

## wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 24, 2024 – 09:30 PM EST

PDB ID : 2MFI BMRB ID : 19550

Title : Domain 1 of E. coli ribosomal protein S1

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$ 

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

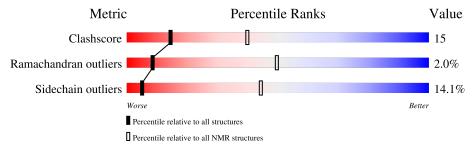
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 96%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ ext{NMR archive}}{ ext{(\#Entries)}}$
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	96	39%	12%		47%



## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model		
1	A:22-A:72 (51)	0.32	4		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 9
2	3, 8
3	7, 10



## 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1467 atoms, of which 734 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called 30S ribosomal protein S1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace		
1	Λ	06	Total	С	Н	N	О	0
1	A	96	1467	460	734	122	151	U

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	5	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP C9QZU1
A	6	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP C9QZU1
A	7	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP C9QZU1
A	8	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP C9QZU1
A	9	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP C9QZU1
A	10	THR	-	expression tag	UNP C9QZU1

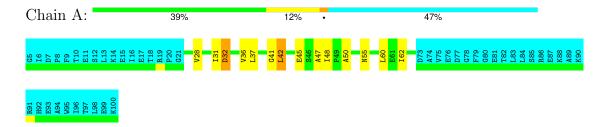


## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

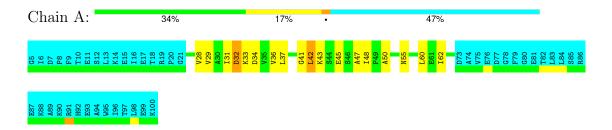
• Molecule 1: 30S ribosomal protein S1



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: 30S ribosomal protein S1





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
TopSpin	structure calculation	3.1
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1143
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1143
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	96%



## 6 Model quality (i)

### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	374	383	383	11±2
All	All	3740	3830	3830	114

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

5 of 28 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2 Clash(		Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:28:VAL:HG21	1:A:62:ILE:HD13	0.83	1.49	8	9
1:A:31:ILE:HD13	1:A:36:VAL:HG13	0.73	1.60	10	10
1:A:37:LEU:HD22	1:A:45:GLU:HB2	0.62	1.70	3	5
1:A:50:ALA:HB1	1:A:60:LEU:HD13	0.61	1.72	8	2
1:A:28:VAL:HG21	1:A:62:ILE:CD1	0.59	2.25	8	2

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed Outliers		Outliers	Pe	erce	entiles
1	A	51/96 (53%)	44±1 (86±2%)	6±1 (12±2%)	1±0 (2±1%)		8	50
All	All	510/960 (53%)	438 (86%)	62 (12%)	10 (2%)		8	50

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	32	ASP	9
1	A	41	GLY	1

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	41/79 (52%)	35±2 (86±4%)	6±2 (14±4%)	5	44	
All	All	410/790 (52%)	352 (86%)	58 (14%)	5	44	

5 of 15 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	42	LEU	10
1	A	32	ASP	8
1	A	55	ASN	8
1	A	43	LYS	5
1	A	34	ASP	4

### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 96% for the well-defined parts and 90% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1143
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1143
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, $ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	93	$0.24 \pm 0.13$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	81	$0.15 \pm 0.10$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
<sup>13</sup> C′	86	$0.19 \pm 0.06$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{15}N$	90	$-0.21 \pm 0.33$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )

## 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 96%, i.e. 637 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 665. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	10001		$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	256/257 (100%)	105/105 (100%)	101/102 (99%)	50/50 (100%)
Sidechain	371/398 (93%)	255/261 (98%)	112/127 (88%)	4/10 (40%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	10/10 (100%)	5/5 (100%)	5/5 (100%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	637/665~(96%)	365/371~(98%)	218/234 (93%)	54/60 (90%)

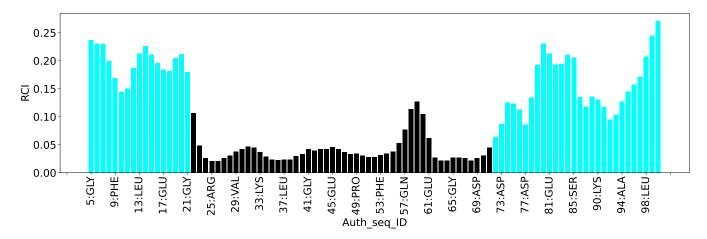
#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





## 8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

## 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1509
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	361
Sequential ( i-j =1)	451
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	179
Long range ( i-j ≥5)	518
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	15.7
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	5.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

## 8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

## 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	1.3	0.18
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.2	0.28
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



## 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^{\circ}$  are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



## 9 Distance violation analysis (i)

## 9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

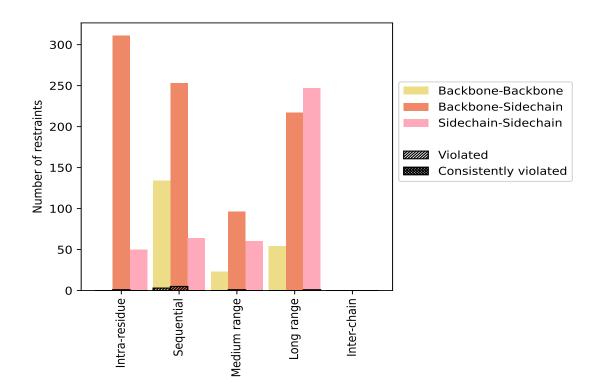
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Destroints tune	Count	Count %1		${f Violated}^3$			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	361	23.9	1	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	311	20.6	1	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	50	3.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Sequential ( i-j =1)	451	29.9	8	1.8	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	134	8.9	3	2.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	253	16.8	5	2.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	64	4.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Medium range ( $ i-j >1 \&  i-j <5$ )	179	11.9	1	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	23	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	96	6.4	1	1.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	60	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Long range ( $ i-j  \ge 5$ )	518	34.3	1	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	54	3.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	217	14.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	247	16.4	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Total	1509	100.0	11	0.7	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	211	14.0	3	1.4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	877	58.1	7	0.8	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	421	27.9	1	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models



#### 9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

### 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

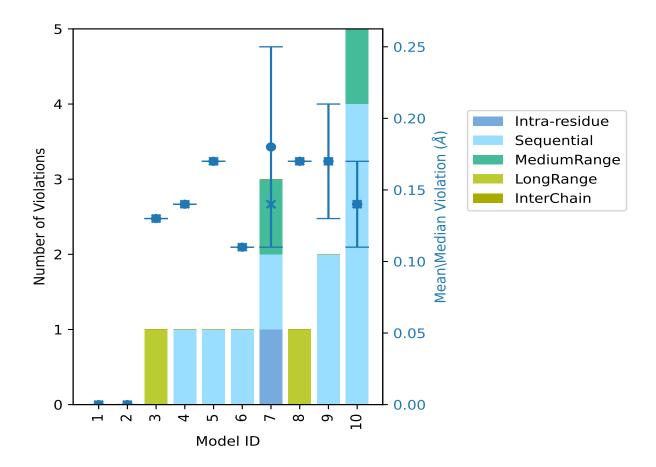
The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID		Nur	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6$ (Å)	Median (Å)
Wiodei 1D	$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$ m MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.14
5	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.17	0.17	0.0	0.17
6	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
7	1	1	1	0	0	3	0.18	0.28	0.07	0.14
8	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.17	0.17	0.0	0.17
9	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.17	0.21	0.04	0.17
10	0	4	1	0	0	5	0.14	0.18	0.03	0.14



 $^1{\rm Intra-residue}$ restraints,  $^2{\rm Sequential}$ restraints,  $^3{\rm Medium}$ range restraints,  $^4{\rm Long}$ range restraints,  $^5{\rm Inter-chain}$ restraints,  $^6{\rm Standard}$  deviation

#### 9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

## 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1498(IR:360, SQ:443, MR:178, LR:517, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	mber	of vio	lated	Fraction	n of the ensemble		
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$ m MR^3$	$  LR^4  $	$  IC^5  $	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
1	6	0	0	0	7	1	10.0
0	2	1	1	0	4	2	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	30.0

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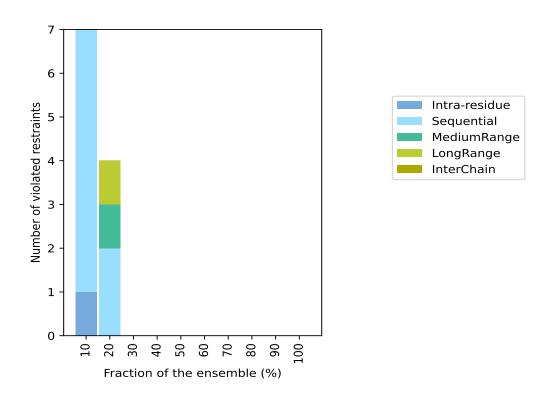


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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Nu	ımber	of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fraction	n of the ensemble
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	100.0

 $<sup>^1{\</sup>rm Intra-residue}$  restraints,  $^2{\rm Sequential}$  restraints,  $^3{\rm Medium}$  range restraints,  $^4{\rm Long}$  range restraints,  $^5{\rm Inter-chain}$  restraints,  $^6{\rm \ Number\ of\ models}$  with violations

#### 9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



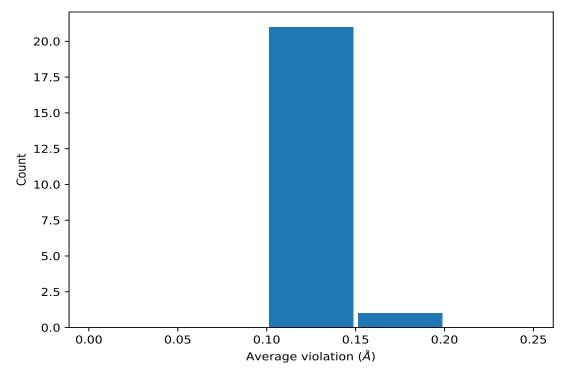
## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

### 9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	$SD^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,297)	1:98:A:LEU:HA	1:99:A:GLU:H	2	0.18	0.03	0.18
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG11	1:64:A:VAL:HG11	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG11	1:64:A:VAL:HG12	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG11	1:64:A:VAL:HG13	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG12	1:64:A:VAL:HG11	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG12	1:64:A:VAL:HG12	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG12	1:64:A:VAL:HG13	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG13	1:64:A:VAL:HG11	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG13	1:64:A:VAL:HG12	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG13	1:64:A:VAL:HG13	2	0.15	0.02	0.15
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD11	2	0.12	0.02	0.12
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD12	2	0.12	0.02	0.12
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD13	2	0.12	0.02	0.12
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD21	2	0.12	0.02	0.12
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD22	2	0.12	0.02	0.12

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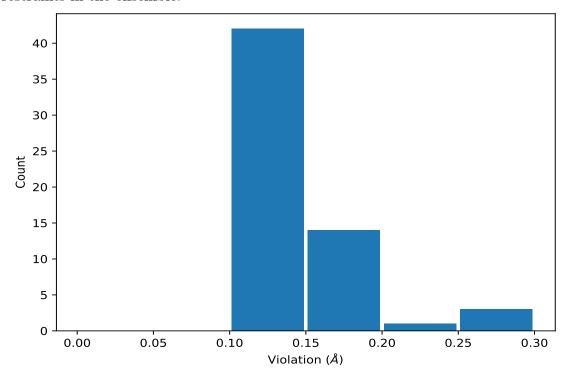
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	${ m SD}^1 \ ( m \AA)$	Median (Å)
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD23	2	0.12	0.02	0.12
(1,1503)	1:98:A:LEU:HD11	1:99:A:GLU:HA	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1503)	1:98:A:LEU:HD12	1:99:A:GLU:HA	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1503)	1:98:A:LEU:HD13	1:99:A:GLU:HA	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1503)	1:98:A:LEU:HD21	1:99:A:GLU:HA	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1503)	1:98:A:LEU:HD22	1:99:A:GLU:HA	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1503)	1:98:A:LEU:HD23	1:99:A:GLU:HA	2	0.11	0.0	0.11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

### 9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

#### 9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



## 9.5.2 Table: All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.



Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,732)	1:41:A:GLY:H	1:42:A:LEU:HD11	7	0.28
(1,732)	1:41:A:GLY:H	1:42:A:LEU:HD12	7	0.28
(1,732)	1:41:A:GLY:H	1:42:A:LEU:HD13	7	0.28
(1,297)	1:98:A:LEU:HA	1:99:A:GLU:H	9	0.21
(1,307)	1:96:A:ILE:HA	1:97:A:THR:H	10	0.18
(1,444)	1:9:A:PHE:HA	1:10:A:THR:H	5	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG11	1:64:A:VAL:HG11	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG11	1:64:A:VAL:HG12	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG11	1:64:A:VAL:HG13	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG12	1:64:A:VAL:HG11	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG12	1:64:A:VAL:HG12	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG12	1:64:A:VAL:HG13	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG13	1:64:A:VAL:HG11	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG13	1:64:A:VAL:HG12	8	0.17
(1,271)	1:28:A:VAL:HG13	1:64:A:VAL:HG13	8	0.17
(1,325)	1:97:A:THR:HG21	1:98:A:LEU:H	10	0.15
(1,325)	1:97:A:THR:HG22	1:98:A:LEU:H	10	0.15
(1,325)	1:97:A:THR:HG23	1:98:A:LEU:H	10	0.15
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD11	7	0.14
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD12	7	0.14
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD13	7	0.14
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD21	7	0.14
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD22	7	0.14
(1,1290)	1:40:A:ALA:HA	1:42:A:LEU:HD23	7	0.14
(1,737)	1:41:A:GLY:H	1:42:A:LEU:HD21	10	0.14
(1,737)	1:41:A:GLY:H	1:42:A:LEU:HD22	10	0.14
(1,737)	1:41:A:GLY:H	1:42:A:LEU:HD23	10	0.14
(1,297)	1:98:A:LEU:HA	1:99:A:GLU:H	4	0.14
(1,1479)	1:90:A:LYS:H	1:90:A:LYS:HG2	7	0.13



## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

