

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jul 8, 2025 – 12:09 PM JST

PDB ID	:	$9JX7 / pdb_{00009jx7}$
Title	:	SufS in complex with (2R,3R)-3-ethoxycarbonylaziridine-2-carboxylic acid
Authors	:	Fujishiro, T.; Nakamura, R.
Deposited on	:	2024-10-11
Resolution	:	1.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

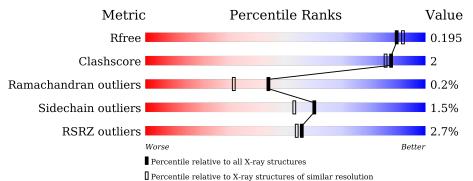
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as 541 be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0rc1
EDS	:	3.0
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.006 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.44

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R _{free}	164625	7108 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	180529	8162 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8077 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8076 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7108 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	419	89%	7%	•



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3532 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cysteine desulfurase SufS.

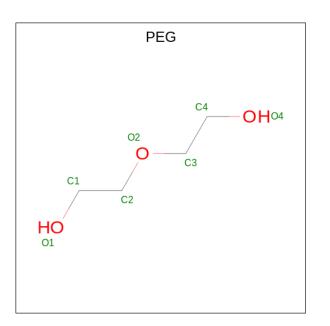
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	406	Total 3169	C 2008	N 541	O 607	S 13	0	1	0

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	-2	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP O32164
А	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	407	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	408	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	409	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
A	410	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	411	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	412	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	413	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	414	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
A	415	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164
А	416	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O32164

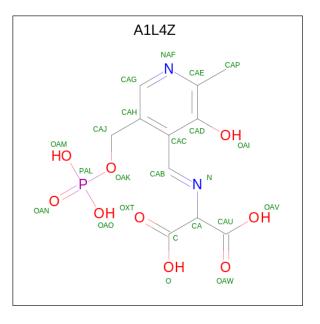
• Molecule 2 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (CCD ID: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 7 4 3 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 7 4 3 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 7 4 3 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 7 4 3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-[({E})-[2-methyl-3-oxidanyl-5-(phosphonooxymethyl)pyridin-4-yl]methylide neamino]propanedioic acid (CCD ID: A1L4Z) (formula: $C_{11}H_{13}N_2O_9P$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
3	А	1	Total 23	C 11	N 2	0 9	Р 1	0	0

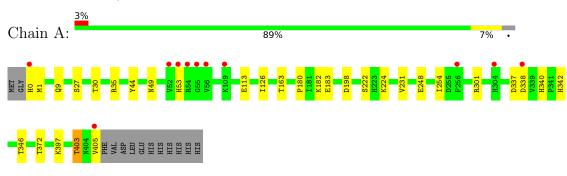
• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	312	Total O 312 312	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Cysteine desulfurase SufS



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	92.97Å 92.97Å 129.90Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.49 - 1.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	46.49 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (46.49-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$99.6 \ (46.49 - 1.80)$	EDS
R _{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.35 (at 1.79 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
D D.	0.159 , 0.186	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.172 , 0.195	DCC
R_{free} test set	3027 reflections $(5.00%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	34.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.011	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 35.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.019 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3532	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.53% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PEG, A1L4Z

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol	Unain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.79	1/3239~(0.0%)	1.16	11/4399~(0.3%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	180	PRO	CA-CB	6.64	1.62	1.53

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	1	MET	CG-SD-CE	-10.04	78.82	100.90
1	А	337	ASP	CA-C-N	-7.62	111.21	122.86
1	А	337	ASP	C-N-CA	-7.62	111.21	122.86
1	А	126	ILE	N-CA-CB	6.79	114.78	110.50
1	А	224	LYS	CB-CG-CD	6.32	125.83	111.30
1	А	346	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.83	100.86	109.60
1	А	372	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.74	100.99	109.60
1	А	403	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.65	101.12	109.60
1	А	338	ASP	CB-CA-C	5.61	120.16	111.13
1	А	248	GLU	CB-CA-C	-5.04	98.99	110.07
1	А	183	GLU	CB-CG-CD	5.02	121.13	112.60



There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	35	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3169	0	3124	12	0
2	А	28	0	40	2	0
3	А	23	0	0	1	0
4	А	312	0	0	1	0
All	All	3532	0	3164	12	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (12) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:9:GLN:HE22	2:A:604:PEG:H21	1.22	1.01
1:A:9:GLN:NE2	2:A:604:PEG:H21	2.04	0.68
1:A:340:HIS:HE1	1:A:342[A]:HIS:HD2	1.54	0.55
1:A:340:HIS:HE1	1:A:342[A]:HIS:CD2	2.28	0.52
1:A:340:HIS:CE1	1:A:342[A]:HIS:HD2	2.29	0.49
1:A:113:GLU:HB2	1:A:163:THR:HA	1.98	0.46
1:A:44:TYR:CZ	1:A:49:ASN:HA	2.53	0.43
1:A:198:ASP:OD2	3:A:605:A1L4Z:NAF	2.51	0.43
1:A:222:SER:CB	1:A:231:VAL:HG13	2.48	0.43
1:A:254:ILE:HD12	1:A:254:ILE:C	2.43	0.42
1:A:182:LYS:HE3	4:A:837:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:27:SER:HA	1:A:30:THR:O	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	405/419~(97%)	393~(97%)	11 (3%)	1 (0%)	44 31	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	53	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mo	l Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	А	338/349~(97%)	333~(98%)	5(2%)	60 53	

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	0	HIS
1	А	301	ARG
1	А	397	LYS
1	А	403	THR
1	А	405	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	9	GLN
1	А	20	HIS
1	А	162	ASN
1	А	211	GLN
1	А	243	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Re		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	PEG	А	601	-	6,6,6	0.24	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.51	0
2	PEG	А	603	-	6,6,6	0.28	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.25	0
2	PEG	А	604	-	6,6,6	0.52	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.28	0
2	PEG	А	602	-	6,6,6	0.48	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.28	0
3	A1L4Z	А	605	-	21,23,23	3.22	6 (28%)	25,33,33	1.99	7 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PEG	А	601	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	PEG	А	603	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
2	PEG	А	604	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	PEG	А	602	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	A1L4Z	А	605	-	-	4/19/19/19	0/1/1/1

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAB-N	12.64	1.51	1.27
3	А	605	A1L4Z	PAL-OAK	3.59	1.71	1.60
3	А	605	A1L4Z	OXT-C	3.26	1.32	1.22
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAP-CAE	-2.56	1.46	1.50
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAG-NAF	2.40	1.39	1.34
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAC-CAH	-2.31	1.39	1.42

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAC-CAB-N	-4.86	112.21	123.01
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAC-CAD-CAE	4.02	122.68	120.19
3	А	605	A1L4Z	OAK-CAJ-CAH	-3.87	101.97	109.35
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAD-CAE-NAF	-3.00	116.90	120.77
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAH-CAC-CAB	2.52	125.70	121.56
3	А	605	A1L4Z	CAD-CAC-CAB	-2.22	116.28	120.41
3	А	605	A1L4Z	OAM-PAL-OAN	2.13	119.00	110.68

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	605	A1L4Z	N-CAB-CAC-CAH
3	А	605	A1L4Z	C-CA-CAU-OAV
2	А	601	PEG	C4-C3-O2-C2
2	А	603	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
2	А	604	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	А	605	A1L4Z	N-CAB-CAC-CAD
2	А	603	PEG	C1-C2-O2-C3
3	А	605	A1L4Z	C-CA-CAU-OAW
2	А	603	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2



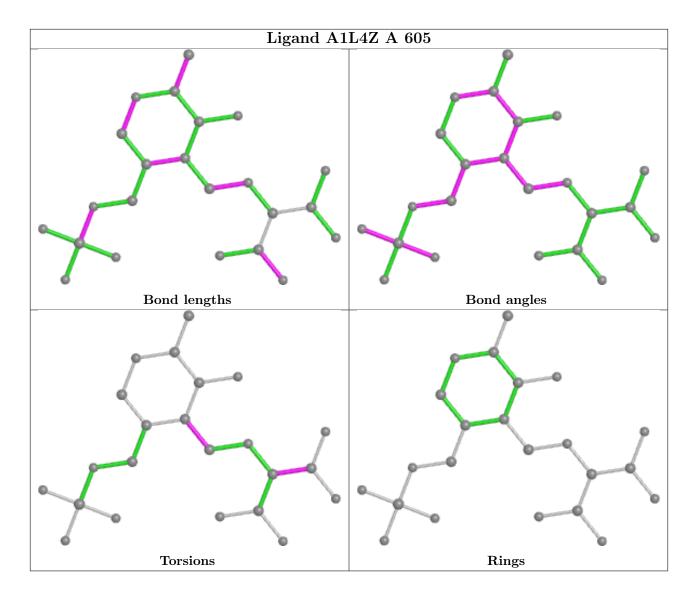
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	604	PEG	2	0
3	А	605	A1L4Z	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	406/419~(96%)	-0.13	11 (2%) 56 54	24, 37, 57, 103	1 (0%)

All (11) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	405	VAL	6.8
1	А	0	HIS	3.4
1	А	304	HIS	2.7
1	А	53	HIS	2.6
1	А	56	VAL	2.6
1	А	109	LYS	2.6
1	А	256	PHE	2.4
1	А	54	ARG	2.2
1	А	52	VAL	2.1
1	А	55	GLY	2.1
1	А	338	ASP	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

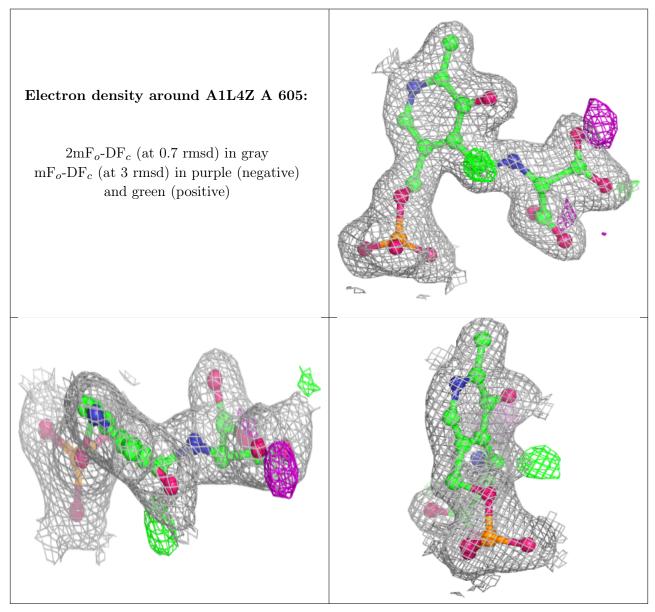


9J	X7
00	111

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	PEG	А	601	7/7	0.79	0.25	46,63,68,73	0
2	PEG	А	604	7/7	0.85	0.15	$53,\!59,\!65,\!75$	0
2	PEG	А	603	7/7	0.88	0.16	64,67,75,77	0
2	PEG	А	602	7/7	0.93	0.11	37,46,56,62	0
3	A1L4Z	А	605	23/23	0.98	0.06	27,30,42,46	0

median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

