



# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report i

Aug 16, 2025 – 02:58 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9ELL / pdb\_00009ell  
EMDB ID : EMD-48153  
Title : Cryo-EM structure of SARS-CoV-2 Omicron JN.1.11 spike protein (one RBD up state)  
Authors : Feng, Z.; Huang, J.; Ward, A.B.  
Deposited on : 2024-12-04  
Resolution : 2.93 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at  
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) i) were used in the production of this report:

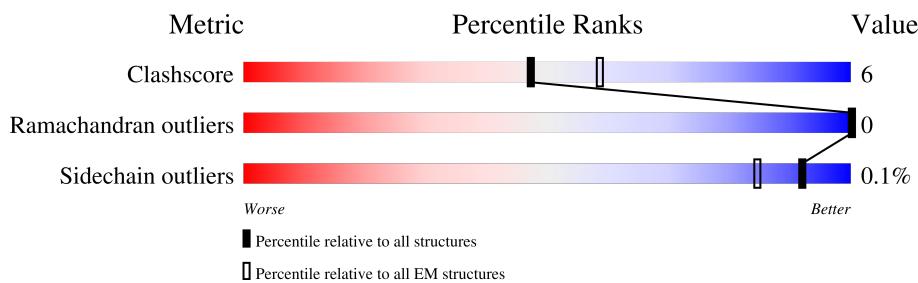
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev126  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.45.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
**ELECTRON MICROSCOPY**

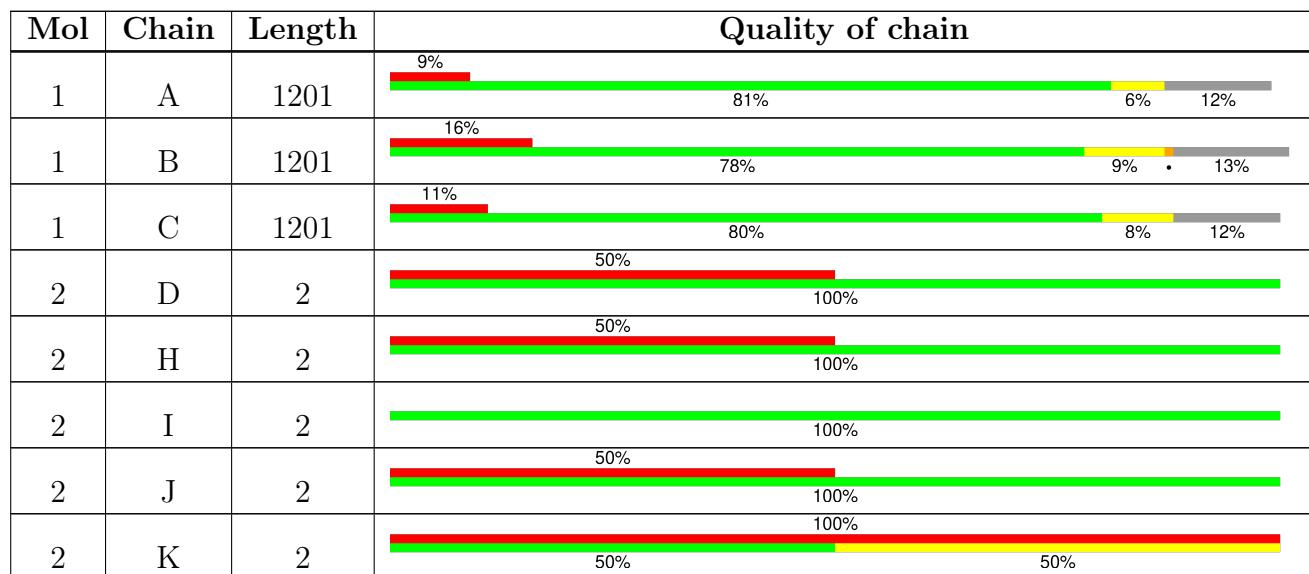
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.93 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



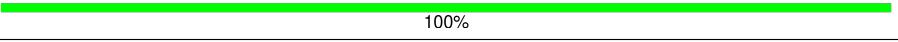
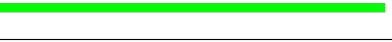
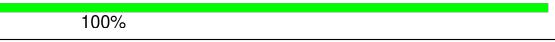
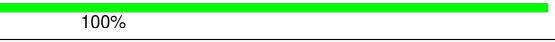
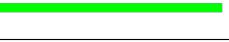
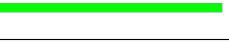
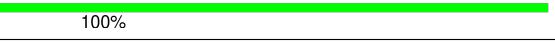
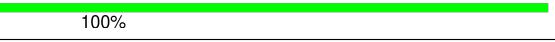
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.



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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	L	2	 100%
2	N	2	 100%
2	P	2	50%  100% 
3	E	3	33%  100% 
3	F	3	33%  100% 
3	G	3	67%  100% 
3	M	3	33%  33%  67%
3	O	3	67%  100% 
3	Q	3	33%  100% 
3	R	3	33%  100% 

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 25567 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	1056	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8284	5306	1375	1567	36		
1	B	1048	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8214	5259	1361	1556	38		
1	C	1053	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8264	5295	1370	1562	37		

There are 201 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	22	ILE	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	24	THR	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	27	SER	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	50	LEU	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	127	PHE	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	143	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	157	SER	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	212	ILE	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	213	GLY	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	216	PHE	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	245	ASN	HIS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	264	ASP	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	332	VAL	ILE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	339	HIS	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	356	THR	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	371	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	373	PRO	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	375	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	376	ALA	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	403	LYS	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	405	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	408	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	417	ASN	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	440	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	445	HIS	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	446	SER	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	450	ASP	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	452	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	455	SER	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	460	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	477	ASN	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	481	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	484	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	486	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	498	ARG	GLN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	501	TYR	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	505	HIS	TYR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	554	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	570	VAL	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	621	SER	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	655	TYR	HIS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	679	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	681	ARG	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	682	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	683	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	685	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	764	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	796	TYR	ASP	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	817	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	892	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	899	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	939	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	942	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	954	HIS	GLN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	969	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	986	PRO	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
A	987	PRO	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1143	LEU	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	22	ILE	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	24	THR	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	27	SER	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	50	LEU	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	127	PHE	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	143	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	157	SER	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	212	ILE	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	213	GLY	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	216	PHE	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	245	ASN	HIS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	264	ASP	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	332	VAL	ILE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	339	HIS	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	356	THR	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	371	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	373	PRO	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	375	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	376	ALA	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	403	LYS	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	405	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	408	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	417	ASN	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	440	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	445	HIS	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	446	SER	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	450	ASP	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	452	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	455	SER	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	460	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	477	ASN	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	481	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	484	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	486	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	498	ARG	GLN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	501	TYR	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	505	HIS	TYR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	554	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	570	VAL	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	621	SER	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	655	TYR	HIS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	679	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	681	ARG	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	682	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	683	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	685	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	764	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	796	TYR	ASP	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	817	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	892	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	899	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	939	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	942	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	954	HIS	GLN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	969	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	986	PRO	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	987	PRO	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
B	1143	LEU	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	22	ILE	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	24	THR	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	27	SER	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	50	LEU	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	127	PHE	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	143	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	157	SER	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	212	ILE	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	213	GLY	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	216	PHE	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	245	ASN	HIS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	264	ASP	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	332	VAL	ILE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	339	HIS	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	356	THR	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	371	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	373	PRO	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	375	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	376	ALA	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	403	LYS	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	405	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	408	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	417	ASN	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	440	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	445	HIS	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	446	SER	GLY	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	450	ASP	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	452	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	455	SER	LEU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	460	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	477	ASN	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	481	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	484	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	486	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	498	ARG	GLN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	501	TYR	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	505	HIS	TYR	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	554	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	570	VAL	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	621	SER	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	655	TYR	HIS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	679	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	681	ARG	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	682	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	683	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	685	SER	ARG	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	764	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	796	TYR	ASP	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	817	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	892	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	899	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	939	PHE	SER	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	942	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	954	HIS	GLN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	969	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	986	PRO	LYS	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	987	PRO	VAL	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6
C	1143	LEU	PRO	variant	UNP A0A6N0C4S6

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



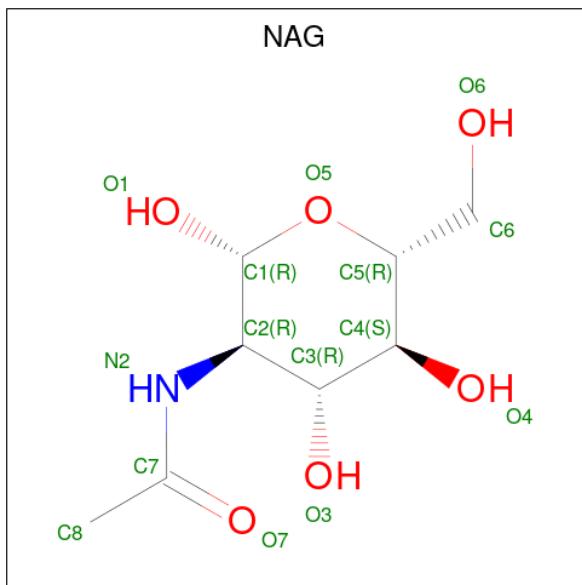
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
2	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	H	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	I	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	J	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	K	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	L	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	N	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
2	P	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	E	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		
3	F	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		
3	G	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		
3	M	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		
3	O	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		
3	Q	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		
3	R	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

*Continued on next page...*

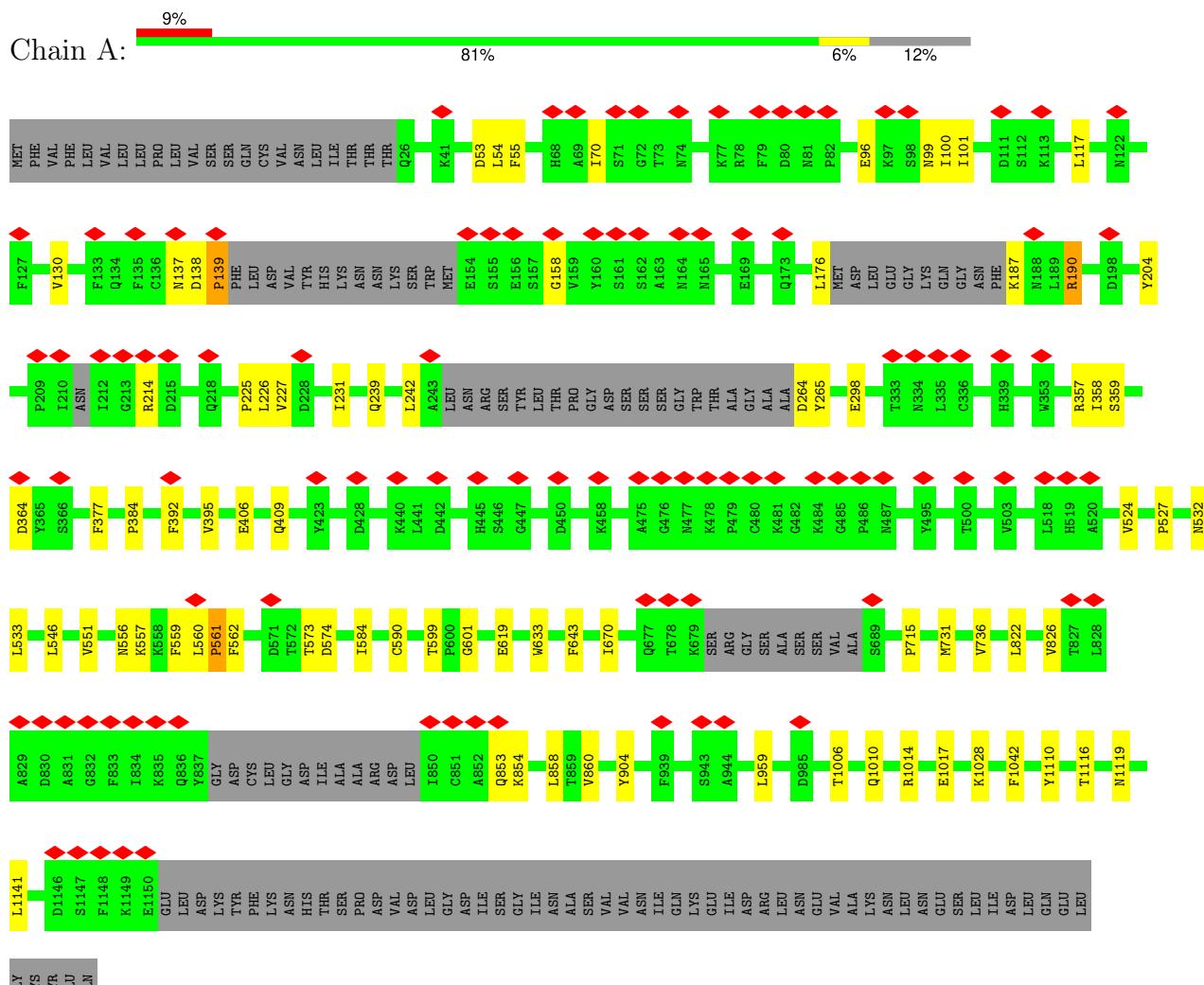
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	B	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	B	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	B	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	B	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0

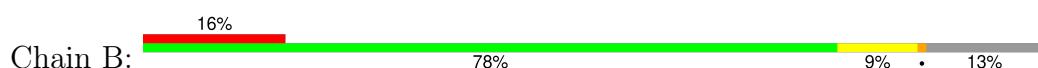
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

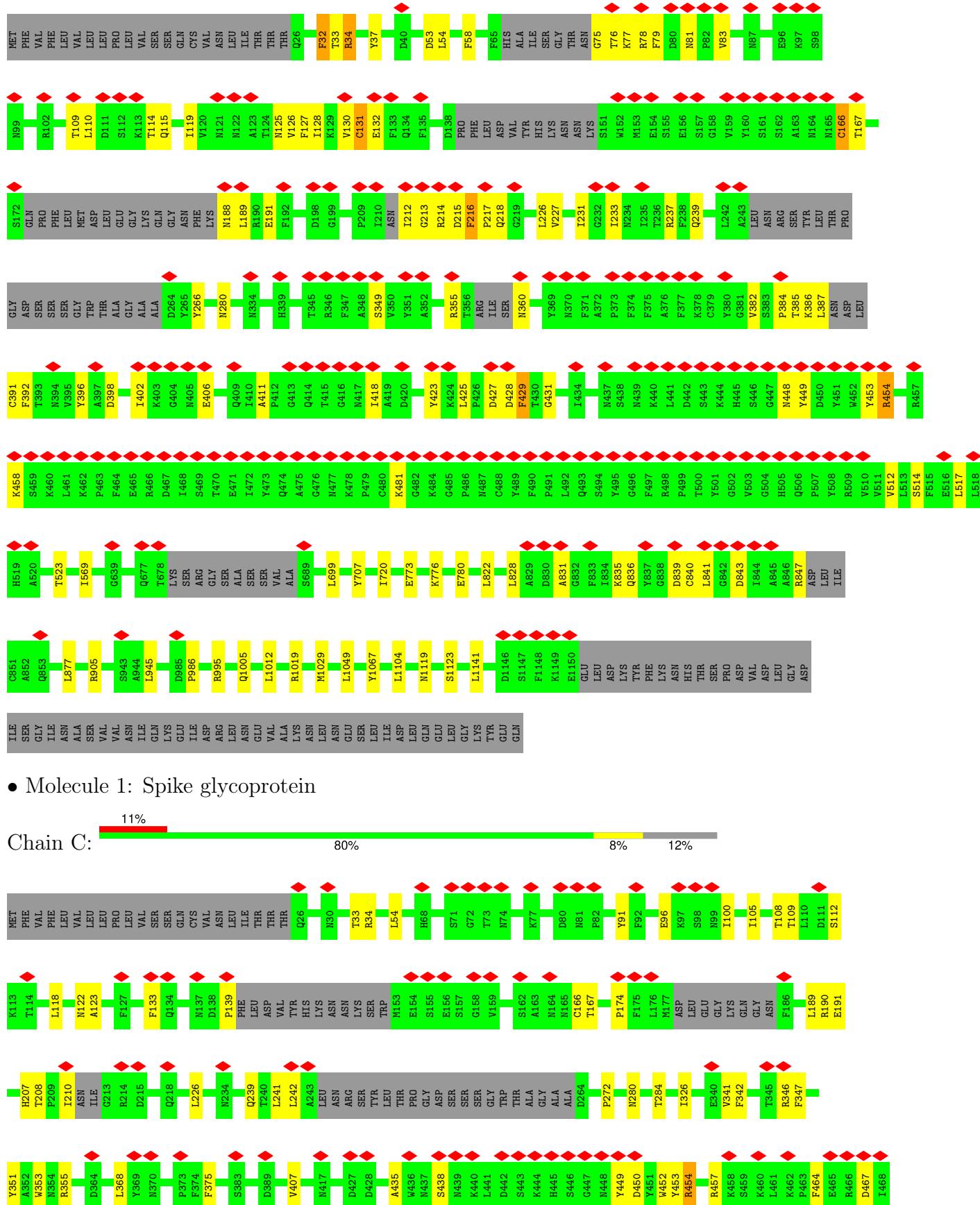
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

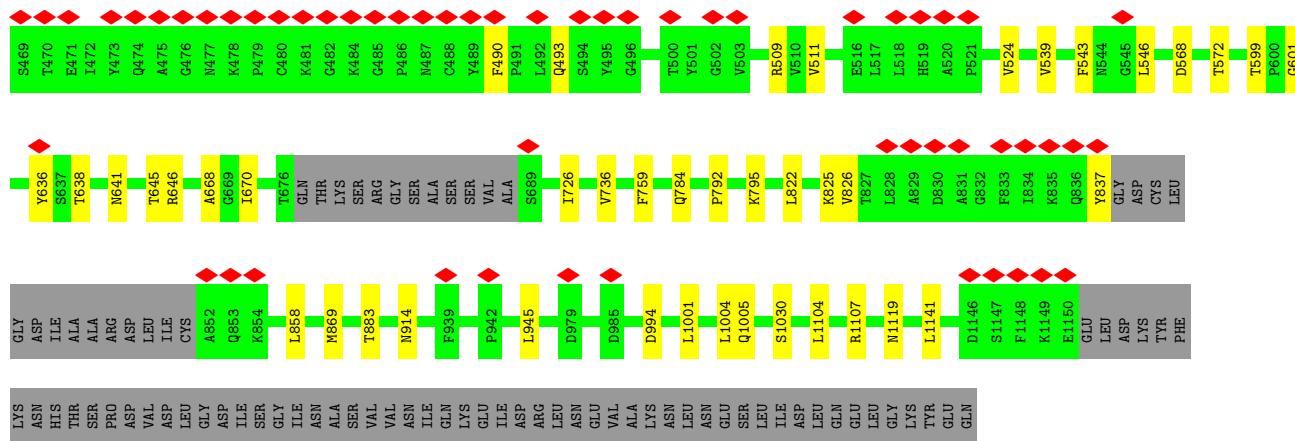
- Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein



- Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein









- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



## 4 Experimental information i

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	39569	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS GLACIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	44.84	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1700	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.849	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.484	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.021	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.11	Depositor
Map size (Å)	367.616, 367.616, 367.616	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.718, 0.718, 0.718	Depositor

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.34	1/8484 (0.0%)	0.62	1/11540 (0.0%)
1	B	0.32	1/8409 (0.0%)	0.70	5/11433 (0.0%)
1	C	0.27	0/8465	0.60	0/11513
All	All	0.31	2/25358 (0.0%)	0.64	6/34486 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	3
1	C	0	2
All	All	0	6

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	139	PRO	N-CD	19.76	1.75	1.47
1	B	81	ASN	N-CA	5.48	1.50	1.45

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	131	CYS	CA-CB-SG	8.63	134.26	114.40
1	A	561	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.43	101.59	112.00
1	B	214	ARG	N-CA-C	7.11	119.03	111.28
1	B	166	CYS	CA-CB-SG	5.65	127.40	114.40
1	B	986	PRO	N-CA-C	5.51	117.42	110.70

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	190	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	34	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	454	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	847	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	454	ARG	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8284	0	8088	74	0
1	B	8214	0	8001	125	0
1	C	8264	0	8060	113	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
2	H	28	0	25	0	0
2	I	28	0	25	0	0
2	J	28	0	25	0	0
2	K	28	0	25	2	0
2	L	28	0	25	0	0
2	N	28	0	25	0	0
2	P	28	0	25	0	0
3	E	39	0	34	0	0
3	F	39	0	34	0	0
3	G	39	0	34	0	0
3	M	39	0	34	1	0
3	O	39	0	34	0	0
3	Q	39	0	34	0	0
3	R	39	0	34	0	0
4	A	140	0	130	0	0
4	B	56	0	52	1	0
4	C	112	0	104	0	0
All	All	25567	0	24873	294	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 294 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:189:LEU:CB	1:C:210:ILE:HD11	1.23	1.64
1:C:636:TYR:CE2	1:C:638:THR:HB	1.41	1.52
1:C:189:LEU:HB2	1:C:210:ILE:CD1	1.04	1.50
1:B:828:LEU:CD1	1:B:831:ALA:HB2	1.49	1.42
1:C:347:PHE:HE2	1:C:509:ARG:CZ	1.36	1.38

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1042/1201 (87%)	1019 (98%)	23 (2%)	0	100 100
1	B	1028/1201 (86%)	979 (95%)	49 (5%)	0	100 100
1	C	1039/1201 (86%)	1000 (96%)	39 (4%)	0	100 100
All	All	3109/3603 (86%)	2998 (96%)	111 (4%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	926/1051 (88%)	926 (100%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	B	916/1051 (87%)	913 (100%)	3 (0%)	91 95
1	C	923/1051 (88%)	922 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 96
All	All	2765/3153 (88%)	2761 (100%)	4 (0%)	92 96

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	32	PHE
1	B	216	PHE
1	B	429	PHE
1	C	453	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 17 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	607	GLN
1	C	1142	GLN
1	B	613	GLN
1	B	675	GLN
1	B	690	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

37 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
3	NAG	E	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.15	0	17,19,21	0.65	0
3	NAG	E	2	3	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
3	BMA	E	3	3	11,11,12	0.54	0	15,15,17	0.81	0
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.51	0
3	NAG	F	2	3	14,14,15	0.18	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
3	BMA	F	3	3	11,11,12	0.54	0	15,15,17	0.81	0
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.17	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
3	BMA	G	3	3	11,11,12	0.54	0	15,15,17	0.81	0
2	NAG	H	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.16	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
2	NAG	H	2	2	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
2	NAG	I	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
2	NAG	I	2	2	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.53	0
2	NAG	J	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
2	NAG	J	2	2	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
2	NAG	K	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
2	NAG	K	2	2	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
2	NAG	L	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.16	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
2	NAG	L	2	2	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
3	NAG	M	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.19	0	17,19,21	0.63	0
3	NAG	M	2	3	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
3	BMA	M	3	3	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	0.82	0
2	NAG	N	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.15	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
2	NAG	N	2	2	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
3	NAG	O	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.17	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
3	NAG	O	2	3	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
3	BMA	O	3	3	11,11,12	0.51	0	15,15,17	0.81	0
2	NAG	P	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.17	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
2	NAG	P	2	2	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
3	NAG	Q	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
3	NAG	Q	2	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.53	0
3	BMA	Q	3	3	11,11,12	0.50	0	15,15,17	0.78	0
3	NAG	R	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
3	NAG	R	2	3	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
3	BMA	R	3	3	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	0.78	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.  
 '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	E	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	F	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	G	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	H	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	H	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	I	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	I	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	J	1	2,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	J	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	K	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	K	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	L	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	L	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	M	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	M	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	M	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	N	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	N	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	O	1	3,1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	O	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	O	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	P	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	P	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Q	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Q	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	Q	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	R	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	R	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	R	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 35 torsion outliers are listed below:

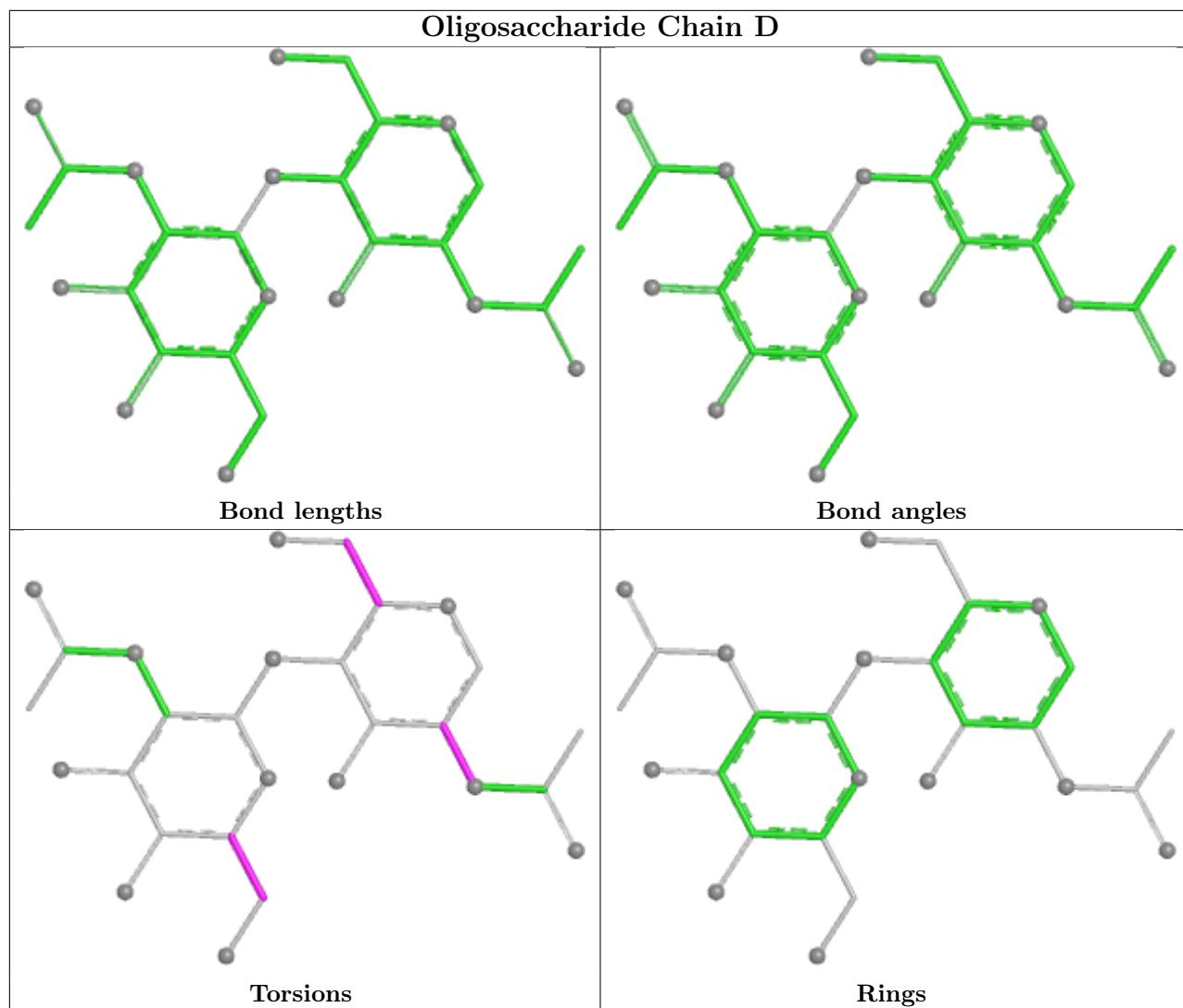
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	K	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	K	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	L	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	L	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	O	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

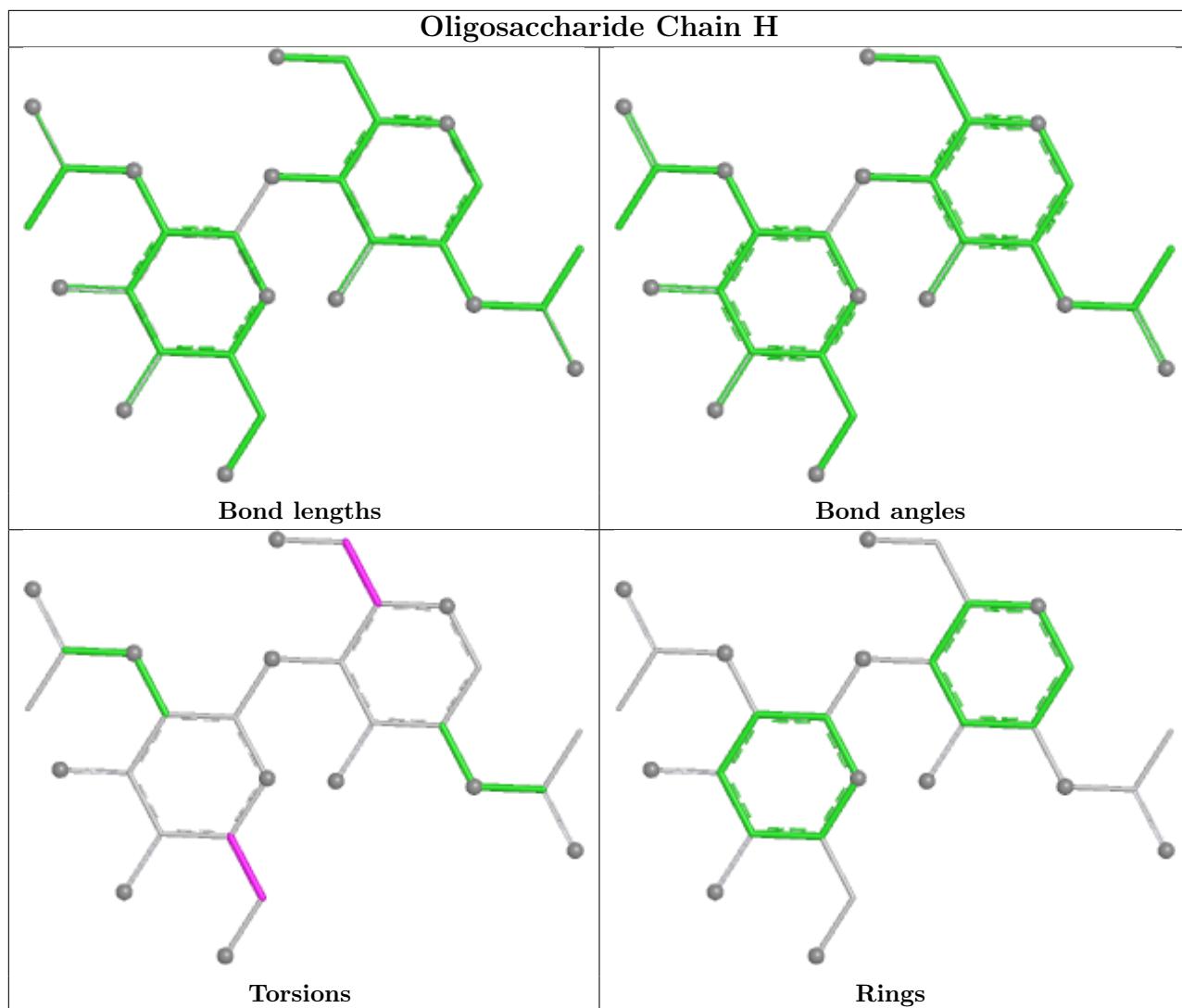
There are no ring outliers.

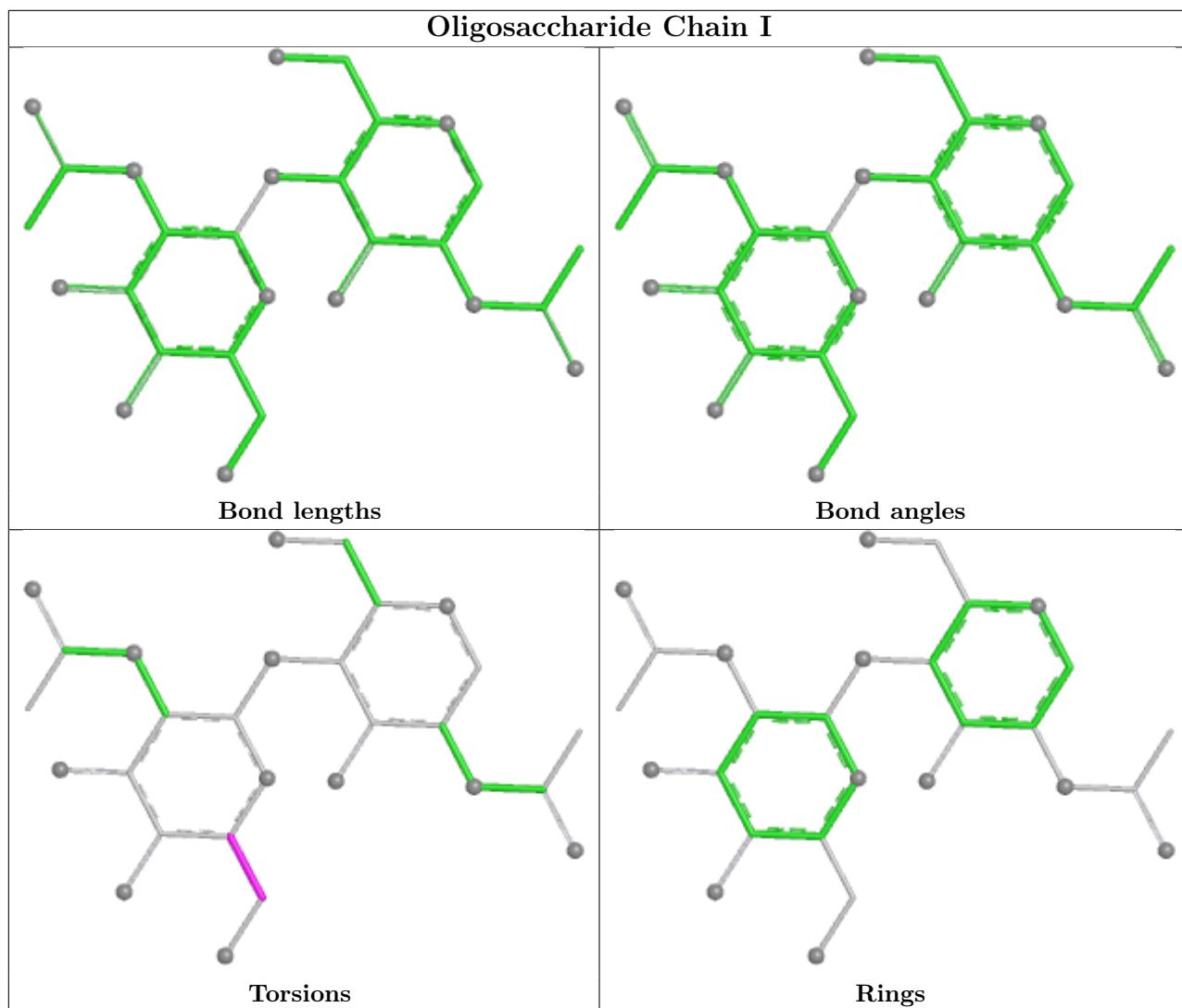
3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

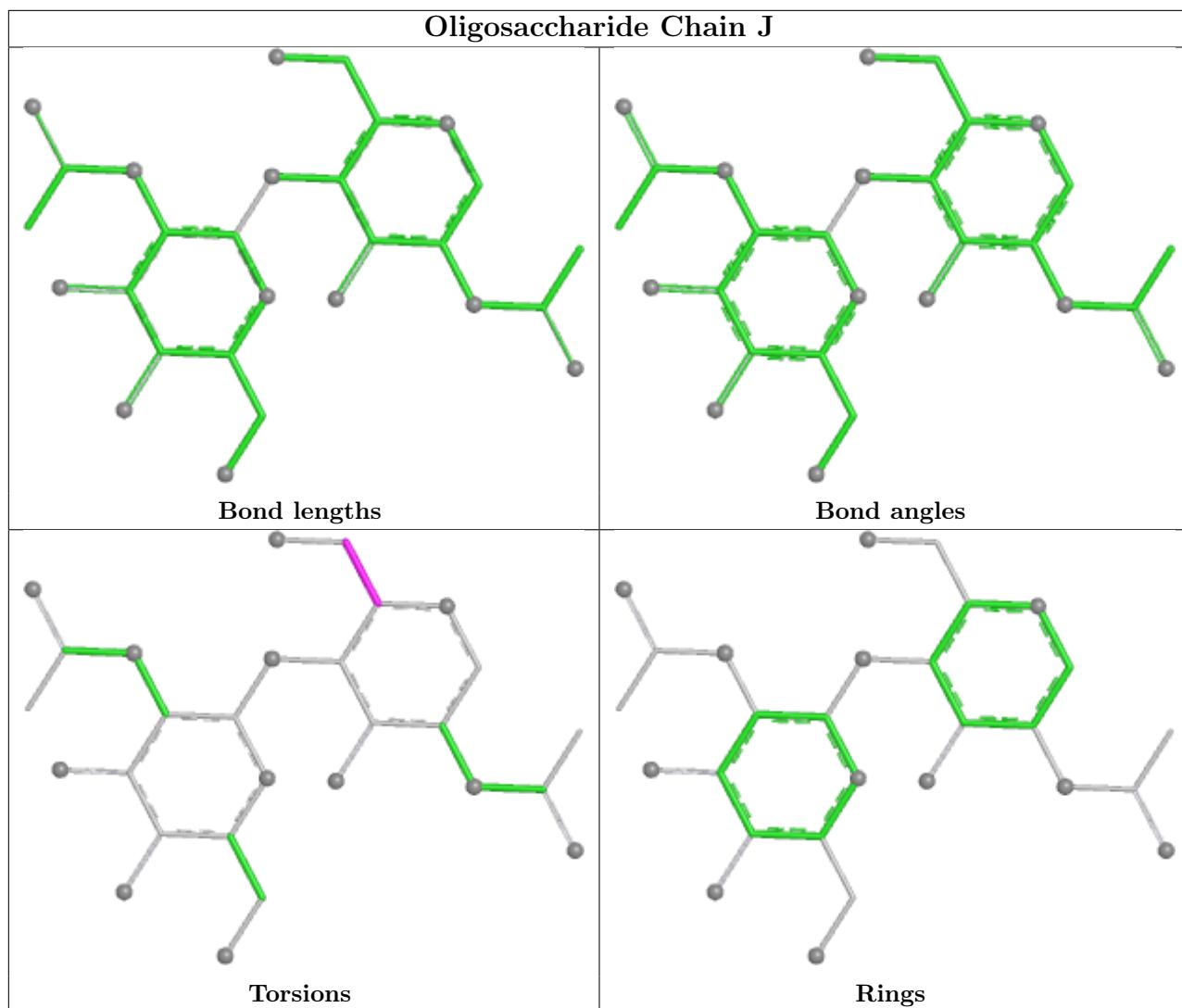
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	M	2	NAG	1	0
2	K	1	NAG	2	0
3	M	3	BMA	1	0

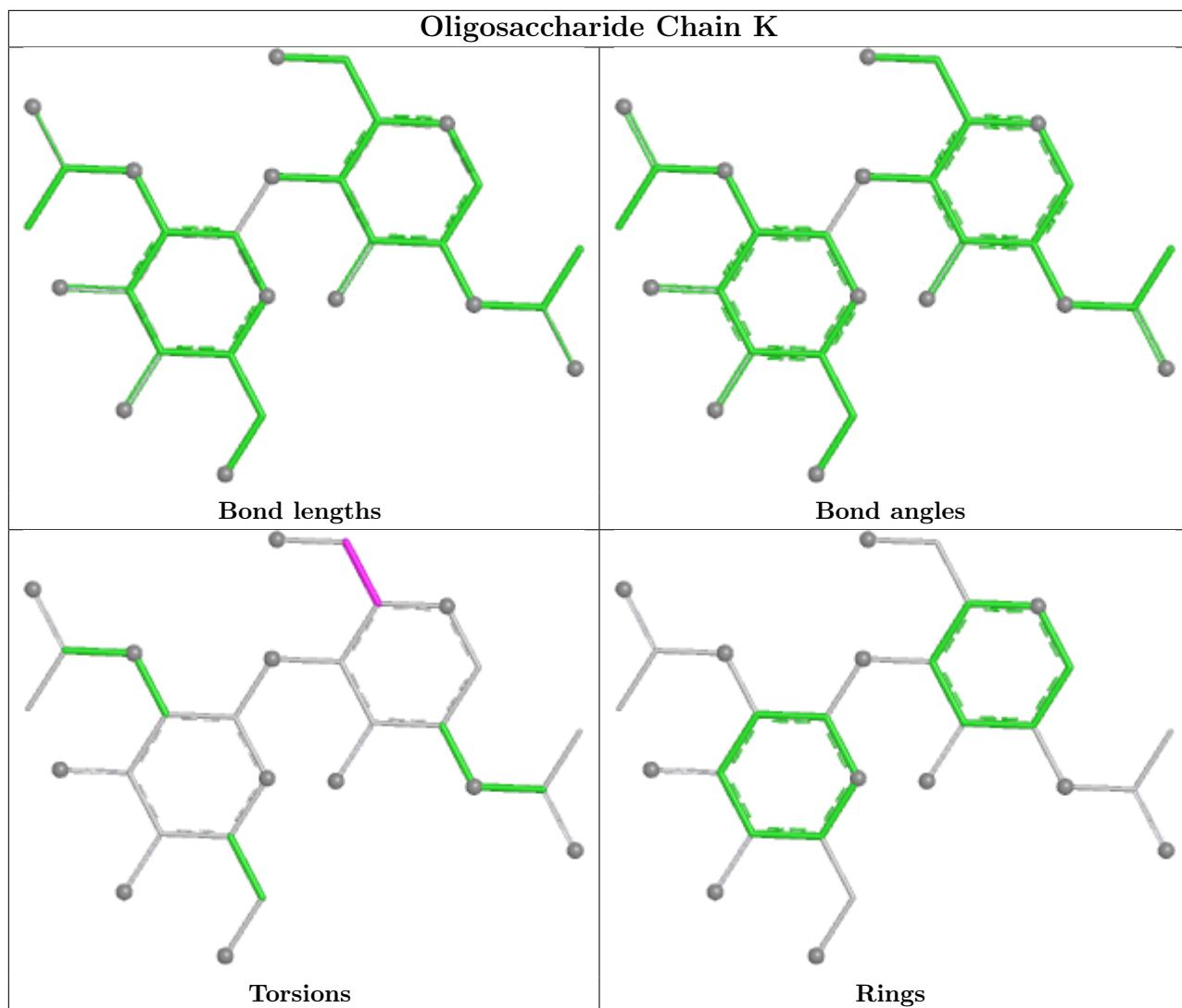
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

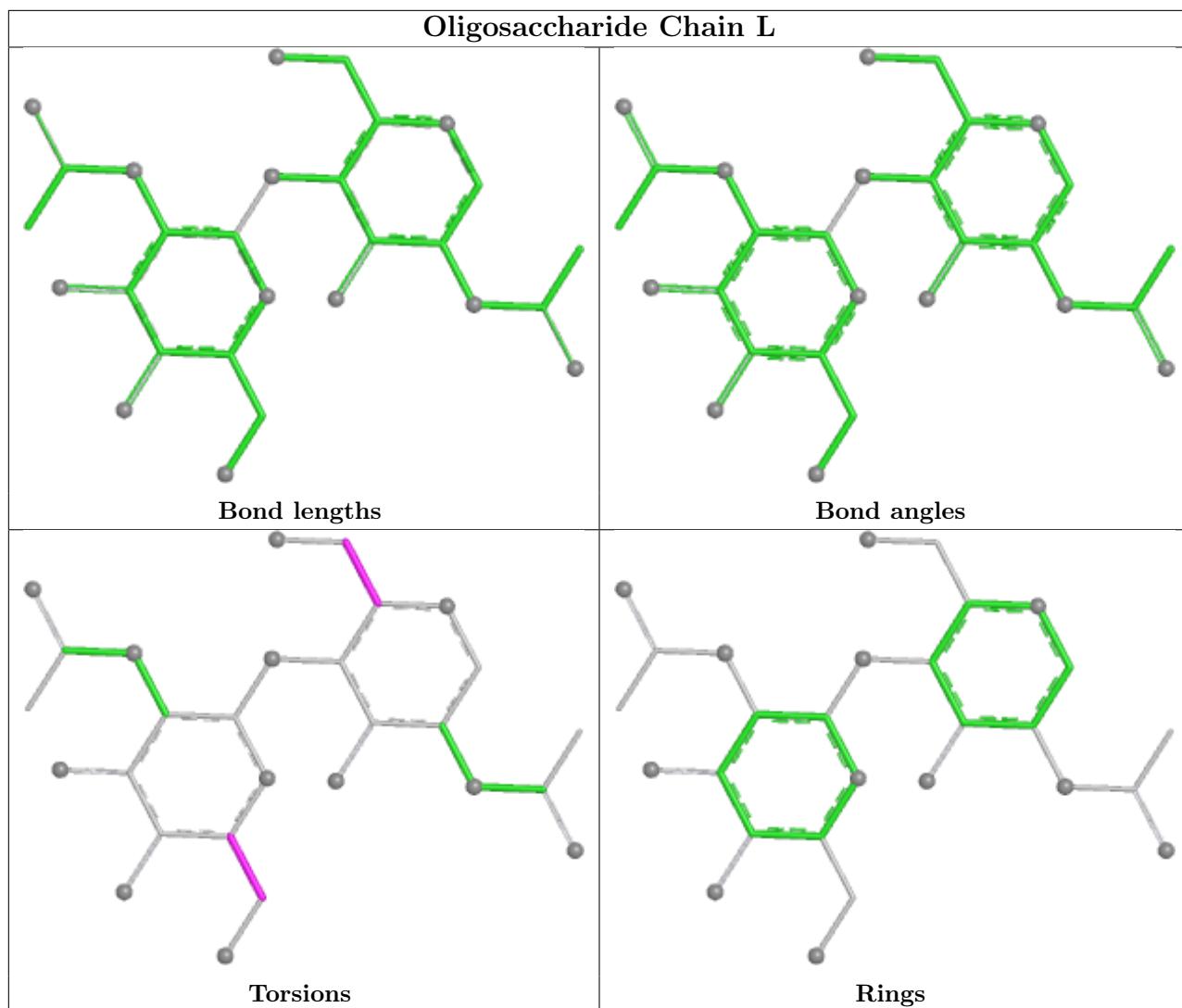


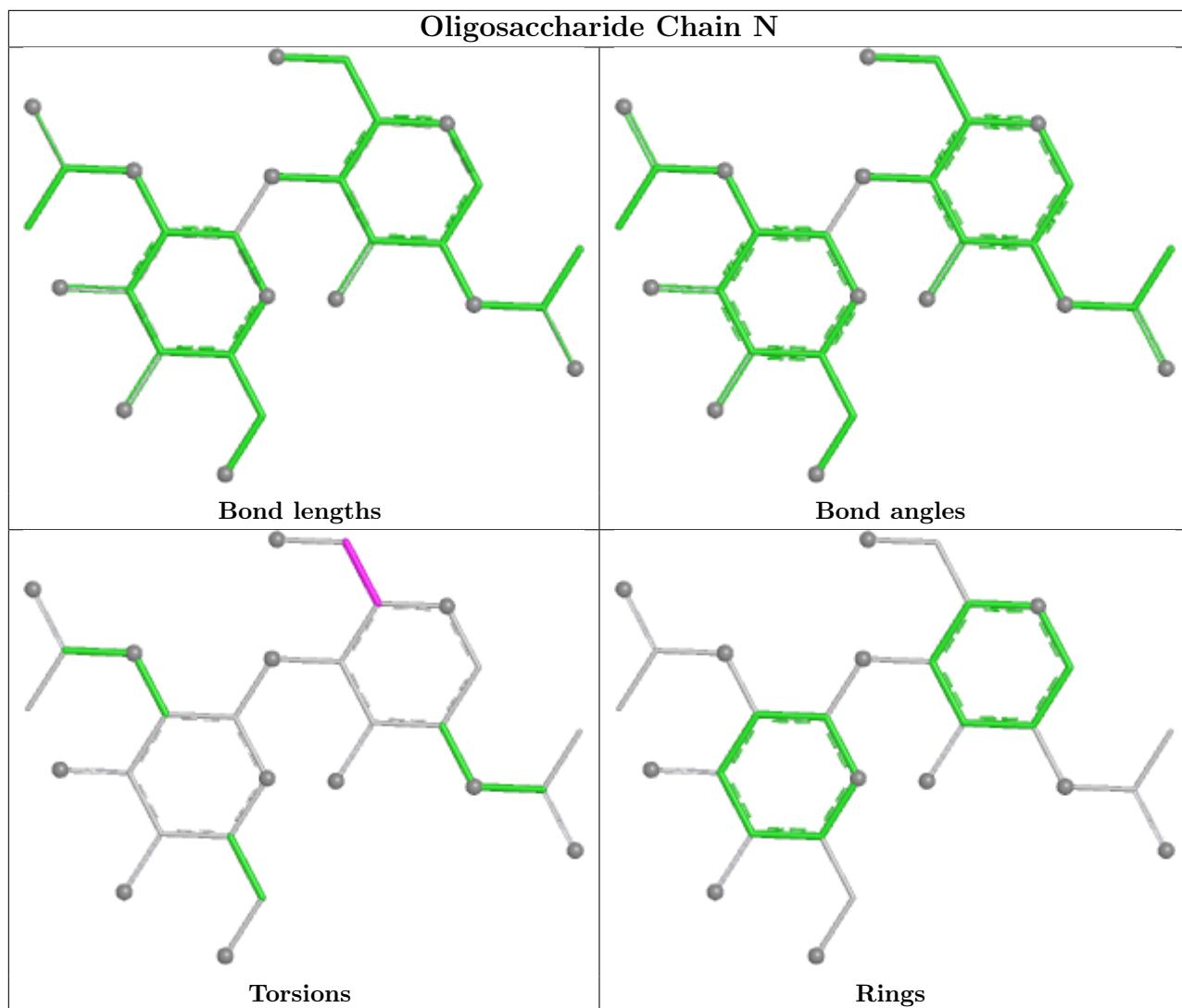


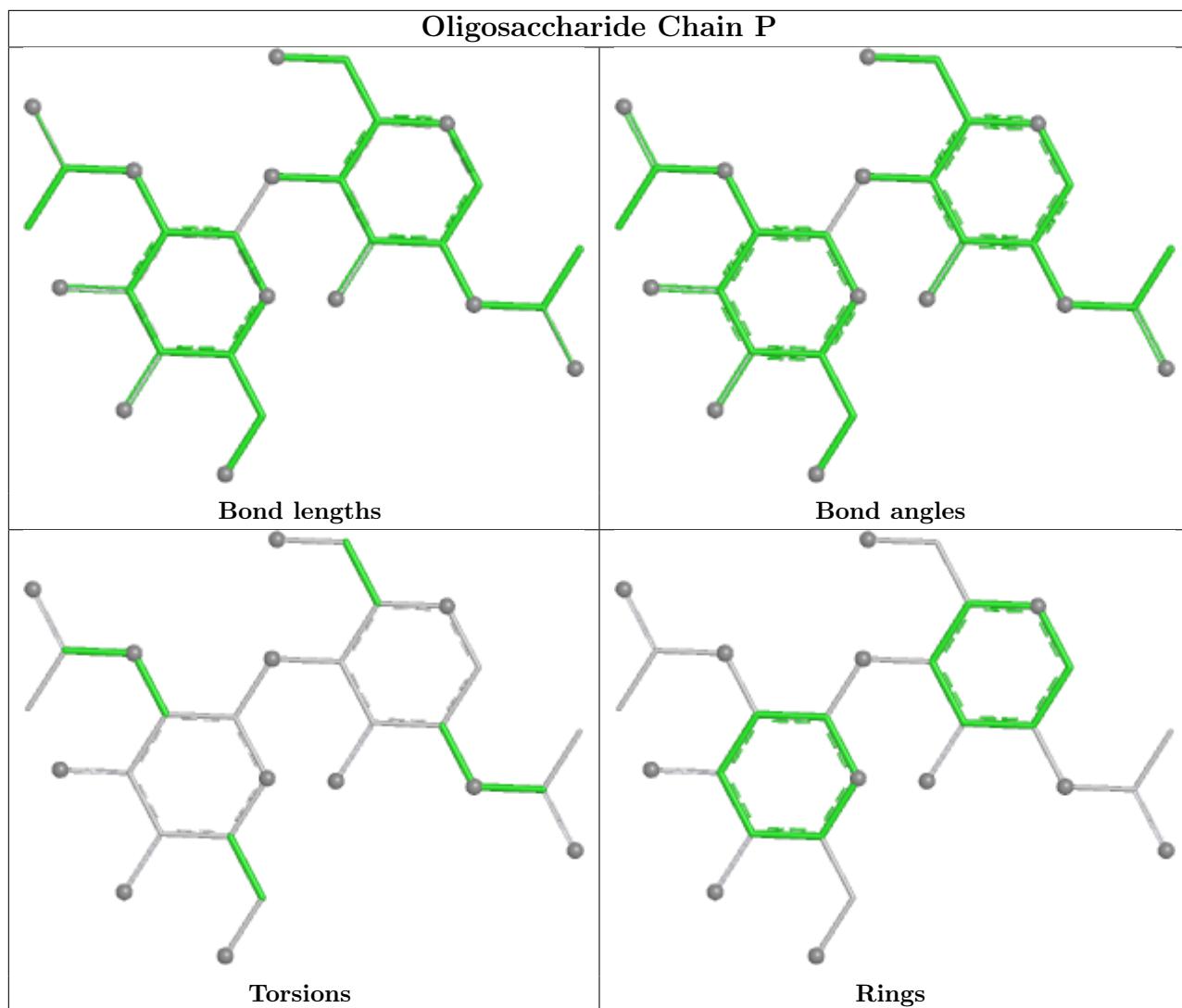


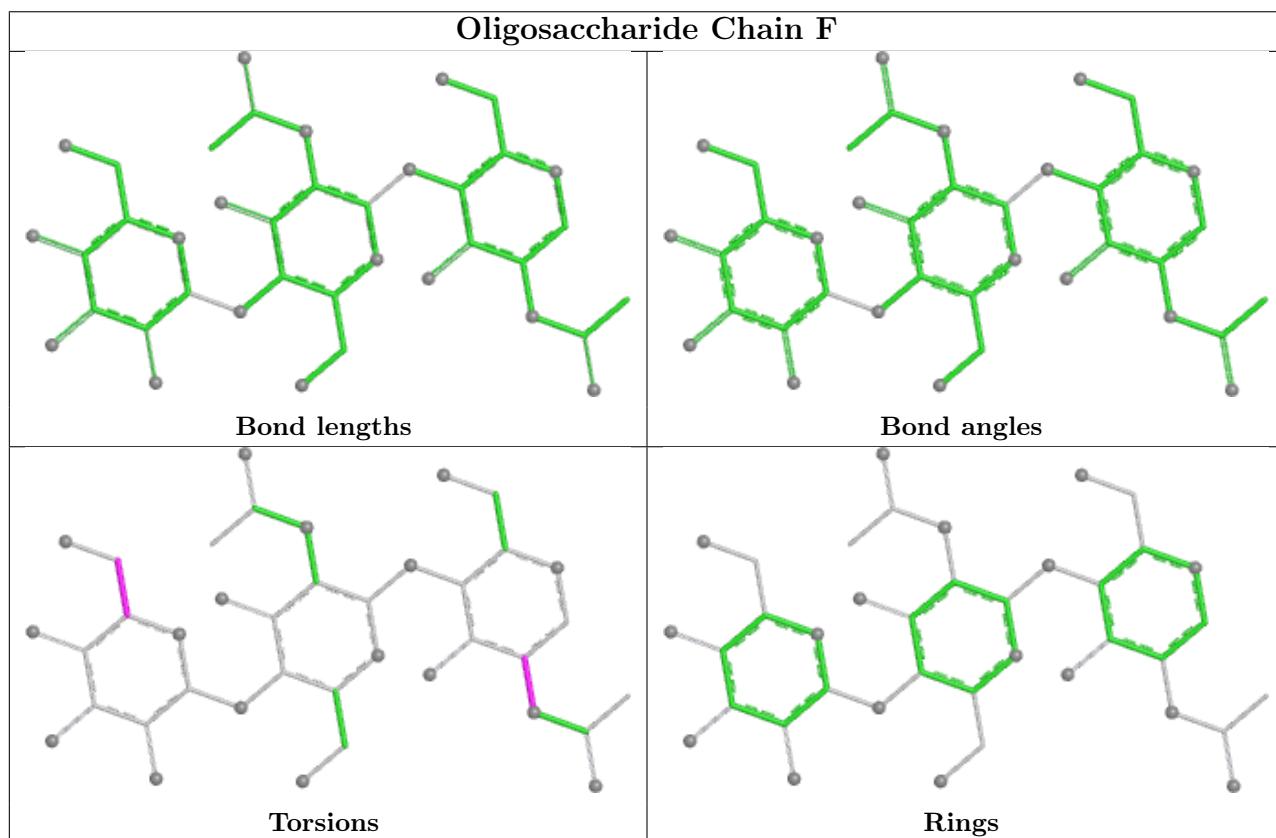
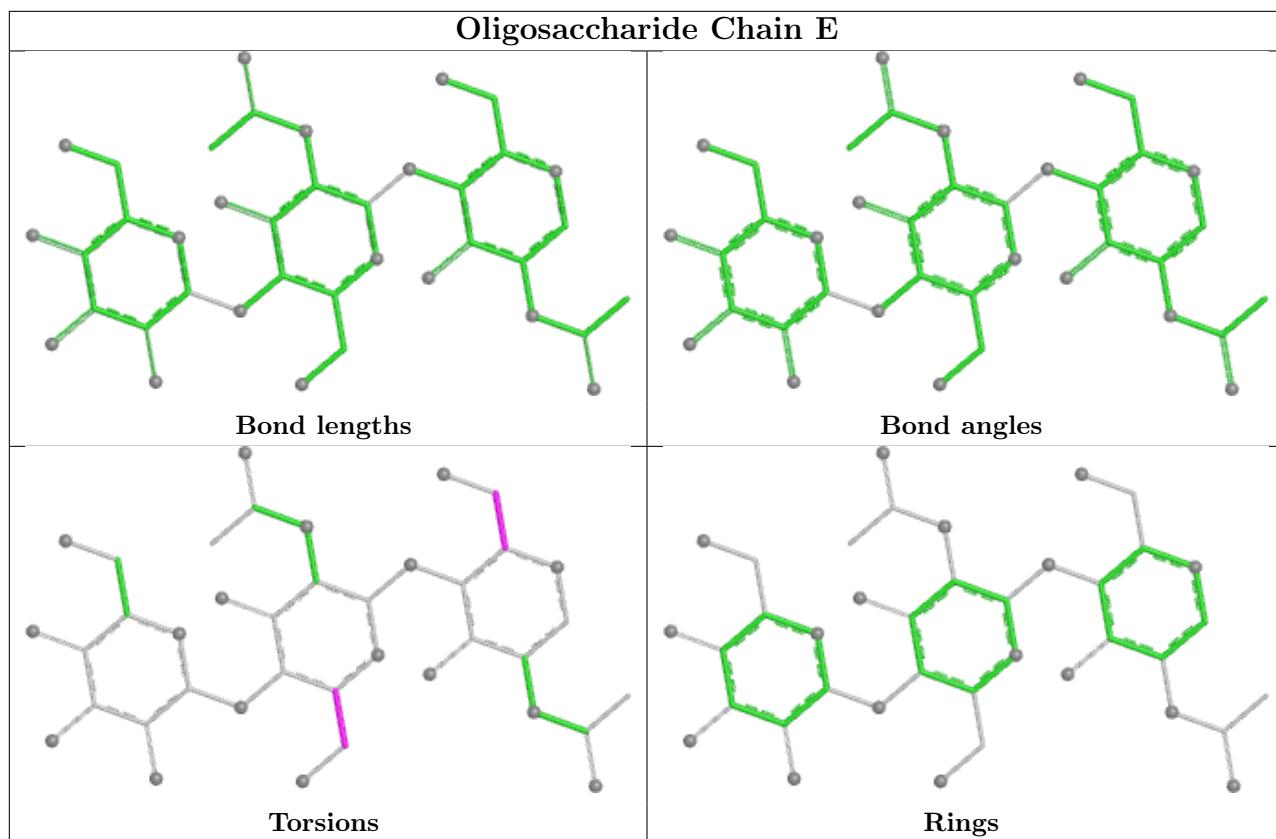


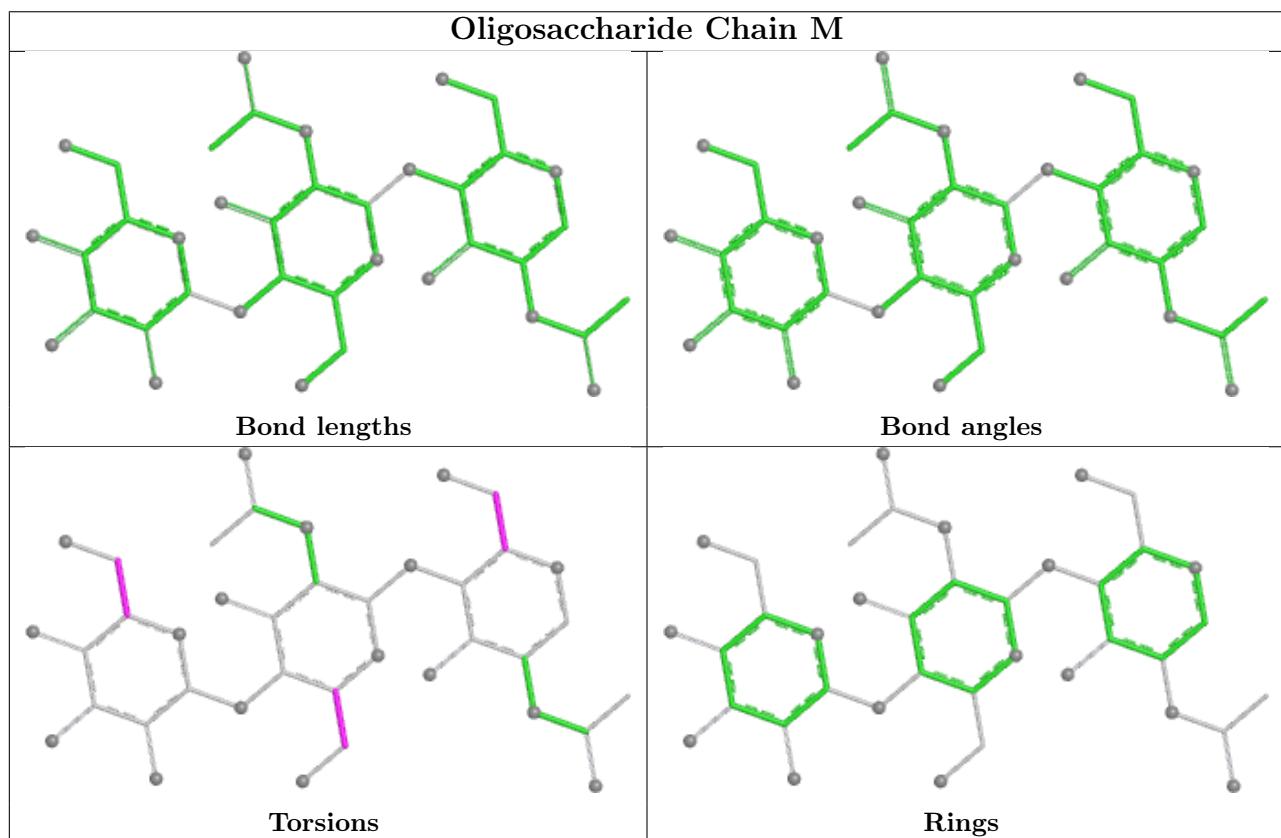
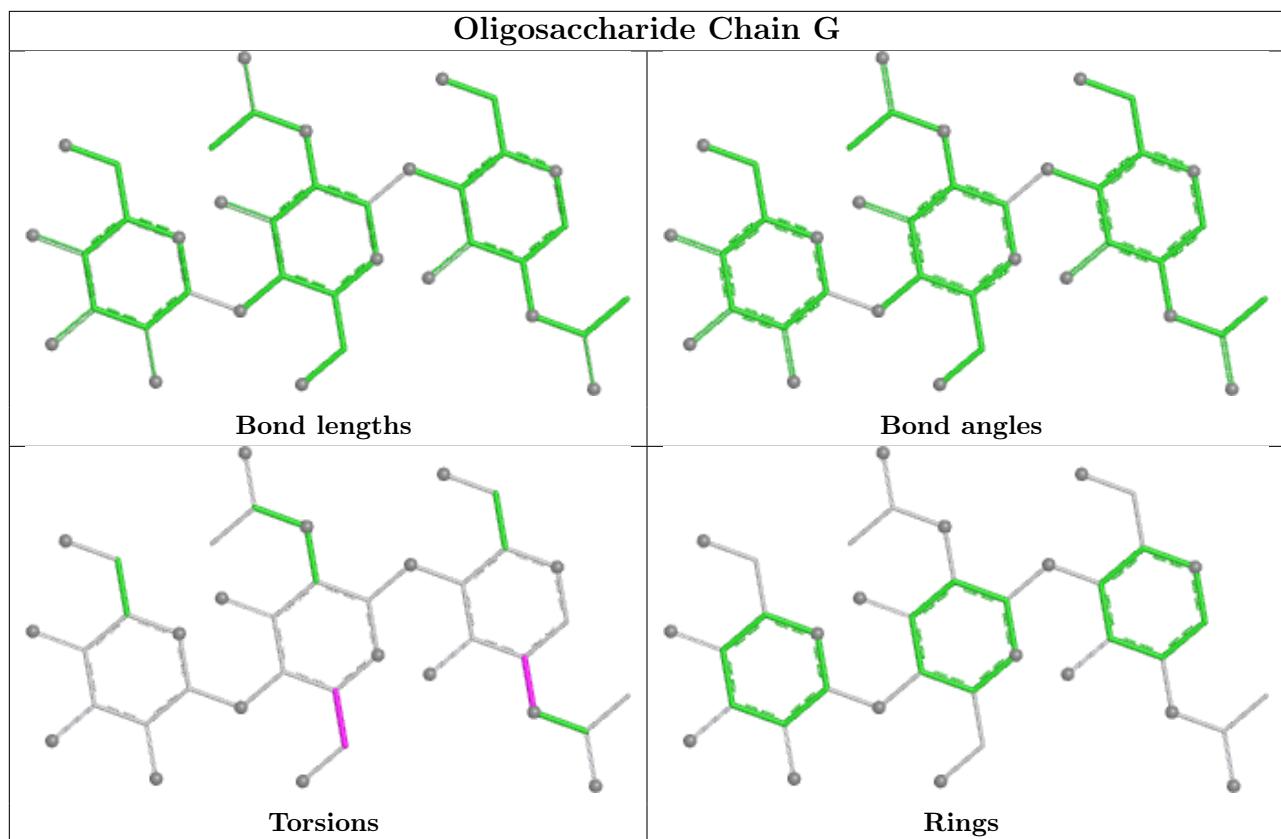


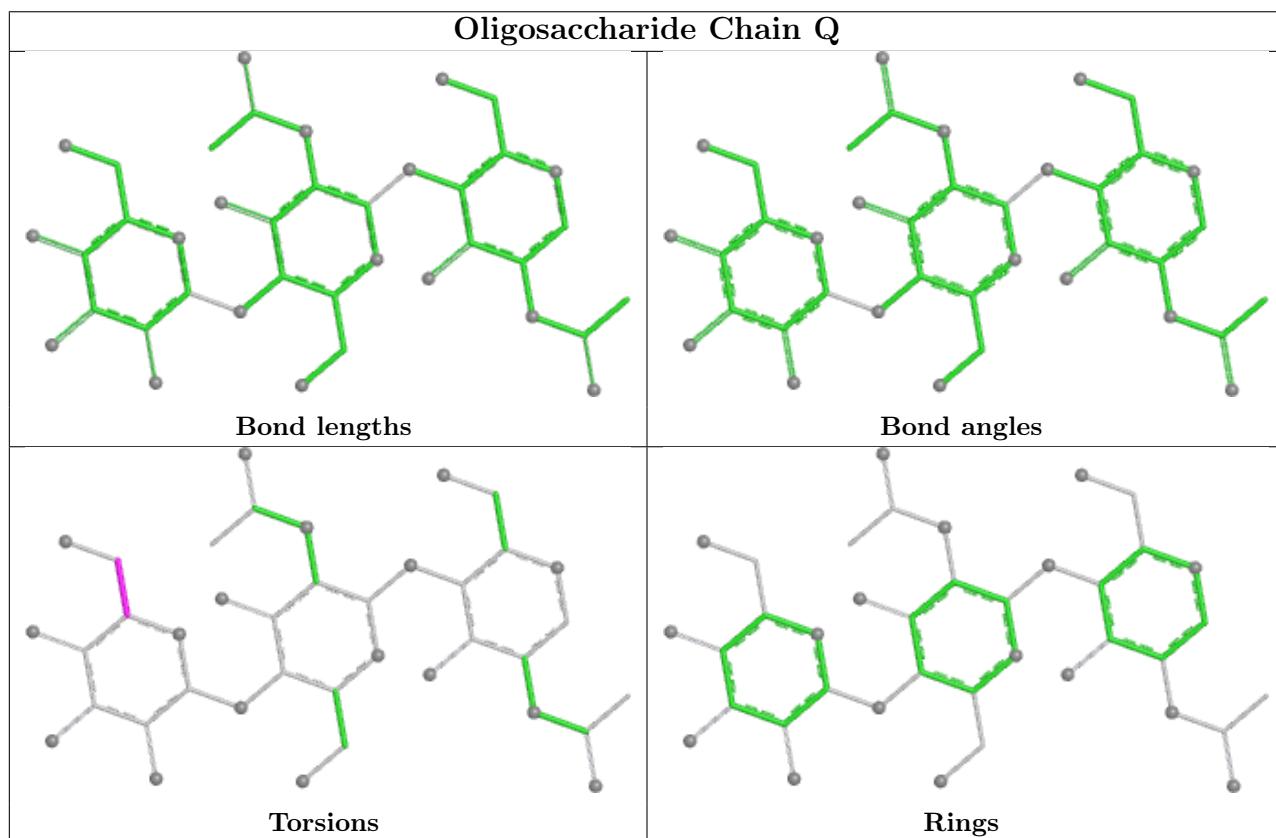
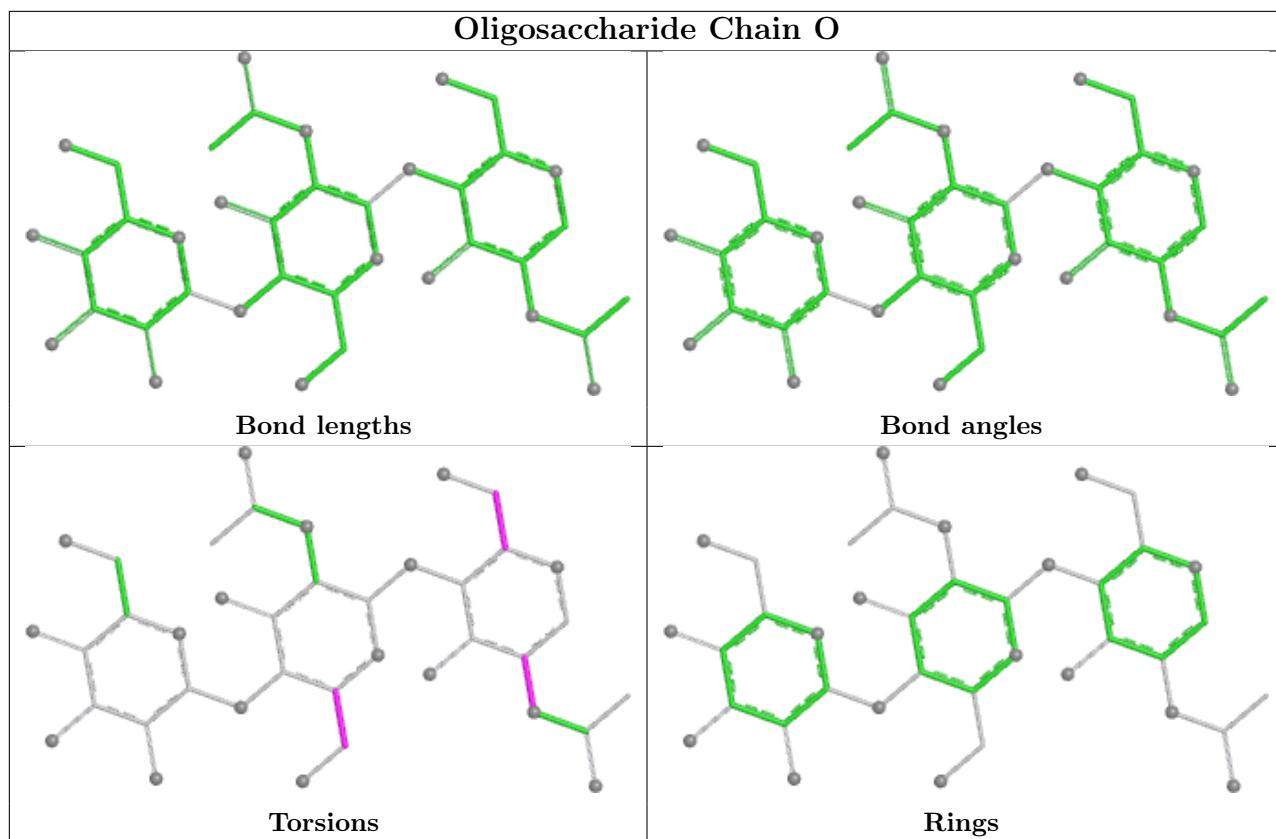


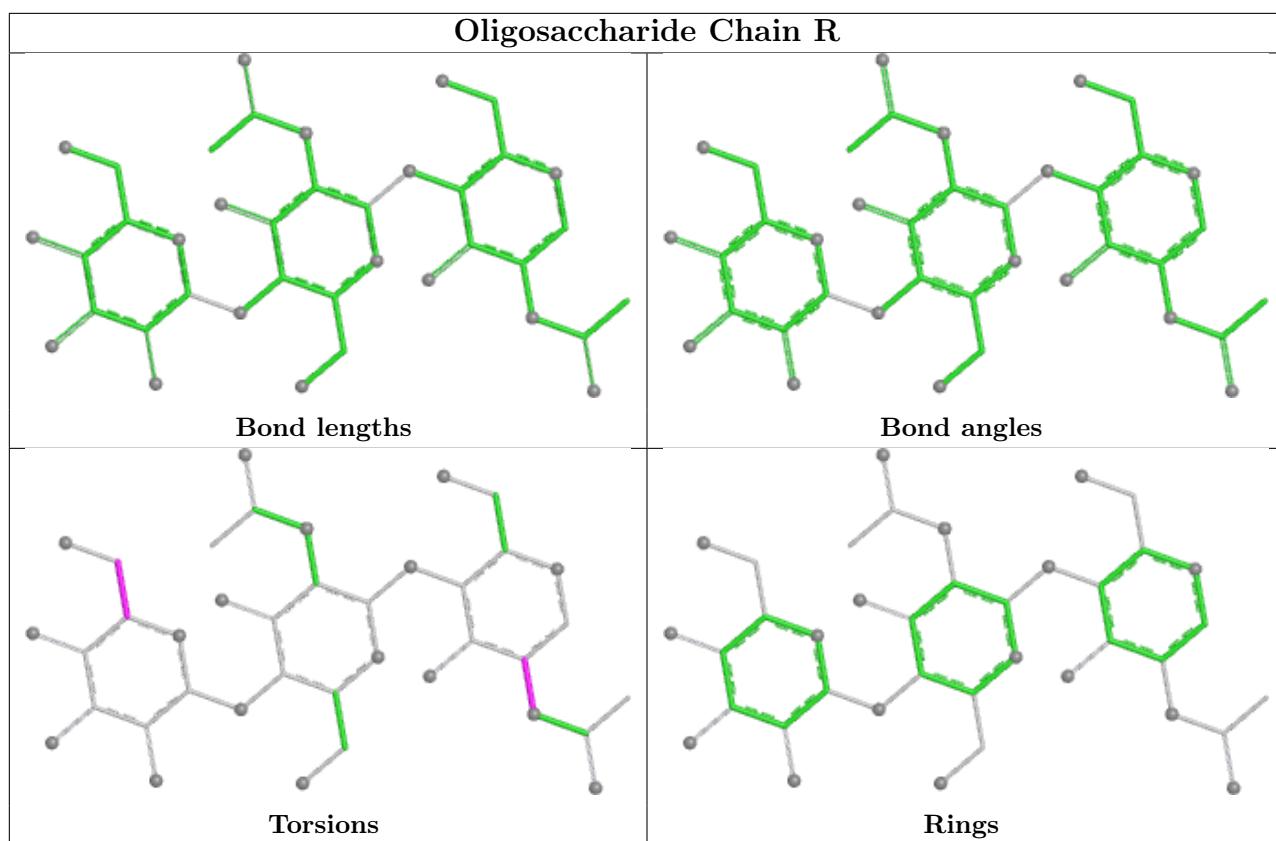












## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

22 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	C	1305	1	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
4	NAG	A	1307	1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
4	NAG	A	1309	1	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
4	NAG	A	1303	1	14,14,15	0.75	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.93	1 (5%)
4	NAG	C	1307	1	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
4	NAG	B	1302	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
4	NAG	A	1310	1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
4	NAG	B	1303	1	14,14,15	1.74	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.08	2 (11%)
4	NAG	B	1301	1	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.57	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	C	1306	1	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
4	NAG	C	1304	1	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.92	1 (5%)
4	NAG	A	1302	1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
4	NAG	A	1306	1	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.63	0
4	NAG	A	1305	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
4	NAG	A	1308	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
4	NAG	A	1301	1	14,14,15	0.63	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.82	1 (5%)
4	NAG	C	1308	1	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.93	1 (5%)
4	NAG	C	1302	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
4	NAG	A	1304	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
4	NAG	C	1303	1	14,14,15	1.07	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.61	1 (5%)
4	NAG	B	1304	1	14,14,15	1.38	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.08	1 (5%)
4	NAG	C	1301	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.58	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	C	1305	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1307	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1309	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1303	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1307	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	1302	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1310	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	1303	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	1301	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1306	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1304	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1302	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1306	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1305	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1308	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1301	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1308	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1302	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1304	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1303	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

Continued on next page...

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	B	1304	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	1301	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	B	1303	NAG	C1-C2	5.94	1.60	1.52
4	B	1304	NAG	C1-C2	4.09	1.57	1.52
4	C	1303	NAG	O5-C1	3.92	1.50	1.43
4	B	1304	NAG	O5-C1	2.92	1.48	1.43
4	A	1303	NAG	C1-C2	2.33	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	1303	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.37	120.72	112.19
4	B	1304	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.16	117.76	112.19
4	A	1301	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.08	116.32	112.19
4	C	1304	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.03	126.96	122.90
4	C	1308	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.92	126.82	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 31 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1303	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1301	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1310	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1310	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	C	1304	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	1301	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

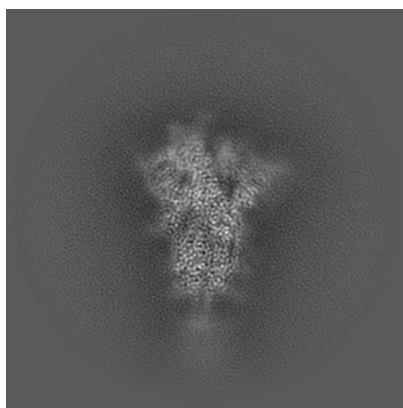
## 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-48153. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

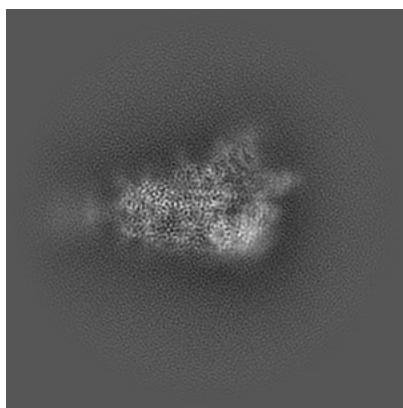
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

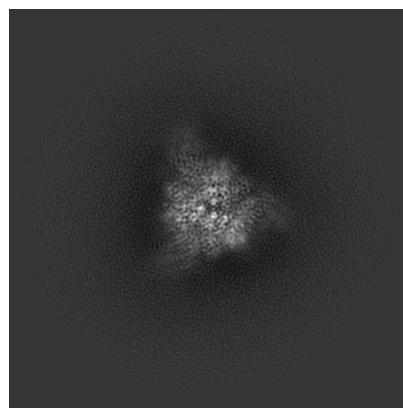
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

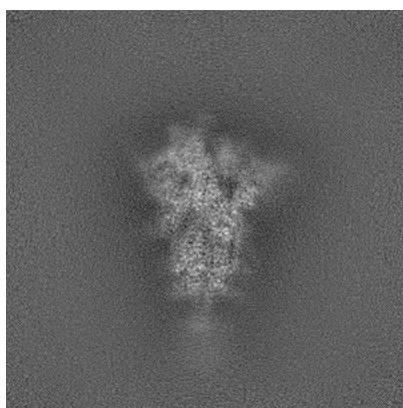


Y

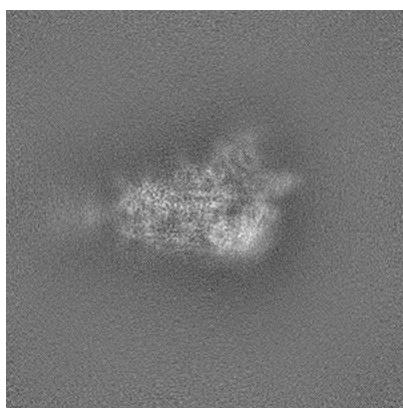


Z

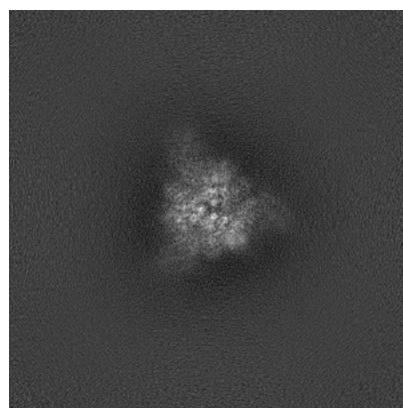
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

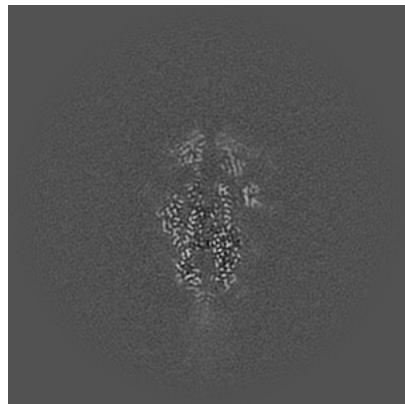


Z

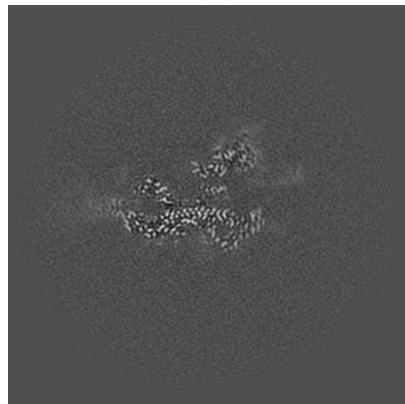
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [\(i\)](#)

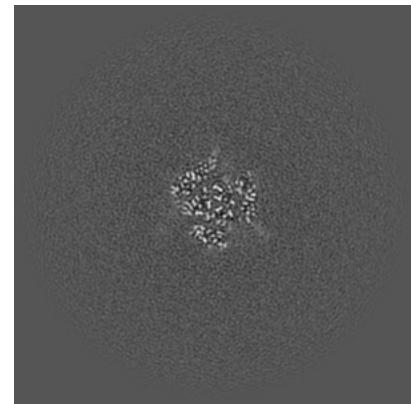
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

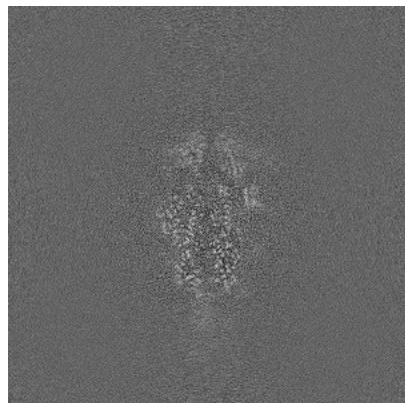


Y Index: 256

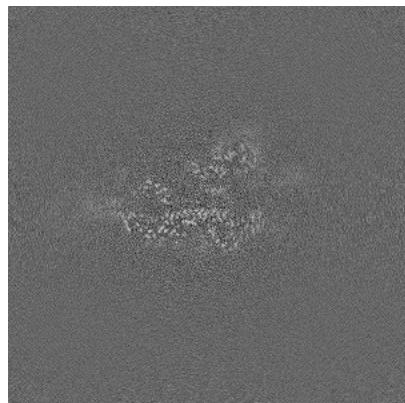


Z Index: 256

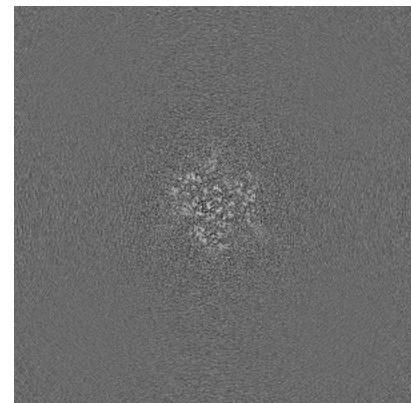
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

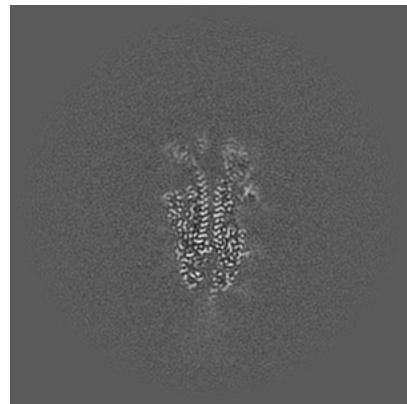


Z Index: 256

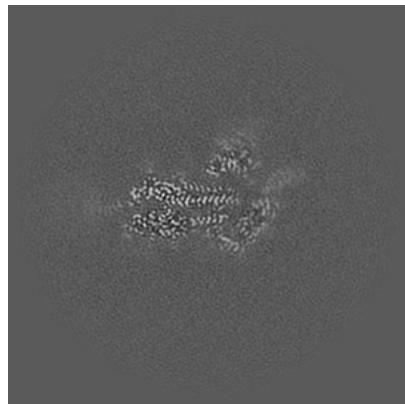
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

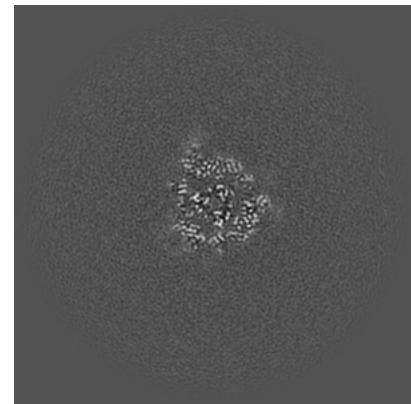
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 263

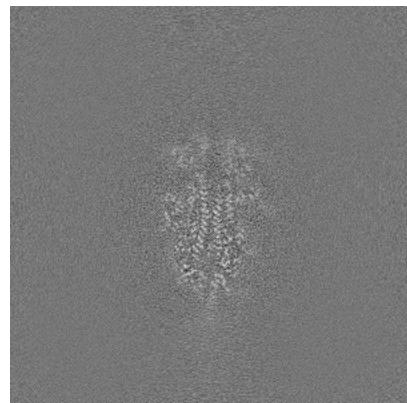


Y Index: 246

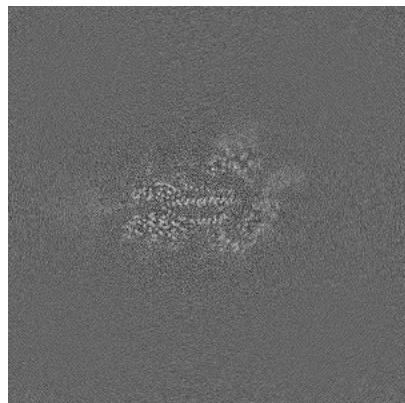


Z Index: 266

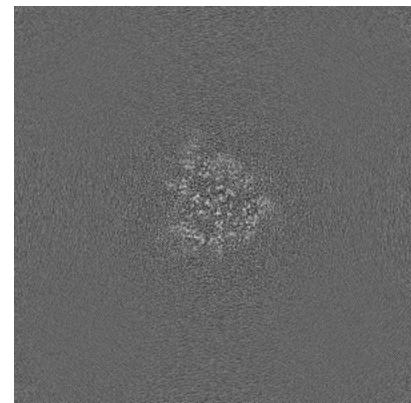
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 260



Y Index: 247

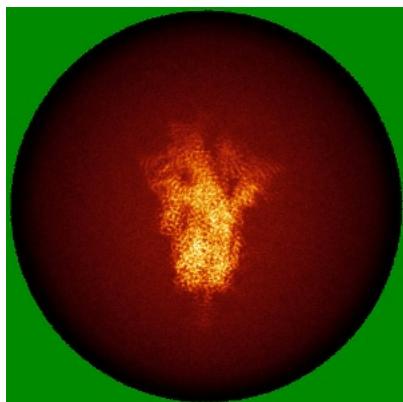


Z Index: 265

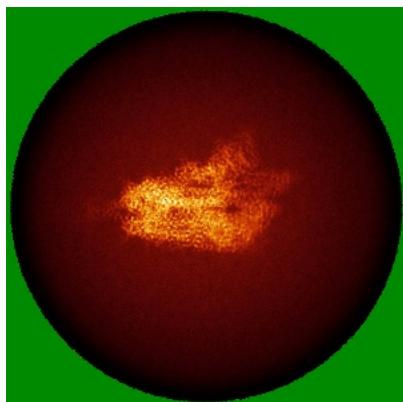
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

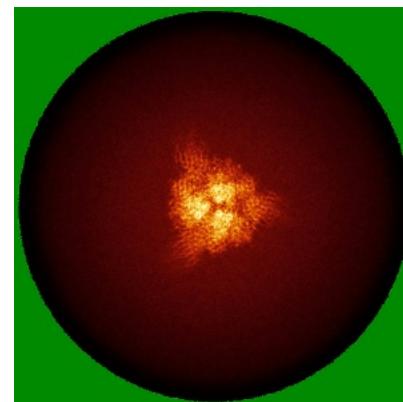
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X

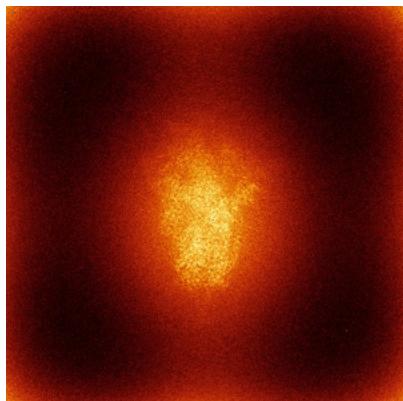


Y

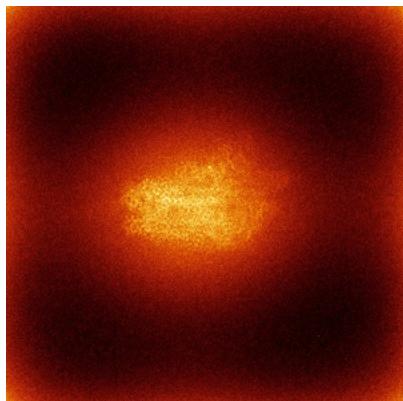


Z

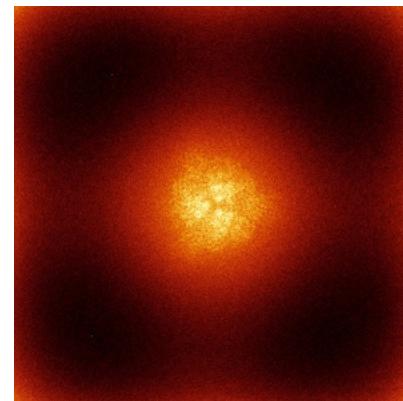
### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

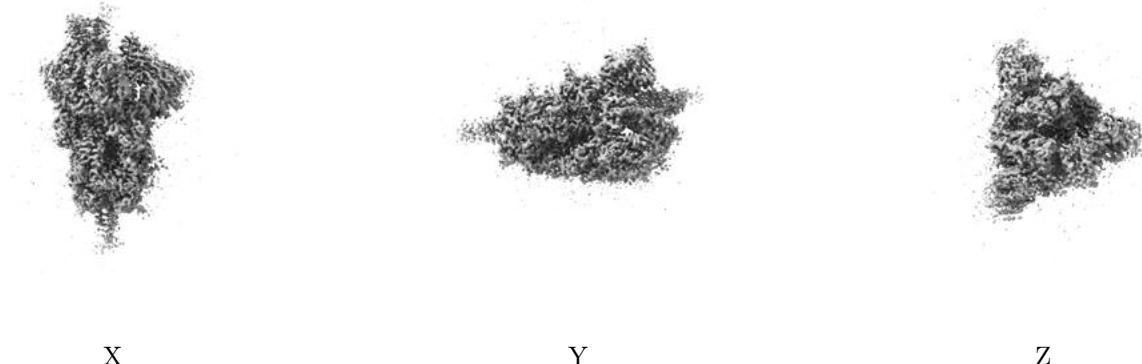


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

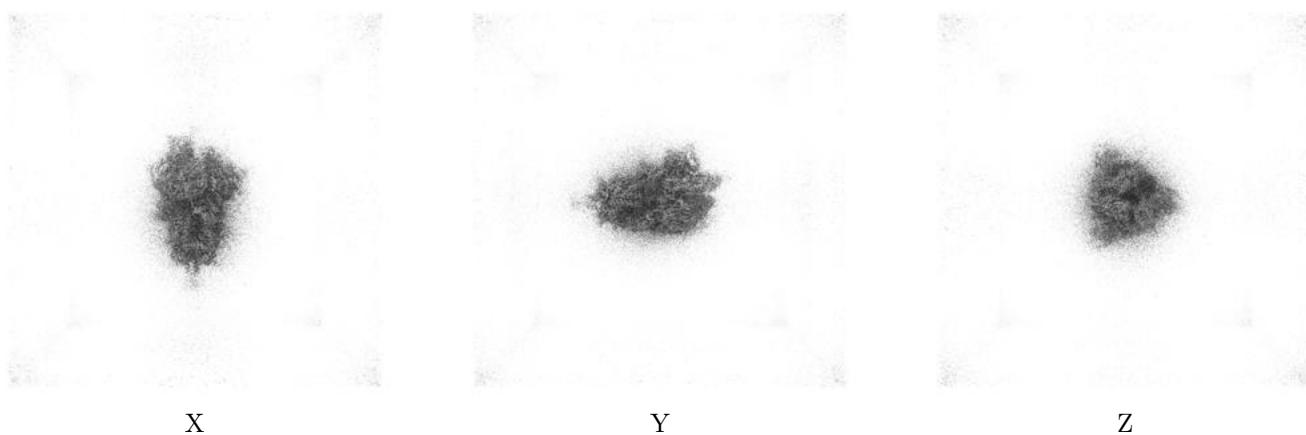
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [\(i\)](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.11. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

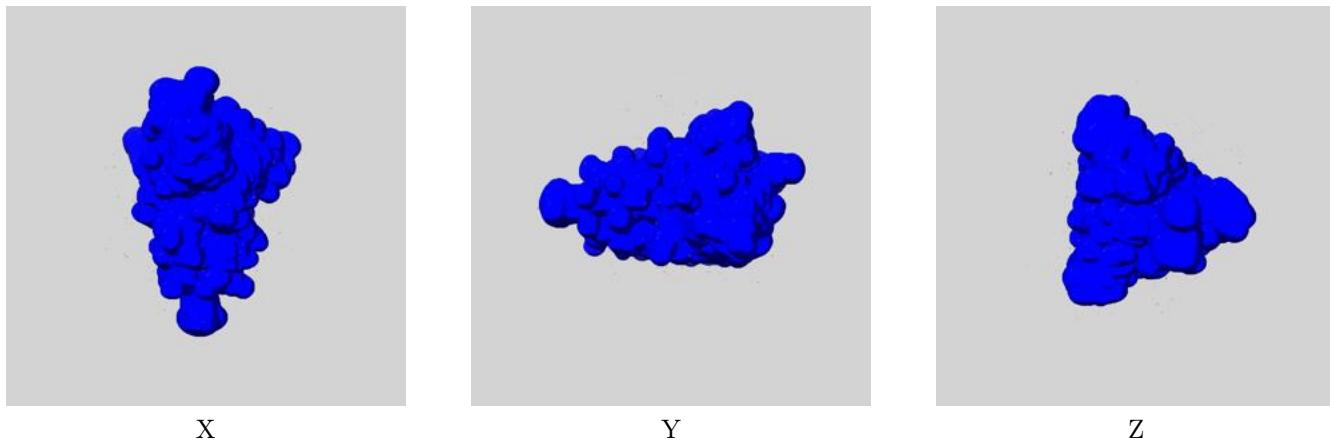
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [\(i\)](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

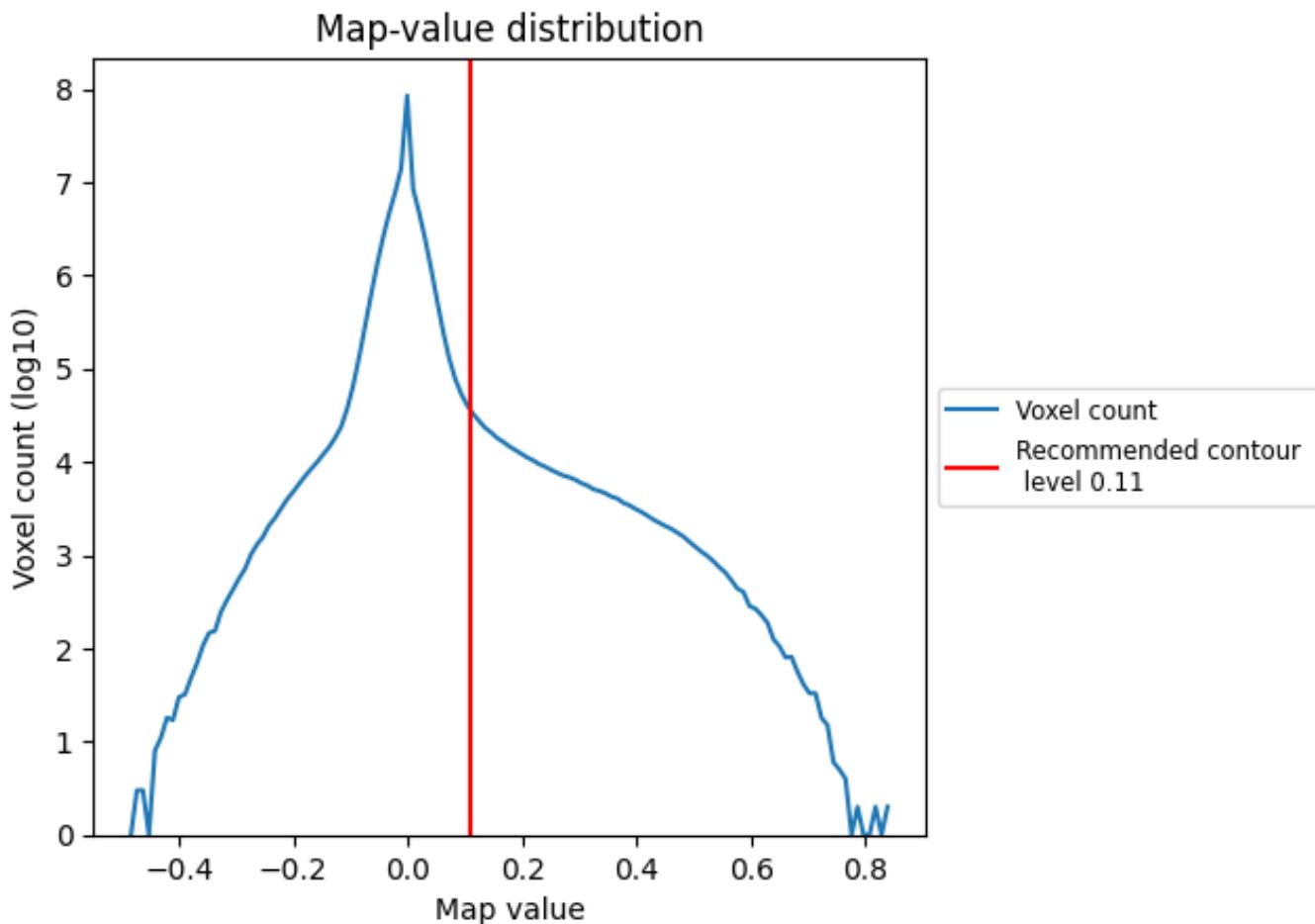
### 6.6.1 emd\_48153\_msk\_1.map [\(i\)](#)



## 7 Map analysis (i)

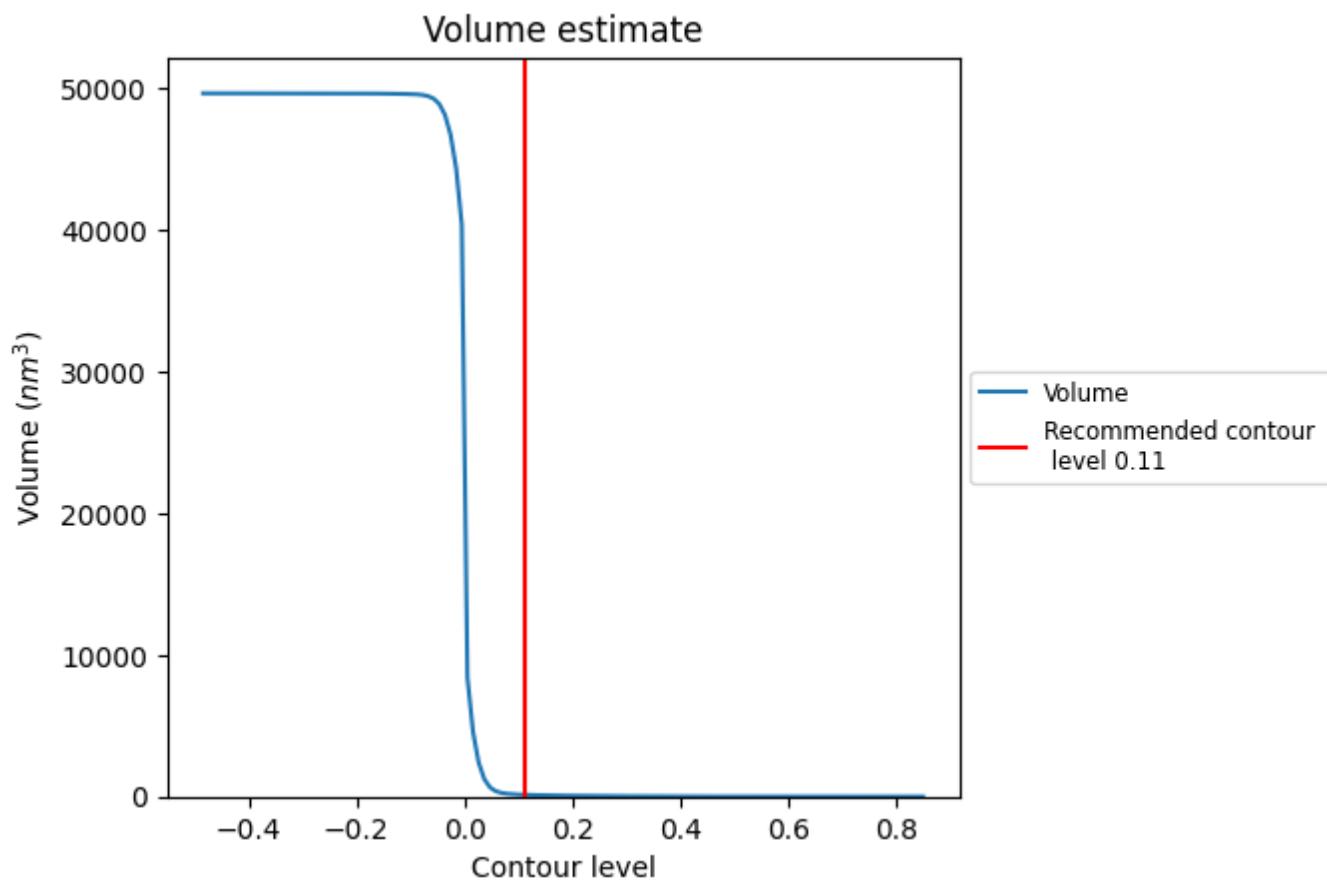
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

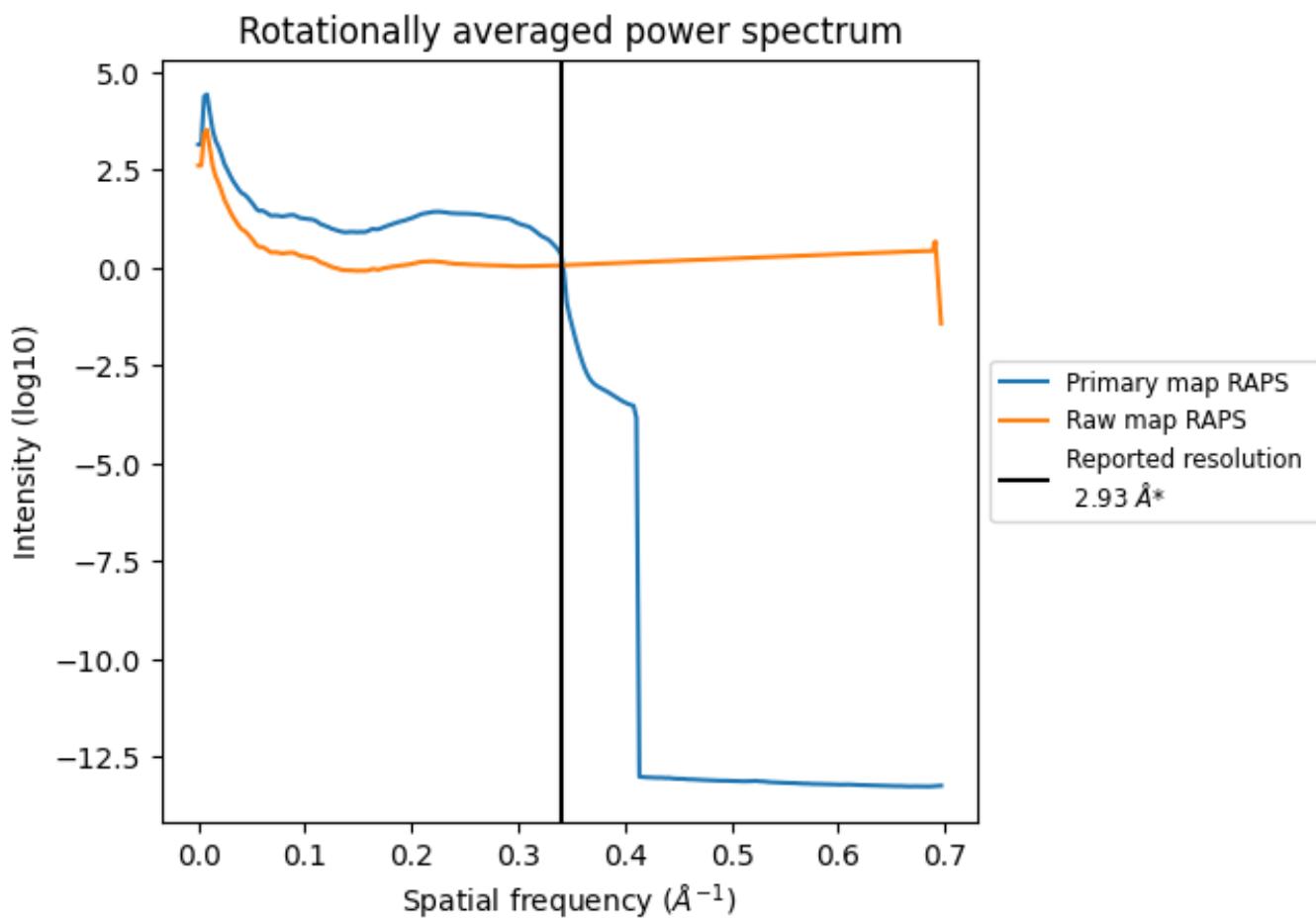
## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 126 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 114 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)

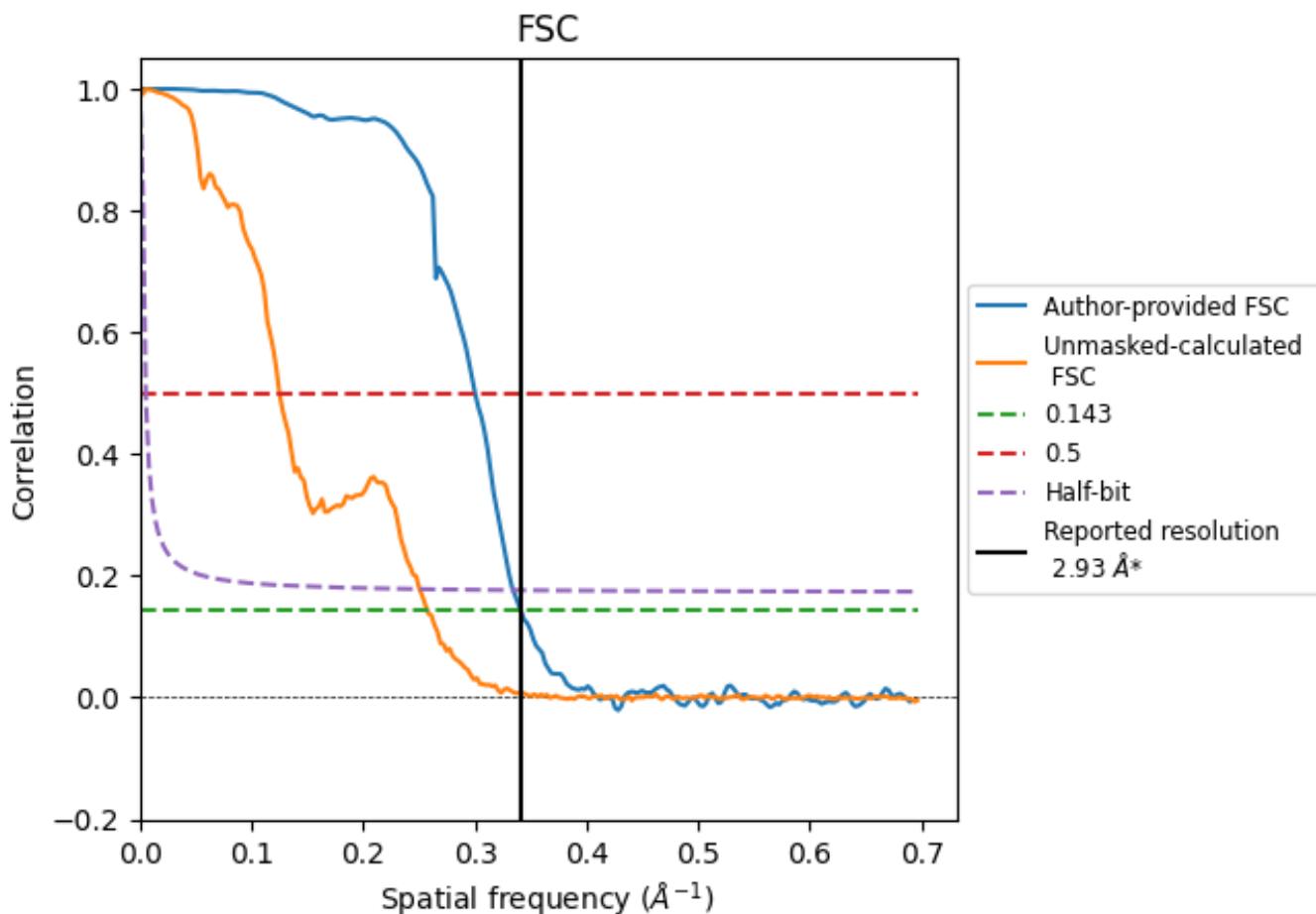


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.341 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [\(i\)](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [\(i\)](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.341 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [\(i\)](#)

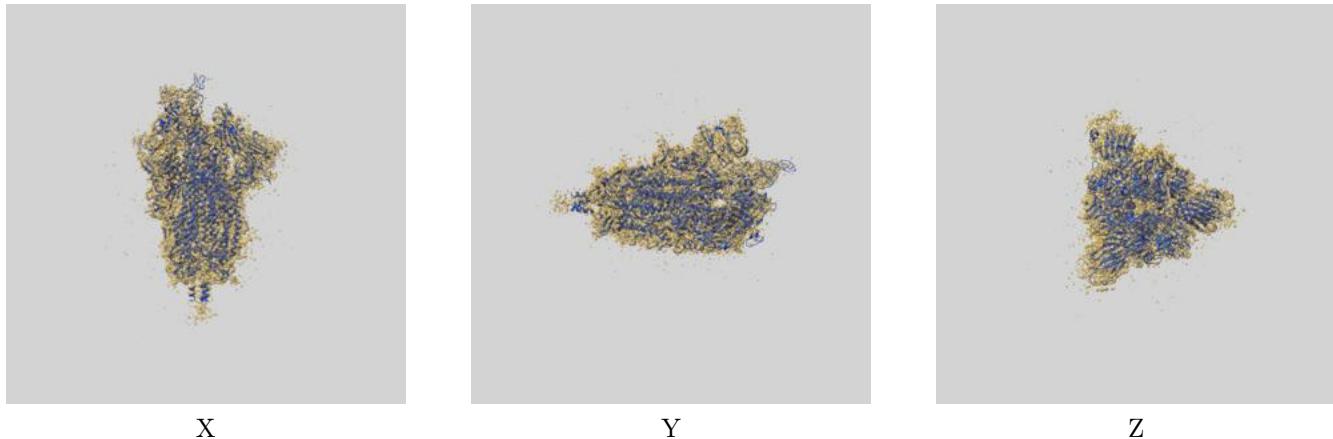
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.93	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.93	3.33	2.99
Unmasked-calculated*	3.88	7.99	3.99

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.88 differs from the reported value 2.93 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [\(i\)](#)

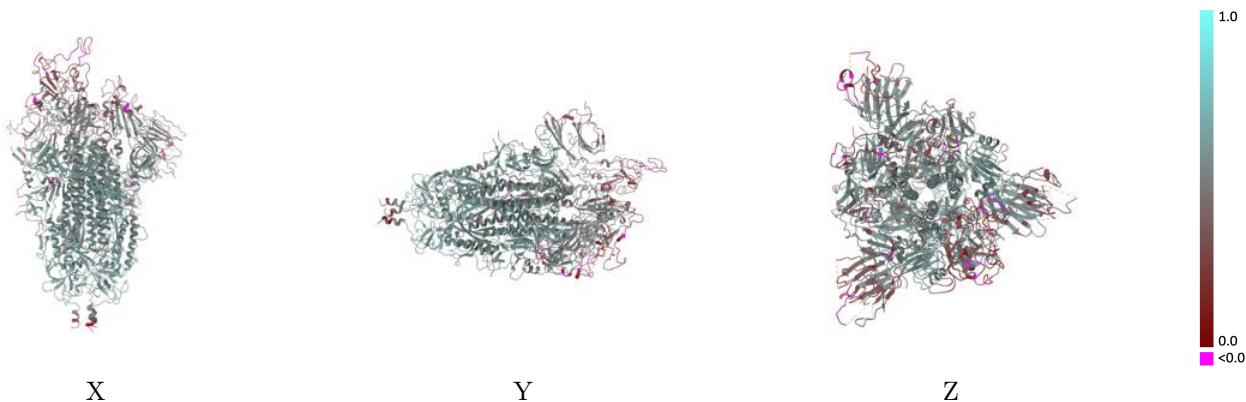
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-48153 and PDB model 9ELL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 12.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [\(i\)](#)



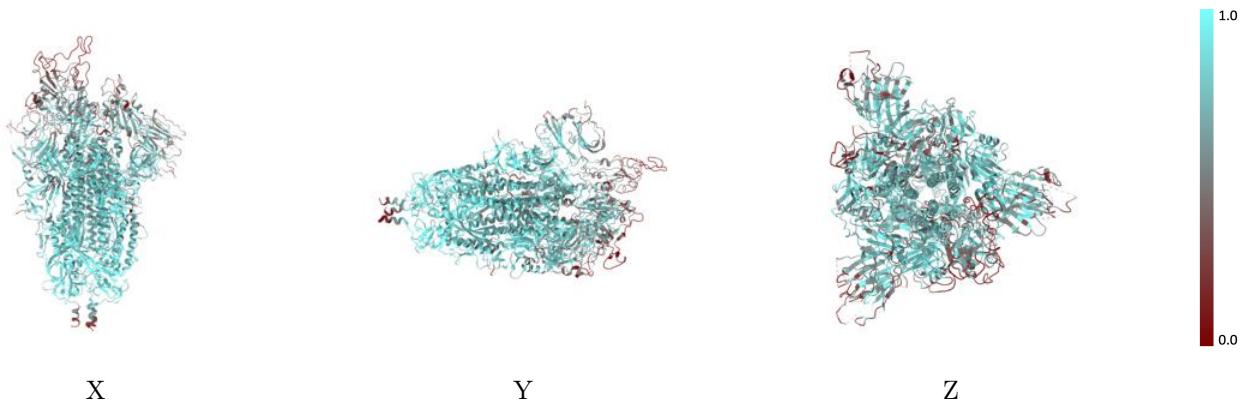
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.11 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



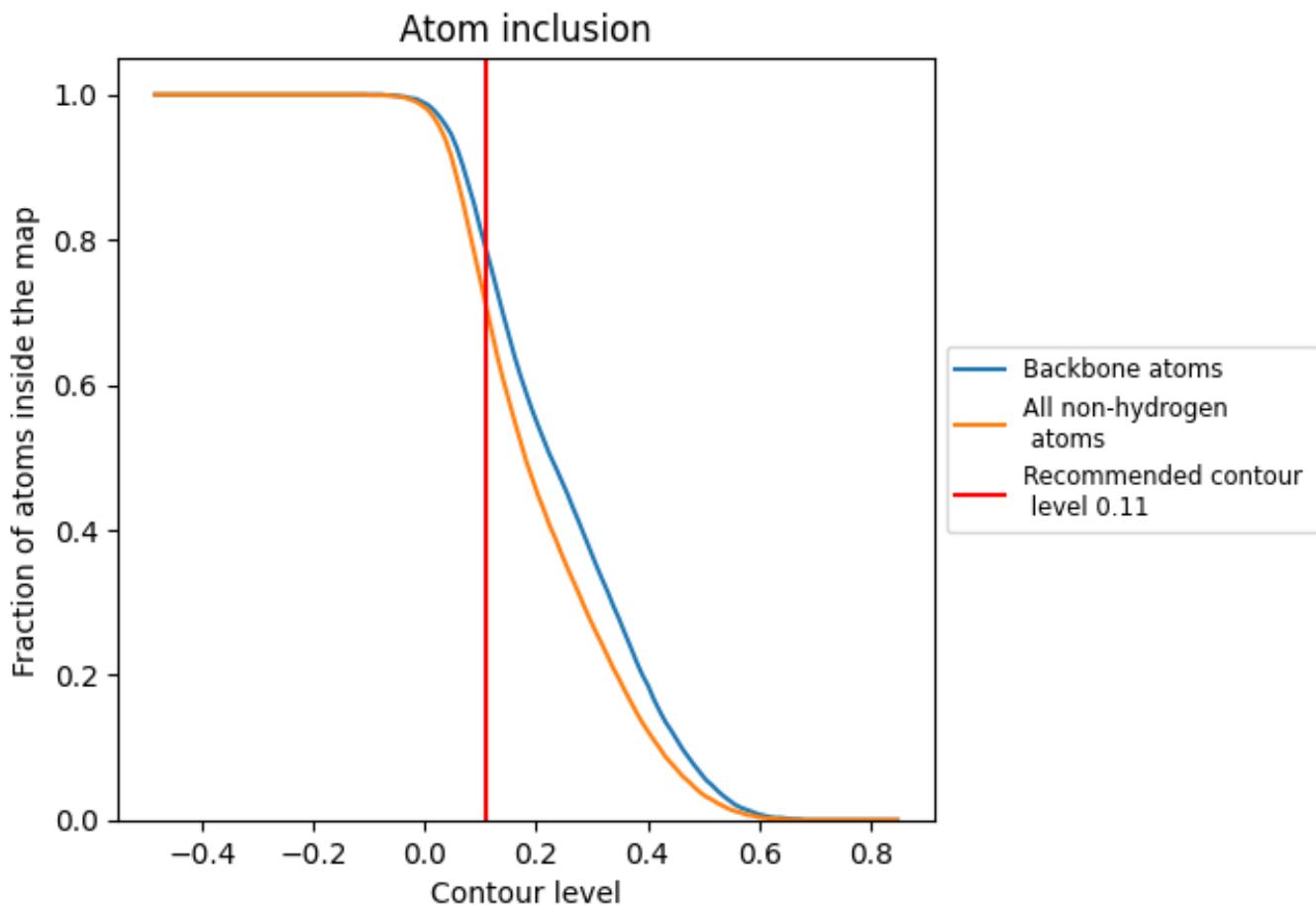
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.11).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [\(i\)](#)



At the recommended contour level, 79% of all backbone atoms, 71% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.11) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7070	0.4870
A	0.7410	0.5040
B	0.6810	0.4640
C	0.7150	0.4980
D	0.3930	0.3520
E	0.5130	0.3990
F	0.5380	0.3950
G	0.4100	0.3640
H	0.2860	0.4180
I	0.5360	0.4050
J	0.4290	0.3720
K	0.2140	0.3460
L	0.5360	0.3710
M	0.4870	0.3950
N	0.0000	0.2270
O	0.3850	0.3440
P	0.4290	0.4510
Q	0.5130	0.3870
R	0.5640	0.4220

