

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 21, 2023 – 01:45 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2P8Q

Title : Crystal Structure of human Importin beta bound to the Snurportin1 IBB-

domain

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Deposited on : 2007-03-22

Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

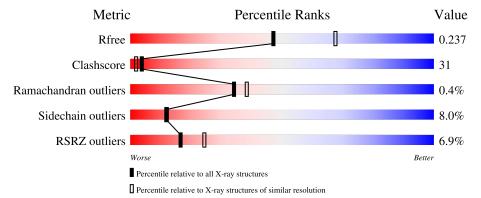
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	1164 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	141614	1232 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1211 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1212 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1150 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	876	7%	60%		33%	5% •
2	В	40	15%		50	1%	5% 5% •



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7471 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Importin beta-1 subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	873	Total 6782	C 4273	N 1136	O 1326	S 47	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Snurportin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	В	39	Total 344	C 210	N 73	O 61	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

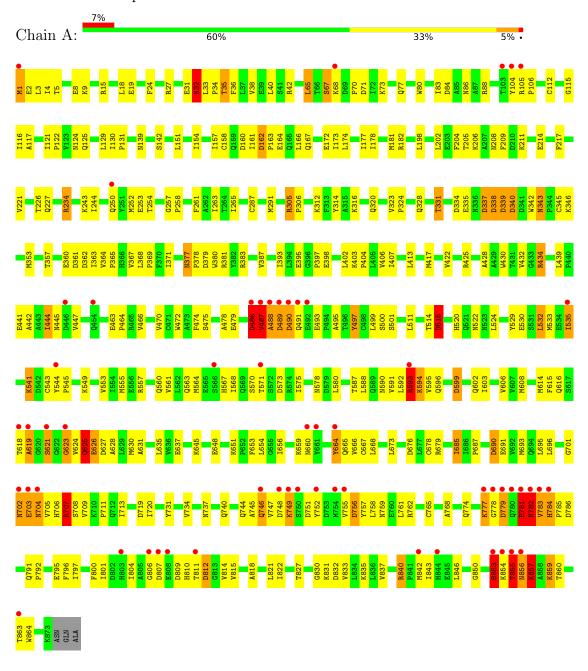
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	332	Total O 332 332	0	0
3	В	13	Total O 13 13	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

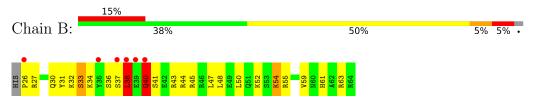
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Importin beta-1 subunit





• Molecule 2: Snurportin-1





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	64.75Å 97.89Å 84.29Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.86° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 - 2.35	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.04 - 2.31	EDS
% Data completeness	98.7 (40.00-2.35)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.2 (39.04-2.31)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.42 (at 2.31Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D	0.227 , 0.250	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.236 , 0.237	DCC
R_{free} test set	4338 reflections (10.02%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	33.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.390	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , 45.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	7471	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.22% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.32	0/6893	0.56	$18/9360 \ (0.2\%)$	
2	В	0.25	0/348	0.42	0/458	
All	All	0.32	0/7241	0.56	18/9818 (0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	24
2	В	0	2
All	All	0	26

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	515	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.28	123.05	118.30
1	A	338	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.28	123.05	118.30
1	A	361	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.27	123.04	118.30
1	A	334	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.27	123.04	118.30
1	A	690	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.25	123.03	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 26 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	487	VAL	Peptide
1	A	488	ALA	Peptide
1	A	489	ASP	Peptide
1	A	490	ASP	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	593	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6782	0	6781	417	0
2	В	344	0	359	41	0
3	A	332	0	0	56	0
3	В	13	0	0	4	0
All	All	7471	0	7140	441	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 31.

The worst 5 of 441 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:702:ASN:CB	1:A:703:GLU:HG3	1.47	1.41
1:A:702:ASN:HB3	1:A:703:GLU:CG	1.48	1.40
2:B:37:SER:C	2:B:38:LEU:HD13	1.48	1.31
1:A:316:LYS:HD2	3:A:1193:HOH:O	1.40	1.21
1:A:702:ASN:O	1:A:705:VAL:HG23	1.37	1.19

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	871/876 (99%)	809 (93%)	58 (7%)	4 (0%)	29	32
2	В	37/40 (92%)	31 (84%)	6 (16%)	0	100	100
All	All	908/916 (99%)	840 (92%)	64 (7%)	4 (0%)	34	38

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	664	TYR
1	A	32	ASN
1	A	444	ILE
1	A	687	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	749/751 (100%)	691 (92%)	58 (8%)	13 12
2	В	38/39 (97%)	33 (87%)	5 (13%)	4 4
All	All	787/790 (100%)	724 (92%)	63 (8%)	12 12

5 of 63 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	541	LYS
1	A	856	ASN
1	A	599	ASP
1	A	855	THR
2	В	38	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 26 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	\mathbf{Type}
1	A	408	GLN
1	A	581	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	780	GLN
1	A	578	ASN
1	A	590	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	873/876 (99%)	0.39	57 (6%) 18 27	16, 42, 88, 160	0
2	В	39/40 (97%)	0.90	6 (15%) 2 3	34, 62, 104, 128	0
All	All	912/916 (99%)	0.42	63 (6%) 16 24	16, 42, 91, 160	0

The worst 5 of 63 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	780	GLN	20.8
1	A	783	VAL	11.8
1	A	488	ALA	9.8
1	A	487	VAL	9.4
1	A	490	ASP	9.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

