

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 24, 2025 – 05:14 pm BST

PDB ID 9FEO / pdb 00009feo

Title LSSmOrange (P1) - Directionality of Optical Properties of Fluorescent Pro-

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2024-05-21 Deposited on

1.90 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

> The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1 MolProbity

1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 2.0rc1

EDS

Percentile statistics 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

> CCP4 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

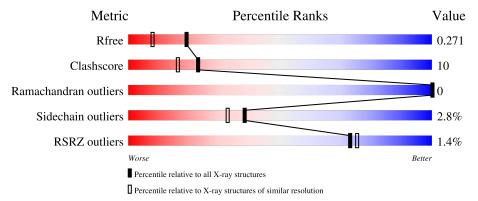
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.43.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	164625	7293 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	180529	8090 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8022 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8022 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7292 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	242	74%	13%	•	12%
1	С	242	71%	14%	•	12%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3702 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called mOrange.

	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	1	Λ	213	Total	С	N	О	S	0	4	0
	1	A	213	1738	1114	284	332	8	0	4	0
ĺ	1	С	213	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
	1		213	1733	1108	286	332	7	0	2	0

There are 38 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-12	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-7	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-6	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	-5	SER	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
A	44	VAL	ALA	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
A	66	OFM	PHE	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP D0VWW2
A	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP D0VWW2
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP D0VWW2
A	83	LEU	PHE	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP D0VWW2
A	143	MET	TRP	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
A	161	ASP	ILE	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP D0VWW2
A	163	LEU	MET	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP D0VWW2
A	196	ASP	GLY	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	-7	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-6	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	-5	SER	-	expression tag	UNP D0VWW2
С	44	VAL	ALA	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	66	OFM	PHE	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP D0VWW2
С	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP D0VWW2
С	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP D0VWW2
С	83	LEU	PHE	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	143	MET	TRP	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	161	ASP	ILE	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	163	LEU	MET	conflict	UNP D0VWW2
С	196	ASP	GLY	conflict	UNP D0VWW2

### • Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	115	Total O 115 115	0	0
2	С	116	Total O 116 116	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: mOrange

Chain A:

74%

13%

13%

12%

13%

14%

12%

14%

12%

14%

12%

14%

12%



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	44.95Å 51.54Å 53.89Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	95.69° 90.01° 105.68°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	26.32 - 1.90	Depositor
resolution (A)	26.32 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	91.3 (26.32-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.3 (26.32-1.90)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.92 (at 1.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.204 , $0.262$	Depositor
It, It free	0.215 , $0.271$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1758  reflections  (4.82%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(\mathring{A}^2)$	18.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.120	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40 , 40.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3702	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.14% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: OFM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain			nd lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.09	1/1757 (0.1%)	1.29	2/2364 (0.1%)	
1	С	1.13	3/1742 (0.2%)	1.27	2/2342 (0.1%)	
All	All	1.11	4/3499 (0.1%)	1.28	4/4706 (0.1%)	

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	С	79	ILE	N-CA	5.61	1.50	1.46
1	С	31	GLY	C-O	5.43	1.30	1.24
1	A	79	ILE	N-CA	5.31	1.50	1.46
1	С	72	TYR	C-O	5.25	1.32	1.23

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	С	64	GLN	CA-C-O	-5.62	111.24	120.80
1	С	180	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.30	101.64	109.60
1	A	209	THR	N-CA-C	-5.27	106.69	113.23
1	A	36	ARG	CB-CA-C	5.23	117.14	110.34

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1738	0	1692	37	1
1	С	1733	0	1685	35	0
2	A	115	0	0	8	0
2	С	116	0	0	6	1
All	All	3702	0	3377	70	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (70) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:143[B]:MET:CG	1:A:165:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.99
1:C:143:MET:HE1	1:C:163:LEU:HD13	1.53	0.89
1:A:143[B]:MET:HG3	1:A:165:LEU:HD23	1.54	0.88
1:A:143[B]:MET:HG3	1:A:165:LEU:CD2	2.04	0.88
1:A:214[B]:TYR:HE1	1:A:216:ARG:HG3	1.46	0.80
1:A:143[B]:MET:HG2	1:A:165:LEU:HD23	1.60	0.79
1:A:143[B]:MET:CG	1:A:165:LEU:CD2	2.63	0.76
1:A:138:LYS:CD	2:A:301:HOH:O	2.35	0.73
1:C:198:LYS:HD3	2:C:373:HOH:O	1.91	0.70
1:A:85:LEU:HB2	1:A:187:VAL:HG11	1.75	0.67
1:A:138:LYS:HD2	2:A:301:HOH:O	1.93	0.67
1:C:200:ASP:OD1	2:C:301:HOH:O	2.13	0.67
1:A:214[B]:TYR:HE1	1:A:216:ARG:CG	2.07	0.66
1:A:43[A]:THR:HG22	1:A:214[A]:TYR:HD1	1.60	0.66
1:C:62:SER:OG	1:C:63:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.66
1:A:214[B]:TYR:CE1	1:A:216:ARG:HG3	2.31	0.65
1:C:43:THR:HG22	1:C:214:TYR:HD1	1.60	0.65
1:A:143[A]:MET:HE1	1:A:163:LEU:HD13	1.81	0.63
1:C:143:MET:HB3	1:C:165[A]:LEU:HD23	1.84	0.60
1:C:15:LYS:HE2	1:C:117:GLU:OE1	2.05	0.57
1:A:143[A]:MET:HB3	1:A:165:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.55
1:C:66:OFM:H17	1:C:66:OFM:N1	2.22	0.55
1:C:154:ASP:HB2	2:C:304:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:115:ASP:CG	1:C:204:HIS:HE2	2.15	0.54
1:A:85:LEU:CB	1:A:187:VAL:HG11	2.38	0.54
1:A:138:LYS:NZ	2:A:301:HOH:O	2.20	0.54
1:C:54:LEU:HD12	2:C:339:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:C:141:MET:SD	1:C:168:LYS:HG2	2.48	0.53
1:A:43[A]:THR:HG22	1:A:214[A]:TYR:CD1	2.43	0.52
1:C:141:MET:HG3	1:C:168:LYS:CG	2.38	0.52
		Continu	ed on nert nage

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Continuea from previou		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:94:GLU:HG2	1:C:108:THR:HG22	1.92	0.52
1:A:198:LYS:HD3	2:A:304:HOH:O	2.09	0.51
1:A:14:PHE:CE2	1:A:33:GLY:HA3	2.47	0.50
1:C:144:GLU:HG3	1:C:164:ARG:NH2	2.27	0.49
1:A:141:MET:HG3	1:A:168:LYS:HG2	1.94	0.49
1:C:141:MET:HG3	1:C:168:LYS:HG3	1.95	0.47
1:C:93:TRP:HA	1:C:180:THR:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:162:LYS:HD3	1:A:174[B]:THR:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:A:198:LYS:NZ	2:A:304:HOH:O	2.41	0.46
1:A:21:SER:HA	1:A:25:HIS:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:179:THR:HG21	1:A:181:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.45
1:C:143:MET:CE	1:C:163:LEU:HB3	2.45	0.45
1:C:85:LEU:HB2	1:C:187:VAL:HG11	1.98	0.45
1:A:14:PHE:HA	1:A:118:PHE:O	2.16	0.45
1:C:141:MET:HG3	1:C:168:LYS:HE2	1.98	0.45
1:A:66:OFM:H22	2:A:305:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:70:LYS:HB3	1:A:83:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.44
1:C:43:THR:CG2	1:C:214:TYR:HD1	2.29	0.44
1:C:154:ASP:CB	2:C:304:HOH:O	2.65	0.44
1:C:62:SER:HG	1:C:63:PRO:HD3	1.83	0.44
1:C:199:LEU:C	1:C:199:LEU:HD23	2.43	0.44
1:A:199:LEU:C	1:A:199:LEU:HD23	2.44	0.43
1:C:214:TYR:HE2	1:C:216:ARG:CD	2.32	0.43
1:A:54:LEU:HD12	2:A:352:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:143[A]:MET:HE1	1:A:163:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.42
1:C:85:LEU:HB2	1:C:187:VAL:CG1	2.50	0.42
1:A:198:LYS:CE	2:A:304:HOH:O	2.67	0.42
1:C:61:LEU:O	1:C:64:GLN:HG2	2.19	0.42
1:A:85:LEU:HB2	1:A:187:VAL:CG1	2.47	0.42
1:C:37:PRO:HA	1:C:72:TYR:HA	2.01	0.42
1:C:143:MET:HB3	1:C:165[A]:LEU:CD2	2.48	0.41
1:C:66:OFM:N1	1:C:66:OFM:CA3	2.83	0.41
1:C:52:GLY:HA2	1:C:53:PRO:C	2.46	0.41
1:A:179:THR:CG2	1:A:181:TYR:CZ	3.03	0.41
1:C:109:GLN:HA	1:C:121:LYS:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:162:LYS:HG2	1:A:174[B]:THR:CG2	2.51	0.40
1:A:115:ASP:O	1:C:141:MET:HE1	2.22	0.40
1:C:66:OFM:H21	1:C:66:OFM:N2	2.37	0.40
1:C:164:ARG:NH2	2:C:314:HOH:O	2.49	0.40
1:A:37:PRO:HA	1:A:72:TYR:HA	2.03	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the sym-



metry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance}  ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:141:MET:CE	2:C:316:HOH:O[1_554]	1.89	0.31

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	212/242 (88%)	209 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
1	С	210/242 (87%)	207 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	422/484 (87%)	416 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	184/207 (89%)	178 (97%)	6 (3%)	33 26
1	С	183/207 (88%)	178 (97%)	5 (3%)	40 34
All	All	367/414 (89%)	356 (97%)	11 (3%)	38 30

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	LEU

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	J	1	1 0
Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	107	VAL
1	A	125	ARG
1	A	143[A]	MET
1	A	143[B]	MET
1	A	168	LYS
1	С	107	VAL
1	С	125	ARG
1	С	143	MET
1	С	198	LYS
1	С	222	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	98	ASN
1	С	137	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	$\mathbf{B}_{0}$	ond leng	${ m gths}$	B	ond ang	les
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	OFM	A	66	1	32,36,37	4.40	9 (28%)	35,52,54	3.09	4 (11%)
1	OFM	С	66	1	32,36,37	3.71	10 (31%)	35,52,54	3.70	6 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	OFM	A	66	1	-	3/12/51/52	0/4/4/4
1	OFM	С	66	1	-	1/12/51/52	0/4/4/4

All (19) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	A	66	OFM	CB2-CA2	19.48	1.51	1.35
1	С	66	OFM	CB2-CA2	14.75	1.47	1.35
1	A	66	OFM	CA2-C2	-10.77	1.38	1.48
1	С	66	OFM	CA2-C2	-9.85	1.38	1.48
1	A	66	OFM	O2-C2	6.43	1.36	1.23
1	С	66	OFM	O2-C2	5.67	1.35	1.23
1	С	66	OFM	C2-N3	-4.31	1.29	1.39
1	A	66	OFM	OG1-CB1	-3.59	1.40	1.44
1	A	66	OFM	C2-N3	-3.55	1.31	1.39
1	С	66	OFM	C0-N1	3.43	1.47	1.44
1	A	66	OFM	CA1-N1	3.41	1.31	1.28
1	С	66	OFM	CB1-CA1	-3.41	1.47	1.52
1	С	66	OFM	CG2-CB2	3.27	1.53	1.46
1	A	66	OFM	O0-C0	3.10	1.42	1.38
1	С	66	OFM	OG1-CB1	-2.52	1.41	1.44
1	A	66	OFM	C1-N2	2.48	1.38	1.33
1	С	66	OFM	CA1-N1	2.32	1.30	1.28
1	A	66	OFM	C0-N1	-2.12	1.42	1.44
1	С	66	OFM	C1-N2	2.05	1.37	1.33

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	66	OFM	CA2-C2-N3	16.25	111.06	103.37
1	A	66	OFM	CA2-C2-N3	15.82	110.85	103.37
1	С	66	OFM	O2-C2-CA2	-11.47	124.52	130.96
1	A	66	OFM	O2-C2-CA2	-5.49	127.88	130.96
1	С	66	OFM	OG1-CB1-CG1	4.11	114.15	110.13
1	С	66	OFM	CG2-CB2-CA2	-3.75	125.35	129.94
1	A	66	OFM	CA3-N3-C1	3.50	135.08	128.22
1	С	66	OFM	CG0-CB0-CA0	-3.49	106.96	113.47
1	A	66	OFM	O3-C3-CA3	-2.46	118.95	126.39
1	С	66	OFM	CDY-CG0-CDX	2.10	121.46	118.17

There are no chirality outliers.



All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	66	OFM	C3-CA3-N3-C2
1	С	66	OFM	C2-CA2-CB2-CG2
1	A	66	OFM	C2-CA2-CB2-CG2
1	A	66	OFM	C3-CA3-N3-C1

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	66	OFM	1	0
1	С	66	OFM	3	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	212/242~(87%)	0.18	3 (1%) 73 75	11, 22, 35, 49	4 (1%)
1	С	212/242 (87%)	0.23	3 (1%) 73 75	9, 22, 35, 47	2 (0%)
All	All	424/484 (87%)	0.21	6 (1%) 73 75	9, 22, 35, 49	6 (1%)

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	187	VAL	3.2
1	С	149	ARG	2.7
1	A	187	VAL	2.6
1	С	222	SER	2.6
1	A	149	ARG	2.5
1	A	154	ASP	2.4

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	OFM	A	66	33/34	0.94	0.08	14,17,24,26	0
1	OFM	С	66	33/34	0.95	0.07	13,16,24,26	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

