

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 24, 2024 – 12:48 PM EST

PDB ID : 2K5G BMRB ID : 15835

Title : Solution NMR structure of protein encoded by gene BPP1335 from Bordetella

parapertussis: Northeast Structural Genomics Target BpR195

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Genomics Consortium (NESG)

Deposited on : 2008-06-27

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

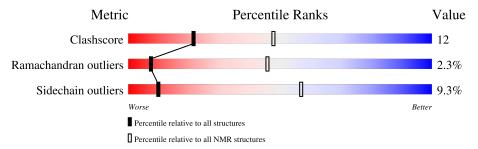
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 90%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	Λ	101			201	
1	A	191	57%	21%	• 22%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model		
1	A:19-A:64, A:75-A:107,	1.26	6		
	A:111-A:180 (149)				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 15, 16
2	7, 8, 10, 20
3	1, 6, 11, 12
4	14, 17
Single-model clusters	13; 18; 19



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2958 atoms, of which 1460 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called uncharacterized protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace			
1	Λ	101	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	А	191	2958	947	1460	283	265	3	U

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	184	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	185	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	186	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	187	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	188	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	189	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	190	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9
A	191	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7WAN9

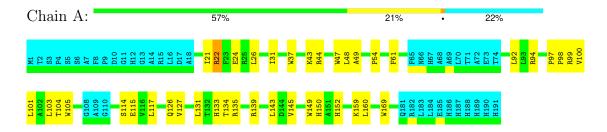


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

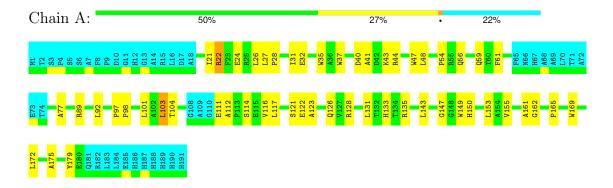
• Molecule 1: uncharacterized protein



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 6. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: uncharacterized protein





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AutoStructure	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	
CYANA	structure solution	
MOLMOL	structure solution	
PSVS	geometry optimization	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2137
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2137
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	90%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1178	1166	1161	27±6
All	All	23560	23320	23220	538

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

5 of 269 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models	
Atom-1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:37:TRP:HB3	1:A:43:LYS:HD3	0.88	1.43	14	3
1:A:44:ARG:HB3	1:A:47:TRP:HD1	0.88	1.26	15	1
1:A:20:SER:HA	1:A:136:LEU:HD12	0.86	1.45	1	4
1:A:21:ILE:HB	1:A:133:HIS:HB3	0.86	1.43	5	15
1:A:114:SER:HA	1:A:135:ARG:HB3	0.86	1.43	4	4

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed Outliers		Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	149/191 (78%)	131±3 (88±2%)	14±3 (10±2%)	3±1 (2±1%)	7	46
All	All	2980/3820 (78%)	2623 (88%)	289 (10%)	68 (2%)	7	46

5 of 16 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	31	ILE	20
1	A	98	PRO	16
1	A	99	ARG	5
1	A	125	GLU	3
1	A	77	ALA	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	115/146 (79%)	104±2 (91±1%)	11±2 (9±1%)	10	57	
All	All	2300/2920 (79%)	2086 (91%)	214 (9%)	10	57	

5 of 56 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	117	LEU	20
1	A	101	LEU	15
1	A	22	ARG	13
1	A	26	LEU	12
1	A	134	THR	12

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 90% for the well-defined parts and 82% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2137
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2137
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	14

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction} \pm {\rm precision}, ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	174	-0.02 ± 0.11	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	160	0.01 ± 0.12	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
¹³ C′	148	0.05 ± 0.17	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
^{15}N	161	0.39 ± 0.29	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 90%, i.e. 1866 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2074. 0 out of 28 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	716/732 (98%)	297/297 (100%)	282/298 (95%)	137/137 (100%)
Sidechain	1008/1163 (87%)	691/761 (91%)	310/350 (89%)	7/52 (13%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	142/179 (79%)	78/88 (89%)	58/75 (77%)	6/16 (38%)
Overall	1866/2074 (90%)	1066/1146~(93%)	$650/723 \ (90\%)$	150/205~(73%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

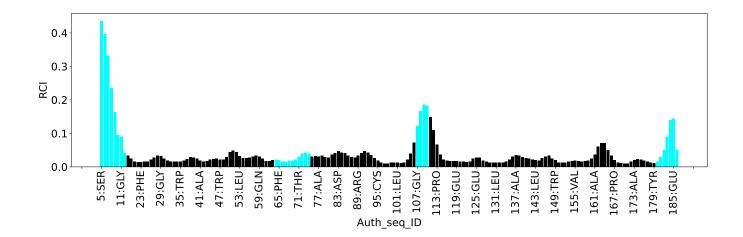
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	66	ASN	СВ	9.26	30.50 - 46.89	-18.0
1	A	149	TRP	HE1	-1.28	6.88 - 13.28	-17.8
1	A	171	THR	СВ	39.36	61.12 - 78.27	-17.7
1	A	170	THR	СВ	40.51	61.12 - 78.27	-17.0
1	A	69	ALA	СВ	47.05	10.19 - 27.75	16.0
1	A	48	LEU	HB2	-0.83	-0.07 - 3.30	-7.2
1	A	97	PRO	HA	2.27	2.78 - 6.00	-6.6
1	A	43	LYS	HB2	0.48	0.58 - 2.97	-5.5
1	A	131	LEU	HD11	-0.67	-0.61 - 2.12	-5.2
1	A	131	LEU	HD12	-0.67	-0.61 - 2.12	-5.2
1	A	131	LEU	HD13	-0.67	-0.61 - 2.12	-5.2
1	A	49	ALA	HB1	0.09	0.14 - 2.58	-5.2
1	A	49	ALA	HB2	0.09	0.14 - 2.58	-5.2
1	A	49	ALA	HB3	0.09	0.14 - 2.58	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:







8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	3108
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	671
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	858
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	471
Long range (i-j ≥5)	1022
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	86
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	487
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	18.8
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	5.5

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	19.5	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	2.4	0.39
>0.5 (Large)	0.1	1.95



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

$\operatorname{Bins}\ (^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	$\mathbf{Max} \ (^{\circ})$
1.0-10.0 (Small)	13.8	9.31
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	0.1	10.17
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

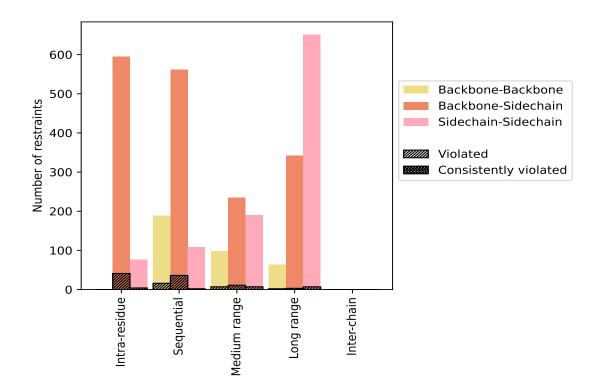
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Doctroints type	Count	% ¹	Vio	${f Violated}^3$			Consistently Violated		
Restraints type	Count	70-	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$ \%^2 $	$\%^1$	
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	671	21.6	45	6.7	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	595	19.1	41	6.9	1.3	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	76	2.4	4	5.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Sequential (i-j =1)	858	27.6	54	6.3	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	189	6.1	16	8.5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	561	18.1	36	6.4	1.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	108	3.5	2	1.9	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	471	15.2	21	4.5	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	98	3.2	7	7.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	183	5.9	7	3.8	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	190	6.1	7	3.7	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	1022	32.9	11	1.1	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	63	2.0	2	3.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	308	9.9	2	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	651	20.9	7	1.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Hydrogen bond	86	2.8	5	5.8	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	
Total	3108	100.0	136	4.4	4.4	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Backbone	350	11.3	25	7.1	0.8	0	0.0	0.0	
Backbone-Sidechain	1733	55.8	91	5.3	2.9	0	0.0	0.0	
Sidechain-Sidechain	1025	33.0	20	2.0	0.6	0	0.0	0.0	

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Median (Å)	
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	wiediali (A)	
1	10	6	4	0	0	20	0.14	0.21	0.03	0.13	
2	11	6	6	1	0	24	0.15	0.22	0.04	0.14	
3	8	10	6	2	0	26	0.15	0.22	0.03	0.14	
4	11	13	3	2	0	29	0.14	0.26	0.04	0.13	
5	4	9	4	1	0	18	0.16	0.35	0.06	0.13	
6	10	6	4	0	0	20	0.16	0.36	0.06	0.14	
7	10	9	3	1	0	23	0.15	0.27	0.05	0.13	
8	7	10	5	1	0	23	0.15	0.25	0.04	0.14	
9	10	8	6	3	0	27	0.14	0.26	0.04	0.13	
10	13	6	2	0	0	21	0.15	0.25	0.05	0.12	

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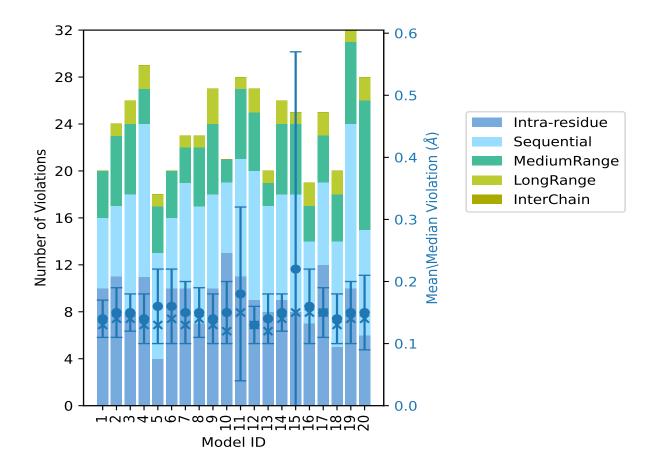


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Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6$ (Å)	Median (Å)	
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)	
11	11	10	6	1	0	28	0.18	0.87	0.14	0.15	
12	9	11	5	2	0	27	0.13	0.21	0.03	0.13	
13	8	9	2	1	0	20	0.14	0.24	0.04	0.12	
14	9	9	6	2	0	26	0.15	0.23	0.03	0.14	
15	8	10	6	1	0	25	0.22	1.95	0.35	0.15	
16	7	7	3	2	0	19	0.16	0.33	0.06	0.15	
17	12	7	4	2	0	25	0.15	0.27	0.04	0.15	
18	5	9	4	2	0	20	0.14	0.26	0.04	0.13	
19	10	14	7	1	0	32	0.15	0.34	0.05	0.14	
20	6	9	11	2	0	28	0.15	0.39	0.06	0.14	

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

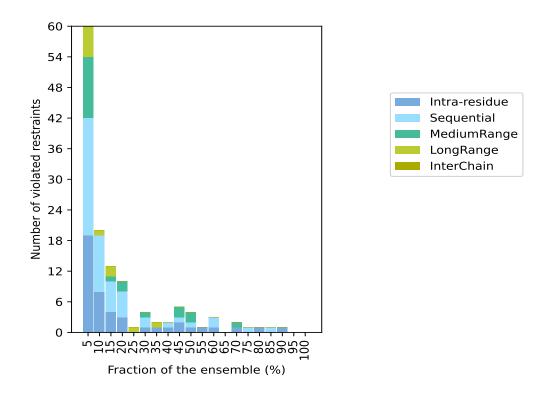
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 2891(IR:626, SQ:804, MR:450, LR:1011, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	$\overline{\mathbf{mber}}$	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
19	23	12	6	0	60	1	5.0
8	11	0	1	0	20	2	10.0
4	6	1	2	0	13	3	15.0
3	15	2	0	0	10	4	20.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	5	25.0
1	2	1	0	0	4	6	30.0
1	0	0	1	0	2	7	35.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	8	40.0
2	1	2	0	0	5	9	45.0
1	1	2	0	0	4	10	50.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	11	55.0
1	2	0	0	0	3	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
1	0	1	0	0	2	14	70.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	15	75.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	16	80.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	17	85.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

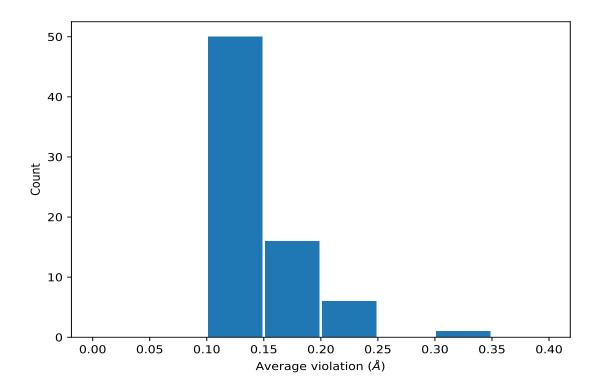


9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,821)	1:176:A:GLU:H	1:176:A:GLU:HB3	18	0.18	0.02	0.19
(1,89)	1:74:A:THR:HB	1:75:A:ALA:H	17	0.18	0.05	0.18
(1,816)	1:174:A:GLN:HA	1:174:A:GLN:HB3	16	0.15	0.01	0.15
(1,887)	1:121:A:SER:HB2	1:122:A:GLU:H	15	0.15	0.03	0.15
(1,431)	1:138:A:ASP:H	1:142:A:MET:H	14	0.16	0.04	0.16
(1,772)	1:74:A:THR:HA	1:74:A:THR:HB	14	0.12	0.01	0.12
(1,65)	1:61:A:PHE:HB3	1:62:A:GLU:H	12	0.15	0.02	0.16
(1,1214)	1:126:A:GLN:HG3	1:127:A:VAL:H	12	0.13	0.02	0.14
(1,1167)	1:174:A:GLN:H	1:174:A:GLN:HG2	12	0.12	0.01	0.12
(3,49)	1:141:A:ALA:O	1:144:A:ASP:H	12	0.11	0.01	0.11

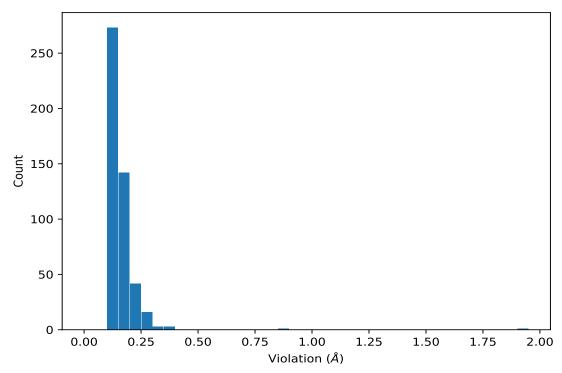
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation



9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,549)	1:44:A:ARG:HA	1:47:A:TRP:HE1	15	1.95
(1,449)	1:167:A:PRO:HA	1:169:A:TRP:H	11	0.87
(2,196)	1:37:A:TRP:HE1	1:43:A:LYS:HE2	20	0.39
(1,1117)	1:122:A:GLU:HA	1:122:A:GLU:HG3	6	0.36
(1,1092)	1:99:A:ARG:HB3	1:99:A:ARG:HD2	5	0.35
(1,1241)	1:37:A:TRP:HA	1:43:A:LYS:HB3	19	0.34
(1,1092)	1:99:A:ARG:HB3	1:99:A:ARG:HD2	11	0.34
(1,1092)	1:99:A:ARG:HB3	1:99:A:ARG:HD2	16	0.33
(1,771)	1:70:A:LEU:H	1:70:A:LEU:HB3	17	0.27
(1,89)	1:74:A:THR:HB	1:75:A:ALA:H	7	0.27



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

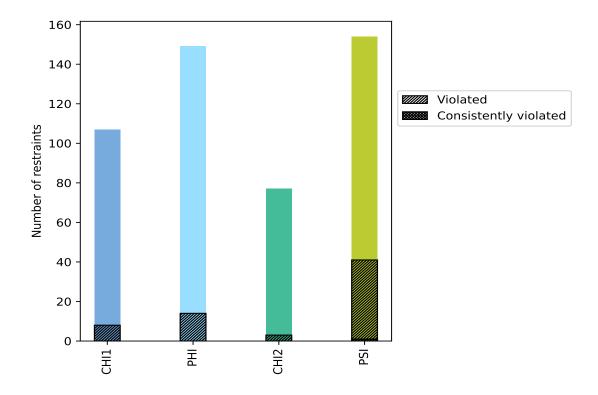
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

A 1 - 4	Commit	$\%^{1}$	Vie	olated	3	Consistently Violated ⁴			
Angle type	Count	/0	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	
CHI1	107	22.0	8	7.5	1.6	0	0.0	0.0	
PHI	149	30.6	14	9.4	2.9	0	0.0	0.0	
CHI2	77	15.8	3	3.9	0.6	0	0.0	0.0	
PSI	154	31.6	41	26.6	8.4	1	0.6	0.2	
Total	487	100.0	66	13.6	13.6	1	0.2	0.2	

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories



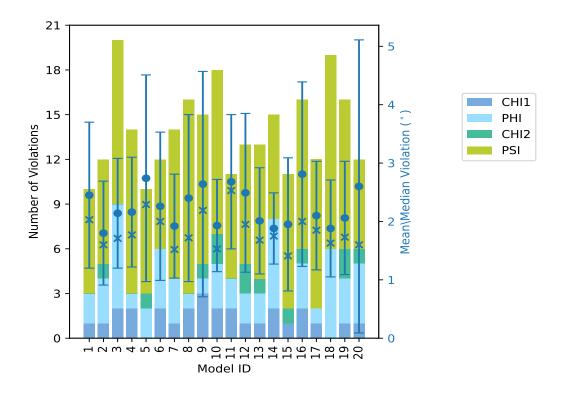
10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	N	umbe	r of vio	olatio	ns	Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
Model 1D	CHI1	PHI	CHI2	PSI	Total	Mean ()	Wiax ()	SD ()	Median ()
1	1	2	0	7	10	2.45	4.73	1.25	2.03
2	1	3	1	7	12	1.8	4.57	0.89	1.6
3	2	7	0	11	20	2.14	4.56	0.94	1.71
4	2	1	0	11	14	2.16	4.05	0.94	1.77
5	0	2	1	7	10	2.74	7.17	1.77	2.29
6	2	4	0	6	12	2.26	5.89	1.27	2.0
7	1	3	0	10	14	1.92	3.74	0.89	1.52
8	2	1	0	13	16	2.4	6.59	1.43	1.72
9	3	1	1	10	15	2.64	9.31	1.93	2.19
10	2	3	2	11	18	1.93	3.65	0.79	1.53
11	2	2	0	7	11	2.68	4.48	1.15	2.53
12	1	2	2	8	13	2.49	5.59	1.36	1.95
13	1	2	1	9	13	2.01	4.17	0.91	1.68
14	2	6	0	7	15	1.88	3.04	0.61	1.75
15	1	0	1	9	11	1.95	5.25	1.14	1.41
16	2	3	1	10	16	2.81	7.01	1.58	2.0
17	1	1	0	10	12	2.1	4.39	0.93	1.85
18	0	6	0	13	19	1.88	3.96	0.83	1.63
19	1	3	2	10	16	2.06	4.39	0.97	1.73
20	1	4	1	6	12	2.6	10.17	2.51	1.6



10.2.1 Bar graph: Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Numb	oer of	violate	d res	traints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
CHI1	PHI	CHI2	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
5	3	0	16	24	1	5.0
1	1	1	6	9	2	10.0
0	3	1	5	9	3	15.0
0	3	0	3	6	4	20.0
0	2	0	1	3	5	25.0
0	1	0	0	1	6	30.0
0	0	0	2	2	7	35.0
1	0	1	0	2	8	40.0
0	0	0	2	2	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0

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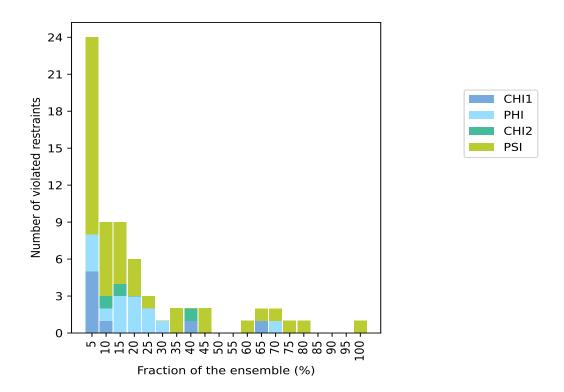


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Numb	oer of	violate	d res	traints	Fraction of the ensemble			
CHI1	PHI	CHI2	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%		
0	0	0	1	1	12	60.0		
1	0	0	1	2	13	65.0		
0	1	0	1	2	14	70.0		
0	0	0	1	1	15	75.0		
0	0	0	1	1	16	80.0		
0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0		
0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0		
0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0		
0	0	0	1	1	20	100.0		

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph: Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



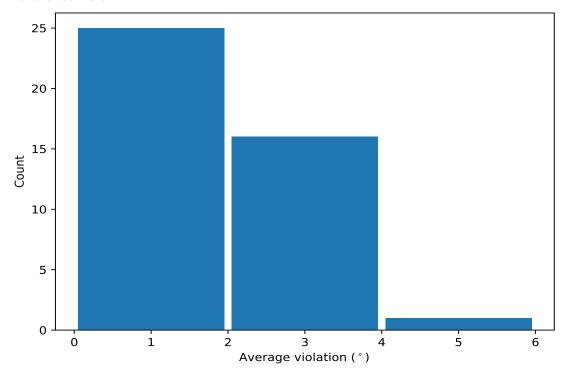
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,72)	1:118:A:PHE:N	1:118:A:PHE:CA	1:118:A:PHE:C	1:119:A:GLU:N	20	3.89	1.26	4.06
(1,92)	1:133:A:HIS:N	1:133:A:HIS:CA	1:133:A:HIS:C	1:134:A:THR:N	16	1.83	0.57	1.78
(1,237)	1:56:A:GLN:N	1:56:A:GLN:CA	1:56:A:GLN:C	1:57:A:PRO:N	15	2.13	0.62	1.87
(1,3)	1:20:A:SER:C	1:21:A:ILE:N	1:21:A:ILE:CA	1:21:A:ILE:C	14	2.34	1.09	1.8
(1,462)	1:165:A:PRO:N	1:165:A:PRO:CA	1:165:A:PRO:C	1:166:A:PRO:N	14	2.18	0.91	2.18
(1,114)	1:152:A:HIS:N	1:152:A:HIS:CA	1:152:A:HIS:C	1:153:A:LEU:N	13	3.05	1.54	2.16
(1,477)	1:174:A:GLN:N	1:174:A:GLN:CA	1:174:A:GLN:CB	1:174:A:GLN:CG	13	1.83	0.67	1.57
(1,26)	1:37:A:TRP:N	1:37:A:TRP:CA	1:37:A:TRP:C	1:38:A:LEU:N	12	2.41	0.86	2.46
(1,367)	1:112:A:ALA:N	1:112:A:ALA:CA	1:112:A:ALA:C	1:113:A:PRO:N	9	1.71	0.59	1.6
(1,20)	1:34:A:VAL:N	1:34:A:VAL:CA	1:34:A:VAL:C	1:35:A:TRP:N	9	1.7	0.47	1.67

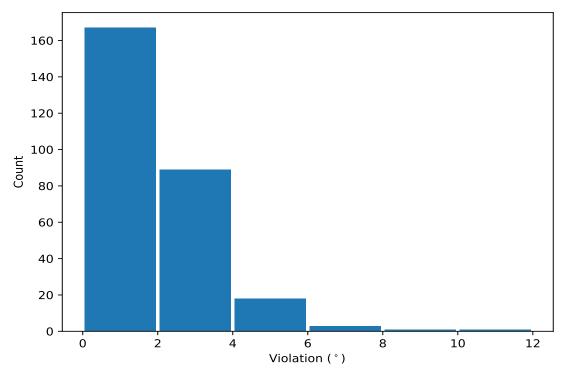
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)



10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,185)	1:37:A:TRP:CA	1:37:A:TRP:CB	1:37:A:TRP:CG	1:37:A:TRP:CD1	20	10.17
(1,185)	1:37:A:TRP:CA	1:37:A:TRP:CB	1:37:A:TRP:CG	1:37:A:TRP:CD1	9	9.31
(1,185)	1:37:A:TRP:CA	1:37:A:TRP:CB	1:37:A:TRP:CG	1:37:A:TRP:CD1	5	7.17
(1,185)	1:37:A:TRP:CA	1:37:A:TRP:CB	1:37:A:TRP:CG	1:37:A:TRP:CD1	16	7.01
(1,72)	1:118:A:PHE:N	1:118:A:PHE:CA	1:118:A:PHE:C	1:119:A:GLU:N	8	6.59
(1,114)	1:152:A:HIS:N	1:152:A:HIS:CA	1:152:A:HIS:C	1:153:A:LEU:N	6	5.89
(1,72)	1:118:A:PHE:N	1:118:A:PHE:CA	1:118:A:PHE:C	1:119:A:GLU:N	12	5.59
(1,114)	1:152:A:HIS:N	1:152:A:HIS:CA	1:152:A:HIS:C	1:153:A:LEU:N	16	5.29
(1,72)	1:118:A:PHE:N	1:118:A:PHE:CA	1:118:A:PHE:C	1:119:A:GLU:N	15	5.25
(1,185)	1:37:A:TRP:CA	1:37:A:TRP:CB	1:37:A:TRP:CG	1:37:A:TRP:CD1	12	5.09

