

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Feb 24, 2025 – 12:19 pm GMT

PDB ID : 9EWZ

EMDB ID : EMD-50027

Title: Cryo-EM structure of the E. coli BrxX methyltransferase in complex with

DNA

Authors: Adams, M.C.; Ghilarov, D.

Deposited on : 2024-04-05

Resolution : 2.22 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : FAILED

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as 541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

 ${\it MapQ}$: ${\it FAILED}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

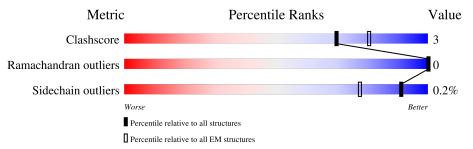
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.41

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.22 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	С	1205		92%	8%		
2	В	25	44%	56%			
3	A	25	72%		28%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10780 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Adenine-specific methyltransferase BrxX.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
1	С	1205	Total 9728	C 6195	N 1660	O 1831	S 42	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (26-MER) with BREX binding site GGTAAG.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
2	В	25	Total 522	C 247	N 101	O 149	P 25	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (26-MER) with BREX binding site GGTAAG.

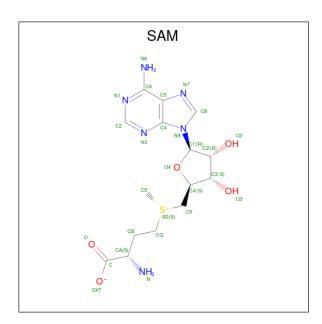
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
3	A	25	Total 502	C 240	N 86	O 151	P 25	0	0

• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

• Molecule 5 is S-ADENOSYLMETHIONINE (three-letter code: SAM) (formula: $C_{15}H_{22}N_6O_5S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





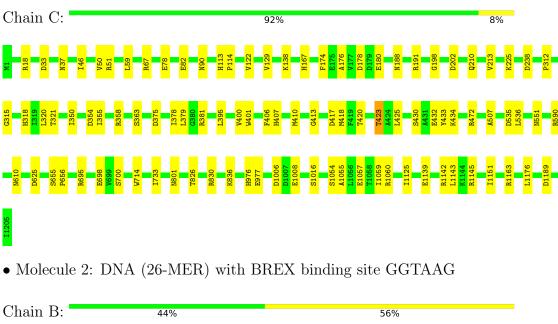
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf		
5	C	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0
5		1	27	15	6	5	1	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

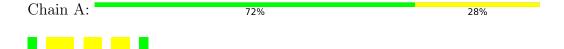
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Adenine-specific methyltransferase BrxX





• Molecule 3: DNA (26-MER) with BREX binding site GGTAAG





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	216233	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, SAM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	С	0.25	0/9943	0.46	0/13443	
2	В	0.49	0/587	0.89	0/906	
3	A	0.50	0/560	0.93	0/859	
All	All	0.28	0/11090	0.53	0/15208	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	С	9728	0	9562	58	0
2	В	522	0	282	9	0
3	A	502	0	280	6	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0
5	С	27	0	22	0	0
All	All	10780	0	10146	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash



magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	$overlap(\AA)$
1:C:198:GLY:O	1:C:202:ASP:HB2	1.82	0.79
1:C:801:ASN:HD21	1:C:836:LYS:HA	1.51	0.75
3:A:10:DC:H2"	3:A:11:DT:H5'	1.72	0.71
1:C:410:MET:SD	1:C:472:ARG:NH2	2.65	0.68
3:A:5:DC:H2'	3:A:6:DA:C8	2.31	0.67
1:C:590:ARG:NH1	1:C:625:ASP:O	2.32	0.62
1:C:1163:ARG:NH1	1:C:1189:ASP:OD2	2.33	0.62
1:C:375:ASP:OD2	1:C:381:ARG:NH2	2.33	0.61
1:C:46:ILE:HD11	1:C:51:ARG:HH12	1.66	0.61
1:C:425:LEU:H	1:C:434:LYS:HE3	1.66	0.60
1:C:188:ASN:HB2	1:C:191:ARG:HD3	1.82	0.59
1:C:830:ARG:NH2	2:B:7:DG:OP1	2.35	0.59
1:C:33:ASP:OD1	1:C:37:ASN:N	2.35	0.59
2:B:5:DG:H2"	2:B:6:DT:H5"	1.85	0.59
1:C:1008:GLU:OE2	1:C:1060:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.58
1:C:312:PRO:HD2	1:C:507:ALA:HB2	1.84	0.58
1:C:1054:SER:OG	1:C:1057:GLU:OE1	2.22	0.57
1:C:1008:GLU:OE1	1:C:1016:SER:OG	2.21	0.57
1:C:401:TRP:CG	1:C:432:GLU:HB2	2.42	0.55
1:C:714:TRP:HB3	1:C:733:ILE:HG21	1.88	0.55
1:C:1139:GLU:OE2	1:C:1142:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.55
1:C:18:ARG:NH2	1:C:78:GLU:OE2	2.38	0.55
2:B:3:DC:H4'	2:B:4:DA:OP1	2.07	0.54
1:C:417:ASP:HB3	1:C:434:LYS:H	1.72	0.54
1:C:977:GLU:HG2	1:C:1176:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.52
2:B:22:DG:H2"	2:B:23:DA:C8	2.44	0.52
1:C:407:HIS:H	1:C:413:GLY:HA3	1.73	0.52
1:C:67:ARG:NH2	1:C:178:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.52
1:C:418:MET:HG2	1:C:433:TYR:HE1	1.73	0.52
1:C:90:ASN:HD21	1:C:358:ARG:HG3	1.75	0.52
1:C:1142:ARG:HG3	1:C:1143:LEU:HD12	1.92	0.52
1:C:700:SER:HB2	1:C:977:GLU:HG3	1.93	0.50
2:B:9:DT:H2"	2:B:10:DA:C8	2.46	0.50
1:C:167:HIS:CD2	1:C:176:ALA:HB2	2.46	0.50
1:C:1125:ILE:HD13	1:C:1151:ILE:HD13	1.92	0.50
3:A:14:DC:H2"	3:A:15:DC:O5'	2.11	0.50
1:C:695:ARG:O	1:C:698:GLU:HG2	2.13	0.48
3:A:4:DT:H2"	3:A:5:DC:C6	2.48	0.48
2:B:20:DA:C8	2:B:21:DT:H72	2.49	0.48
1:C:50:VAL:HG23	1:C:59:LEU:HA	1.95	0.48
1:C:67:ARG:NE	1:C:180:GLU:OE2	2.44	0.47

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A + 1	A4 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:714:TRP:HB3	1:C:733:ILE:CG2	2.44	0.47
1:C:18:ARG:NH1	1:C:82:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.46
1:C:320:LEU:HD22	1:C:350:ILE:HG23	1.97	0.46
3:A:14:DC:H2'	3:A:15:DC:C6	2.50	0.46
1:C:167:HIS:HA	1:C:174:PHE:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:C:1006:ASP:HA	1:C:1060:ARG:HD3	1.98	0.46
1:C:395:LEU:HD12	1:C:400:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.46
1:C:976:HIS:CG	1:C:977:GLU:H	2.34	0.46
1:C:188:ASN:O	1:C:188:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.45
1:C:1055:ALA:O	1:C:1059:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.45
1:C:420:THR:O	1:C:423:THR:OG1	2.34	0.45
1:C:535:ASP:OD1	1:C:536:LEU:N	2.50	0.44
1:C:354:ASP:OD1	1:C:355:ILE:N	2.51	0.44
1:C:401:TRP:CD1	1:C:432:GLU:HB2	2.53	0.43
1:C:315:GLY:O	1:C:363:SER:OG	2.36	0.43
1:C:225:LYS:NZ	1:C:238:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.42
1:C:318:HIS:O	1:C:321:THR:OG1	2.30	0.42
1:C:551:ASN:OD1	1:C:610:ASN:ND2	2.36	0.42
2:B:4:DA:H5"	2:B:4:DA:H8	1.84	0.42
2:B:24:DG:C8	2:B:25:DT:H72	2.55	0.42
1:C:430:SER:HB3	1:C:434:LYS:HD3	2.02	0.42
3:A:14:DC:H2'	3:A:15:DC:C5	2.55	0.42
1:C:113:HIS:ND1	1:C:114:PRO:O	2.49	0.42
1:C:210:GLN:O	1:C:213:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.42
1:C:378:ILE:HG23	1:C:379:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.41
1:C:826:THR:O	1:C:830:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:C:1142:ARG:HA	1:C:1145:ARG:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:C:655:SER:N	1:C:656:PRO:HD3	2.36	0.41
2:B:14:DT:H6	2:B:14:DT:H5'	1.85	0.40
1:C:122:VAL:HG23	1:C:129:VAL:HG21	2.04	0.40
1:C:138:LYS:HE3	1:C:138:LYS:HB2	1.89	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	С	1203/1205 (100%)	1157 (96%)	46 (4%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	С	1038/1038 (100%)	1036 (100%)	2 (0%)	92	96

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	406	PHE
1	С	423	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	801	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mo	Type	Chain	Dog	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
IVIO	Type	Chain	${ m Chain} \mid { m Res} \mid { m Lin}$		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	SAM	С	1302	-	24,29,29	1.19	3 (12%)	23,42,42	1.57	4 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	SAM	С	1302	-	-	5/12/33/33	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
5	С	1302	SAM	C2-N3	3.81	1.38	1.32
5	С	1302	SAM	C2-N1	2.34	1.38	1.33
5	С	1302	SAM	OXT-C	-2.15	1.23	1.30

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	С	1302	SAM	N3-C2-N1	-5.48	120.12	128.68
5	С	1302	SAM	OXT-C-O	-2.73	117.90	124.09
5	С	1302	SAM	OXT-C-CA	2.26	121.07	113.38
5	С	1302	SAM	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.09	104.12	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.



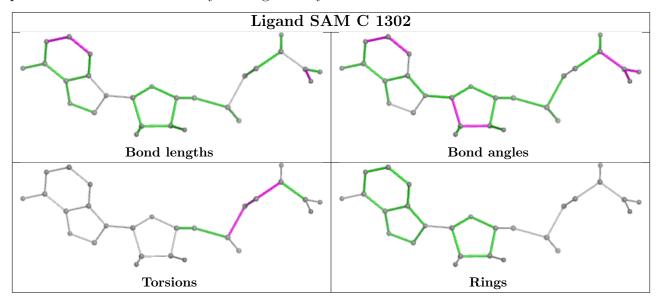
All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	С	1302	SAM	N-CA-CB-CG
5	С	1302	SAM	C-CA-CB-CG
5	С	1302	SAM	CA-CB-CG-SD
5	С	1302	SAM	CB-CG-SD-C5'
5	С	1302	SAM	CB-CG-SD-CE

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

