

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 23, 2024 – 11:51 AM EDT

PDB ID : 5IZC

Title: Trypanosoma brucei PTR1 in complex with inhibitor F032

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Deposited on : 2016-03-25

Resolution : 1.92 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.37.1 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

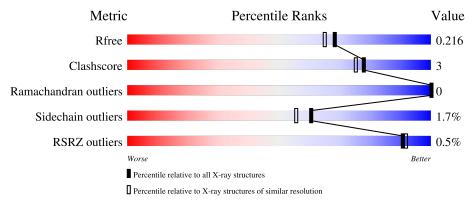
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.92 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	7937 (1.94-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	8644 (1.94-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8530 (1.94-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8530 (1.94-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7793 (1.94-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	268	85%	8%	7%
1	В	268	82%	10%	8%
1	D	268		9%	· 7%
2	С	268	82%	8%	10%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8206 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

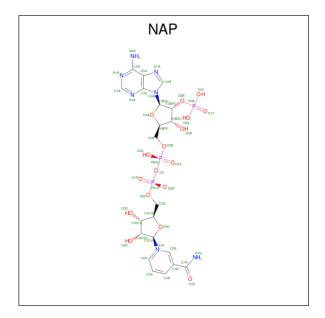
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Pteridine reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	249	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
1	A	249	1864	1178	325	348	13	U	0	
1	В	247	Total	С	N	О	S	0	6	0
1	Б	241	1868	1181	325	350	12			
1	D	248	Total	С	N	О	S	0	3	0
1	ש	240	1839	1160	322	345	12	0		

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Pteridine reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	С	241	Total 1800	C 1133	N 312	O 343	S 12	0	5	0

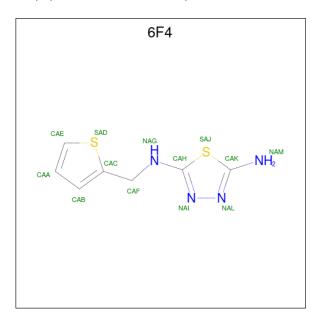
• Molecule 3 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C₂₁H₂₈N₇O₁₇P₃).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	A	1	48	21	7	17	3	U		
2	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	Б	1	48	21	7	17	3	U		
3	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3		1	48	21	7	17	3	U		
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	ש	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	U	

 \bullet Molecule 4 is N 2 -[(thiophen-2-yl)methyl]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2,5-diamine (three-letter code: 6F4) (formula: $C_7H_8N_4S_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
1	Δ	1	Total	С	N	S	0	0	
4	Λ	1	13	7	4	2	U	0	
1	В	1	Total	\mathbf{C}	Ν	S	0	0	
4	Ъ	1	13	7	4	2	0		
1	С	1	Total	С	N	S	0	0	
4		1	13	7	4	2	0	0	
1	D	1	Total	С	N	S	0	0	
4	D	1	13	7	4	2	0	0	

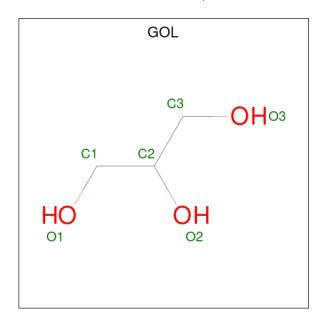
• Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: $C_2H_3O_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
5	С	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0



• Molecule 7 is water.

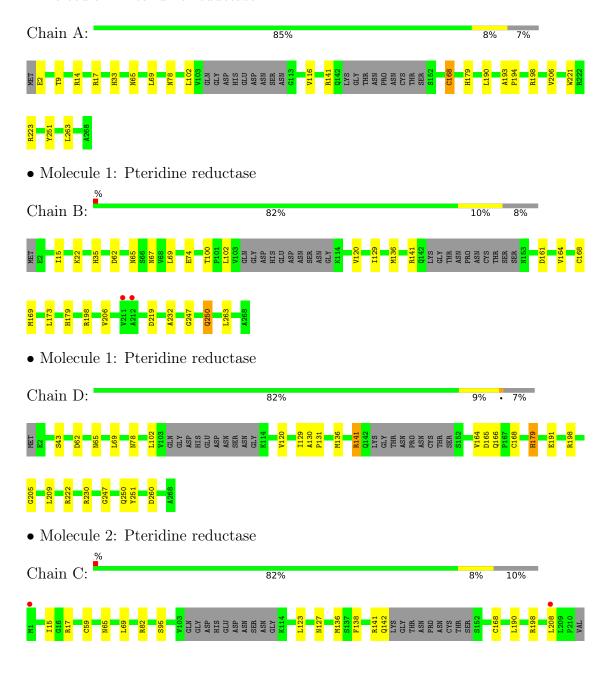
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	135	Total O 135 135	0	0
7	В	164	Total O 164 164	0	0
7	С	141	Total O 141 141	0	0
7	D	133	Total O 133 133	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Pteridine reductase









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	74.63Å 89.44Å 82.64Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 115.87° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	74.36 - 1.92	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	44.72 - 1.92	EDS
% Data completeness	97.6 (74.36-1.92)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.6 (44.72-1.92)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.09	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.58 (at 1.92Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0103	Depositor
D D.	0.161 , 0.206	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.171 , 0.216	DCC
R_{free} test set	3668 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.051	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 51.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.017 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8206	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 35.70 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.6034e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAP, 6F4, CME, GOL, OCS, ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.85	0/1895	0.92	$4/2572 \ (0.2\%)$	
1	В	0.90	0/1902	0.96	7/2581 (0.3%)	
1	D	0.86	1/1864 (0.1%)	0.93	9/2532~(0.4%)	
2	С	0.89	0/1820	0.90	3/2472 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.87	1/7481 (0.0%)	0.93	23/10157 (0.2%)	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	D	191	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.42	1.19	1.25

The worst 5 of 23 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	D	222	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.34	123.97	120.30
1	В	198	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.00	116.80	120.30
1	D	260	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.86	124.47	118.30
1	D	62	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.82	124.44	118.30
1	В	198	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.80	123.70	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1864	0	1901	10	0
1	В	1868	0	1911	13	0
1	D	1839	0	1861	12	0
2	С	1800	0	1804	17	0
3	A	48	0	25	0	0
3	В	48	0	25	2	0
3	С	48	0	25	5	0
3	D	48	0	25	1	0
4	A	13	0	0	0	0
4	В	13	0	0	0	0
4	С	13	0	0	1	0
4	D	13	0	0	0	0
5	A	8	0	6	1	0
5	С	4	0	3	0	0
6	В	6	0	8	0	0
7	A	135	0	0	0	0
7	В	164	0	0	1	0
7	С	141	0	0	5	0
7	D	133	0	0	0	0
All	All	8206	0	7594	44	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 44 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:A:78:ASN:OD1	1:A:141:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.62	
1:B:164:VAL:HG22	1:B:179:HIS:CD2	2.39	0.58	
1:A:65:ASN:HA	1:A:69:LEU:HD22	1.85	0.57	
2:C:65:ASN:HA	2:C:69:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.53	
1:D:65:ASN:HA	1:D:69:LEU:HD22	1.90	0.53	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the r	number of residu	ues for which	the backbone	conformation	was
analysed, and the total number of	residues.				

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	247/268 (92%)	240 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	$246/268 \; (92\%)$	238 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	$244/268 \ (91\%)$	236 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
2	C	236/268 (88%)	227 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	973/1072 (91%)	941 (97%)	32 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	197/213 (92%)	194 (98%)	3 (2%)	65 61		
1	В	199/213 (93%)	194 (98%)	5 (2%)	47 39		
1	D	193/213 (91%)	189 (98%)	4 (2%)	53 46		
2	С	188/212 (89%)	186 (99%)	2 (1%)	73 72		
All	All	777/851 (91%)	763 (98%)	14 (2%)	60 53		

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	250	GLN
2	С	141	ARG
1	D	209	LEU
1	D	166	GLN
1	D	179	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	179	HIS
1	В	65	ASN
1	В	179	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

5 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Type Chain Res		Link	В	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
1	CME	В	168	1	8,9,10	0.83	0	5,9,11	1.48	1 (20%)	
1	CME	D	168	1	8,9,10	0.65	0	5,9,11	1.54	1 (20%)	
1	CME	A	168	1	8,9,10	0.92	1 (12%)	5,9,11	1.58	1 (20%)	
2	CME	С	168	2	8,9,10	0.71	0	5,9,11	1.75	1 (20%)	
2	OCS	С	59	2	7,8,9	1.97	2 (28%)	6,11,13	2.54	2 (33%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CME	В	168	1	-	2/5/8/10	-
1	CME	D	168	1	-	0/5/8/10	-
1	CME	A	168	1	-	1/5/8/10	-
2	CME	С	168	2	-	0/5/8/10	-
2	OCS	С	59	2	-	1/4/7/9	_

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	С	59	OCS	OD3-SG	3.77	1.56	1.45
2	С	59	OCS	CB-SG	-2.65	1.67	1.77
1	A	168	CME	CB-SG	-2.13	1.74	1.81

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	59	OCS	OD3-SG-CB	5.02	112.90	106.94
2	С	168	CME	CB-SG-SD	-3.54	94.66	103.82
1	В	168	CME	CB-SG-SD	-3.22	95.47	103.82
1	D	168	CME	CB-SG-SD	-3.21	95.52	103.82
1	A	168	CME	CA-CB-SG	-2.89	102.21	114.55

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	168	CME	SD-CE-CZ-OH
2	С	59	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG
1	В	168	CME	SD-CE-CZ-OH
1	В	168	CME	CZ-CE-SD-SG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	168	CME	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
WIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	GOL	В	303	-	5,5,5	0.95	0	5,5,5	1.94	1 (20%)
5	ACT	С	303	-	3,3,3	0.73	0	3,3,3	0.70	0
3	NAP	A	301	ı	45,52,52	1.21	5 (11%)	56,80,80	1.40	11 (19%)
4	6F4	В	302	-	9,14,14	2.53	3 (33%)	4,18,18	4.64	2 (50%)
3	NAP	С	301	-	45,52,52	1.20	4 (8%)	56,80,80	1.71	15 (26%)
5	ACT	A	303	-	3,3,3	0.74	0	3,3,3	1.15	0
4	6F4	С	302	-	9,14,14	2.47	3 (33%)	4,18,18	3.75	1 (25%)
4	6F4	D	302	-	9,14,14	3.57	2 (22%)	4,18,18	4.31	1 (25%)
3	NAP	В	301	-	45,52,52	1.26	7 (15%)	56,80,80	1.47	8 (14%)
5	ACT	A	304	-	3,3,3	0.99	0	3,3,3	1.21	0
3	NAP	D	301	-	45,52,52	1.27	7 (15%)	56,80,80	1.34	9 (16%)
4	6F4	A	302	-	9,14,14	2.28	2 (22%)	4,18,18	3.20	1 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	GOL	В	303	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
3	NAP	A	301	-	-	0/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
4	6F4	В	302	-	-	0/1/5/5	0/2/2/2
3	NAP	С	301	-	-	0/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
4	6F4	С	302	_	-	0/1/5/5	0/2/2/2
4	6F4	D	302	-	-	0/1/5/5	0/2/2/2
3	NAP	В	301	-	-	0/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	NAP	D	301	-	-	0/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
4	6F4	A	302	-	-	0/1/5/5	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
4	D	302	6F4	CAC-SAD	-10.24	1.52	1.73
4	A	302	6F4	CAC-SAD	-5.60	1.62	1.73
4	С	302	6F4	NAL-NAI	5.43	1.48	1.37
4	В	302	6F4	CAF-CAC	5.02	1.57	1.51
4	В	302	6F4	CAC-SAD	-4.23	1.65	1.73



	The worst	5	of	49	bond	angle	outliers	are	listed	below
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	D	302	6F4	CAA-CAE-SAD	-8.43	106.14	112.98
4	В	302	6F4	CAA-CAE-SAD	-8.01	106.48	112.98
4	С	302	6F4	CAA-CAE-SAD	-7.47	106.92	112.98
4	A	302	6F4	CAA-CAE-SAD	-6.32	107.85	112.98
3	С	301	NAP	C3N-C7N-N7N	6.08	125.04	117.75

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	В	303	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
6	В	303	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	В	303	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

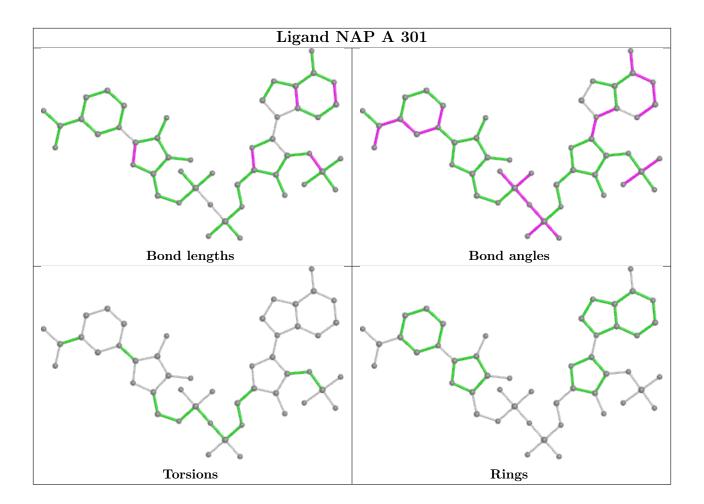
There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

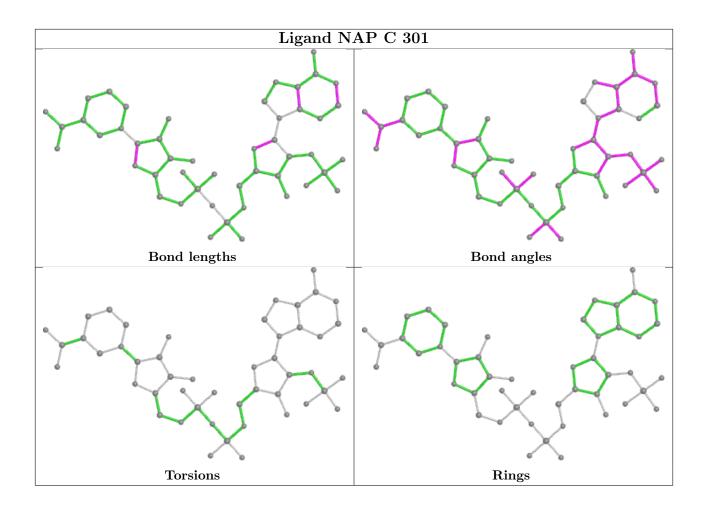
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	301	NAP	5	0
5	A	303	ACT	1	0
4	С	302	6F4	1	0
3	В	301	NAP	2	0
3	D	301	NAP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

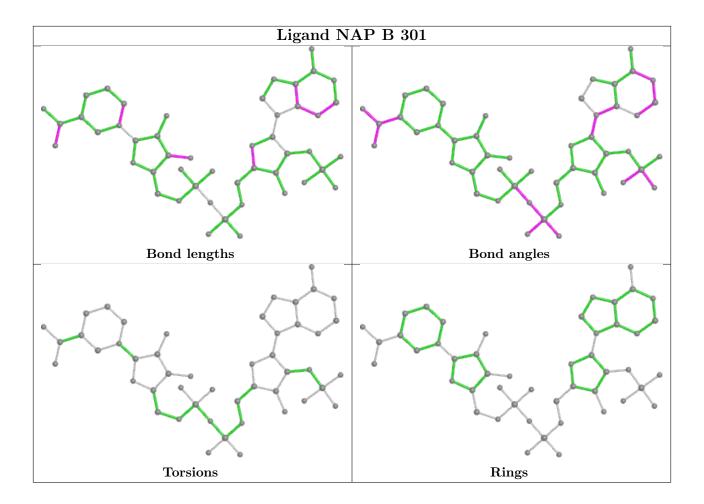




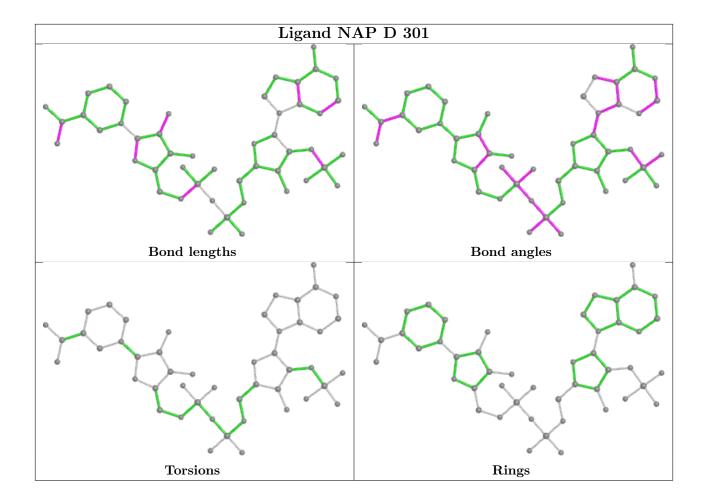












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	248/268 (92%)	-0.31	0 100 100	9, 17, 37, 58	2 (0%)
1	В	$246/268 \; (91\%)$	-0.35	2 (0%) 86 87	9, 16, 35, 52	7 (2%)
1	D	247/268 (92%)	-0.27	0 100 100	9, 19, 41, 65	5 (2%)
2	С	239/268 (89%)	-0.28	3 (1%) 77 79	10, 18, 41, 59	4 (1%)
All	All	980/1072 (91%)	-0.30	5 (0%) 91 92	9, 18, 38, 65	18 (1%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	С	1	MET	4.1
1	В	212	ALA	2.7
1	В	211	VAL	2.6
2	С	208	LEU	2.5
2	С	221	TRP	2.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CME	A	168	10/11	0.94	0.10	20,36,58,67	0
1	CME	В	168	10/11	0.95	0.11	19,33,62,70	0
2	CME	С	168	10/11	0.95	0.10	19,32,62,64	0
1	CME	D	168	10/11	0.95	0.08	23,32,55,60	0
2	OCS	С	59	9/10	0.97	0.09	16,20,24,26	0



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

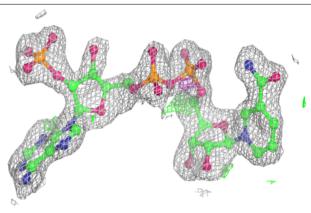
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	ACT	A	304	4/4	0.84	0.13	42,42,46,48	0
4	6F4	С	302	13/13	0.86	0.23	23,28,34,37	13
4	6F4	D	302	13/13	0.88	0.13	20,24,34,40	13
6	GOL	В	303	6/6	0.88	0.14	28,34,37,48	0
4	6F4	В	302	13/13	0.91	0.20	14,19,34,36	13
4	6F4	A	302	13/13	0.92	0.11	21,26,34,43	13
3	NAP	С	301	48/48	0.92	0.12	18,26,33,36	48
5	ACT	A	303	4/4	0.93	0.11	35,36,37,39	0
5	ACT	С	303	4/4	0.94	0.10	22,24,29,29	0
3	NAP	В	301	48/48	0.96	0.08	13,17,20,21	0
3	NAP	D	301	48/48	0.96	0.09	16,20,26,26	0
3	NAP	A	301	48/48	0.97	0.08	17,20,24,28	0

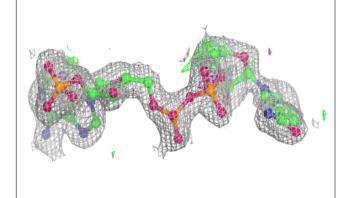
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

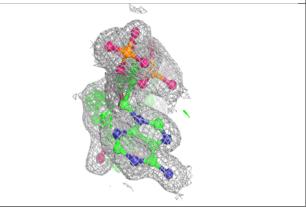


Electron density around NAP C 301:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

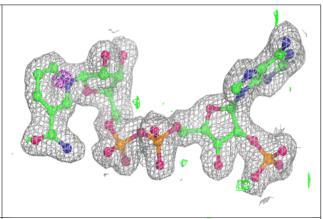


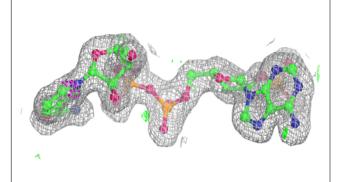


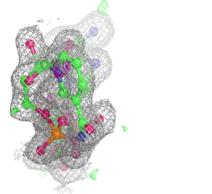


Electron density around NAP B 301:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



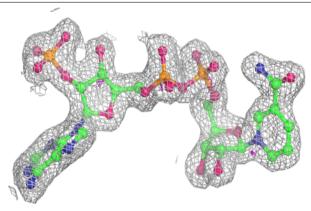


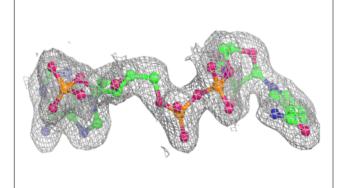


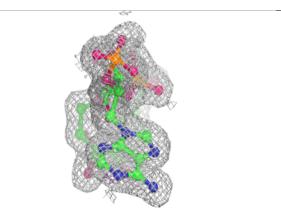


Electron density around NAP D 301:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

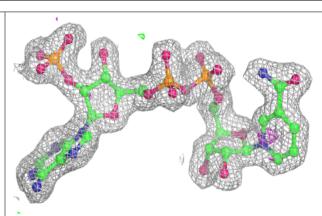


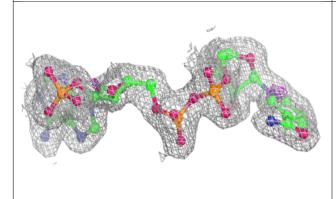


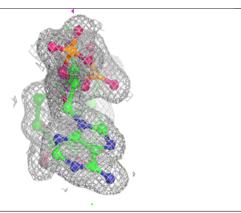


Electron density around NAP A 301:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

