

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Dec 15, 2024 – 03:28 AM EST

PDB ID : 1FDT

Title : HUMAN 17-BETA-HYDROXYSTEROID-DEHYDROGENASE TYPE 1

COMPLEXED WITH ESTRADIOL AND NADP+

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Deposited on : 1996-06-28

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

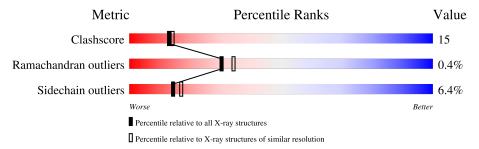
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	180529	6634 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6560 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6561 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

	Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
ſ	1	٨	207				
	1	Α	327	65%	20%	•	13



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2466 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

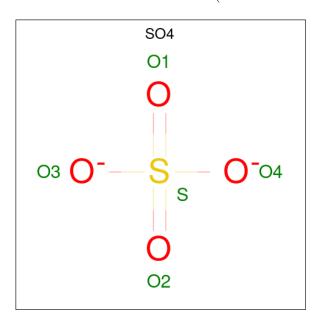
• Molecule 1 is a protein called 17-BETA-HYDROXYSTEROID-DEHYDROGENASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	285	Total	С	N	О	S	0	10	0
1	Λ	200	2256	1433	399	411	13	0	10	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	301	ARG	ALA	conflict	UNP P14061

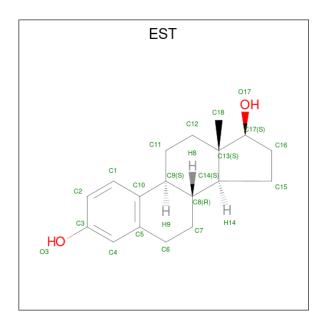
• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

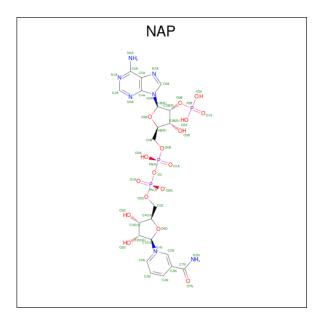
• Molecule 3 is ESTRADIOL (three-letter code: EST) (formula:  $C_{18}H_{24}O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 20	C 18	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{28}N_7O_{17}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	A	1	Total 48			O 17	P 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	137	Total O 137 137	0	0

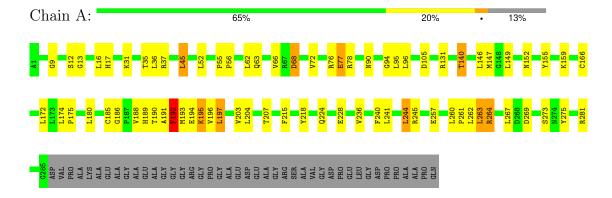


# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: 17-BETA-HYDROXYSTEROID-DEHYDROGENASE





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	122.77Å 43.79Å 60.53Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $99.47^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 2.20	Depositor	
% Data completeness	84.8 (10.00-2.20)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	04.0 (10.00-2.20)		
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	0.06	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.193 , 0.243	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	2466	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.0	wwPDB-VP	



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, NAP, EST

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	nd angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.69	0/2302	0.86	5/3120 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	186	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.95	98.22	113.10
1	A	244	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.55	128.06	115.30
1	A	262	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.50	127.94	115.30
1	A	31	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.40	96.43	111.00
1	A	68	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.22	123.00	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	189	HIS	Mainchain



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2256	0	2300	66	0
2	A	5	0	0	1	0
3	A	20	0	24	2	0
4	A	48	0	23	14	0
5	A	137	0	0	5	0
All	All	2466	0	2347	69	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

The worst 5 of 69 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:37[B]:ARG:NH1	5:A:484:HOH:O	1.92	1.02
1:A:37[B]:ARG:CZ	5:A:484:HOH:O	2.10	0.99
1:A:146:LEU:HA	2:A:380:SO4:O2	1.83	0.78
1:A:90:ASN:HA	1:A:140:THR:HG23	1.65	0.77
1:A:94:GLY:HA3	1:A:195[A]:LYS:HB3	1.72	0.71

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	293/327 (90%)	282 (96%)	9 (3%)	2 (1%)	19 19



All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	192[A]	PHE
1	A	192[B]	PHE

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	243/258 (94%)	225 (93%)	18 (7%)	11 12

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	244	LEU
1	A	273	SER
1	A	264	ARG
1	A	195[A]	LYS
1	A	241	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	152	ASN
1	A	224	GLN
1	A	274	ASN
1	A	231	GLN
1	A	123	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	SO4	A	380	-	4,4,4	1.24	0	6,6,6	2.27	2 (33%)
4	NAP	A	360	-	46,52,52	2.08	6 (13%)	61,80,80	1.73	15 (24%)
3	EST	A	350	-	23,23,23	0.72	0	36,36,36	0.79	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	EST	A	350	_	-	-	0/4/4/4
4	NAP	A	360	-	-	13/31/67/67	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
4	A	360	NAP	P2B-O2B	-8.43	1.44	1.59
4	A	360	NAP	P2B-O2X	-6.15	1.31	1.54
4	A	360	NAP	C2N-N1N	4.47	1.39	1.35
4	A	360	NAP	P2B-O1X	-3.90	1.38	1.50
4	A	360	NAP	P2B-O3X	-3.10	1.43	1.54



The worst	5	of	17	bond	angle	outliers	are	listed	below:
110 WOID	$\overline{}$	O.		OILG	WII 510	Catheren	COL C	IID CCL	CIC III.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	A	360	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.17	121.66	128.67
4	A	360	NAP	C4B-O4B-C1B	-4.23	106.05	109.92
2	A	380	SO4	O4-S-O2	-4.03	88.49	109.56
4	A	360	NAP	O5B-C5B-C4B	-3.97	95.48	108.99
4	A	360	NAP	O2B-C2B-C1B	2.90	120.25	110.05

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	360	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
4	A	360	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O3
4	A	360	NAP	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
4	A	360	NAP	C1B-C2B-O2B-P2B
4	A	360	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3

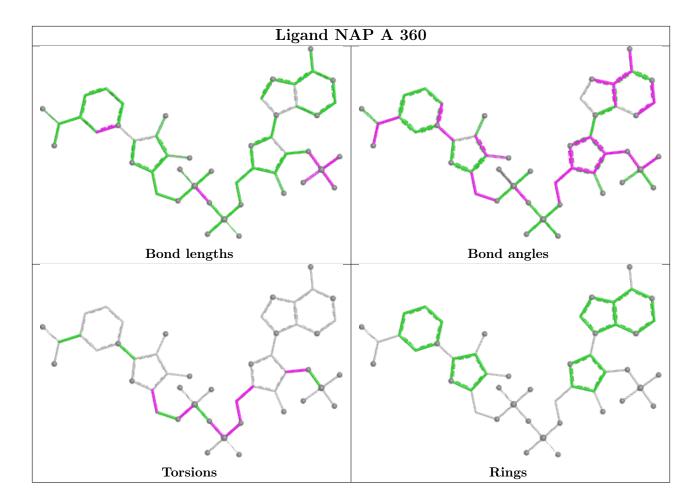
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	380	SO4	1	0
4	A	360	NAP	14	0
3	A	350	EST	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

