



# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 18, 2025 – 06:19 pm GMT

PDB ID : 9I0G / pdb\_00009i0g  
EMDB ID : EMD-52557  
Title : CryoEM structure of holo-GmNifEN  
Authors : Paya Tormo, L.; Nguyen, T.Q.; Fyfe, C.; Basbous, H.; Dobrzynska, K.; Echavarri-Erasun, C.; Martin, L.; Caserta, G.; Legrand, P.; Thorn, A.; Amara, P.; Schoehn, G.; Cherrier, M.V.; Rubio, L.M.; Nicolet, Y.  
Deposited on : 2025-01-15  
Resolution : 2.86 Å (reported)  
Based on initial model : .

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

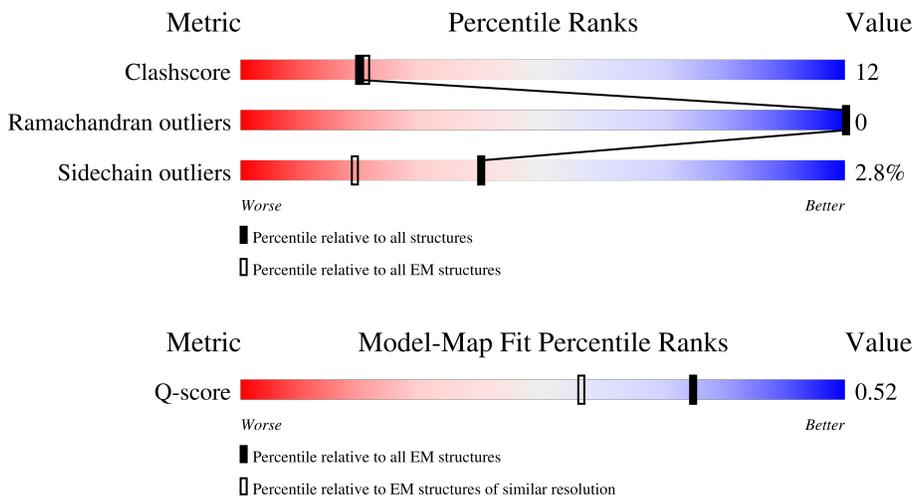
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev129  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.86 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	12017 ( 2.36 - 3.36 )

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	919	 68% 28% ..
1	B	919	 68% 28% ..

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

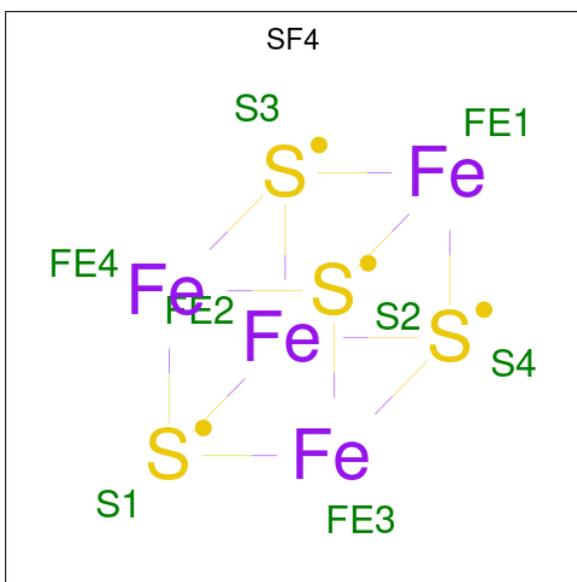
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13600 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Nitrogenase iron-molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein NifE.

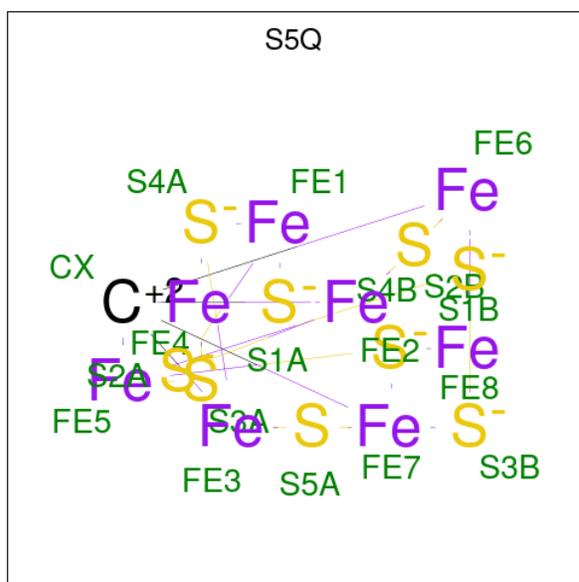
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	887	6774	4278	1179	1276	41	0	0
1	B	887	6774	4278	1179	1276	41	0	0

- Molecule 2 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (CCD ID: SF4) (formula: Fe<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Fe	S	
2	A	1	8	4	4	0
2	B	1	8	4	4	0

- Molecule 3 is FeFe cofactor (CCD ID: S5Q) (formula: CFe<sub>8</sub>S<sub>9</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
			Total	C	Fe		S
3	A	1	18	1	8	9	0
3	B	1	18	1	8	9	0



L796	E667	K566	H417	T283	M204	M87
D799	L668	I569	L436	M294	L205	L86
N800	G669	P574	N443	Q295	F208	E89
L801	E670	P575	P443	V298	S217	N90
L808	I677	W576	I444	L302	C218	D91
D681	D681	V577	L448	E306	F219	V92
I682	I682	G583	L448	R324	T224	F94
A683	A683	L584	K451	R324	E97	E97
L686	L686	T585	A452	S325	F225	K98
D691	D691	E586	P453	V326	E226	K99
E692	E692	T587	W454	L327	E227	L100
I693	I693	M588	E455	F328	L228	
F694	F694	G589	K456	T329	R229	I104
S698	S698	D590	T457	Y230	Y230	
L840	L840	D591	E458	K333	A231	L107
E841	E841	V592	E459	T334	A234	F119
D842	D842	R593	E459	K335	K235	
L843	L843	S594	R473	S336	L236	A122
E844	E844	A595	L476	M337	N237	
T845	T845	I596	L476	V338	I238	V125
L852	L852	V597	D477	T353	I239	T126
I853	I853	F598	E478	Q854	I240	A127
Q861	Q861	R600	D479	K854	G241	M128
L868	L868	E601	L480	F361	S242	
R873	R873	E602	K481	K243	K243	V133
V878	V878	P610	D482	L367	S244	
F879	F879	W611	S483	L367	L245	V136
D880	D880	T616	T484	I374	T246	
V890	V890	P617	V485	I375	R250	K143
G894	G894	D618	K486	E376	Q253	
L905	L905	G620	V487	S380	M258	I149
A910	L747	Q624	A505	A381	V150	P150
GLY	A748	E625	L510	G382	V151	V151
GLU	Q749	G626	M515	L383	M152	M152
GLY	M754	T630	L510	L384	T153	T153
GLN	E755	B640	M520	V386	P154	P154
LEU	F756	I645	H520	M391	I157	I157
LYS	L757	T650	Q523	L394	G158	G158
ALA	L757	B640	G524	I395	D159	D159
HIS	I765	I645	R530	V396	I162	I162
ASN	R773	T650	L531	G399	G163	G163
	L776	T658	R536	K400	N164	N164
	M777	P659	H536	F403	I176	I176
	V781	A660	V541	L406	Y167	Y167
	H784	D661	A642	K407	P188	P188
	V792	W662	L543	L413	I192	I192
		E663	A547	L413	G193	G193
		B664	L561	M416	E194	E194
		V665			Y195	Y195
		R666			M196	M196
					K291	K291
					R292	R292

## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	178282	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS GLACIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	36000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	21.309	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.746	Depositor
Average map value	-0.011	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.634	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.9	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	280.44, 280.44, 280.44	wwPDB
Map dimensions	246, 246, 246	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.14, 1.14, 1.14	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SF4, S5Q

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.16	0/6900	0.37	0/9341
1	B	0.16	0/6900	0.37	0/9341
All	All	0.16	0/13800	0.37	0/18682

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6774	0	6788	176	0
1	B	6774	0	6788	176	0
2	A	8	0	0	1	0
2	B	8	0	0	1	0
3	A	18	0	0	1	0
3	B	18	0	0	1	0
All	All	13600	0	13576	335	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 335 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by

their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:406:LEU:HD12	1:A:781:VAL:HB	1.65	0.77
1:B:406:LEU:HD12	1:B:781:VAL:HB	1.65	0.77
1:A:459:GLU:N	1:A:459:GLU:OE1	2.23	0.71
1:B:459:GLU:OE1	1:B:459:GLU:N	2.23	0.71
1:A:396:VAL:HG12	1:A:413:LEU:HB3	1.73	0.71

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	881/919 (96%)	844 (96%)	37 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	881/919 (96%)	844 (96%)	37 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1762/1838 (96%)	1688 (96%)	74 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	707/732 (97%)	687 (97%)	20 (3%)	38	64
1	B	707/732 (97%)	687 (97%)	20 (3%)	38	64

*Continued on next page...*

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1414/1464 (97%)	1374 (97%)	40 (3%)	40 64

5 of 40 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	367	LEU
1	B	543	LEU
1	B	375	ILE
1	B	444	ILE
1	B	645	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	68	ASN
1	B	164	ASN
1	B	904	ASN
1	B	354	GLN
1	B	897	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The

Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	S5Q	A	1002	1	18,30,30	2.13	10 (55%)	-		
3	S5Q	B	1002	1	18,30,30	2.13	10 (55%)	-		
2	SF4	B	1001	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
2	SF4	A	1001	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SF4	B	1001	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
2	SF4	A	1001	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

The worst 5 of 20 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	1002	S5Q	S4A-FE4	-3.44	2.23	2.32
3	B	1002	S5Q	S4A-FE4	-3.44	2.23	2.32
3	A	1002	S5Q	S1B-FE5	-2.97	2.25	2.32
3	B	1002	S5Q	S1B-FE5	-2.97	2.25	2.32
3	A	1002	S5Q	S2A-FE3	-2.86	2.25	2.32

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

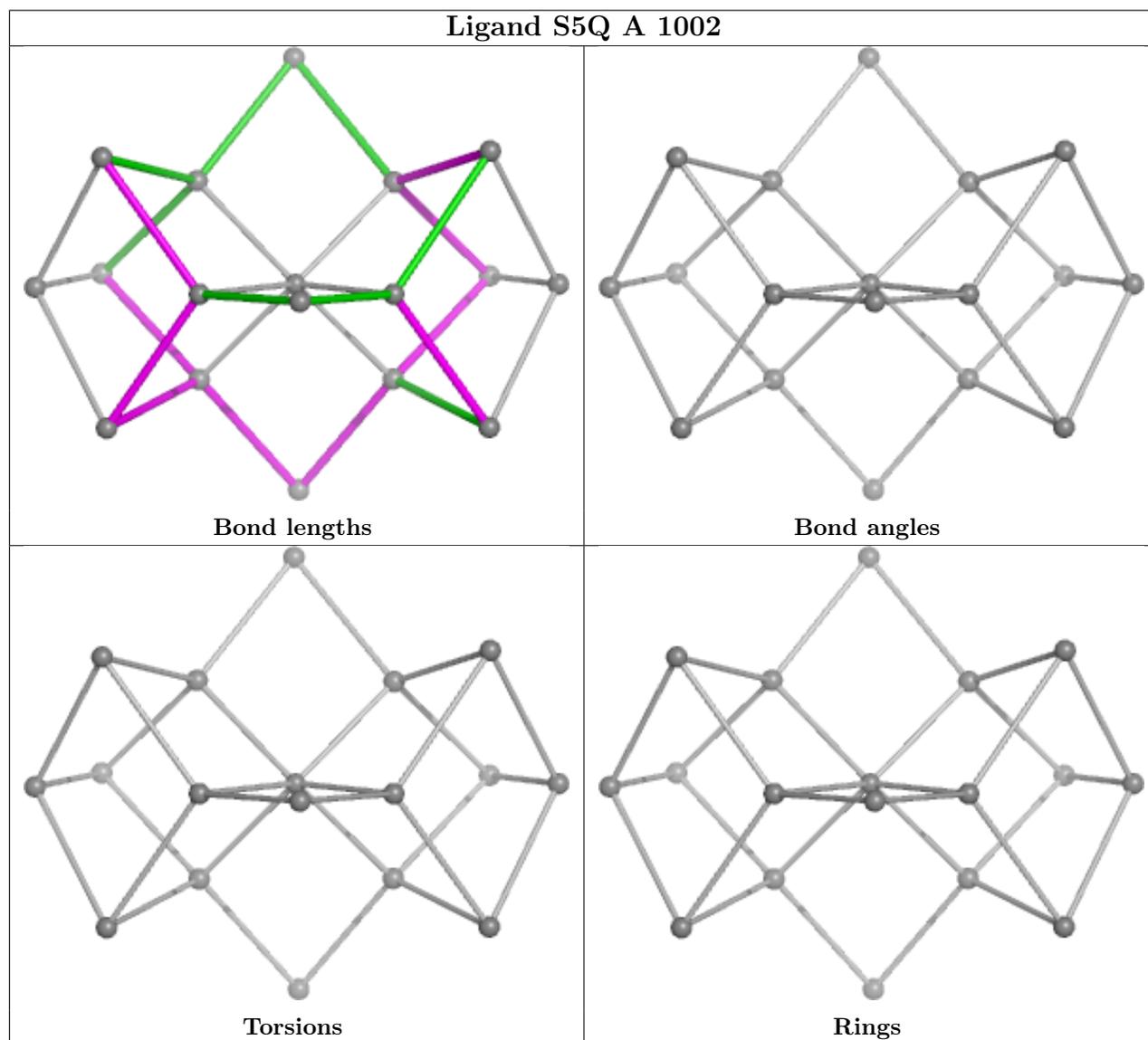
There are no torsion outliers.

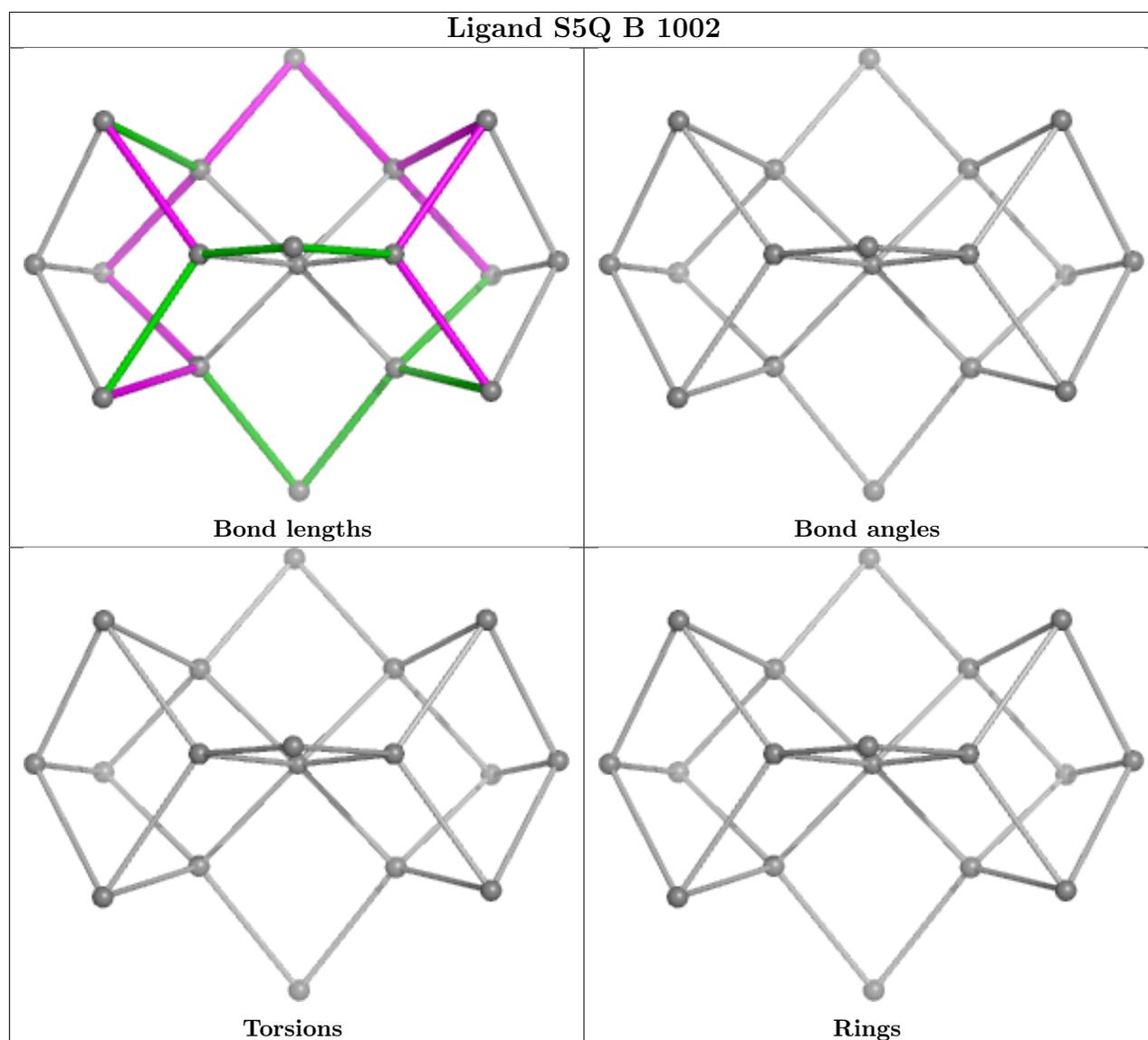
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1002	S5Q	1	0
3	B	1002	S5Q	1	0
2	B	1001	SF4	1	0
2	A	1001	SF4	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

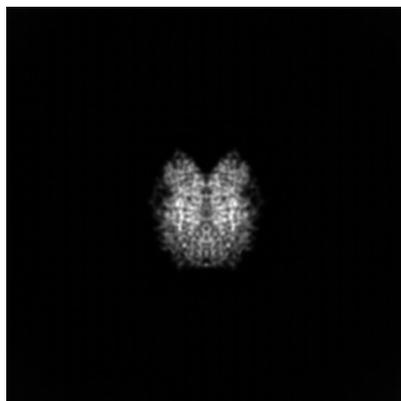
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-52557. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

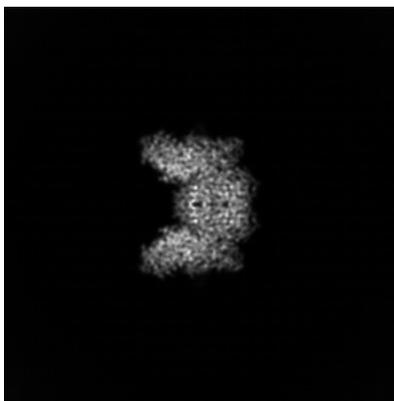
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

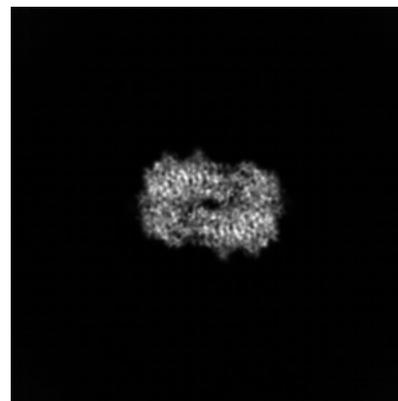
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

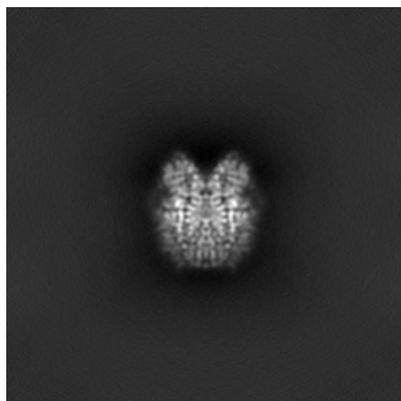


Y

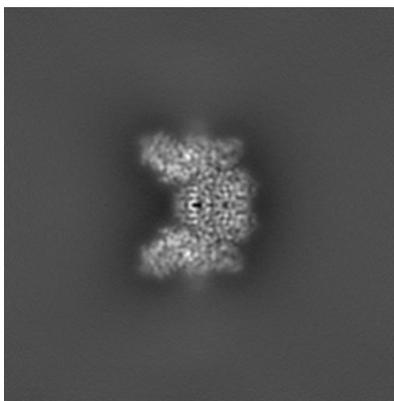


Z

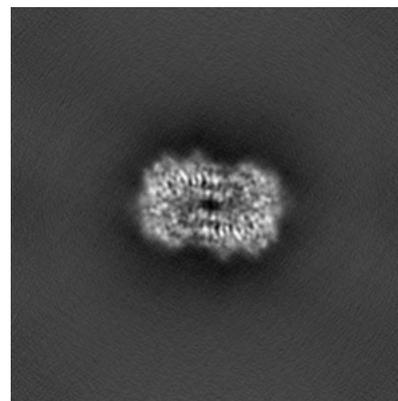
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

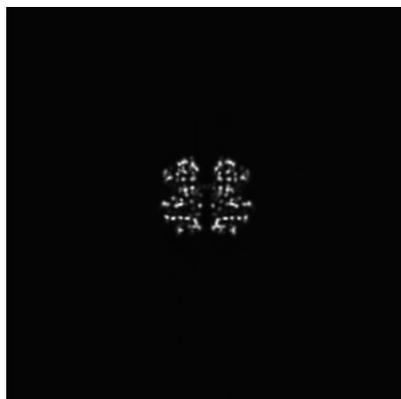


Z

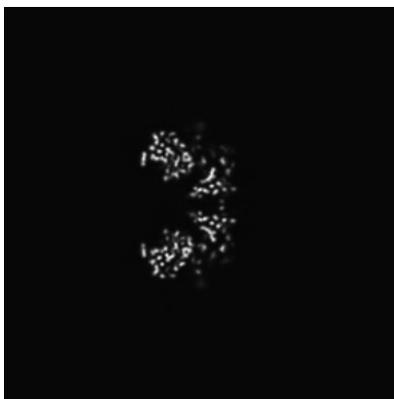
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

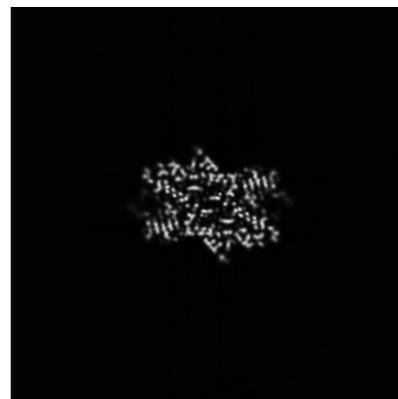
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 123

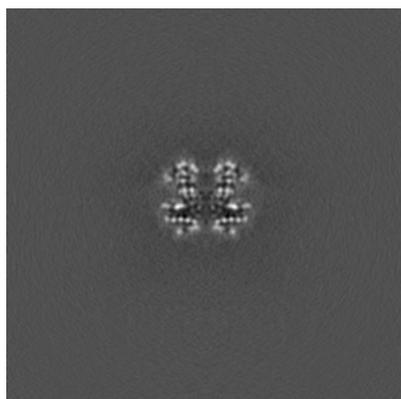


Y Index: 123

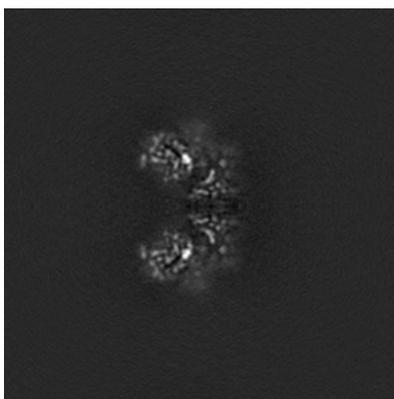


Z Index: 123

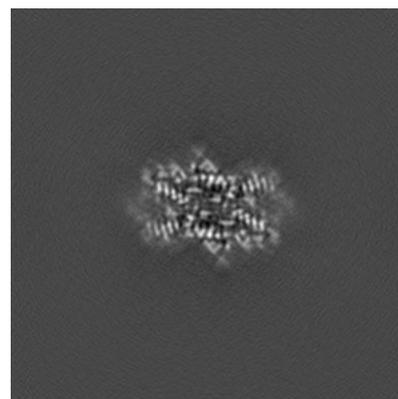
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 123



Y Index: 123

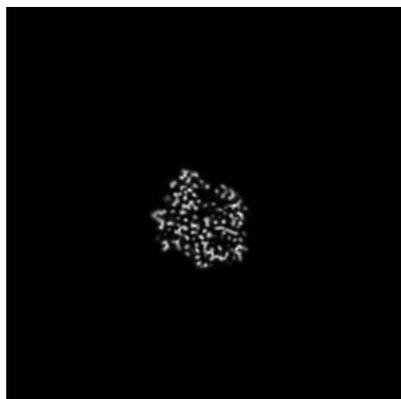


Z Index: 123

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

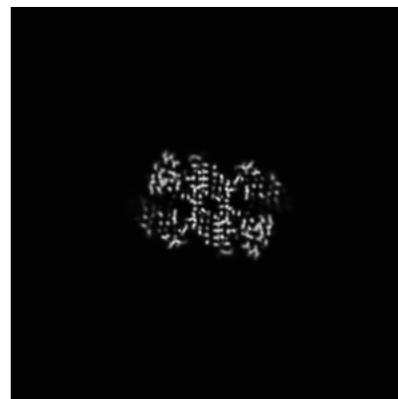
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 151

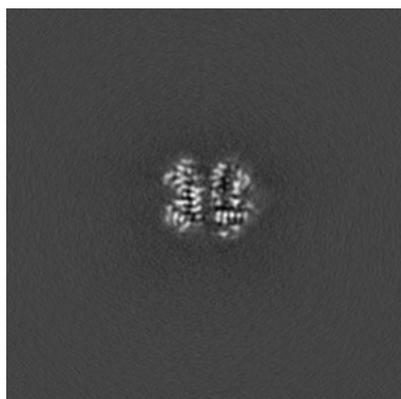


Y Index: 107

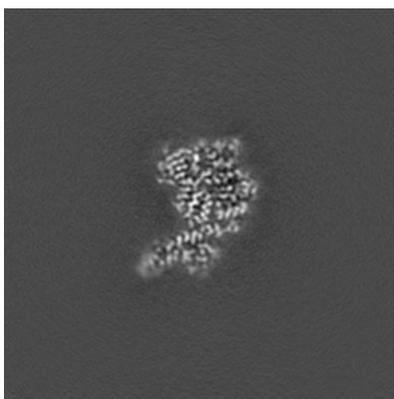


Z Index: 118

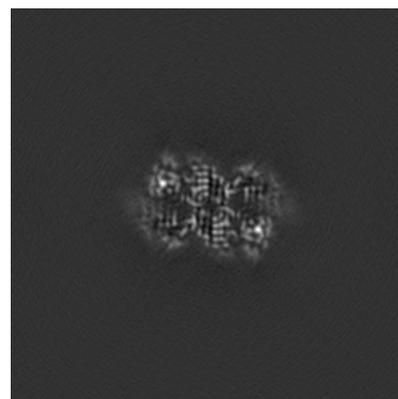
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 120



Y Index: 107

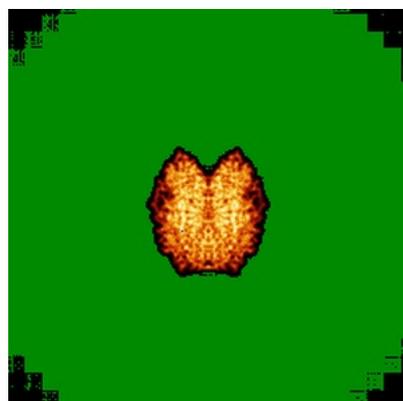


Z Index: 118

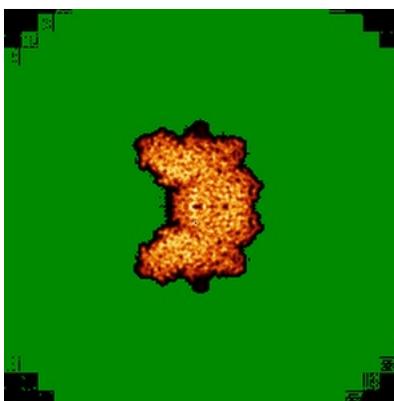
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

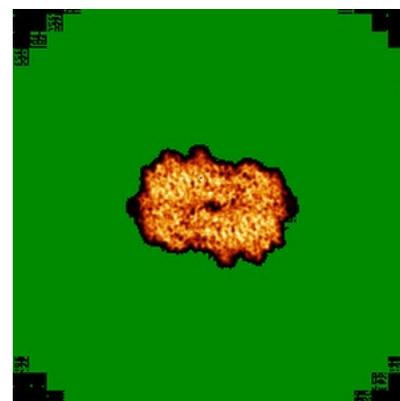
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X

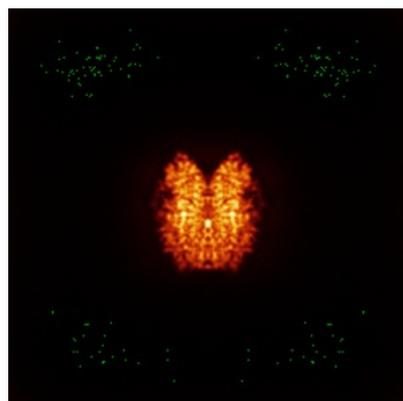


Y

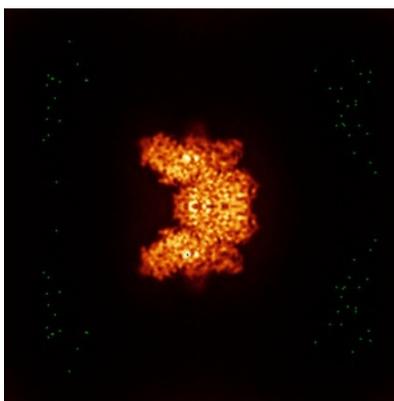


Z

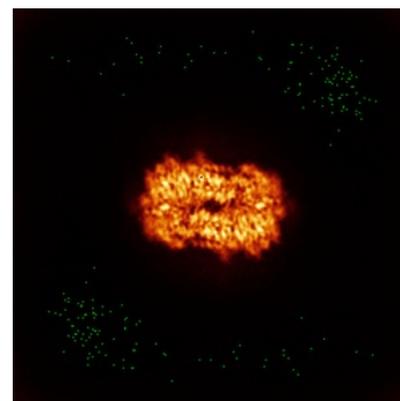
### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

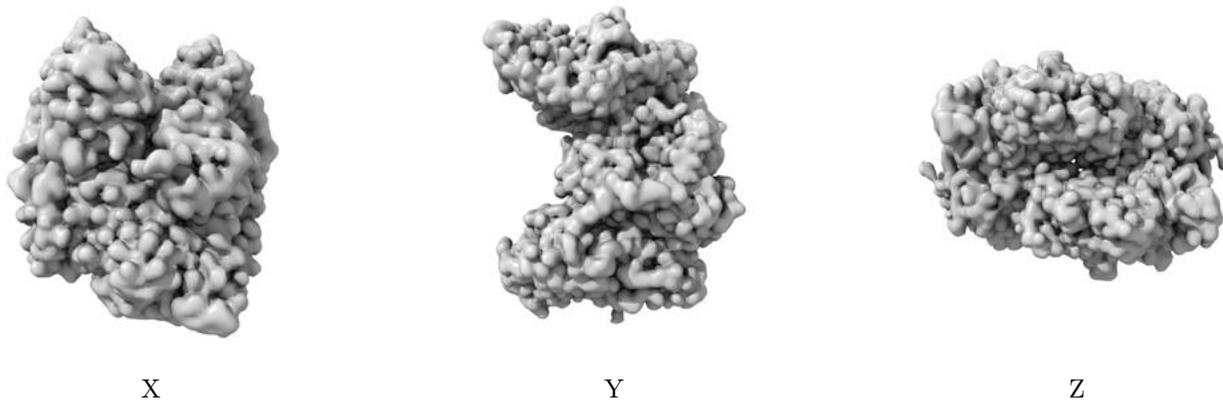


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

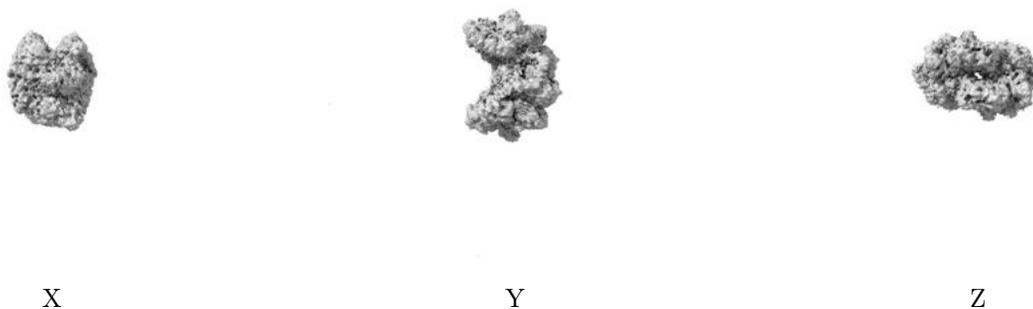
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.9. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

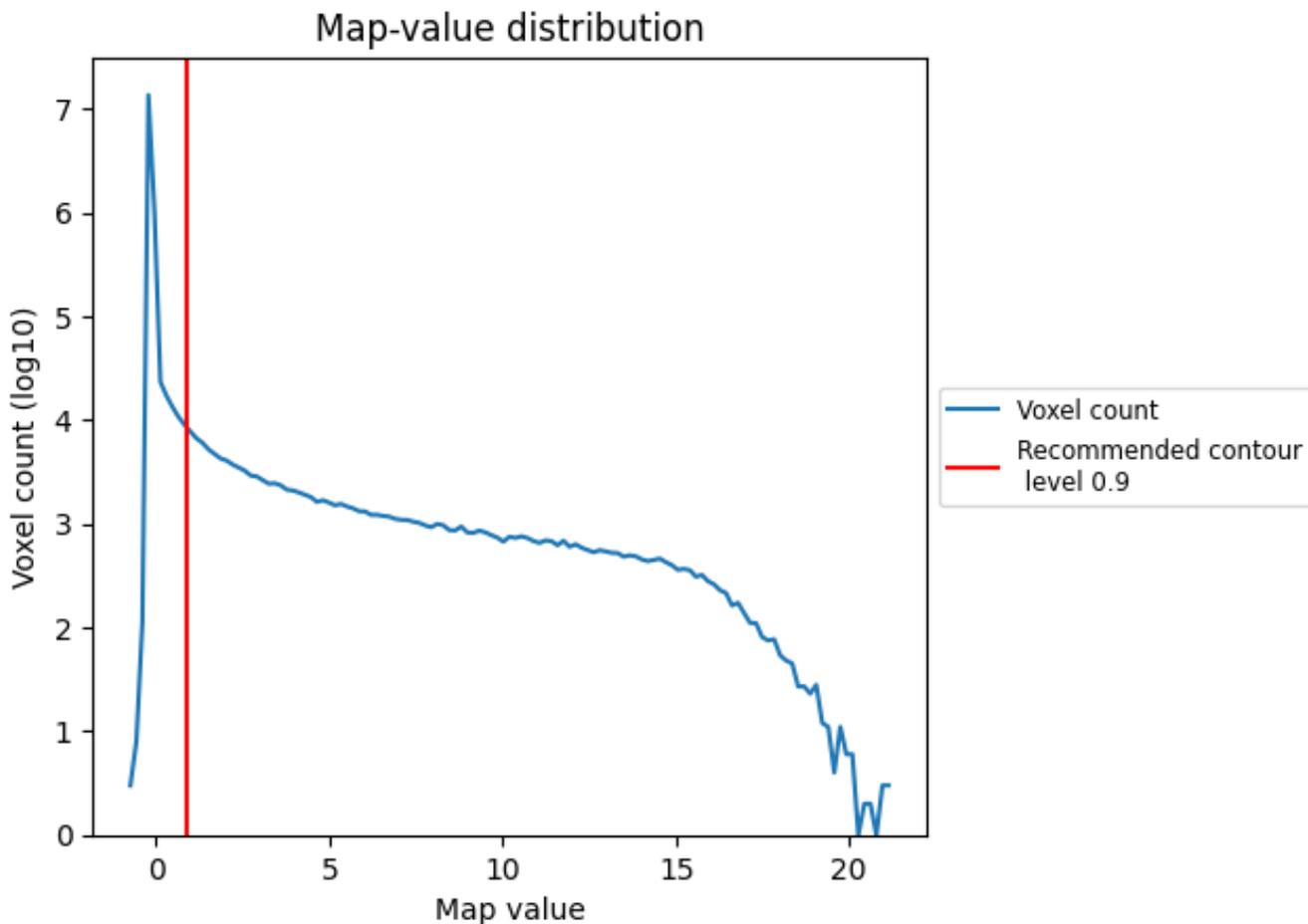
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

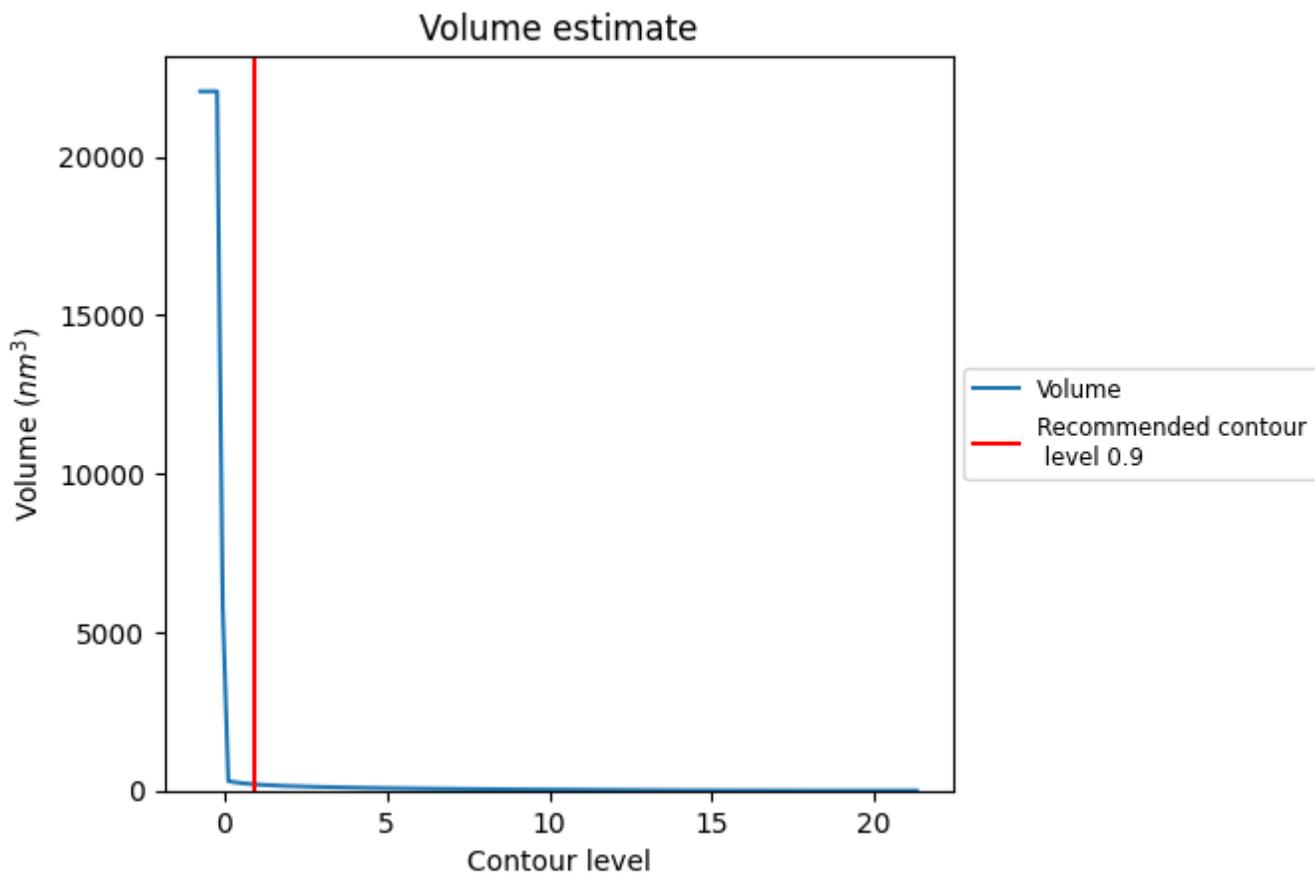
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

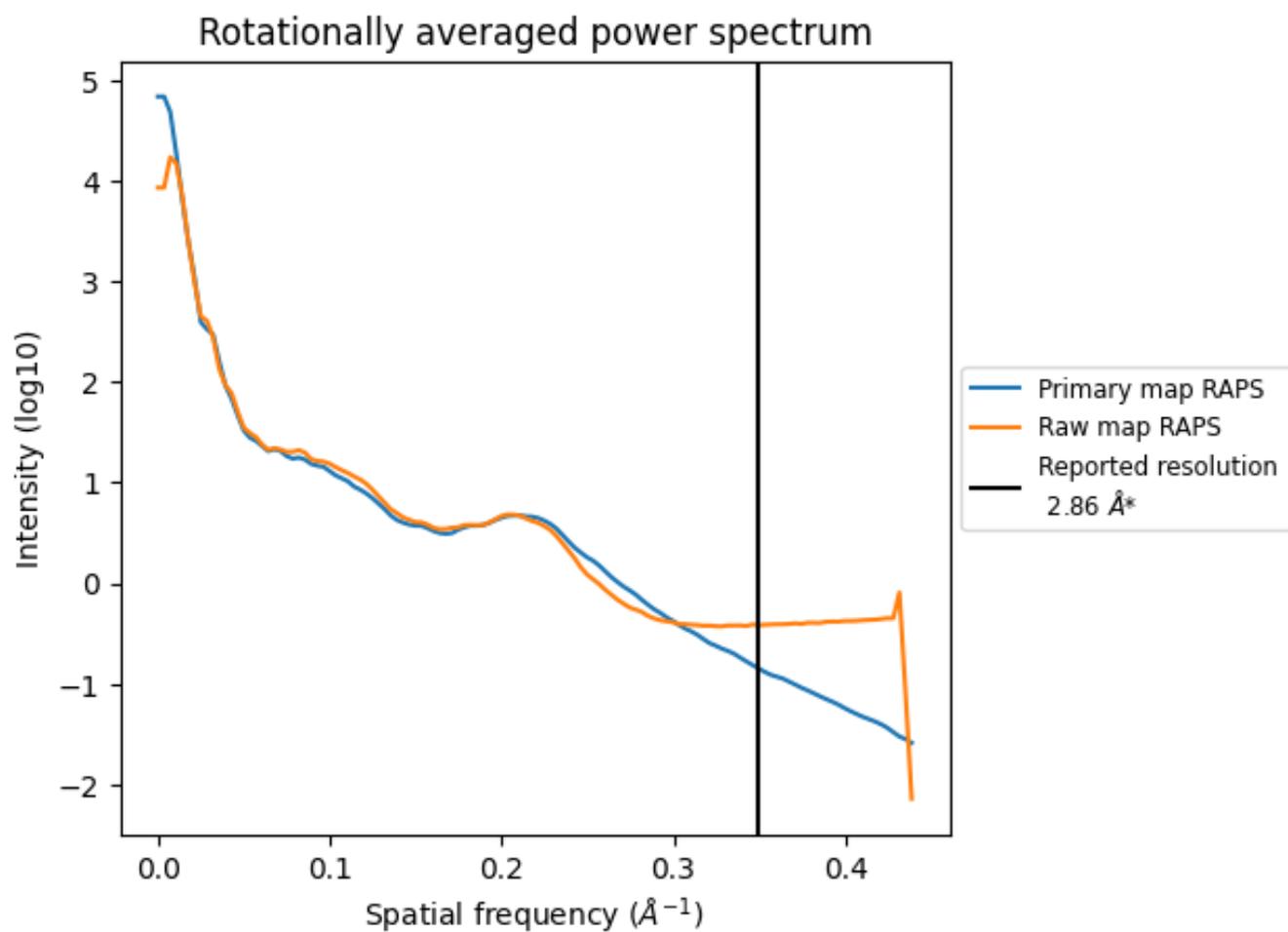
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 201  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 181 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

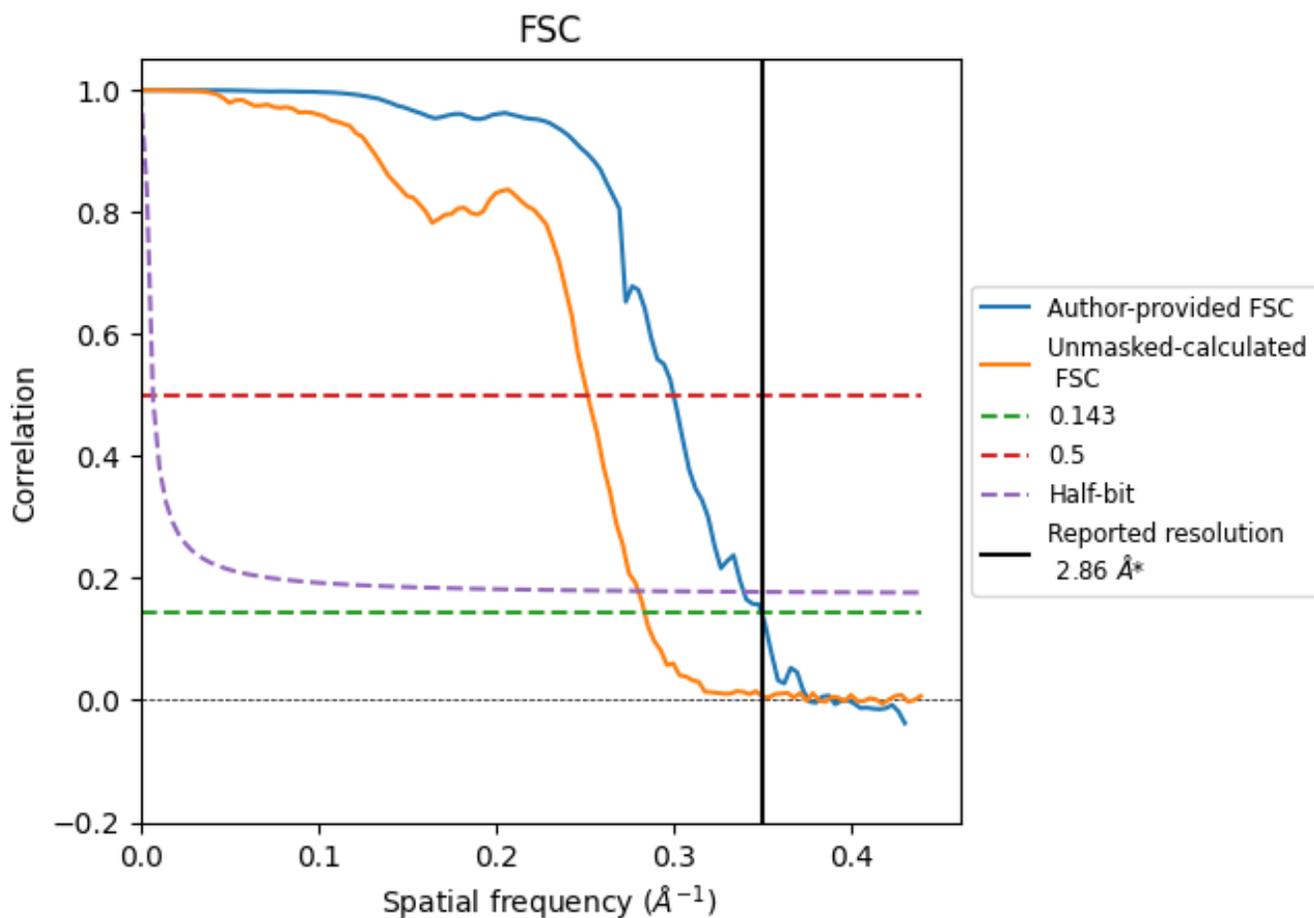


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.350 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.350 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

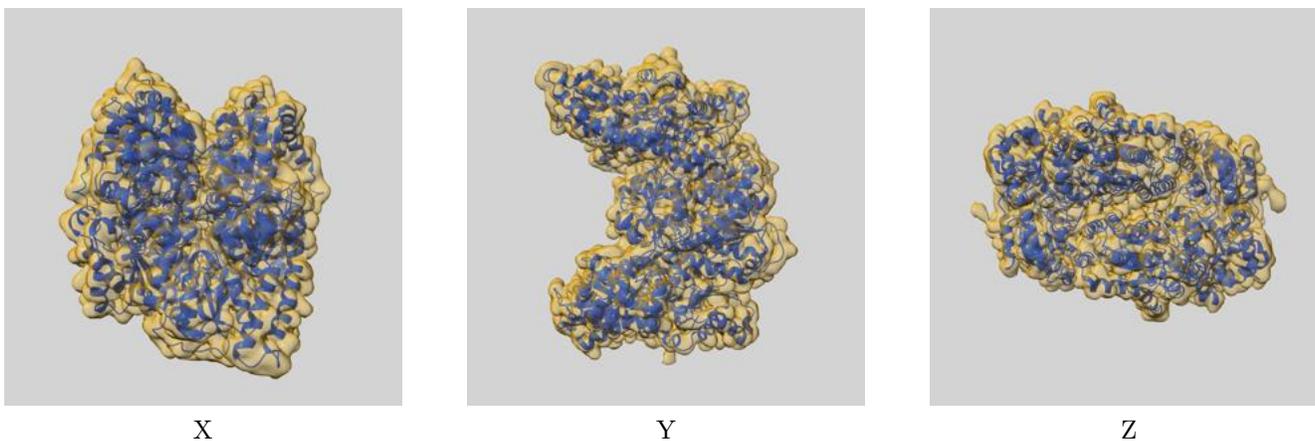
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.86	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.86	3.34	2.95
Unmasked-calculated*	3.53	3.98	3.57

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.53 differs from the reported value 2.86 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

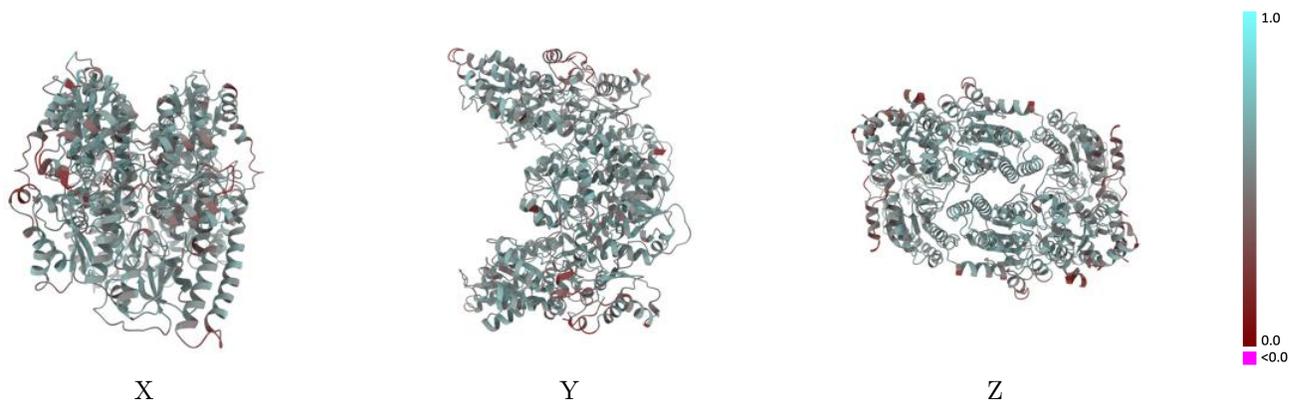
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-52557 and PDB model 9I0G. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



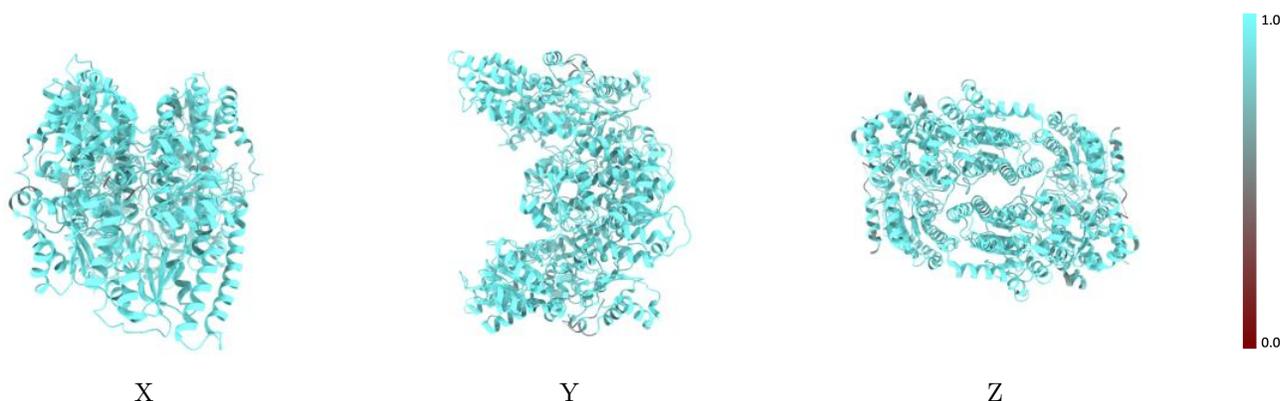
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.9 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



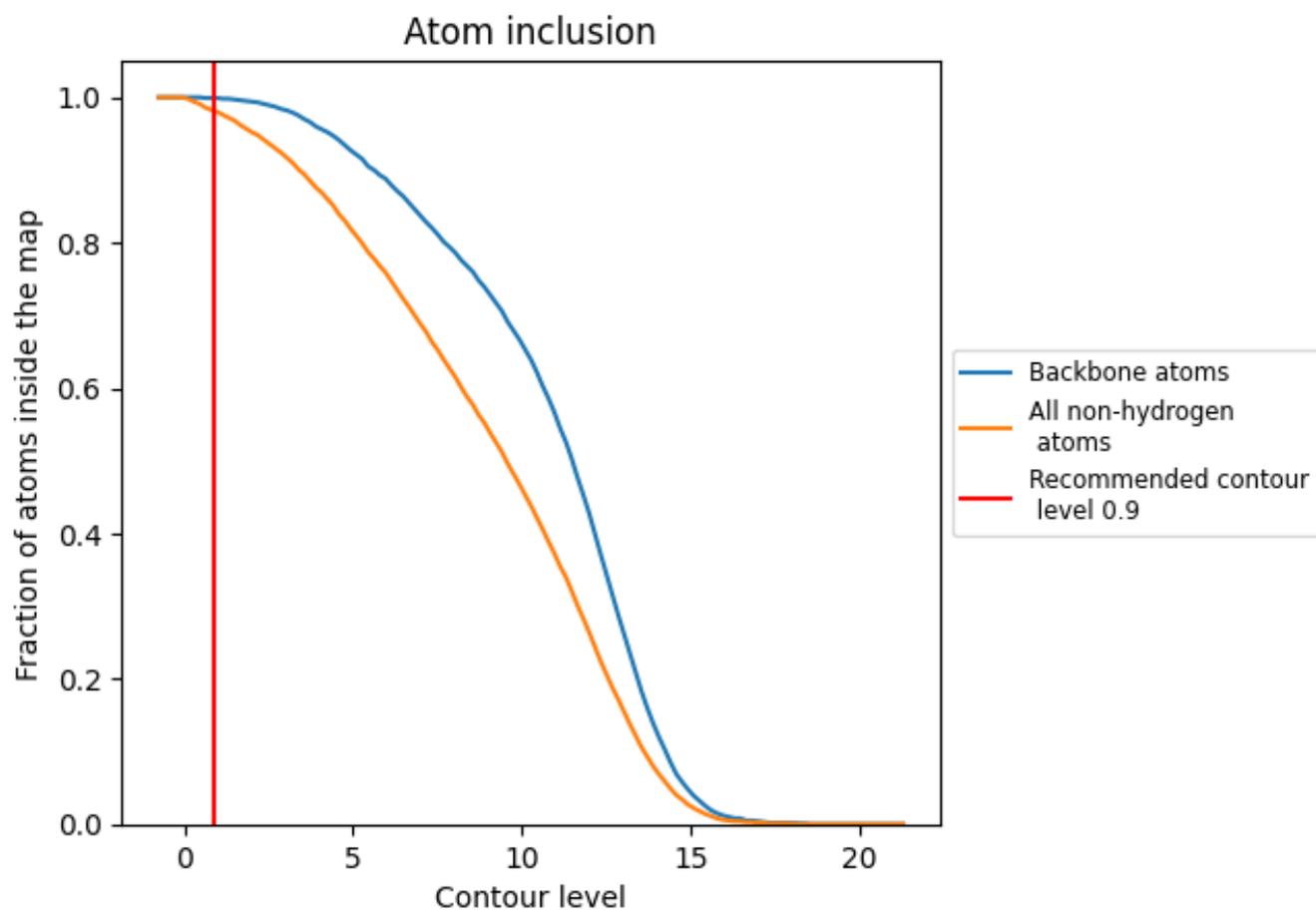
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.9).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 100% of all backbone atoms, 98% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.9) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9810	 0.5200
A	 0.9820	 0.5240
B	 0.9810	 0.5160

