wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 8, 2025 – 04:47 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	9HM8 / pdb_00009hm8
BMRB ID	:	34969
Title	:	NMR solution structure of RPRD2 CTD-interacting domain and pS2,7 RNAPII CTD peptide.
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Deposited on	:	2024-12-07

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

|		
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.47

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 78%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		2
Ramachandran outliers		0.9%
Sidechain outliers		6.5%

Worse   *Better*

▮ Percentile relative to all structures

◰ Percentile relative to all NMR structures
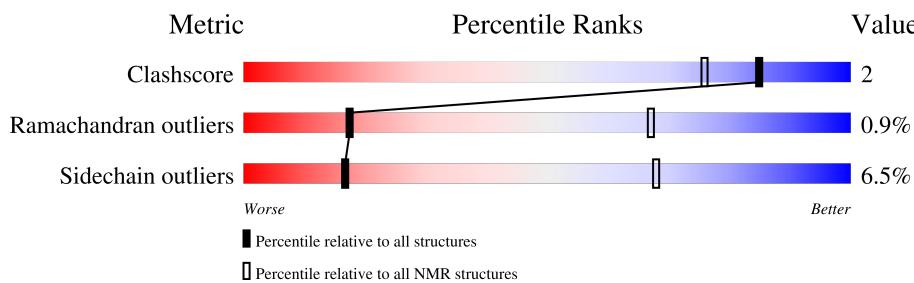
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	148	73% 5% 9% 13%
2	B	11	18% 27% 55%
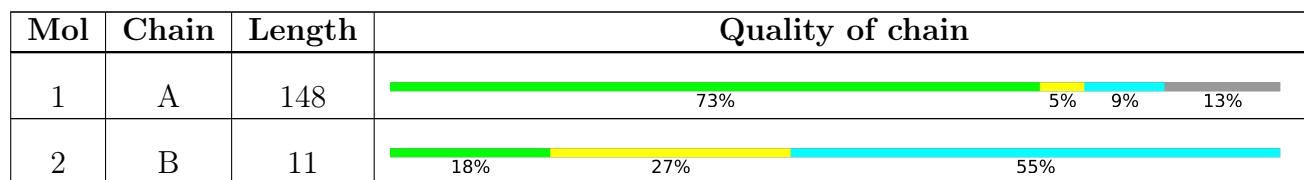
2   Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *first structure in the bundle*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:25-A:88, A:94-A:145, B:151-B:151, B:153-B:156 (121)	0.60	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 7 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 18
2	6, 10, 20
3	14, 17
4	9, 16
Single-model clusters	1; 2; 3; 7; 8; 15; 19

3 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2271 atoms, of which 1122 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Regulation of nuclear pre-mRNA domain-containing protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	129	2108	671	1054	187	191	5	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	15	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q5VT52
A	156	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52
A	157	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52
A	158	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52
A	159	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52
A	160	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52
A	161	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52
A	162	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5VT52

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	
2	B	11	163	52	68	11	29	3	0

4 Residue-property plots ⓘ

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Regulation of nuclear pre-mRNA domain-containing protein 2

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1

Chain B:

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Regulation of nuclear pre-mRNA domain-containing protein 2

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1

Chain B:
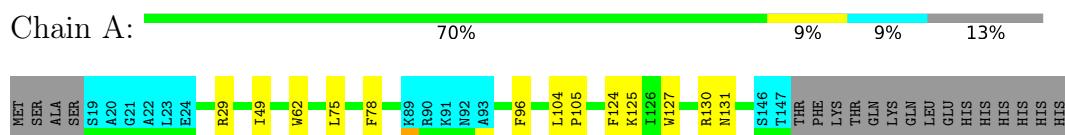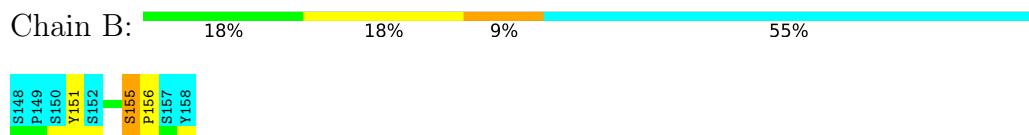
5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview ⓘ

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing.*

Of the 50 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1486
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1486
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	78%

W O R L D W I D E
wwPDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

6   Model quality ⓘ

6.1   Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SEP

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2   Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	962	957	957	3±1
2	B	39	35	35	1±1
All	All	20020	19840	19840	84

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

5 of 34 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models Worst	Total
2:B:155:SER:N	2:B:156:PRO:CD	0.54	2.70	16	16
1:A:52:LYS:HE2	1:A:52:LYS:N	0.52	2.18	7	2
2:B:151:TYR:CD2	2:B:151:TYR:C	0.51	2.88	15	2
1:A:126:ILE:CD1	2:B:154:THR:H	0.48	2.21	18	1
1:A:75:LEU:C	1:A:75:LEU:HD13	0.48	2.34	1	15

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	116/148 (78%)	109±1 (94±1%)	7±2 (6±2%)	1±1 (1±1%)	24	72
2	B	5/11 (45%)	3±1 (60±21%)	2±1 (31±17%)	0±0 (9±10%)	1	11
All	All	2420/3180 (76%)	2233 (92%)	165 (7%)	22 (1%)	17	67

5 of 7 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	94	ILE	6
1	A	88	CYS	4
2	B	155	SER	4
2	B	153	PRO	3
1	A	36	ASN	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	107/134 (80%)	101±1 (94±1%)	6±1 (6±1%)	18	70
2	B	5/8 (62%)	4±0 (83±10%)	1±0 (17±10%)	4	38
All	All	2240/2840 (79%)	2095 (94%)	145 (6%)	17	68

5 of 28 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	78	PHE	20
1	A	62	TRP	17

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	151	TYR	16
1	A	49	ILE	14
1	A	125	LYS	13

6.3.3   RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4   Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SEP	B	157	2	8,9,10	1.01±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
2	SEP	B	152	2	8,9,10	1.02±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
2	SEP	B	150	2	8,9,10	1.01±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SEP	B	157	2	8,12,14	1.53±0.31	1±1 (7±8%)
2	SEP	B	152	2	8,12,14	1.68±0.27	1±0 (10±5%)
2	SEP	B	150	2	8,12,14	1.72±0.33	1±0 (10±5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SEP	B	150	2	-	0±0,5,8,10	-
2	SEP	B	152	2	-	0±0,5,8,10	-
2	SEP	B	157	2	-	0±0,5,8,10	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models Worst	Total
2	B	150	SEP	OG-CB-CA	6.79	114.75	108.14	10	16
2	B	157	SEP	OG-CB-CA	6.01	113.99	108.14	13	10
2	B	152	SEP	OG-CB-CA	5.25	113.25	108.14	2	16
2	B	157	SEP	O3P-P-O2P	2.01	115.33	107.64	10	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation ⓘ

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 78% for the well-defined parts and 77% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *starch_output*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping ⓘ

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1486
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1486
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	5

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing ⓘ

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_\alpha$	129	1.84 ± 0.22	Should be checked
$^{13}C_\beta$	126	3.09 ± 0.14	Should be checked
$^{13}C'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	124	0.72 ± 0.39	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments ⓘ

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 78%, i.e. 1358 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1731. 0 out of 19 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	457/594 (77%)	229/237 (97%)	116/242 (48%)	112/115 (97%)
Sidechain	786/966 (81%)	539/629 (86%)	238/297 (80%)	9/40 (22%)

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|	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	115/171 (67%)	66/85 (78%)	45/78 (58%)	4/8 (50%)
Overall	1358/1731 (78%)	834/951 (88%)	399/617 (65%)	125/163 (77%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	78	PHE	CE1	120.91	124.17 − 137.29	-7.5
1	A	113	ASP	HB3	1.16	1.32 − 4.00	-5.6
1	A	120	VAL	HG21	-0.61	-0.58 − 2.19	-5.1
1	A	120	VAL	HG22	-0.61	-0.58 − 2.19	-5.1
1	A	120	VAL	HG23	-0.61	-0.58 − 2.19	-5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:
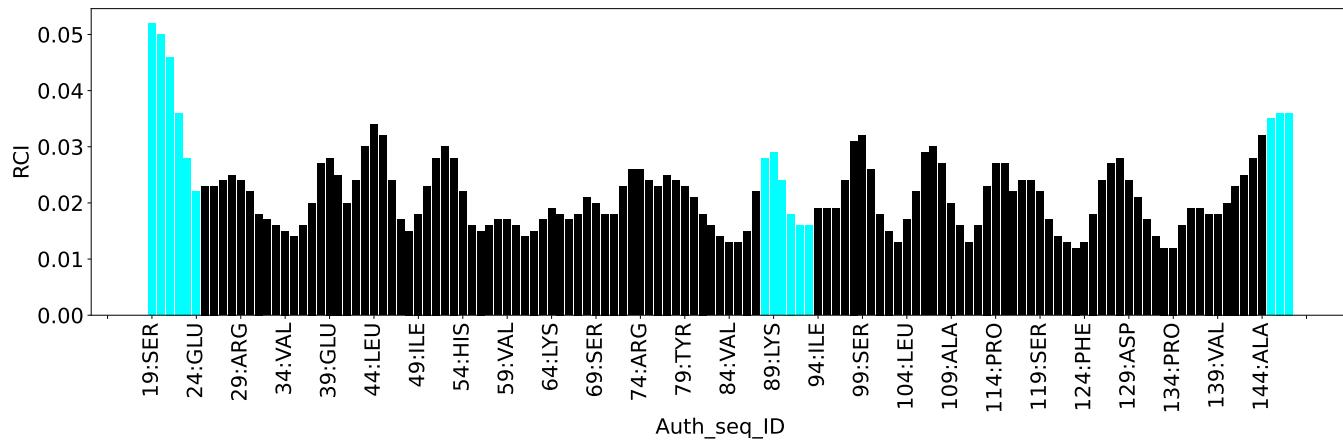
8 NMR restraints analysis ⓘ

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints ⓘ

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	2065
Intra-residue ($|i\text{-}j|$=0)	462
Sequential ($|i\text{-}j|$=1)	540
Medium range ($|i\text{-}j|$>1 and $|i\text{-}j|$<5)	526
Long range ($|i\text{-}j|$≥5)	464
Inter-chain	71
Hydrogen bond restraints	2
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	195
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	14.2
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	2.9

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations ⓘ

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model ⓘ

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å
are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	20.0	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	12.3	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	9.1	2.21

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model ⓘ

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

| Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	27.1	9.99
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	43.0	20.0
>20.0 (Large)	27.8	114.97

9 Distance violation analysis ⓘ

9.1 Summary of distance violations ⓘ

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å
are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	462	22.4	24	5.2	1.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	400	19.4	23	5.8	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	60	2.9	1	1.7	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	540	26.2	43	8.0	2.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	123	6.0	2	1.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	358	17.3	39	10.9	1.9	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	59	2.9	2	3.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	526	25.5	47	8.9	2.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	165	8.0	3	1.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	254	12.3	28	11.0	1.4	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	107	5.2	16	15.0	0.8	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	464	22.5	67	14.4	3.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	195	9.4	33	16.9	1.6	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	265	12.8	34	12.8	1.6	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	71	3.4	10	14.1	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.0	1	100.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	17	0.8	3	17.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	53	2.6	6	11.3	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	2	0.1	2	100.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	2065	100.0	193	9.3	9.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	295	14.3	6	2.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1224	59.3	126	10.3	6.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	546	26.4	61	11.2	3.0	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations ⓘ
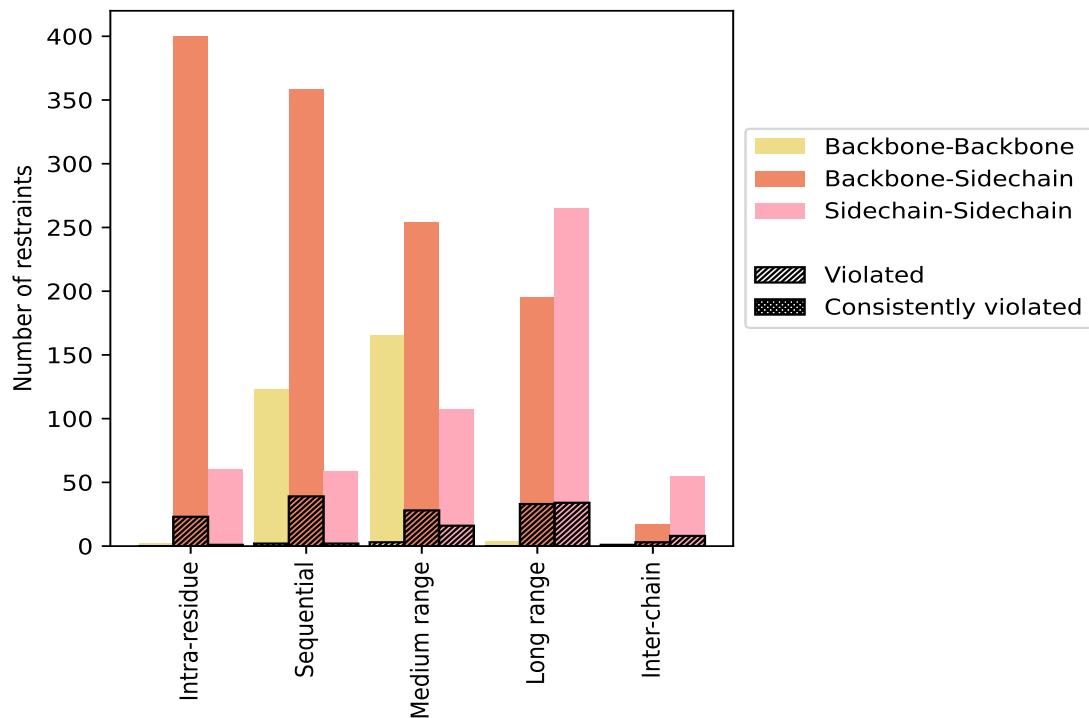
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model ⓘ

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å
are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	2	10	7	20	1	40	0.35	1.48	0.34	0.18
2	4	7	7	27	2	47	0.41	1.47	0.38	0.21
3	4	6	11	16	2	39	0.27	1.41	0.24	0.2
4	2	7	10	17	2	38	0.33	1.82	0.32	0.22
5	5	4	10	11	1	31	0.35	1.56	0.37	0.17
6	7	10	15	18	2	52	0.42	1.63	0.43	0.19
7	1	10	8	12	2	33	0.34	2.17	0.43	0.17
8	9	12	9	15	1	46	0.33	1.33	0.33	0.19
9	5	8	14	19	2	48	0.44	2.21	0.46	0.22
10	3	5	9	7	3	27	0.28	1.06	0.25	0.19

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| Model ID | Number of violations | | | | | | Mean (Å) | Max (Å) | SD[6] (Å) | Median (Å) |
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
11	4	9	11	17	3	44	0.32	1.55	0.3	0.2
12	2	9	10	17	2	40	0.33	0.93	0.23	0.25
13	3	10	10	28	3	54	0.36	1.37	0.33	0.2
14	7	7	11	19	4	48	0.38	2.07	0.41	0.2
15	5	8	10	27	3	53	0.38	2.2	0.42	0.23
16	4	11	13	24	2	54	0.36	1.34	0.31	0.22
17	7	10	14	16	5	52	0.32	1.42	0.3	0.17
18	6	6	6	20	5	43	0.37	2.04	0.38	0.23
19	6	14	7	16	5	48	0.31	1.37	0.28	0.22
20	9	4	7	14	2	36	0.27	0.9	0.2	0.2

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1   Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ
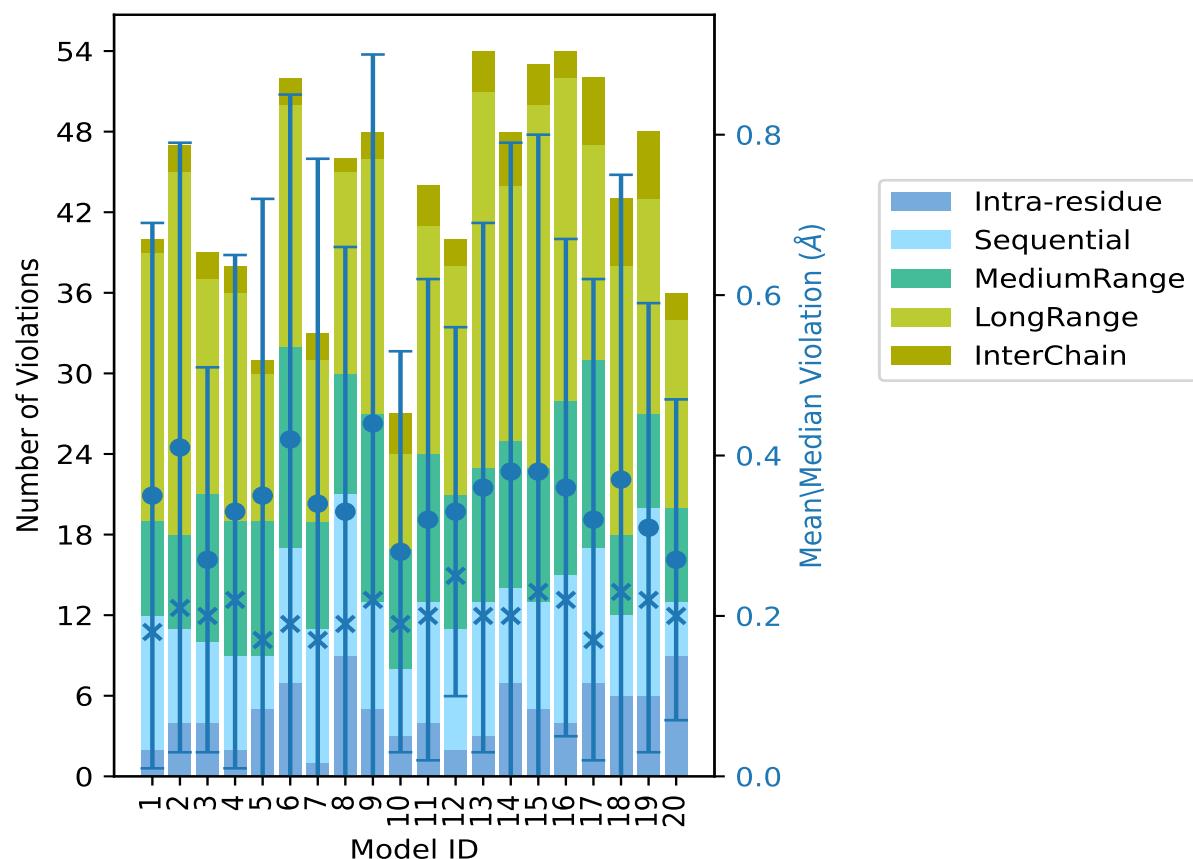
The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

## 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1872(IR:438, SQ:497, MR:479, LR:397, IC:61) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
7	20	17	19	5	68	1	5.0
3	6	8	5	1	23	2	10.0
5	1	7	7	1	21	3	15.0
2	2	2	10	0	16	4	20.0
3	2	3	2	0	10	5	25.0
1	2	1	0	1	5	6	30.0
0	4	0	1	1	6	7	35.0
0	1	1	3	0	5	8	40.0
0	0	1	3	0	4	9	45.0
1	2	1	6	0	10	10	50.0
0	0	1	2	0	3	11	55.0
0	1	0	3	0	4	12	60.0
0	0	0	4	0	4	13	65.0
2	0	2	1	0	5	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	1	1	0	0	2	16	80.0
0	0	2	0	0	2	17	85.0
0	1	0	1	0	2	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	1	1	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)
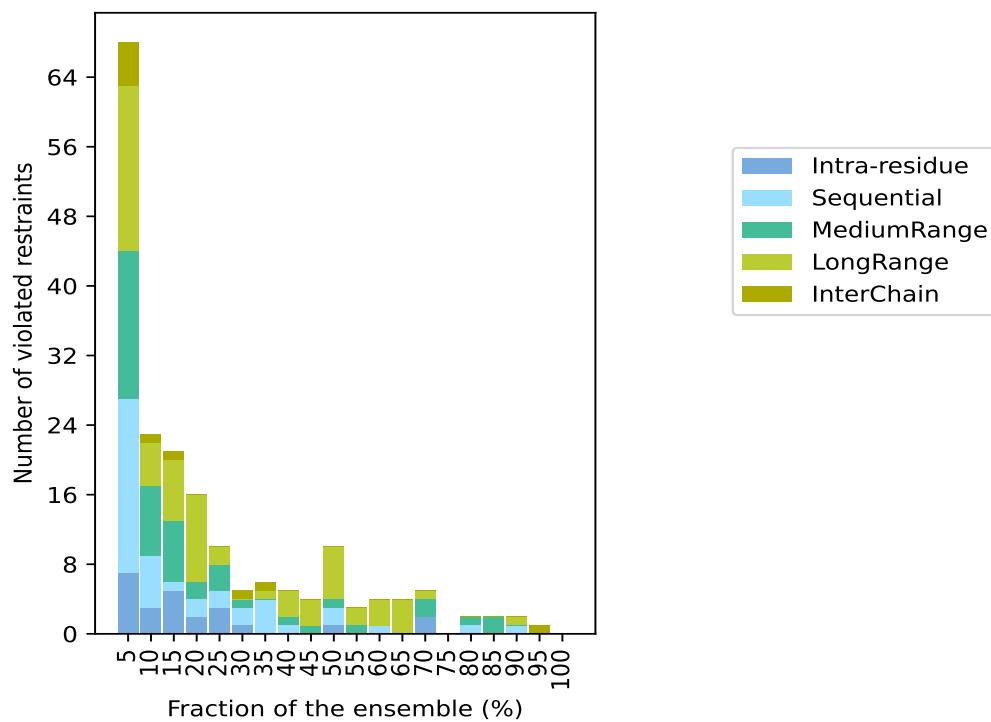
9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble

9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints ⓘ

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG11	19	1.01	0.65	0.72
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG12	19	1.01	0.65	0.72
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG13	19	1.01	0.65	0.72
(1,444)	1:111:A:VAL:HG21	1:121:A:GLU:H	18	0.25	0.04	0.24
(1,444)	1:111:A:VAL:HG22	1:121:A:GLU:H	18	0.25	0.04	0.24
(1,444)	1:111:A:VAL:HG23	1:121:A:GLU:H	18	0.25	0.04	0.24
(1,1226)	1:69:A:SER:H	1:70:A:ALA:H	18	0.16	0.02	0.17
(1,278)	1:95:A:ILE:HG12	1:98:A:GLU:H	17	0.18	0.04	0.18
(1,249)	1:73:A:HIS:HA	1:76:A:ASN:HD21	17	0.17	0.04	0.17
(1,1645)	1:43:A:GLY:HA3	1:44:A:LEU:HD11	16	0.89	0.33	0.92
(1,1645)	1:43:A:GLY:HA3	1:44:A:LEU:HD12	16	0.89	0.33	0.92
(1,1645)	1:43:A:GLY:HA3	1:44:A:LEU:HD13	16	0.89	0.33	0.92
(1,1645)	1:43:A:GLY:HA3	1:44:A:LEU:HD21	16	0.89	0.33	0.92
(1,1645)	1:43:A:GLY:HA3	1:44:A:LEU:HD22	16	0.89	0.33	0.92
(1,1645)	1:43:A:GLY:HA3	1:44:A:LEU:HD23	16	0.89	0.33	0.92
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB1	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	16	0.32	0.09	0.3

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB1	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB1	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB1	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB1	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB1	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB2	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB2	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB2	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB2	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB2	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB2	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB3	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB3	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB3	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB3	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB3	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1846)	1:101:A:ALA:HB3	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	16	0.32	0.09	0.3
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB2	1:80:A:LEU:HD11	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB2	1:80:A:LEU:HD12	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB2	1:80:A:LEU:HD13	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB2	1:80:A:LEU:HD21	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB2	1:80:A:LEU:HD22	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB2	1:80:A:LEU:HD23	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB3	1:80:A:LEU:HD11	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB3	1:80:A:LEU:HD12	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB3	1:80:A:LEU:HD13	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB3	1:80:A:LEU:HD21	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB3	1:80:A:LEU:HD22	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1785)	1:77:A:LEU:HB3	1:80:A:LEU:HD23	14	1.02	0.28	1.0
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB2	1:110:A:LEU:HD11	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB2	1:110:A:LEU:HD12	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB2	1:110:A:LEU:HD13	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB2	1:110:A:LEU:HD21	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB2	1:110:A:LEU:HD22	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB2	1:110:A:LEU:HD23	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB3	1:110:A:LEU:HD11	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB3	1:110:A:LEU:HD12	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB3	1:110:A:LEU:HD13	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB3	1:110:A:LEU:HD21	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB3	1:110:A:LEU:HD22	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1757)	1:67:A:ARG:HB3	1:110:A:LEU:HD23	14	0.57	0.19	0.54
(1,1898)	1:116:A:VAL:HG11	1:119:A:SER:HB2	14	0.47	0.22	0.44

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints ⓘ

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.
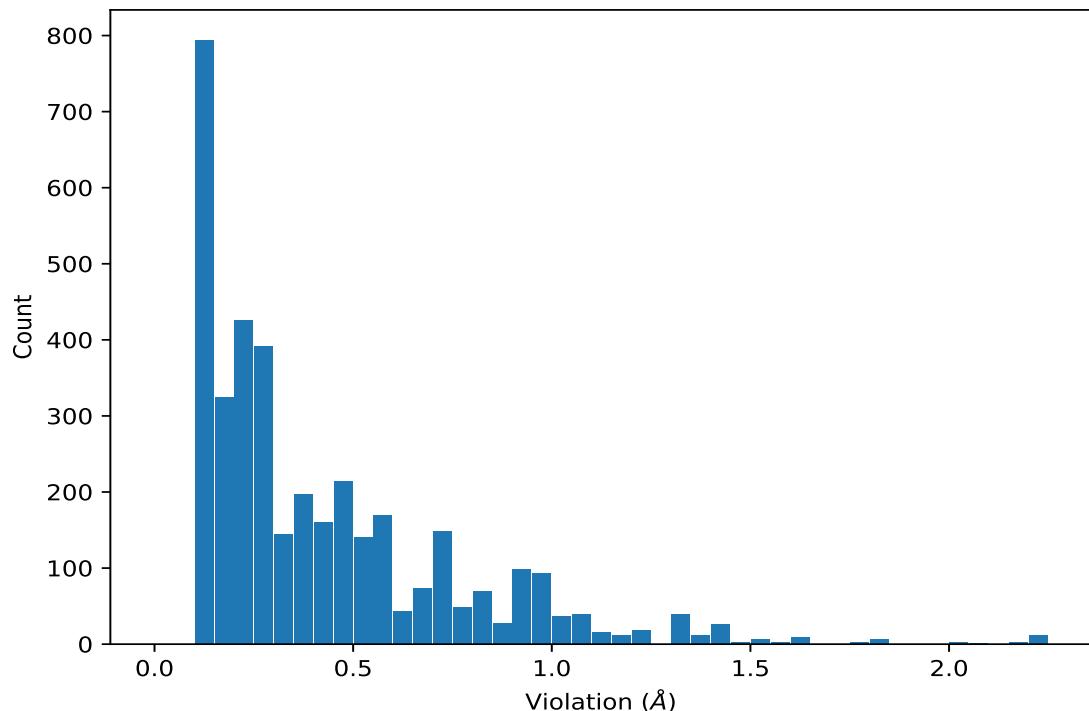
9.5.2 Table : All distance violations ⓘ

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD11	9	2.21
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD12	9	2.21
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD13	9	2.21
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD21	9	2.21
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD22	9	2.21
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD23	9	2.21
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD11	15	2.2
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD12	15	2.2

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| Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD13	15	2.2
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD21	15	2.2
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD22	15	2.2
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD23	15	2.2
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG11	7	2.17
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG12	7	2.17
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG13	7	2.17
(4,1)	2:151:B:TYR:OH	1:82:A:ASN:HD22	14	2.07
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG11	18	2.04
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG12	18	2.04
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG13	18	2.04
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG11	4	1.82
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG12	4	1.82
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG13	4	1.82
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG11	15	1.81
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG12	15	1.81
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG13	15	1.81
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG11	9	1.76
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG12	9	1.76
(2,29)	2:158:B:TYR:HB3	1:132:A:VAL:HG13	9	1.76
(1,1520)	1:75:A:LEU:HD11	1:79:A:TYR:H	6	1.63
(1,1520)	1:75:A:LEU:HD12	1:79:A:TYR:H	6	1.63
(1,1520)	1:75:A:LEU:HD13	1:79:A:TYR:H	6	1.63
(1,1851)	1:104:A:LEU:HG	1:141:A:LEU:HD11	6	1.6

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations ⓘ

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	$\%^1$	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
PHI	96	49.2	96	100.0	49.2	81	84.4	41.5
PSI	99	50.8	15	15.2	7.7	2	2.0	1.0
Total	195	100.0	111	56.9	56.9	83	42.6	42.6

[1] percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations ⓘ
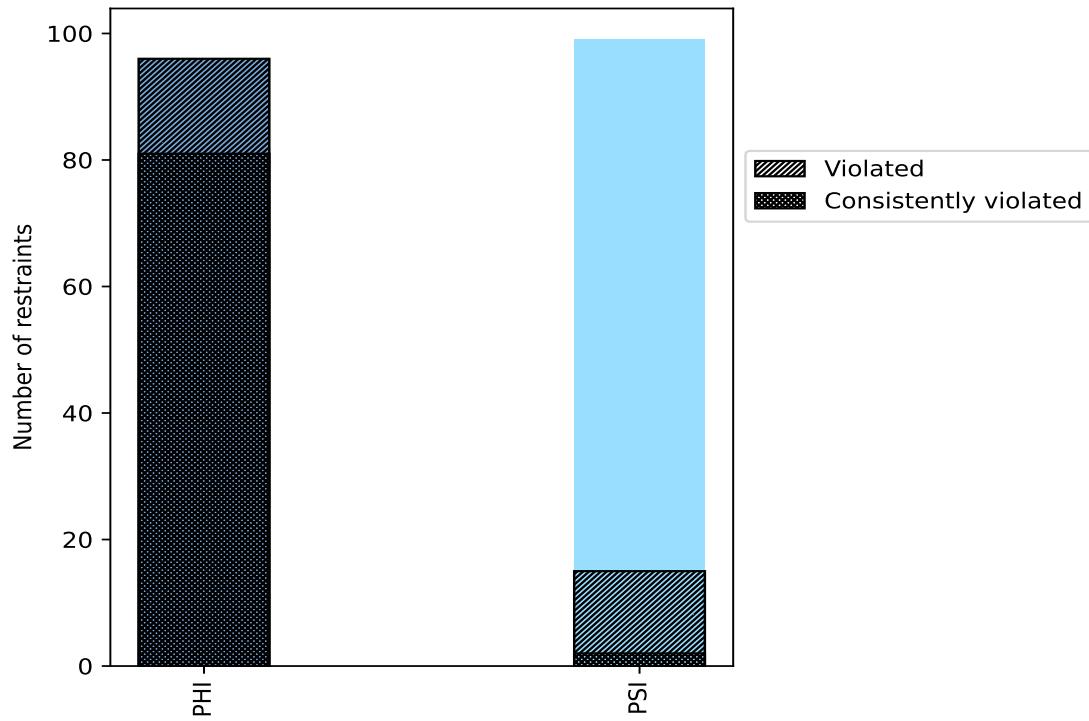

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model ⓘ

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PHI	PSI	Total				
1	94	7	101	15.88	114.97	13.06	14.4
2	91	5	96	16.47	97.64	12.03	15.18
3	95	3	98	15.42	88.81	10.83	14.42
4	96	2	98	16.11	112.04	13.39	14.32
5	96	4	100	16.82	106.33	14.17	15.01
6	92	4	96	16.62	96.07	11.76	15.35
7	94	4	98	17.35	106.36	14.32	15.04
8	96	3	99	16.17	95.05	12.89	13.64
9	93	4	97	16.78	109.44	13.66	14.92
10	95	4	99	17.07	108.92	15.62	14.39
11	91	3	94	17.23	104.29	12.6	15.72
12	93	4	97	15.83	109.89	12.21	14.48
13	94	4	98	16.16	99.29	12.66	13.8
14	93	6	99	16.76	111.46	15.21	13.87
15	94	5	99	16.91	105.34	13.43	14.72
16	94	6	100	15.51	101.51	12.72	13.39
17	93	3	96	16.31	99.15	12.36	14.22
18	89	4	93	17.67	102.46	13.85	15.71
19	94	6	100	16.9	108.42	16.38	14.32
20	94	3	97	16.17	106.56	12.31	14.44

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model ⓘ
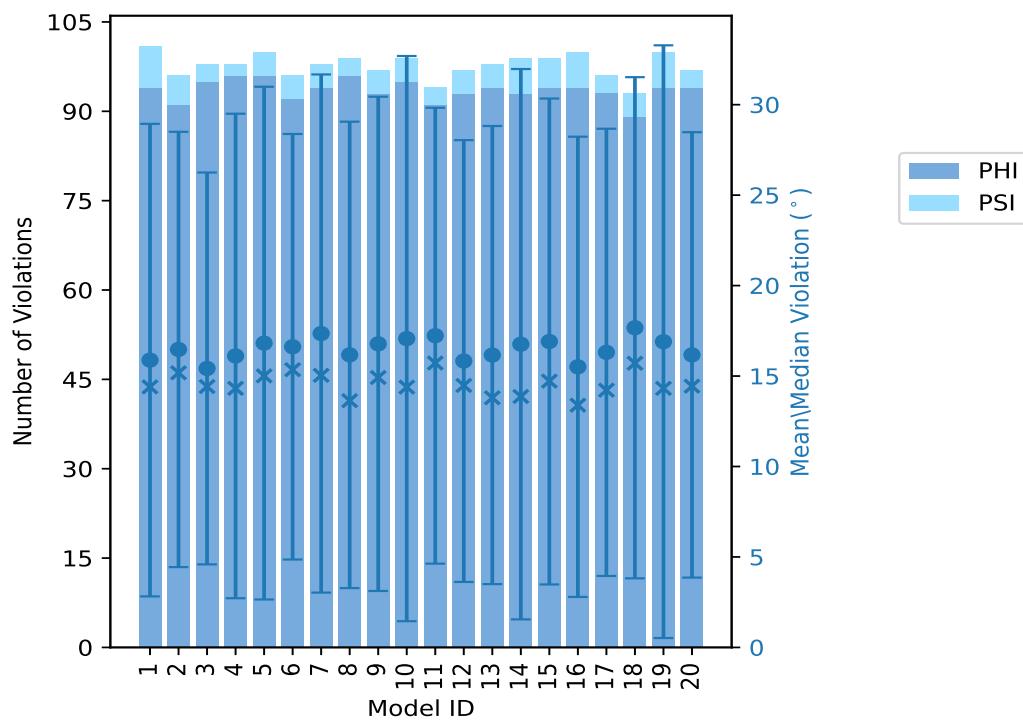
The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count[1]	%
0	7	7	1	5.0
0	2	2	2	10.0
0	0	0	3	15.0
0	1	1	4	20.0
0	2	2	5	25.0
0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
1	0	1	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count[1]	%
1	0	1	12	60.0
1	0	1	13	65.0
1	0	1	14	70.0
0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	16	80.0
2	0	2	17	85.0
3	0	3	18	90.0
6	1	7	19	95.0
81	2	83	20	100.0

[1] Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ
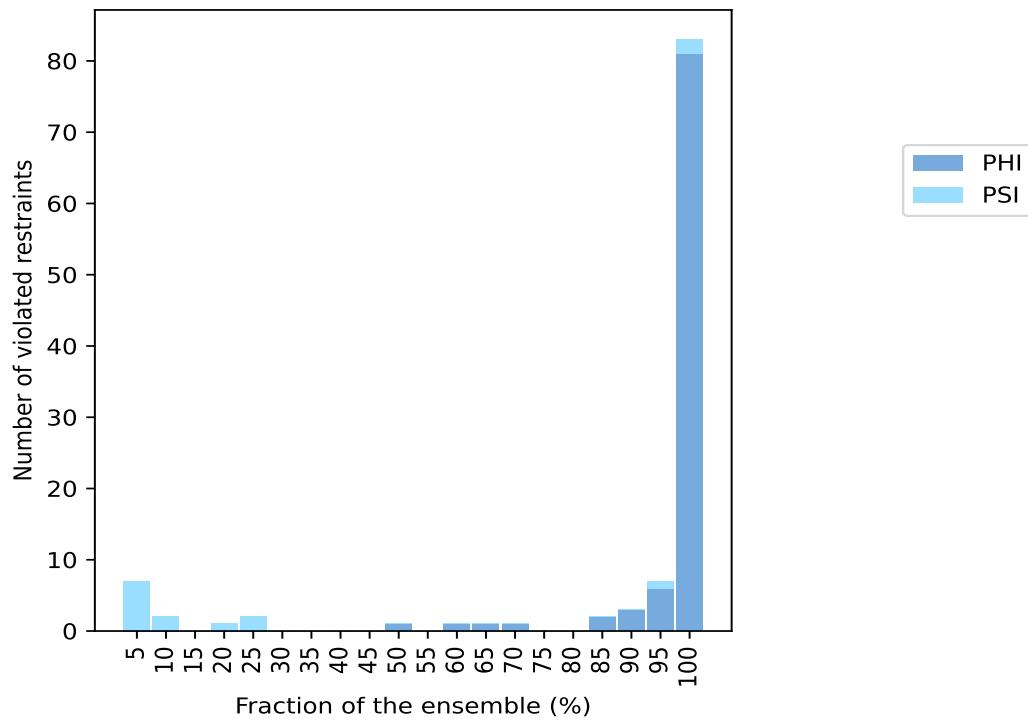
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble ⓘ

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble
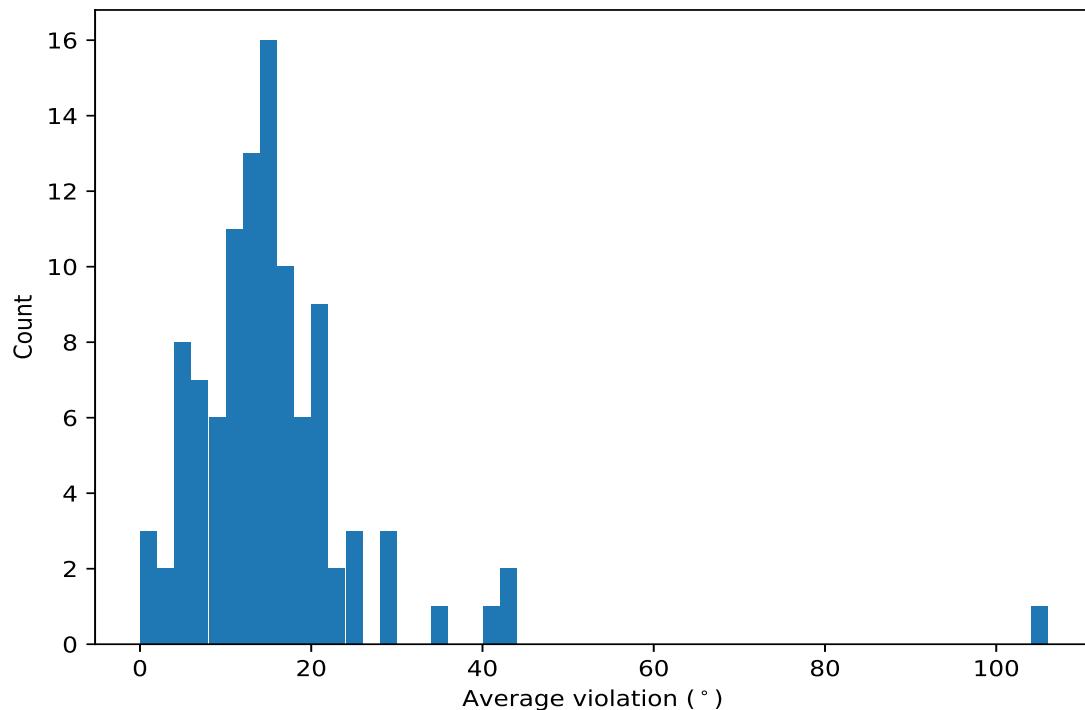
10.4.2　Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints ⓘ

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models[1]	Mean	SD[2]	Median
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	20	104.07	6.4	105.84
(1,158)	1:122:A:ARG:C	1:123:A:ILE:N	1:123:A:ILE:CA	1:123:A:ILE:C	20	42.9	19.58	47.28
(1,60)	1:56:A:SER:C	1:57:A:THR:N	1:57:A:THR:CA	1:57:A:THR:C	20	42.64	16.77	43.55
(1,34)	1:39:A:GLU:C	1:40:A:SER:N	1:40:A:SER:CA	1:40:A:SER:C	20	40.46	17.1	38.02
(1,178)	1:136:A:GLU:C	1:137:A:MET:N	1:137:A:MET:CA	1:137:A:MET:C	20	34.39	7.54	37.12
(1,150)	1:118:A:LYS:C	1:119:A:SER:N	1:119:A:SER:CA	1:119:A:SER:C	20	29.59	7.29	29.36
(1,84)	1:68:A:ARG:C	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	20	28.14	10.3	25.46
(1,28)	1:32:A:GLN:C	1:33:A:SER:N	1:33:A:SER:CA	1:33:A:SER:C	20	28.08	8.49	26.14
(1,82)	1:67:A:ARG:C	1:68:A:ARG:N	1:68:A:ARG:CA	1:68:A:ARG:C	20	25.94	12.82	21.26
(1,22)	1:29:A:ARG:C	1:30:A:LYS:N	1:30:A:LYS:CA	1:30:A:LYS:C	20	25.89	12.57	21.37

[1] Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints ⓘ

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.
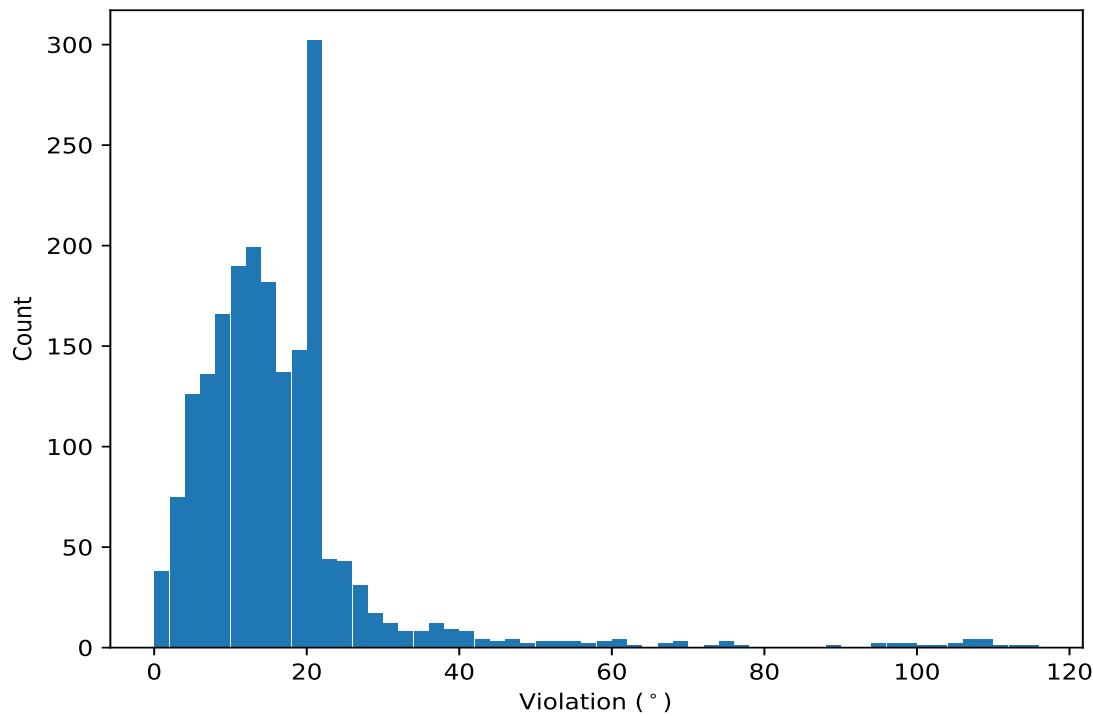
10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints ⓘ

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	1	114.97
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	4	112.04
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	14	111.46
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	12	109.89
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	9	109.44
(1,3)	1:20:A:ALA:N	1:20:A:ALA:CA	1:20:A:ALA:C	1:21:A:GLY:N	10	108.92
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	19	108.42
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	20	106.56
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	10	106.39
(1,85)	1:69:A:SER:N	1:69:A:SER:CA	1:69:A:SER:C	1:70:A:ALA:N	7	106.36