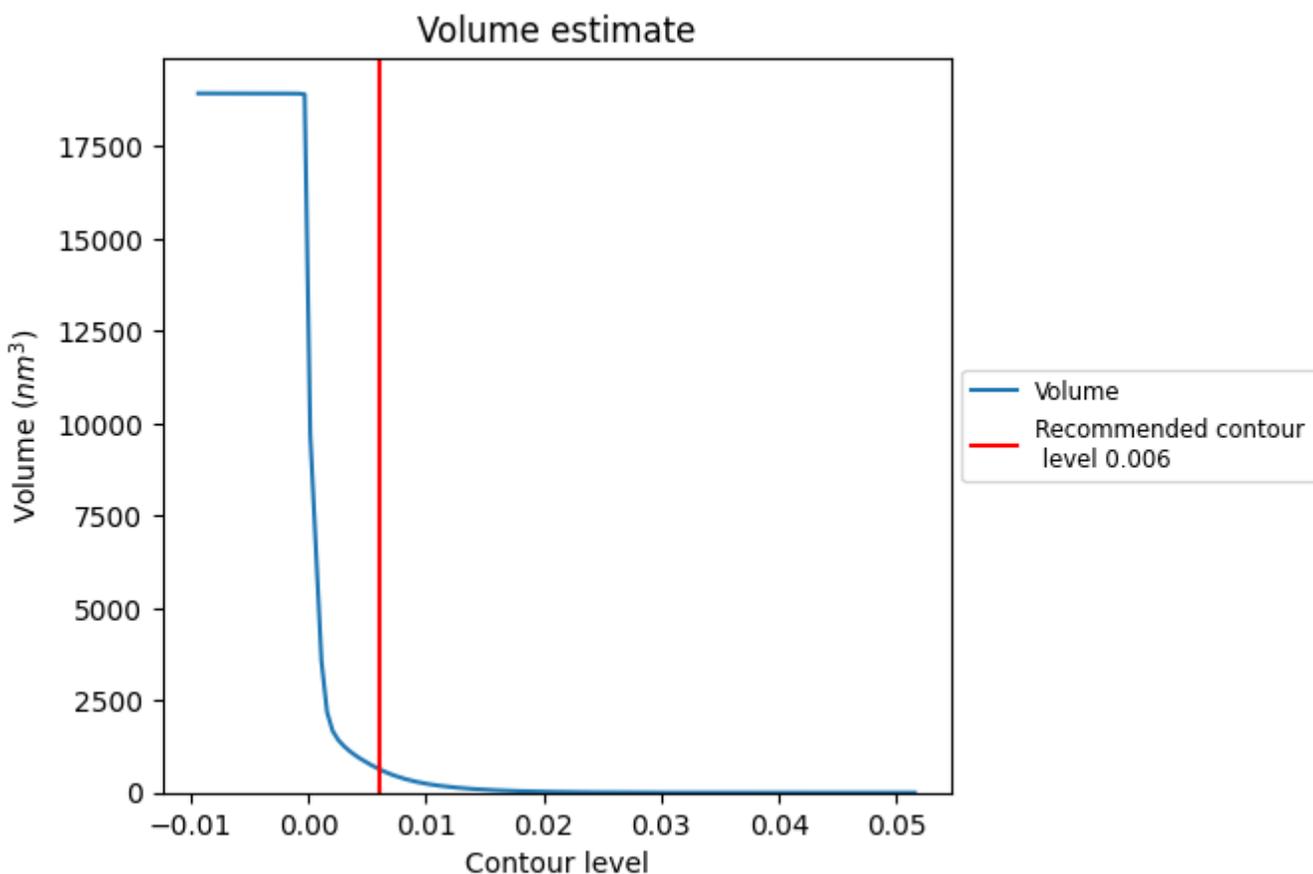
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

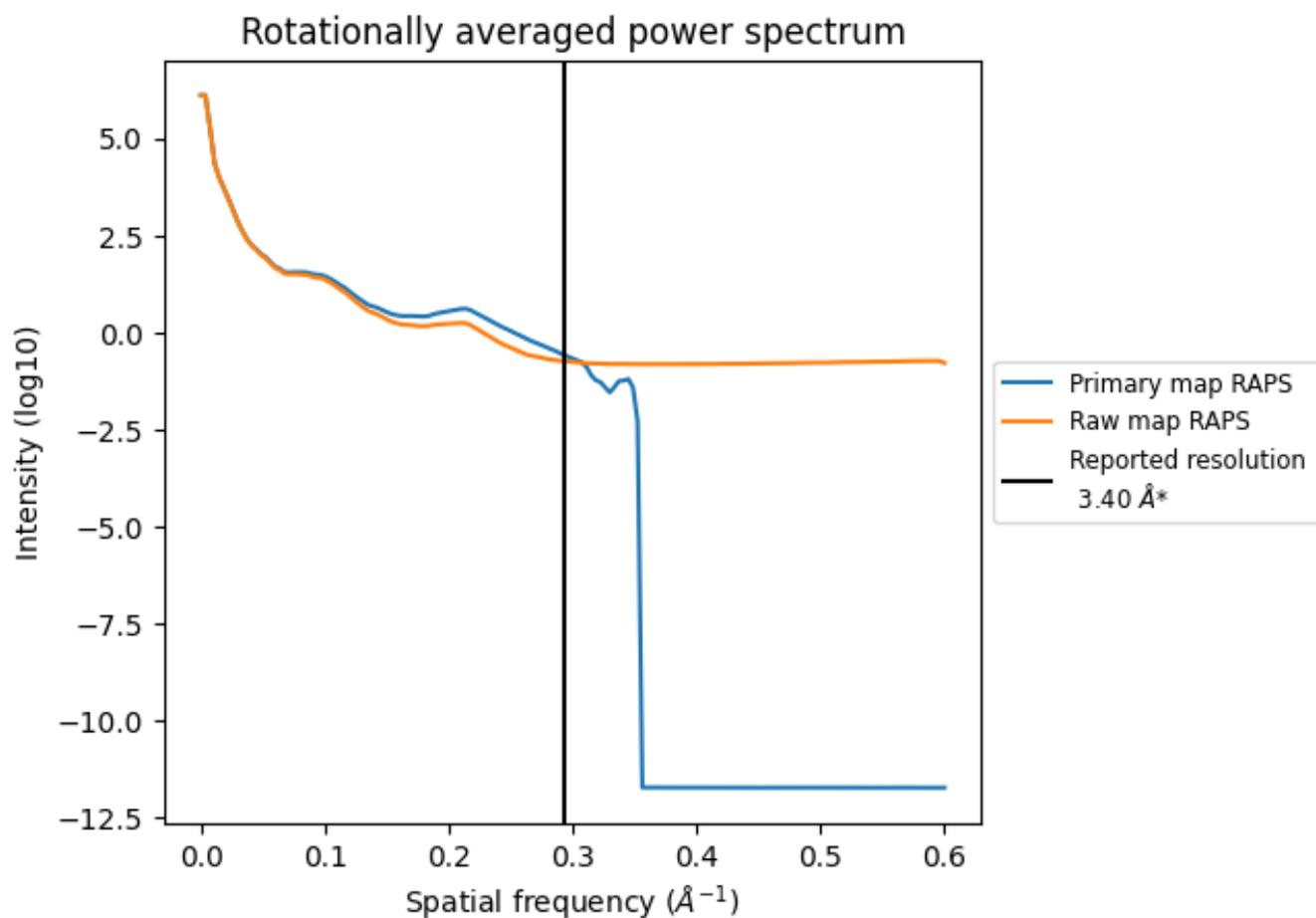
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 642 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 580 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

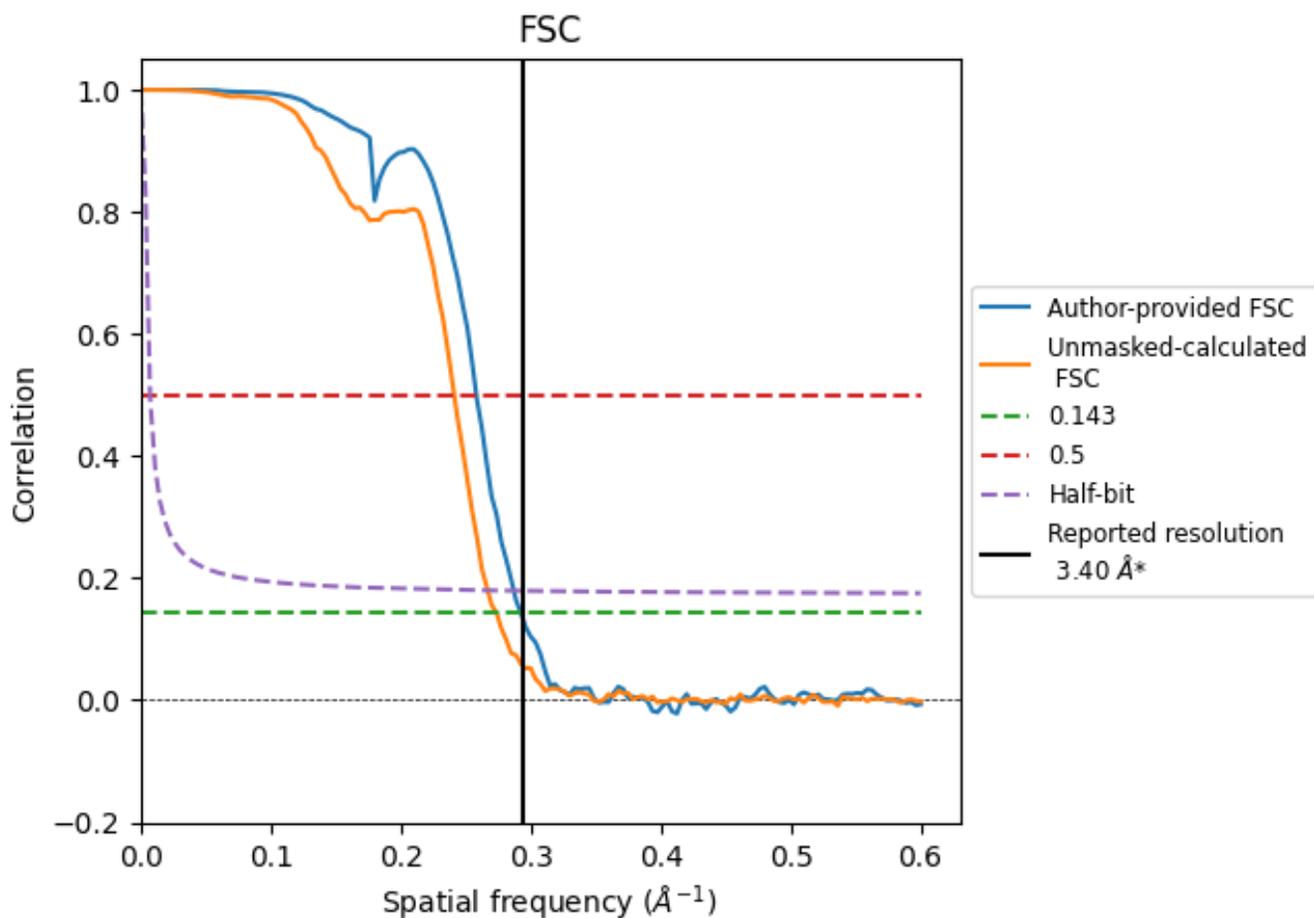


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294\AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

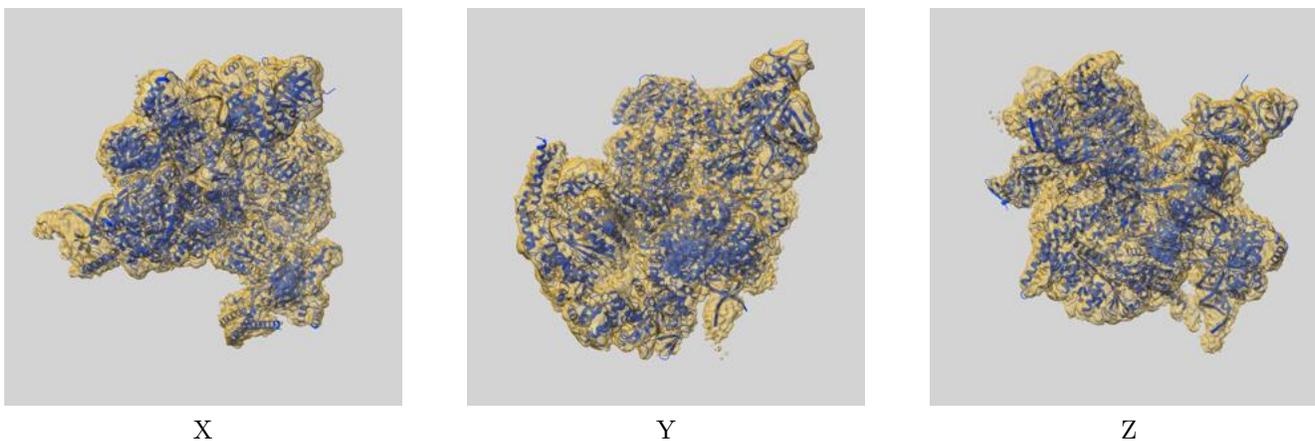
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.40	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.42	3.87	3.48
Unmasked-calculated*	3.65	4.14	3.75

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

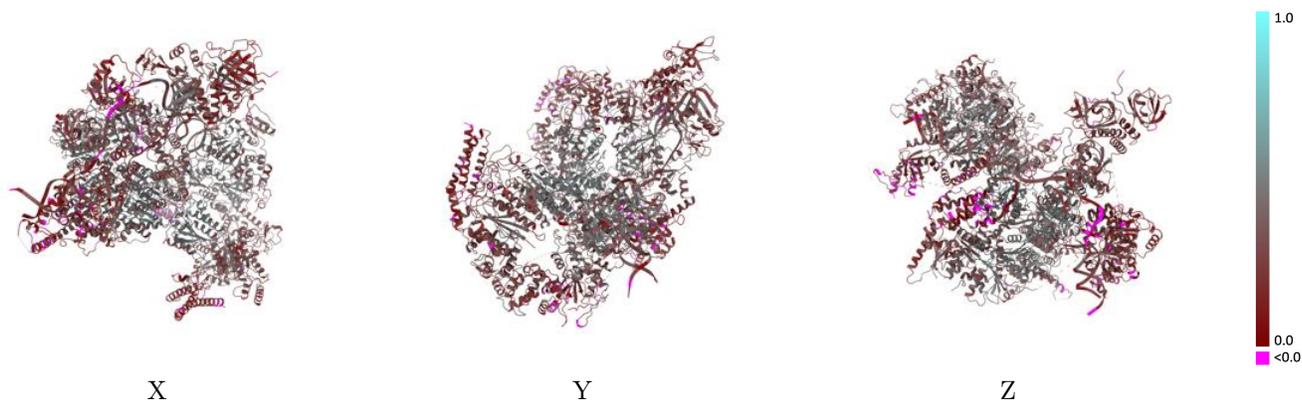
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-71525 and PDB model 9PD4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



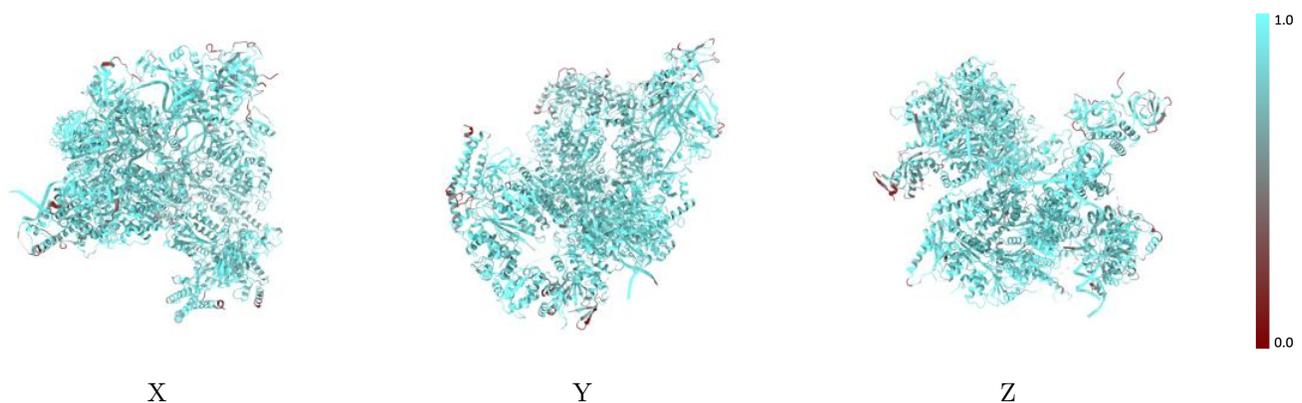
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.006 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



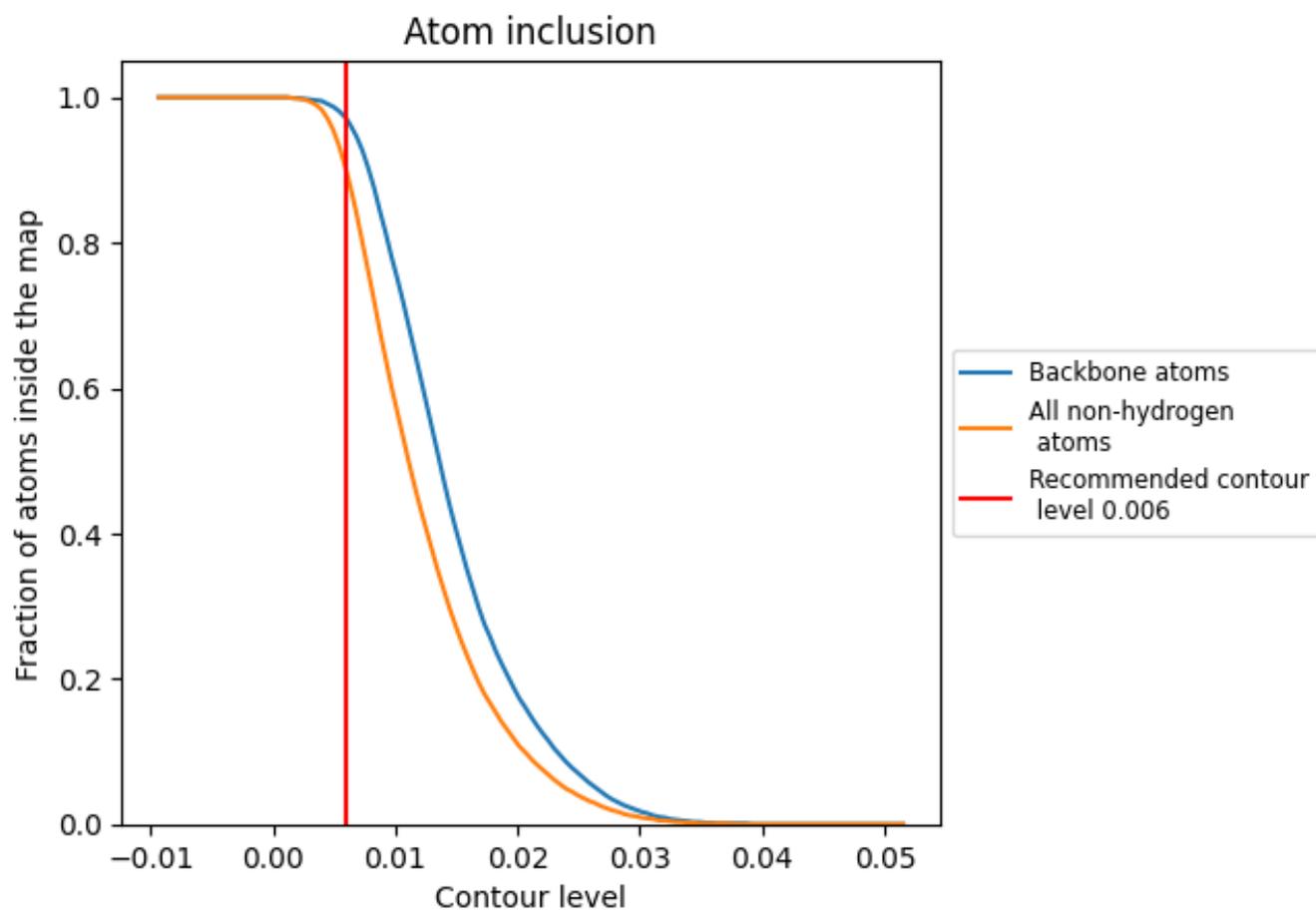
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.006).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 97% of all backbone atoms, 90% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.006) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8990	 0.3220
A	 0.9130	 0.3860
B	 0.9590	 0.4230
C	 0.8030	 0.1800
D	 0.8700	 0.2890
E	 0.8960	 0.3550
F	 0.9120	 0.3060
G	 0.8670	 0.3000
K	 0.8420	 0.2670
L	 0.9480	 0.2710
M	 0.9220	 0.2650
N	 0.9020	 0.2630
O	 0.8470	 0.2980
P	 0.7410	 0.2240
Q	 0.9450	 0.3420
R	 0.9710	 0.4420
S	 0.8320	 0.2270

