

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 13, 2024 – 02:51 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1JU2
Title	:	Crystal structure of the hydroxynitrile lyase from almond
Authors	:	Dreveny, I.; Gruber, K.; Glieder, A.; Thompson, A.; Kratky, C.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.47 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

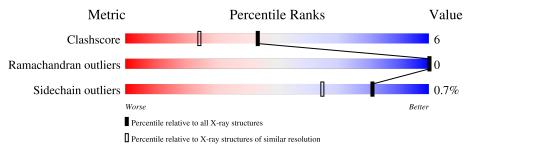
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.47 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	180529	6623 (1.50-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6521 (1.50-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6518 (1.50-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	f chain
1	А	536	86%	11% •
1	В	536	84%	12% •
2	С	2	50%	50%
3	D	5	100%	
3	G	5	80%	20%
4	Е	5	60%	40%
5	F	2	50%	50%
6	Н	4	25% 50%	25%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9995 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called hydroxynitrile lyase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	521	Total 4033	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ 2556 \end{array}$	11	O 797	S 8	0	16	0
1	В	521	Total 4019	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ 2552 \end{array}$	N 668	0 791	S 8	0	11	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acet amido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	5	Total C N O 60 34 2 24	0	0	0
3	G	5	Total C N O 60 34 2 24	0	0	0

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule \ 4 \ is \ an \ oligosaccharide \ called \ beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-4)-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranoy-[alpha-L-fucopyranoy-[alpha-L-fucopyran$



mido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

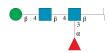
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	Е	5	Total 60	С 34	N 2	0 24	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
5	F	2	Total 28	C 16	-	O 10	0	0	0

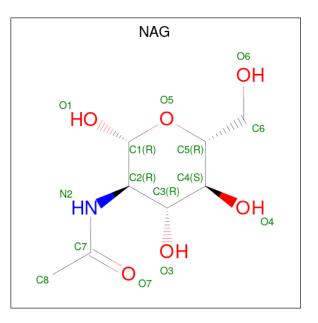
• Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopy ranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
6	Н	4	Total 49	C 28	N 2	0 19	0	0	0

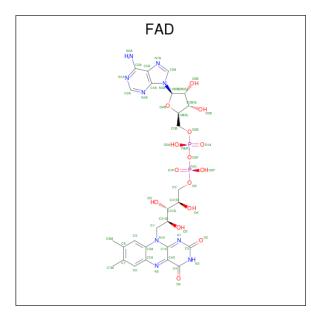
• Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	1	Total C N 14 8 1		0	0
7	В	1	Total C N 14 8 1	O 5	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 8 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $\rm C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	A	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	0

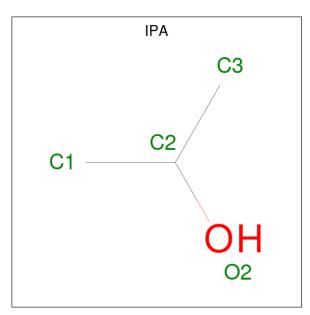
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Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	В	1	Total 53			 Р 2	0	0

• Molecule 9 is ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (three-letter code: IPA) (formula: C₃H₈O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 4 3 1 \end{array}$	0	0
9	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 4 3 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	А	753	Total O 753 753	0	0
10	В	763	Total O 763 763	0	0

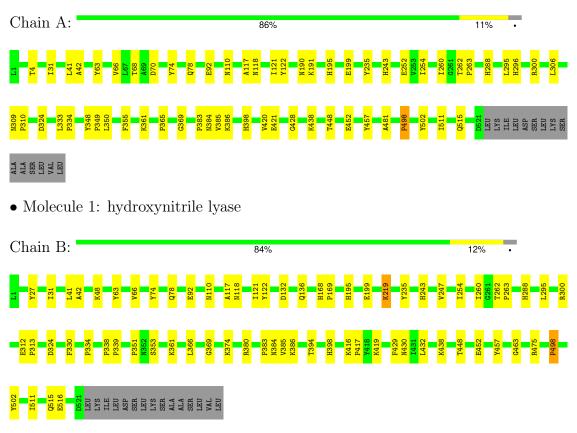


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: hydroxynitrile lyase



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 50% 50%

 • Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)] 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e



100%

α	•	D
('h	am	1.1.
\sim n	am	\mathcal{D} .



 • Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)] 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain C:	000/	000/
Ullalli G.	80%	20%



 • Molecule 4: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)] 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain E:	60%	40%	
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 BMA4 FUC5			
• Molecule 5 opyranose	: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluco	pyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamid	o-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc

Chain F:	50%	50%
NAG1 NAG2		

 $\bullet \ {\rm Molecule \ 6: \ beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alp ha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose}$

Chain H:	25%	50%	25%
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 FUC4			



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	56.18Å 67.49Å 79.80Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	79.57° 77.78° 67.19°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.23 - 1.47	Depositor
% Data completeness	69.2 (23.23-1.47)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	05.2 (25.25-1.47)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.160 , 0.186	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	9995	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	16.0	wwPDB-VP



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, MAN, NDG, FAD, BMA, IPA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.30	0/4223	0.63	0/5760
1	В	0.30	0/4182	0.63	0/5705
All	All	0.30	0/8405	0.63	0/11465

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4033	0	3881	43	0
1	В	4019	0	3877	52	0
2	С	28	0	24	0	0
3	D	60	0	52	0	0
3	G	60	0	52	0	0
4	Е	60	0	52	0	0
5	F	28	0	25	3	0
6	Н	49	0	43	1	0
7	А	14	0	13	1	0
7	В	14	0	13	1	0
8	А	53	0	31	4	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	В	53	0	31	2	0
9	А	4	0	8	1	0
9	В	4	0	8	1	0
10	А	753	0	0	3	0
10	В	763	0	0	5	0
All	All	9995	0	8110	100	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 100 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:420:VAL:HG23	1:A:421:GLU:HG3	1.58	0.84
1:A:121[B]:ILE:HD12	9:A:4001:IPA:H2	1.60	0.83
1:B:121[B]:ILE:HD12	9:B:4002:IPA:H2	1.60	0.83
1:B:374:LYS:HE2	1:B:384[A]:ASN:HD21	1.46	0.81
1:A:118:ASN:O	1:A:121[B]:ILE:HG12	1.87	0.73

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	535/536~(100%)	522~(98%)	13~(2%)	0	100	100
1	В	530/536~(99%)	516~(97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1065/1072~(99%)	1038 (98%)	27~(2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	459/456~(101%)	457 (100%)	2~(0%)	89 79		
1	В	454/456~(100%)	450 (99%)	4 (1%)	75 55		
All	All	913/912~(100%)	907~(99%)	6 (1%)	81 65		

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	288	HIS
1	В	430	ASN
1	В	498	PRO
1	А	498	PRO
1	А	288	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	65	ASN
1	В	281	ASN
1	В	430	ASN
1	В	323	ASN
1	А	281	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

23 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.76	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.76	0
2	NDG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.76	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.75	1 (5%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.76	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
3	BMA	D	3	3	11,11,12	0.47	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.36	0
3	MAN	D	4	3	11,11,12	0.48	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.52	0
3	FUC	D	5	3	10,10,11	0.50	0	$14,\!14,\!16$	0.30	0
4	NAG	Е	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.53	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.67	1 (5%)
4	NAG	Е	2	4	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.67	0
4	BMA	Е	3	4	11,11,12	0.44	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.26	0
4	BMA	Е	4	4	11,11,12	0.58	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.72	1 (6%)
4	FUC	Е	5	4	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	0.32	0
5	NAG	F	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	0.63	0
5	NAG	F	2	5	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.78	1 (5%)
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.75	1 (5%)
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	0.72	0
3	BMA	G	3	3	11,11,12	0.45	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.41	0
3	MAN	G	4	3	11,11,12	0.48	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.51	0
3	FUC	G	5	3	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	0.34	0
6	NAG	Н	1	6,1	14,14,15	0.53	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.67	1 (5%)
6	NAG	Н	2	6	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	1.11	2 (11%)
6	BMA	Н	3	6	11,11,12	0.48	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.43	0
6	FUC	Н	4	6	10,10,11	0.48	0	$14,\!14,\!16$	0.31	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NDG	С	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	D	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	D	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	D	5	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	1	4,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	Е	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	Е	4	4	-	1/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
4	FUC	Е	5	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	1	5,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	2	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	G	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	G	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	G	5	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	Н	1	6,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	Н	2	6	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	Н	3	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	FUC	Н	4	6	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	С	2	NDG	C1-C2	2.25	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	Ε	4	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.43	115.44	112.19
6	Н	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.34	114.44	111.02
5	F	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.26	119.88	122.90
3	G	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.22	119.93	122.90
2	С	2	NDG	C2-N2-C7	-2.06	120.15	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	G	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	Н	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
6	Н	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	Н	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

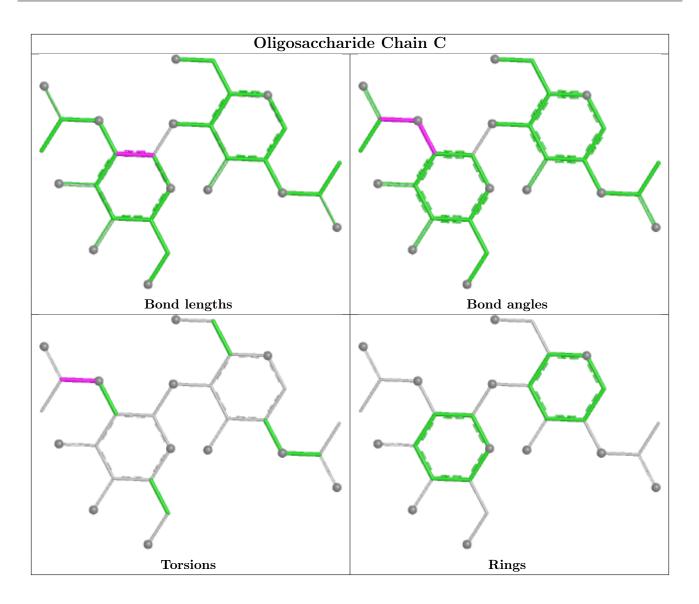
\mathbf{N}	ſol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
	4	Е	4	BMA	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

4 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

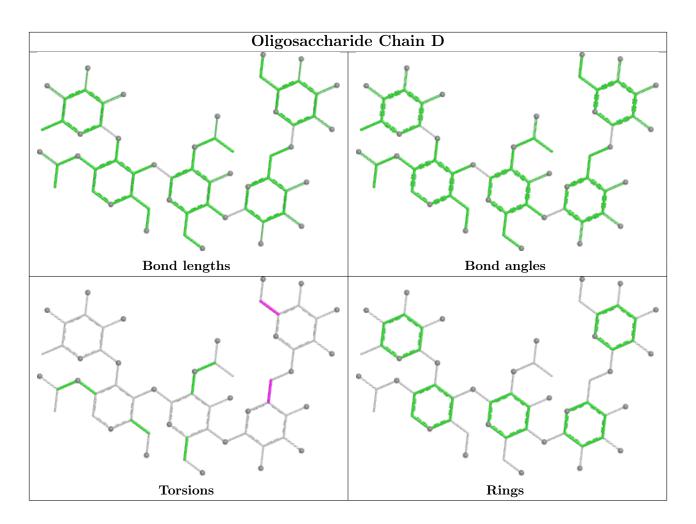
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	Н	2	NAG	1	0
5	F	2	NAG	3	0
5	F	1	NAG	3	0
6	Н	3	BMA	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

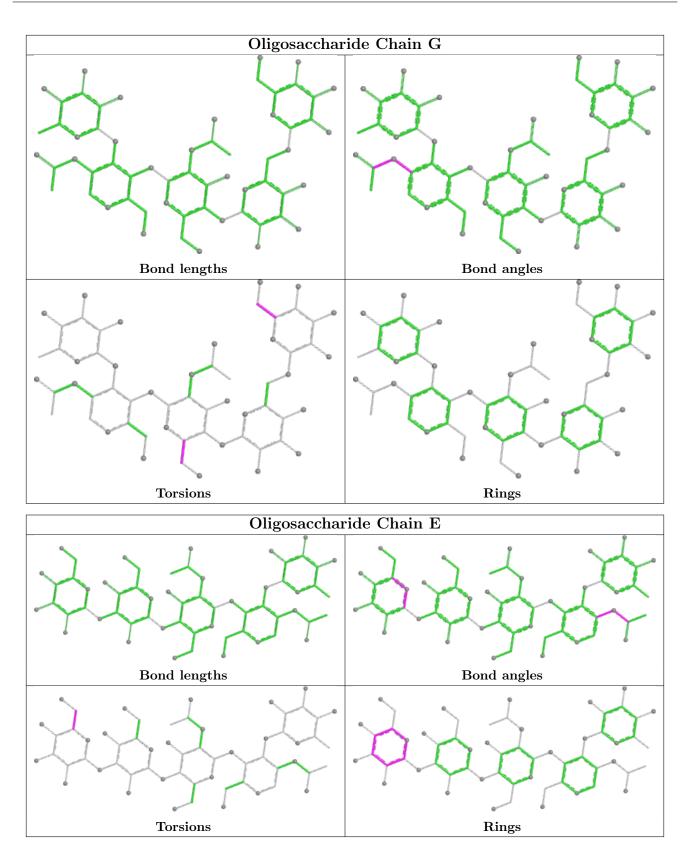




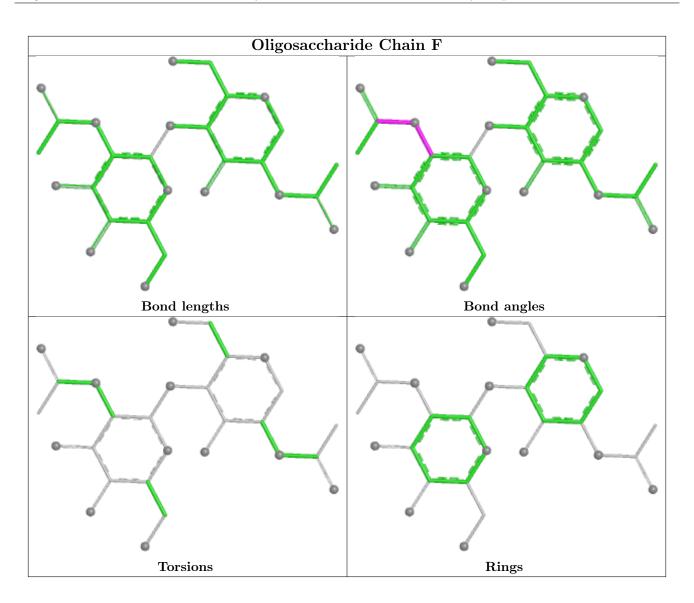




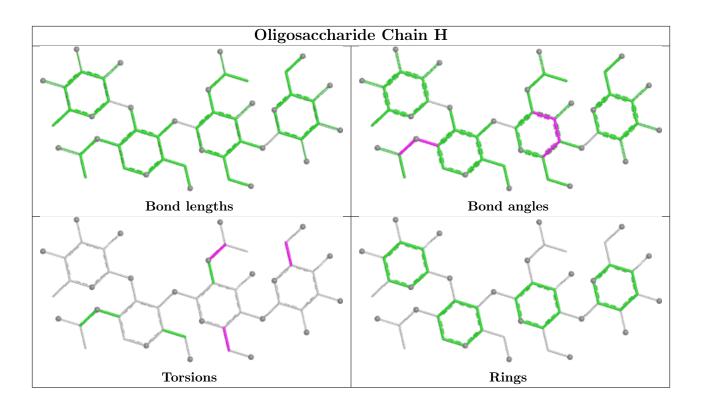












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
NIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
8	FAD	В	2002	-	$54,\!58,\!58$	2.31	17 (31%)	71,89,89	1.31	9 (12%)
8	FAD	А	2001	-	$54,\!58,\!58$	2.39	20 (37%)	71,89,89	1.33	10 (14%)
9	IPA	В	4002	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	3,3,3	0.89	0
7	NAG	А	607	1	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	0.67	0
9	IPA	А	4001	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	3,3,3	0.88	0
7	NAG	В	607	1	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	0.83	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	В	607	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	А	607	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	FAD	В	2002	-	-	1/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
8	FAD	А	2001	-	-	1/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

The worst 5 of 37 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	А	2001	FAD	P-O3P	-10.56	1.48	1.59
8	В	2002	FAD	P-O3P	-10.01	1.48	1.59
8	А	2001	FAD	O4B-C1B	4.66	1.47	1.40
8	В	2002	FAD	O4B-C1B	4.64	1.47	1.40
8	А	2001	FAD	PA-O3P	4.40	1.64	1.59

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
8	А	2001	FAD	O4B-C1B-N9A	-5.51	101.44	108.75
8	В	2002	FAD	O4B-C1B-N9A	-5.39	101.60	108.75
8	А	2001	FAD	C4B-O4B-C1B	-2.58	107.56	109.92
8	В	2002	FAD	O5B-PA-O1A	-2.54	98.86	108.94
8	В	2002	FAD	C4B-O4B-C1B	-2.52	107.62	109.92

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	А	607	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	А	607	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	А	2001	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-O2'
8	В	2002	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-O2'

There are no ring outliers.

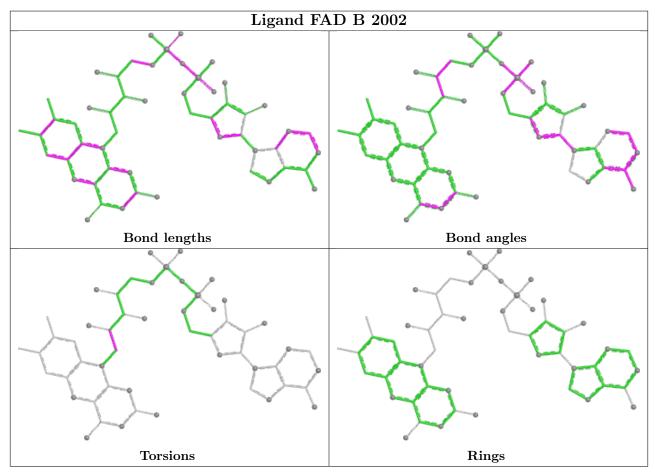
6 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	В	2002	FAD	2	0
8	А	2001	FAD	4	0
9	В	4002	IPA	1	0
7	А	607	NAG	1	0
9	А	4001	IPA	1	0
7	В	607	NAG	1	0

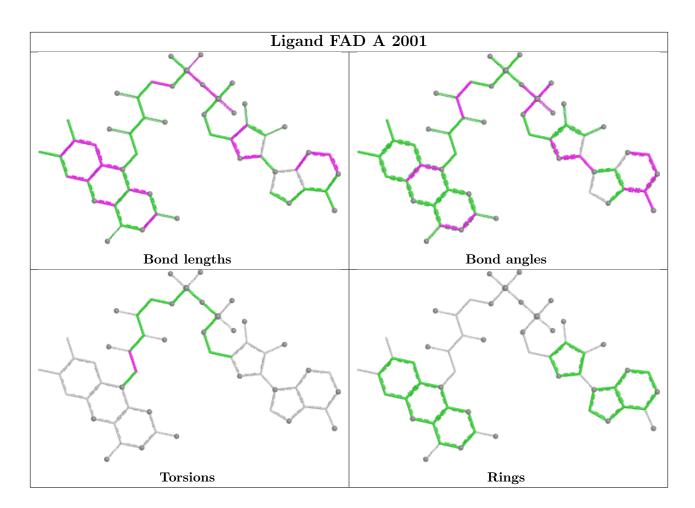


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The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

