Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 9, 2025 – 10:07 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	9ORS / pdb_00009ors
Title	:	MicroED structure of CTX-M-14 beta-lactamase co-crystallized with avibactam
Authors	:	Vlahakis, N.W.; Rodriguez, J.A.; Jacobs, L.M.C.; Chen, Y.
Deposited on	:	2025-05-22
Resolution	:	2.00 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	1YLT

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

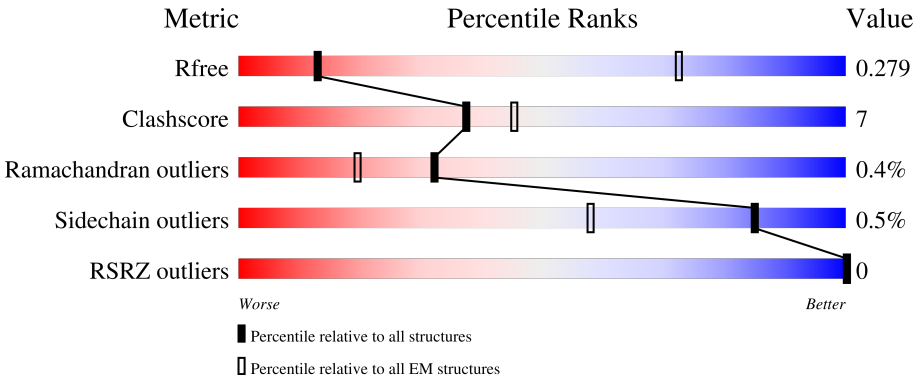
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.006 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.43.1

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
R_{free}	164678	53
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415
RSRZ outliers	164674	54

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	263	83% 16% .
1	B	263	81% 19%

2 Entry composition

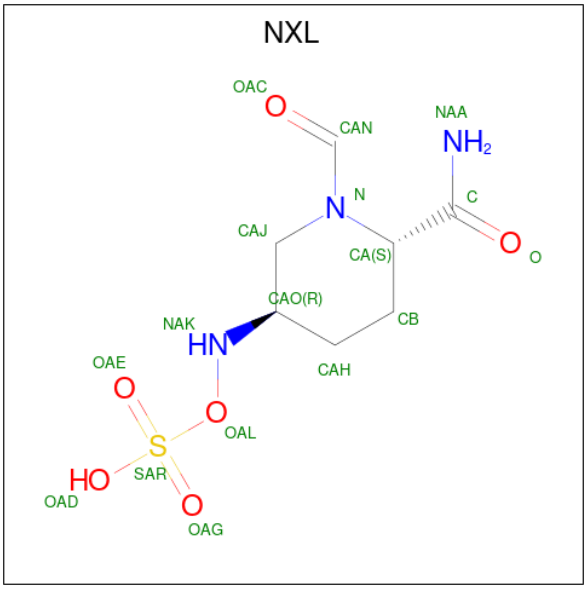
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3997 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-lactamase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	261	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1949	1208	351	384	6		
1	B	263	Total	C	N	O	S	2	0
			1982	1226	358	392	6		

- Molecule 2 is (2S,5R)-1-formyl-5-[(sulfooxy)amino]piperidine-2-carboxamide (CCD ID: NXL) (formula: $C_7H_{13}N_3O_6S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			17	7	3	6	1	
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0
			17	7	3	6	1	

- Molecule 3 is water.

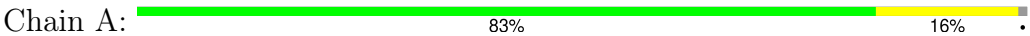
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	A	16	Total O 16 16	0
3	B	16	Total O 16 16	0

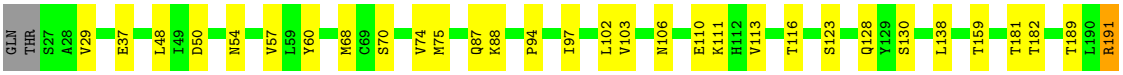
3 Residue-property plots (i)

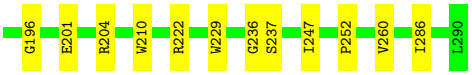
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase

Chain A:

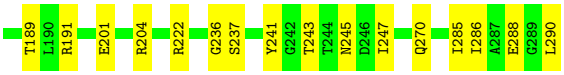






• Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase

Chain B:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	44.80Å 105.78Å 47.68Å 90.00° 100.96° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.81 – 2.00 46.81 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	83.8 (46.81-2.00) 83.8 (46.81-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.06 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.203 , 0.256 0.235 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2469 reflections (10.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	18.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.855	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.33 , 26.2	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.47$, $< L^2 > = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3997	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.95% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NXL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.24	0/1978	0.59	1/2691 (0.0%)
1	B	0.25	0/2011	0.58	0/2736
All	All	0.25	0/3989	0.58	1/5427 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	87	GLN	N-CA-C	-8.89	93.77	108.34

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1949	0	1964	25	0
1	B	1982	0	1991	32	0
2	A	17	0	11	2	0
2	B	17	0	11	0	0
3	A	16	0	0	0	0
3	B	16	0	0	0	0
All	All	3997	0	3977	58	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (58) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:75:MET:HE1	1:A:189:THR:HG21	1.60	0.82
1:A:106:ASN:O	1:A:110:GLU:HG2	1.84	0.77
1:A:128:GLN:HE21	1:A:210:TRP:HA	1.51	0.76
1:B:164:ARG:HD3	1:B:178:ARG:HH21	1.54	0.71
1:A:110:GLU:HG3	1:A:111:LYS:HE2	1.71	0.71
1:B:186:MET:HA	1:B:186:MET:HE2	1.76	0.67
1:B:201:GLU:H	1:B:201:GLU:CD	2.07	0.62
1:B:103:VAL:HB	1:B:167:PRO:HG3	1.84	0.60
1:B:48:LEU:HD21	1:B:290:LEU:HD21	1.83	0.59
1:A:88:LYS:N	1:A:88:LYS:HD3	2.17	0.58
1:B:204:ARG:HG2	1:B:204:ARG:HH11	1.70	0.57
1:B:241:TYR:CE1	1:B:270:GLN:HG3	2.40	0.56
1:B:87:GLN:HB2	1:B:90:LEU:HB2	1.88	0.55
1:B:176:ASP:OD1	1:B:178:ARG:HD3	2.08	0.54
1:A:201:GLU:HG2	1:A:204:ARG:HH21	1.73	0.53
1:A:48:LEU:HD22	1:A:286:ILE:HG23	1.89	0.53
1:B:75:MET:HE1	1:B:189:THR:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:B:159:THR:HG21	1:B:182:THR:HG23	1.92	0.52
1:A:50:ASP:O	1:A:54:ASN:N	2.43	0.51
1:A:68:MET:HG2	1:A:181:THR:HG22	1.93	0.51
1:A:75:MET:HE1	1:A:189:THR:CG2	2.38	0.51
1:B:139:ILE:CG2	1:B:145:PRO:HD3	2.41	0.51
1:B:68:MET:HG2	1:B:181:THR:HG22	1.93	0.50
1:A:102:LEU:HD11	1:A:113:VAL:HG11	1.94	0.49
1:B:29:VAL:HG13	1:B:285:ILE:HG22	1.94	0.49
1:A:70:SER:HB2	1:A:236:GLY:HA2	1.94	0.49
1:B:54:ASN:OD1	1:B:191:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.49
2:A:301:NXL:H7	2:A:301:NXL:OAL	2.12	0.49
1:A:37:GLU:OE1	1:A:60:TYR:OH	2.30	0.49
1:A:229:TRP:CG	1:A:252:PRO:HA	2.48	0.49
1:B:48:LEU:HD22	1:B:286:ILE:HG23	1.95	0.49
1:A:191:ARG:HB2	1:A:260:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.48
1:B:108:ILE:O	1:B:111:LYS:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:B:53:ASP:N	1:B:53:ASP:OD1	2.48	0.46
1:A:159:THR:HG21	1:A:182:THR:HG23	1.97	0.46
1:B:178:ARG:HB3	1:B:179:ASP:OD1	2.15	0.46
1:B:222:ARG:HH11	1:B:222:ARG:HG3	1.81	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:49:ILE:HG12	1:B:56[B]:GLN:HG2	1.98	0.45
1:A:130:SER:CB	2:A:301:NXL:H12	2.29	0.45
1:B:70:SER:HB2	1:B:236:GLY:HA2	1.98	0.45
1:B:74:VAL:HG21	1:B:247:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.45
1:A:97:ILE:HG22	1:A:113:VAL:HG12	1.98	0.44
1:B:288:GLU:HA	1:B:288:GLU:OE1	2.18	0.44
1:A:222:ARG:HE	1:A:222:ARG:HB2	1.60	0.43
1:B:67:PRO:O	1:B:245:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.43
1:A:196:GLY:O	1:A:204:ARG:HD3	2.19	0.43
1:B:237:SER:HA	1:B:243:THR:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:94:PRO:CB	1:A:116:THR:HG21	2.49	0.43
1:B:28:ALA:O	1:B:32:LYS:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:B:222:ARG:HG3	1:B:222:ARG:NH1	2.34	0.43
1:A:29:VAL:HG11	1:A:57:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.42
1:A:74:VAL:HG21	1:A:247:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.42
1:A:128:GLN:NE2	1:A:210:TRP:HA	2.28	0.41
1:B:135:MET:HB3	1:B:166:GLU:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:B:97:ILE:HG22	1:B:113:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.41
1:B:50:ASP:O	1:B:54:ASN:N	2.54	0.41
1:A:123:SER:HA	1:A:138:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.40
1:B:201:GLU:CD	1:B:201:GLU:N	2.77	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	259/263 (98%)	254 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	30	27
1	B	263/263 (100%)	257 (98%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	30	27
All	All	522/526 (99%)	511 (98%)	9 (2%)	2 (0%)	32	27

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	103	VAL
1	B	103	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	204/206 (99%)	202 (99%)	2 (1%)	73 78
1	B	208/206 (101%)	208 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	412/412 (100%)	410 (100%)	2 (0%)	85 90

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	191	ARG
1	A	237	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	GLN
1	A	128	GLN
1	A	206	GLN
1	A	267	GLN
1	B	141	GLN
1	B	170	ASN
1	B	188	GLN
1	B	206	GLN
1	B	270	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	NXL	A	301	1	14,17,17	0.45	0	16,24,24	1.95	3 (18%)
2	NXL	B	301	1	14,17,17	0.49	0	16,24,24	1.69	2 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NXL	A	301	1	-	3/5/25/25	0/1/1/1
2	NXL	B	301	1	-	2/5/25/25	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	301	NXL	CAO-CAJ-N	-5.29	102.95	110.11
2	A	301	NXL	CAH-CAO-CAJ	-4.57	103.77	109.71
2	A	301	NXL	CAO-CAJ-N	-4.33	104.25	110.11
2	A	301	NXL	CAH-CAO-NAK	3.22	116.61	110.08

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	301	NXL	CAH-CAO-NAK	2.19	114.53	110.08

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	301	NXL	OAC-CAN-N-CAJ
2	A	301	NXL	NAA-C-CA-CB
2	A	301	NXL	O-C-CA-CB
2	A	301	NXL	OAC-CAN-N-CAJ
2	B	301	NXL	O-C-CA-N

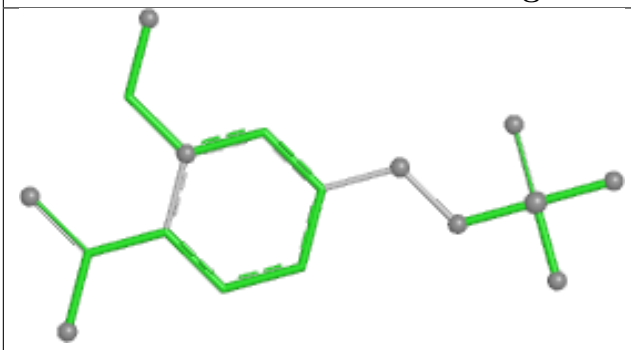
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

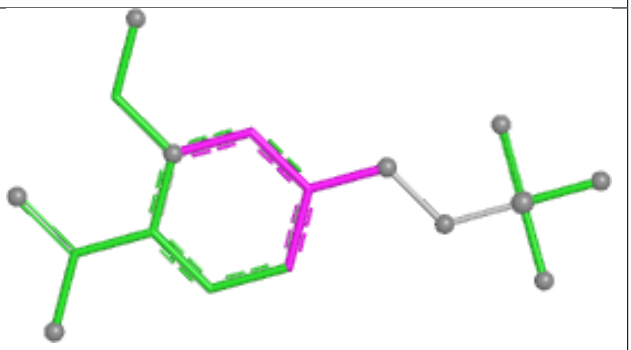
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	301	NXL	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

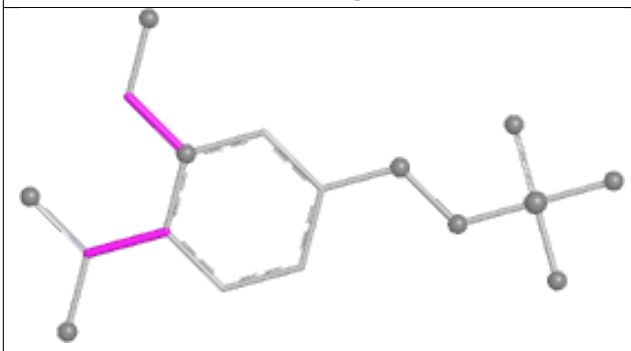
Ligand NXL A 301



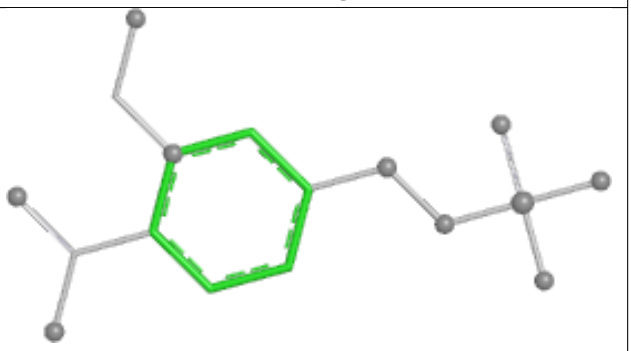
Bond lengths



Bond angles

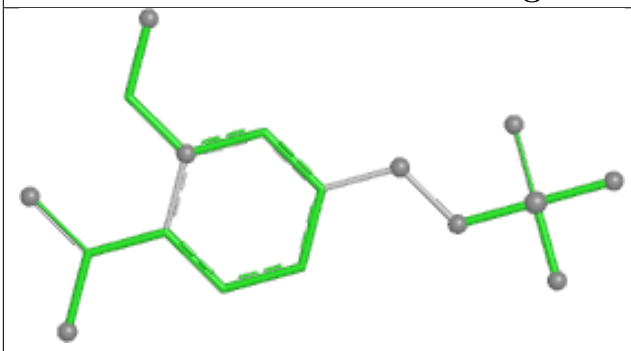


Torsions

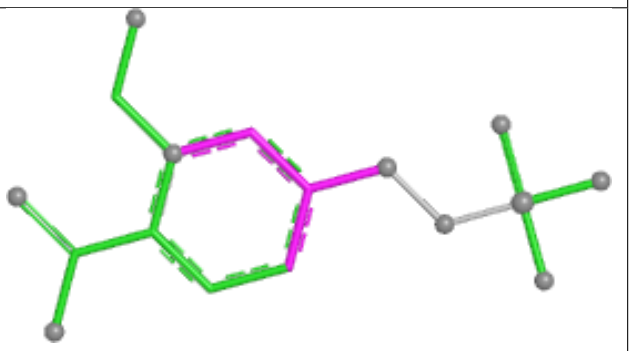


Rings

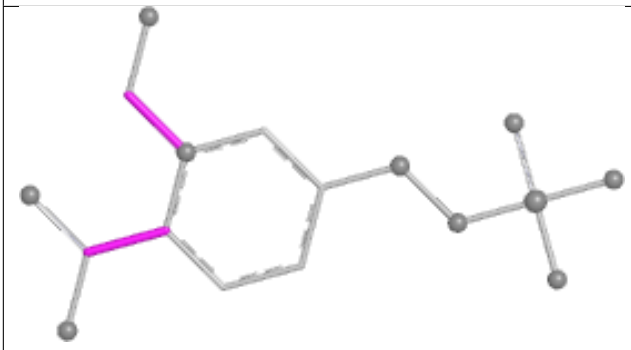
Ligand NXL B 301



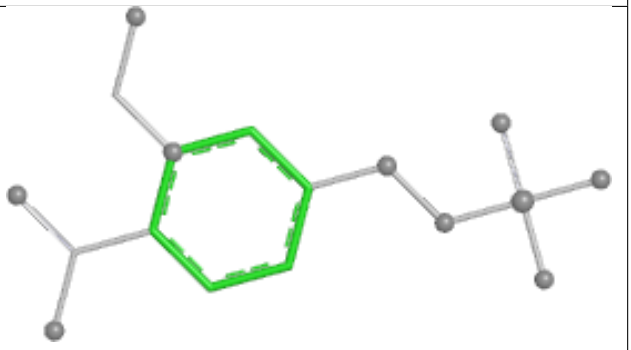
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.