

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 12, 2024 – 04:15 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6NHQ

Title: Crystal structure of the A/Hong Kong/1/1968 (H3N2) influenza virus hemag-

glutinin HA2 I45M mutant

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Deposited on : 2018-12-23

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$ 

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

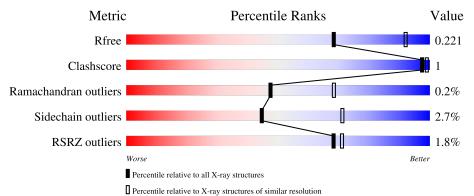
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$		
$R_{free}$	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)		
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	321	94%	5%
1	С	321	95%	
1	E	321	94%	
2	В	176	94%	
2	D	176	93%	



Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	[
2	F	176	93%	5% •
3	G	3	67%	33%
3	Н	3	33%	67%
4	I	2	100%	
4	K	2	100%	
5	J	4	75%	25%
6	L	4	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	MAN	J	4	-	-	-	X
6	MAN	L	4	-	-	-	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12165 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA1 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	321	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	1	0
1	A	321	2485	1557	439	476	13	0	1	0
1	С	317	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		317	2443	1531	429	470	13			
1	E	217	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		317	2443	1531	429	470	13	0	0	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q91MA7
A	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q91MA7
С	9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q91MA7
С	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q91MA7
Е	9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q91MA7
Е	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q91MA7

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA2 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	172	Total 1391		N 243	O 279	S 7	0	0	0
2	D	171	Total 1382	C 857		O 277	S 7	0	0	0
2	F	171	Total 1382	C 857		O 277	S 7	0	0	0

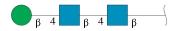
There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	in Residue Modelled		Actual Comment		Reference	
В	45	45 MET		engineered mutation	UNP Q91MA7	
В	123	GLY	ARG	conflict	UNP Q91MA7	



Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	45	MET	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q91MA7
D	123	GLY	ARG	conflict	UNP Q91MA7
F	45	MET	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q91MA7
F	123	GLY	ARG	conflict	UNP Q91MA7

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	G	3	Total C N O 39 22 2 15	0	0	0
3	Н	3	Total C N O 39 22 2 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	I	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
4	K	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

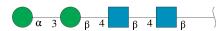
• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





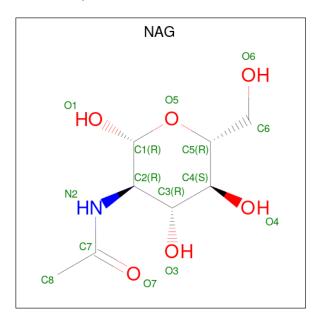
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	J	4	Total 50	C 28	N 2	O 20	0	0	0

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.} \\$ 



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	l A	<b>A</b> ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	L	4	Total 50	C 28	N 2	O 20	0	0	0

• Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	A	1	Total		N	O	0	0	
		_		8	1	5	Ŭ.		
7	$\mathbf{C}$	1	Total	С	N	O	0	0	
'		1	14	8	1	5			
7	С	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
'		1	14	8	1	5	U		
7	D	1	Total	С	N	O	0	0	
'	ש	1	14 8 1		1	5			



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	E	1	Total 14			O 5	0	0
7	Е	1	Total 14	C 8		O 5	0	0

#### • Molecule 8 is water.

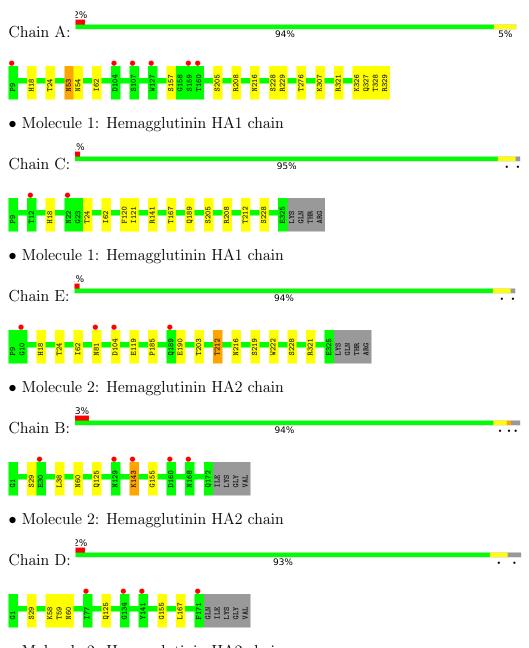
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	66	Total O 66 66	0	0
8	В	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
8	С	52	Total O 52 52	0	0
8	D	36	Total O 36 36	0	0
8	E	88	Total O 88 88	0	0
8	F	32	Total O 32 32	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin HA1 chain



• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin HA2 chain



Chain F:	93	%	5% •	
61 E30 G31 G31 D46 K58	4125 4126 4147 6156 6187 618 118 118 178 617			
	ta-D-mannopyranose-(1 -beta-D-glucopyranose	-4)-2-acetamido-2-c	leoxy-beta-D-gl	ucopyranose-(1-4)-2-ac
Chain G:	67%		33%	
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3				
	ta-D-mannopyranose-(1 -beta-D-glucopyranose	-4)-2-acetamido-2-c	leoxy-beta-D-gl	ucopyranose-(1-4)-2-ac
Chain H:	33%	67%		ı
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3				
• Molecule 4: 2-a opyranose	acetamido-2-deoxy-beta	-D-glucopyranose-(	(1-4)-2-acetamid	lo-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
Chain I:	1	.00%		
NAG1 NAG2				
• Molecule 4: 2-a opyranose	acetamido-2-deoxy-beta	-D-glucopyranose-(	1-4)-2-acetamid	lo-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
Chain K:		100%		
NAG2 NAG2				
	pha-D-mannopyranose-(nose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2			2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b
Chain J:	75%		25%	
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4				
	pha-D-mannopyranose-( nose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2			2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b
Chain L:		100%		







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	208.86Å 131.01Å 72.58Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 98.40° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.39 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	97.5 (50.00-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.5 (48.39-2.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.74 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0155	Depositor
D D.	0.190 , 0.219	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.192 , $0.221$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3292  reflections  (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	46.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.365	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 31.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	12165	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	57.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.64% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, BMA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.53	0/2545	0.75	3/3465 (0.1%)	
1	С	0.52	0/2500	0.71	0/3407	
1	Е	0.56	0/2500	0.76	1/3407 (0.0%)	
2	В	0.53	0/1415	0.72	0/1901	
2	D	0.53	0/1406	0.71	0/1889	
2	F	0.53	0/1406	0.71	0/1889	
All	All	0.53	0/11772	0.73	4/15958 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	229	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.28	116.66	120.30
1	A	229	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.82	123.21	120.30
1	A	321	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-5.47	100.32	111.80
1	Е	104	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.15	113.66	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2485	0	2444	5	1



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	С	2443	0	2390	4	0
1	Ε	2443	0	2391	7	0
2	В	1391	0	1305	2	0
2	D	1382	0	1296	2	0
2	F	1382	0	1297	2	1
3	G	39	0	34	0	0
3	Η	39	0	34	0	0
4	I	28	0	25	0	0
4	K	28	0	25	0	0
5	J	50	0	43	1	0
6	L	50	0	43	0	0
7	A	14	0	13	0	0
7	С	28	0	26	0	0
7	D	14	0	13	0	0
7	${ m E}$	28	0	26	0	0
8	A	66	0	0	0	0
8	В	47	0	0	0	0
8	С	52	0	0	0	0
8	D	36	0	0	0	0
8	Ε	88	0	0	1	0
8	F	32	0	0	0	0
All	All	12165	0	11405	18	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 18 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:E:81:ASN:HD22	1:E:119:GLU:HA	1.42	0.84
1:E:203:THR:OG1	1:E:212:THR:HG22	1.89	0.72
1:A:327:GLN:OE1	1:A:328:THR:N	2.31	0.63
1:E:321:ARG:NH1	8:E:602:HOH:O	2.34	0.61
1:E:185:PRO:HB3	1:E:190:GLU:HG3	1.85	0.59

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:329:ARG:NH2	2:F:46:ASP:OD2[2_556]	2.04	0.16



#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed Outlier		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	320/321 (100%)	314 (98%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	61
1	С	315/321 (98%)	309 (98%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	61
1	E	315/321 (98%)	309 (98%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	61
2	В	170/176 (97%)	158 (93%)	12 (7%)	0	100	100
2	D	169/176 (96%)	159 (94%)	10 (6%)	0	100	100
2	F	169/176 (96%)	158 (94%)	11 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1458/1491 (98%)	1407 (96%)	48 (3%)	3 (0%)	47	68

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	62	ILE
1	С	62	ILE
1	Ε	62	ILE

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$283/282\ (100\%)$	273 (96%)	10 (4%)	36	62
1	С	$278/282\ (99\%)$	272 (98%)	6 (2%)	52	77
1	E	278/282 (99%)	272 (98%)	6 (2%)	52	77
2	В	146/149 (98%)	142 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	71



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	tliers   Percent	
2	D	145/149 (97%)	141 (97%)	4 (3%)	43	70
2	F	145/149 (97%)	141 (97%)	4 (3%)	43	70
All	All	1275/1293 (99%)	1241 (97%)	34 (3%)	44	71

5 of 34 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Е	222	TRP
1	Е	228	SER
2	F	58	LYS
2	В	60	ASN
2	В	38	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	169	ASN
1	Е	22	ASN
2	F	169	ASN
1	Е	81	ASN
2	F	125	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

18 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
WIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	2.05	6 (35%)
3	BMA	G	3	3	11,11,12	0.68	0	15,15,17	0.71	0
3	NAG	Н	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	1.96	2 (11%)
3	NAG	Н	2	3	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	1.01	0
3	BMA	Н	3	3	11,11,12	0.68	0	15,15,17	1.35	2 (13%)
4	NAG	I	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.20	2 (11%)
4	NAG	I	2	4	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	1.53	2 (11%)
5	NAG	J	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.80	1 (5%)
5	NAG	J	2	5	14,14,15	0.65	0	17,19,21	1.14	1 (5%)
5	BMA	J	3	5	11,11,12	1.11	2 (18%)	15,15,17	2.41	4 (26%)
5	MAN	J	4	5	11,11,12	0.72	0	15,15,17	2.42	3 (20%)
4	NAG	K	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	1.07	1 (5%)
4	NAG	K	2	4	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	1.97	2 (11%)
6	NAG	L	1	6,1	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	2.00	3 (17%)
6	NAG	L	2	6	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	1.06	2 (11%)
6	BMA	L	3	6	11,11,12	0.75	0	15,15,17	1.73	3 (20%)
6	MAN	L	4	6	11,11,12	0.70	0	15,15,17	1.91	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	G	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Н	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Н	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	Н	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	J	1	5,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	J	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	BMA	J	3	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	J	4	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	K	1	4,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	K	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	L	1	6,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	L	2	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	L	3	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	L	4	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
	5	J	3	BMA	C2-C3	2.44	1.56	1.52
Ī	5	J	3	BMA	C1-C2	2.37	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 35 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	J	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	7.10	121.81	112.19
4	K	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.82	121.43	112.19
6	L	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	6.75	121.33	112.19
6	L	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.70	121.27	112.19
5	J	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	6.63	117.81	109.67

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	L	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	J	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	L	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	G	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	J	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

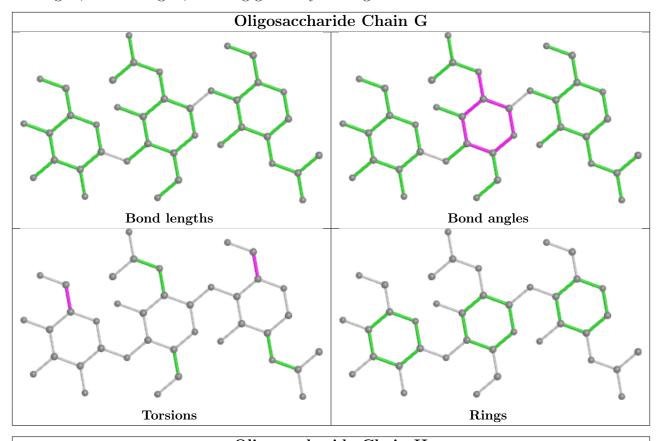
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

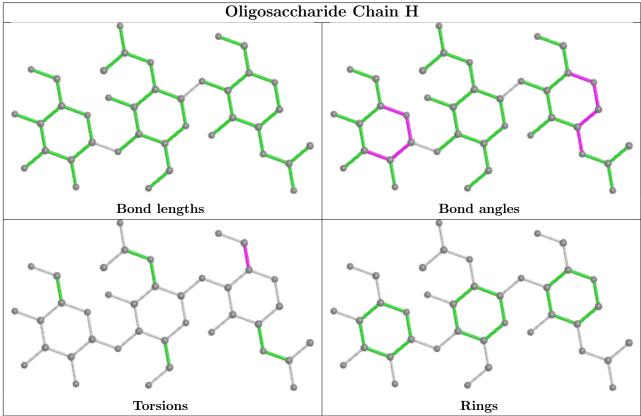
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	J	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

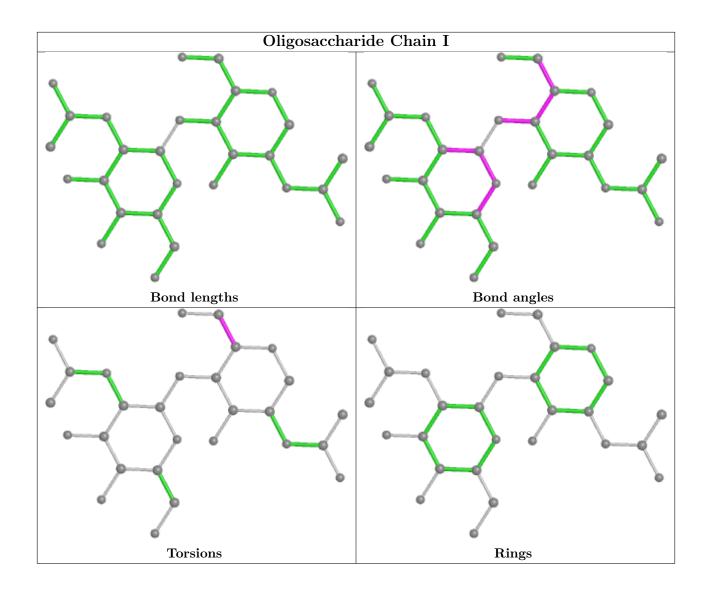


bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

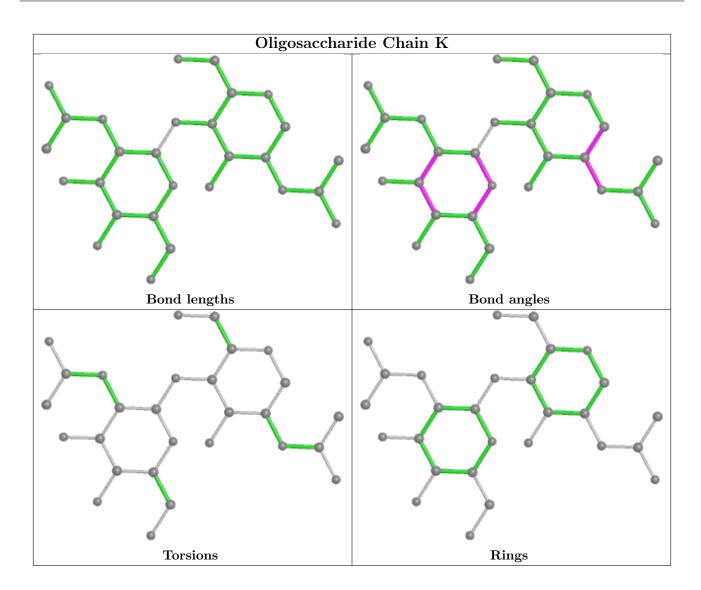




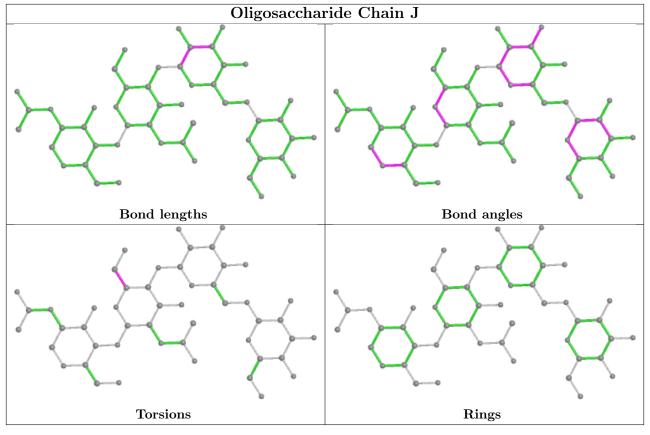


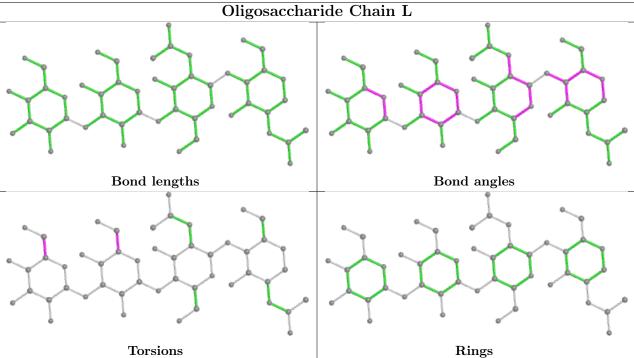












## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
7	NAG	С	501	1	14,14,15	0.86	0	17,19,21	2.08	1 (5%)	
7	NAG	С	502	1	14,14,15	0.86	0	17,19,21	2.29	5 (29%)	
7	NAG	A	404	1	14,14,15	0.93	0	17,19,21	1.68	3 (17%)	
7	NAG	D	201	2	14,14,15	0.76	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.37	5 (29%)	
7	NAG	Е	506	1	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	1.34	4 (23%)	
7	NAG	Е	501	1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	1.35	1 (5%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	С	501	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	С	502	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	404	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	D	201	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	Е	506	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	Е	501	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
7	D	201	NAG	C1-C2	2.19	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 19 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
7	С	502	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.55	122.43	112.19
7	С	501	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.39	122.21	112.19
7	D	201	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.83	120.09	112.19
7	Е	501	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.60	118.43	112.19



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
7	D	201	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.57	129.41	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	D	201	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
7	A	404	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	A	404	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	С	502	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	Е	501	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	321/321 (100%)	0.07	6 (1%) 66 69	34, 54, 91, 110	0
1	С	317/321 (98%)	-0.27	2 (0%) 89 90	37, 52, 70, 111	0
1	Е	317/321 (98%)	-0.24	4 (1%) 77 79	31, 43, 66, 105	0
2	В	172/176 (97%)	0.28	5 (2%) 51 55	32, 66, 93, 112	0
2	D	171/176 (97%)	0.19	4 (2%) 60 63	32, 61, 92, 107	0
2	F	171/176 (97%)	0.05	5 (2%) 51 55	32, 65, 97, 116	0
All	All	1469/1491 (98%)	-0.04	26 (1%) 68 71	31, 53, 90, 116	0

The worst 5 of 26 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	9	PRO	5.0
2	В	143	LYS	3.6
1	Е	10	GLY	3.6
1	A	160	THR	3.4
2	В	168	ASN	3.0

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

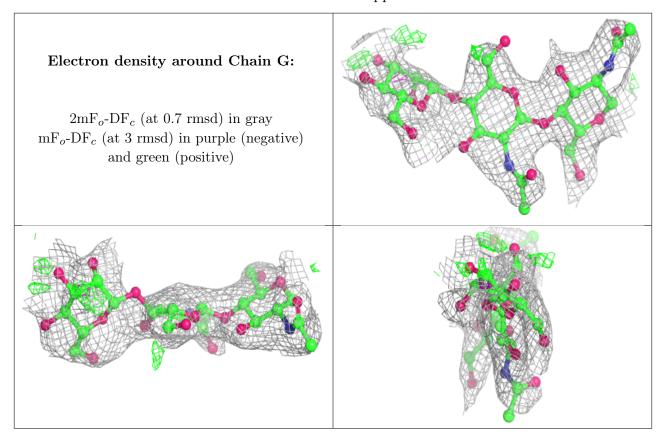
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

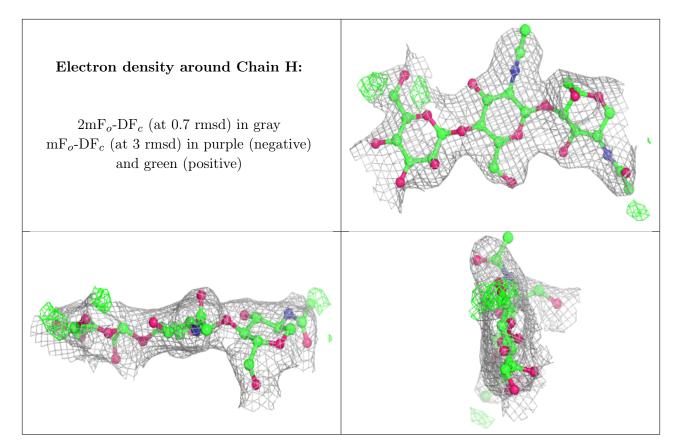


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	BMA	G	3	11/12	0.59	0.24	103,109,115,116	0
5	MAN	J	4	11/12	0.65	0.41	122,128,131,132	0
6	BMA	L	3	11/12	0.69	0.26	88,98,107,116	0
5	BMA	J	3	11/12	0.72	0.17	90,96,106,113	0
6	MAN	L	4	11/12	0.75	0.43	111,118,120,121	0
3	BMA	Н	3	11/12	0.76	0.20	116,122,126,128	0
4	NAG	I	2	14/15	0.80	0.23	78,91,101,103	0
4	NAG	K	2	14/15	0.85	0.23	80,89,96,98	0
3	NAG	G	2	14/15	0.88	0.30	95,100,109,118	0
6	NAG	L	2	14/15	0.91	0.23	63,79,90,93	0
5	NAG	J	1	14/15	0.92	0.12	54,63,68,76	0
3	NAG	Н	1	14/15	0.92	0.17	81,89,96,101	0
3	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.92	0.16	70,77,81,87	0
6	NAG	L	1	14/15	0.93	0.18	61,66,71,72	0
3	NAG	Н	2	14/15	0.93	0.24	95,103,110,116	0
4	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.95	0.13	50,53,61,73	0
4	NAG	K	1	14/15	0.95	0.15	55,60,68,73	0
5	NAG	J	2	14/15	0.95	0.16	69,73,84,92	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

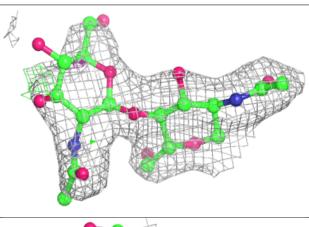


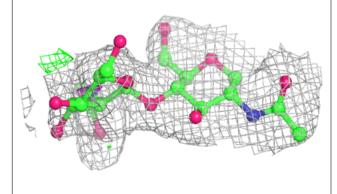


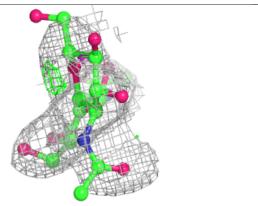


#### Electron density around Chain I:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

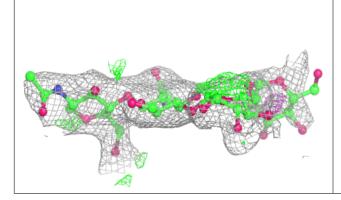


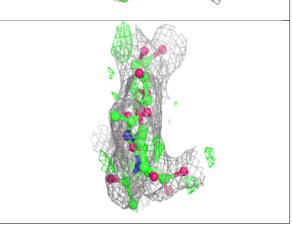




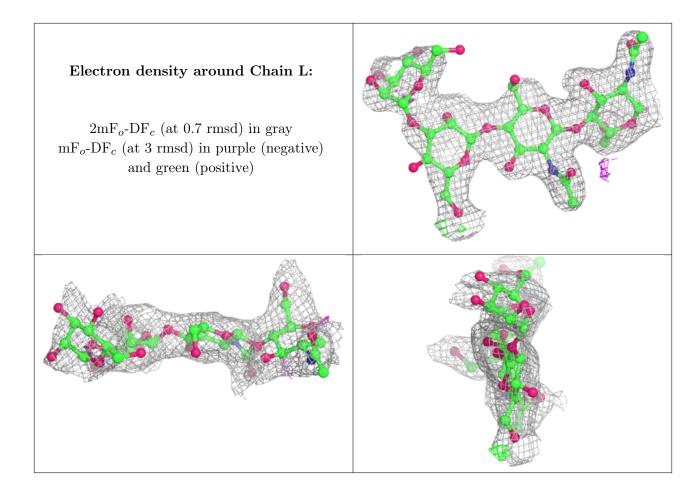


# Electron density around Chain K: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o{ m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around Chain J: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o{ m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	NAG	D	201	14/15	0.63	0.33	103,107,121,127	0
7	NAG	С	502	14/15	0.73	0.27	83,91,99,100	0
7	NAG	С	501	14/15	0.82	0.21	72,78,87,88	0
7	NAG	A	404	14/15	0.85	0.26	71,79,81,82	0
7	NAG	Ε	501	14/15	0.88	0.15	72,81,83,83	0
7	NAG	Е	506	14/15	0.93	0.22	47,52,59,64	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

