

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Nov 5, 2025 – 02:08 AM EST

PDB ID : 9E6A / pdb 00009e6a

Title: Pseudomonas putida KT2440 IclR-type transcription factor (PP\_2609)

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Deposited on : 2024-10-29

Resolution : 2.11 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0 EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

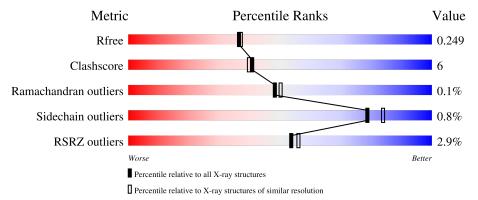
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.11 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\#\text{Entries, resolution range}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	7689 (2.14-2.10)
Clashscore	180529	8431 (2.14-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8366 (2.14-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8367 (2.14-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7689 (2.14-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	256	87%	10% •
1	В	256	84%	10% 6%
1	С	256	79%	19% •
1	D	256	81%	16% •

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	ACY	A	301	-	-	X	-
4	HCI	С	301	-	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

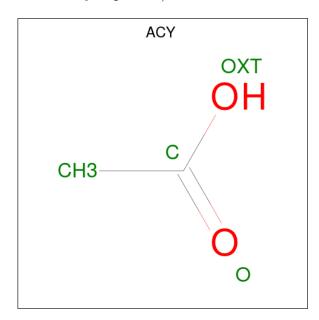
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8429 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcriptional regulator, IclR family.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	249	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	0	0
1	A	249	1970	1245	363	356	2	4	U	U	0
1	В	241	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	0	0
1	Б	241	1904	1202	350	346	2	4		U	
1	$\mathbf{C}$	252	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	0	0
1		202	1996	1262	369	359	2	4	0	U	U
1	D	251	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	0	0
1	D	201	1984	1254	366	358	2	4		U	U

• Molecule 2 is ACETIC ACID (CCD ID: ACY) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



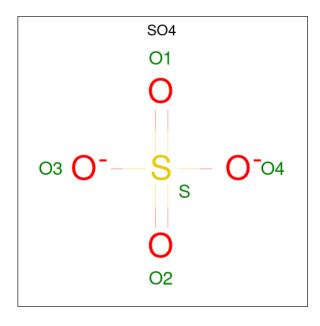
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0



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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	С	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
2	D	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

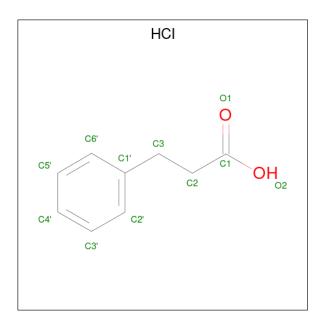
• Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is HYDROCINNAMIC ACID (CCD ID: HCI) (formula:  $C_9H_{10}O_2$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	С	1	Total 11	C 9	O 2	0	0

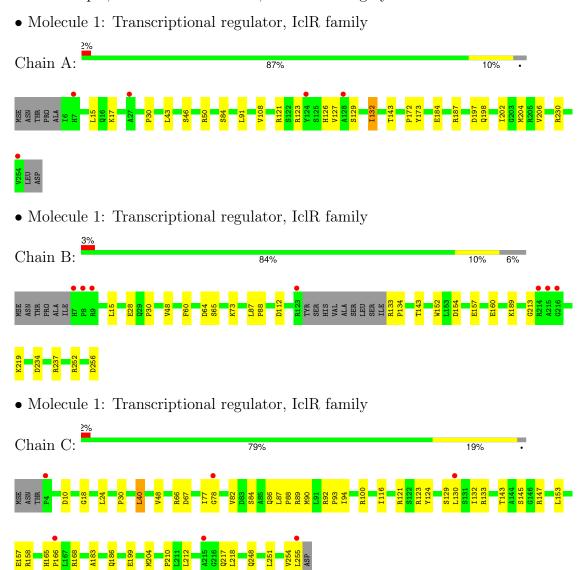
## • Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	146	Total O 146 146	0	0
5	В	136	Total O 136 136	0	0
5	С	105	Total O 105 105	0	0
5	D	151	Total O 151 151	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

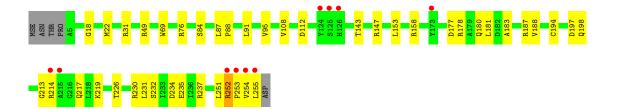
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 1: Transcriptional regulator, IclR family







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	178.60Å 69.44Å 95.68Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 101.99° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.09 - 2.11	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.09 - 2.11	EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (38.09-2.11)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (38.09-2.11)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.40 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D.	0.196 , 0.252	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.196 , 0.249	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3276 reflections (4.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	32.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.306	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 42.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	8429	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	37.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, HCI, ACY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.34	0/2005	0.51	0/2715	
1	В	0.37	0/1936	0.50	0/2620	
1	С	0.30	0/2032	0.51	$2/2751 \ (0.1\%)$	
1	D	0.36	0/2018	0.52	0/2732	
All	All	0.34	0/7991	0.51	2/10818 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	С	77	ILE	CA-C-N	-5.44	112.96	122.97
1	С	77	ILE	C-N-CA	-5.44	112.96	122.97

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1970	0	2005	24	0
1	В	1904	0	1930	15	0
1	С	1996	0	2040	37	0
1	D	1984	0	2027	33	0
2	A	4	0	3	2	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	4	0	3	1	0
2	С	4	0	3	1	0
2	D	4	0	3	0	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	D	5	0	0	0	0
4	С	11	0	9	12	0
5	A	146	0	0	2	0
5	В	136	0	0	0	0
5	С	105	0	0	1	0
5	D	151	0	0	3	0
All	All	8429	0	8023	102	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 6.

All (102) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:121:ARG:HH22	4:C:301:HCI:H6'	1.23	1.01
1:C:123:ARG:HE	4:C:301:HCI:H2'	1.30	0.94
1:C:123:ARG:HH21	4:C:301:HCI:H3'	1.36	0.91
1:B:234:ASP:OD1	1:B:237:ARG:NH1	2.20	0.74
1:A:121:ARG:HH12	4:C:301:HCI:H22	1.57	0.69
1:A:121:ARG:HH22	4:C:301:HCI:C6'	2.02	0.67
1:C:153:LEU:O	1:C:158:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.66
1:C:217:GLN:OE1	1:C:217:GLN:N	2.26	0.63
1:C:147:ARG:NH2	1:C:199:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.63
1:A:172:PRO:HD2	1:A:202:ILE:HD11	1.81	0.62
1:D:187:ARG:NH1	5:D:403:HOH:O	2.33	0.62
1:C:123:ARG:HE	4:C:301:HCI:C2'	2.09	0.61
1:D:143:THR:O	1:D:147:ARG:HG3	2.00	0.61
1:A:121:ARG:NH1	4:C:301:HCI:H22	2.16	0.61
1:C:123:ARG:NE	4:C:301:HCI:H2'	2.09	0.60
1:A:17:LYS:HD3	1:A:43:LEU:HD22	1.85	0.59
1:D:252:ARG:N	1:D:253:PRO:HD2	2.18	0.59
1:D:187:ARG:HG3	1:D:187:ARG:HH11	1.67	0.59
1:A:123:ARG:HB2	1:A:126:HIS:CE1	2.39	0.58
1:D:153:LEU:O	1:D:158:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.57
1:D:232:SER:OG	1:D:235:GLU:HG3	2.05	0.57
1:B:154:ASP:HB2	1:B:157:GLU:HG3	1.86	0.56
1:C:24:LEU:HD13	1:C:40:LEU:HB3	1.86	0.56



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Continued from previ		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:78:GLY:O	1:C:82:VAL:HG23	2.06	0.56
1:B:15:LEU:HD13	1:D:18:GLY:HA3	1.87	0.56
1:D:252:ARG:HD3	1:D:255:LEU:HG	1.89	0.55
1:D:214:ARG:NH1	1:D:255:LEU:HB3	2.23	0.53
1:D:183:ALA:O	1:D:187:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.53
1:D:230:ARG:O	1:D:231:LEU:HD13	2.08	0.53
1:A:121:ARG:NH2	4:C:301:HCI:H6'	2.07	0.52
1:B:152:TRP:CE2	1:B:189:LYS:HE3	2.45	0.51
1:C:153:LEU:HB3	1:C:157:GLU:OE2	2.10	0.51
1:C:143:THR:HB	2:C:302:ACY:C	2.40	0.51
1:A:123:ARG:HB2	1:A:126:HIS:HE1	1.74	0.51
1:C:183:ALA:O	1:C:186:GLN:HG3	2.11	0.51
1:B:112:ASP:OD2	1:D:76:ARG:NE	2.43	0.50
1:C:94:ILE:HG21	1:C:251:LEU:HD11	1.93	0.50
1:B:64:ASP:O	1:B:65:SER:OG	2.25	0.49
1:D:188:VAL:HG22	1:D:194:CYS:HB2	1.94	0.48
1:D:49:ARG:HD2	5:D:502:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:D:31:ARG:HD2	1:D:69:TRP:CE3	2.49	0.48
1:D:226:THR:OG1	1:D:231:LEU:HD23	2.14	0.48
1:D:232:SER:N	1:D:235:GLU:OE1	2.41	0.48
1:C:133:ARG:HH12	4:C:301:HCI:C6'	2.25	0.48
1:D:217:GLN:HG2	1:D:219:LYS:HE3	1.95	0.48
1:C:92:ARG:HB3	1:C:93:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.47
1:C:143:THR:O	1:C:147:ARG:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:D:177:ASP:HB3	1:D:180:GLN:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:D:87:LEU:HB3	1:D:88:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.47
1:C:87:LEU:HB3	1:C:88:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.47
1:D:251:LEU:HA	1:D:253:PRO:HD2	1.97	0.47
1:C:133:ARG:CZ	4:C:301:HCI:H21	2.45	0.46
1:C:90:MSE:HE3	1:C:254:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.46
1:D:213:GLY:HA3	1:D:217:GLN:NE2	2.30	0.46
1:C:132:ILE:HG12	1:C:204:MSE:HE2	1.98	0.46
1:B:143:THR:HB	2:B:301:ACY:C	2.46	0.46
1:D:91:LEU:HD12	1:D:108:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.46
1:C:168:ARG:H	1:C:168:ARG:HD3	1.80	0.45
1:A:173:TYR:HE2	1:A:202:ILE:HD13	1.82	0.45
1:A:206:VAL:HG11	2:A:301:ACY:C	2.45	0.45
1:C:86:GLN:HA	1:C:89:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.45
1:C:66:ARG:HG3	1:C:67:ASP:N	2.31	0.45
1:A:184:GLU:OE1	1:A:187:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
1:B:28:GLU:H	1:B:28:GLU:CD	2.25	0.45



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Continued from prec		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:133:ARG:NH1	4:C:301:HCI:H21	2.32	0.45
1:C:165:HIS:HA	1:C:166:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.45
1:C:255:LEU:HA	1:C:255:LEU:HD23	1.72	0.45
1:A:197:ASP:OD1	1:A:198:GLN:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:B:252:ARG:NE	1:B:252:ARG:HA	2.32	0.44
1:C:123:ARG:NH1	5:C:406:HOH:O	2.46	0.44
1:A:129:SER:HB2	1:A:230:ARG:HD3	1.99	0.44
1:C:92:ARG:NH2	1:C:121:ARG:O	2.49	0.44
1:B:60:PHE:CE1	1:B:73:LYS:HG2	2.53	0.44
1:A:84:SER:HB2	1:C:30:PRO:HA	1.99	0.44
1:A:132:ILE:HG13	1:A:204:MSE:HE3	2.00	0.43
1:B:87:LEU:HB3	1:B:88:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.43
1:B:213:GLY:HA3	1:B:219:LYS:HG3	2.01	0.43
1:C:116:ILE:HG21	1:C:145:SER:OG	2.19	0.43
1:D:197:ASP:OD1	1:D:198:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:43:LEU:HD11	5:A:462:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:D:18:GLY:O	1:D:22:MSE:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:C:212:LEU:HD23	1:C:218:LEU:HA	2.01	0.42
1:A:91:LEU:HD13	1:A:108:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42
1:D:251:LEU:O	1:D:254:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.42
1:C:100:ARG:HG2	1:C:124:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.42
1:D:112:ASP:OD1	5:D:401:HOH:O	2.22	0.42
1:D:217:GLN:HG2	1:D:219:LYS:CE	2.50	0.42
1:B:30:PRO:HA	1:D:84:SER:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:D:252:ARG:N	1:D:253:PRO:CD	2.83	0.41
1:A:50:ARG:HG2	1:C:10:ASP:HA	2.02	0.41
1:C:210:PRO:O	1:C:248:GLN:NE2	2.51	0.41
1:A:123:ARG:HA	1:A:123:ARG:HD3	1.70	0.41
1:A:127:VAL:O	5:A:401:HOH:O	2.22	0.41
1:A:143:THR:HB	2:A:301:ACY:C	2.51	0.41
1:B:133:ARG:HA	1:B:134:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.41
1:B:252:ARG:NH2	1:B:256:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.41
1:C:129:SER:OG	1:C:130:LEU:N	2.54	0.41
1:D:234:ASP:OD1	1:D:237:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.41
1:A:15:LEU:HD13	1:C:18:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.41
1:D:178:ARG:O	1:D:181:LEU:HD23	2.21	0.40
1:A:30:PRO:HA	1:C:84:SER:HB2	2.02	0.40
1:D:214:ARG:HA	1:D:255:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
1	A	247/256~(96%)	242 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	237/256~(93%)	236 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
1	C	$250/256\ (98\%)$	246 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	249/256~(97%)	245~(98%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	30	28
All	All	983/1024 (96%)	969 (99%)	13 (1%)	1 (0%)	48	50

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	252	ARG

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
1	A	$209/211 \ (99\%)$	207 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	79
1	В	201/211 (95%)	199 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	79
1	С	212/211 (100%)	210 (99%)	2 (1%)	75	81
1	D	210/211 (100%)	209 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	91
All	All	832/844 (99%)	825 (99%)	7 (1%)	79	84

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	SER
1	A	132	ILE
1	В	48	VAL
1	В	160	GLU
1	С	40	LEU
1	С	48	VAL
1	D	95	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	180	GLN
1	С	57	HIS
1	D	29	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Res Link Bond lengths		В	ond ang	les		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	ACY	В	301	-	3,3,3	1.63	1 (33%)	3,3,3	1.42	0
3	SO4	D	302	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.16	0
2	ACY	С	302	-	3,3,3	1.44	1 (33%)	3,3,3	1.25	0
2	ACY	A	301	-	3,3,3	1.30	0	3,3,3	1.45	0
4	HCI	С	301	-	11,11,11	0.73	0	13,13,13	1.76	4 (30%)
3	SO4	A	302	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.32	0
2	ACY	D	301	-	3,3,3	1.32	0	3,3,3	1.34	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	HCI	С	301	-	-	5/5/5/5	0/1/1/1

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	301	ACY	СН3-С	2.41	1.58	1.49
2	С	302	ACY	СН3-С	2.10	1.57	1.49

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	С	301	HCI	C3-C2-C1	3.22	122.51	113.83
4	С	301	HCI	O1-C1-C2	-2.37	115.57	123.09
4	С	301	HCI	C5'-C4'-C3'	-2.25	116.79	119.87
4	С	301	HCI	C2-C3-C1'	-2.07	105.43	112.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	С	301	HCI	C1-C2-C3-C1'
4	С	301	HCI	C6'-C1'-C3-C2
4	С	301	HCI	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	С	301	HCI	C2'-C1'-C3-C2
4	С	301	HCI	O2-C1-C2-C3



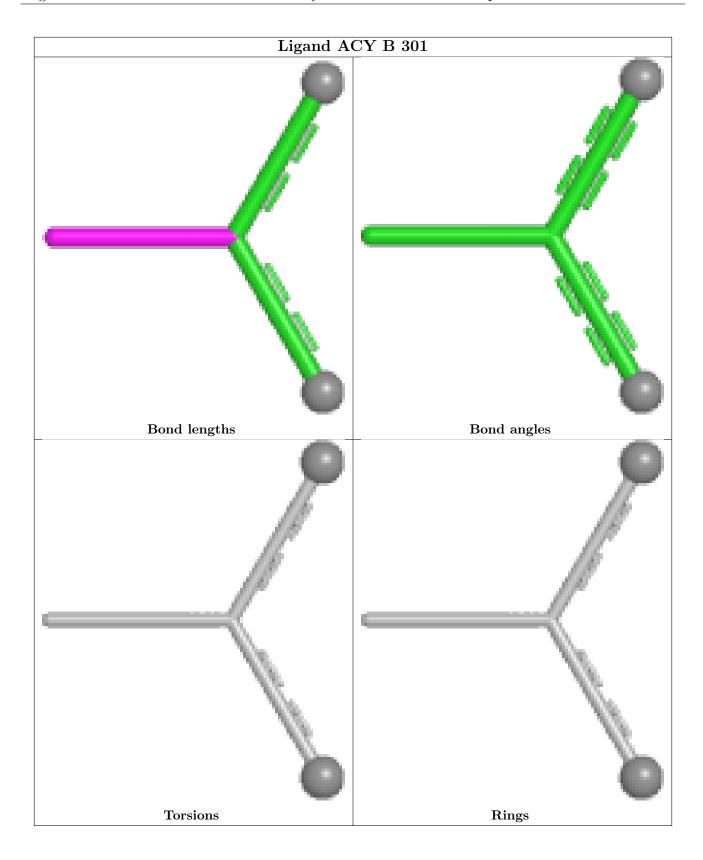
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

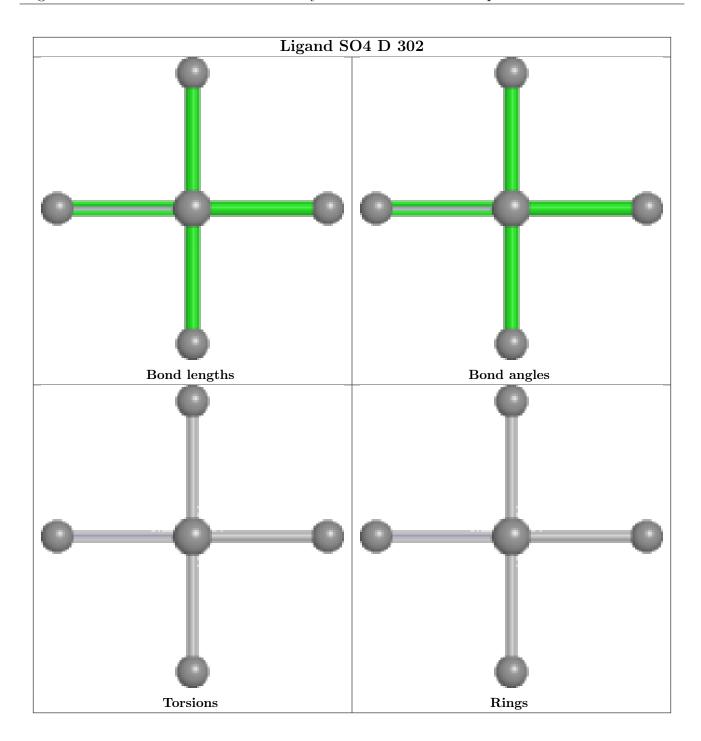
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	301	ACY	1	0
2	С	302	ACY	1	0
2	A	301	ACY	2	0
4	С	301	HCI	12	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

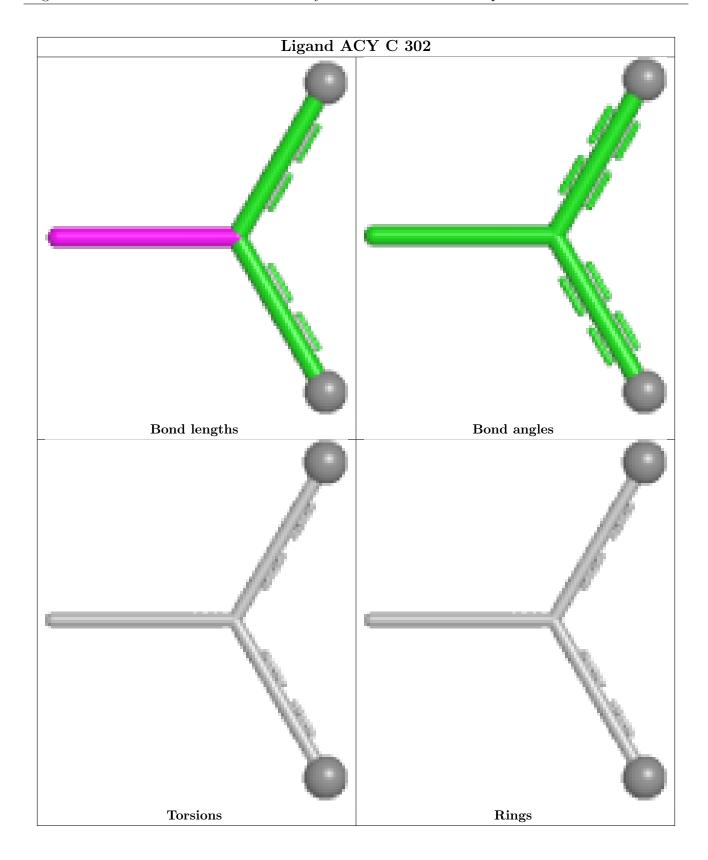




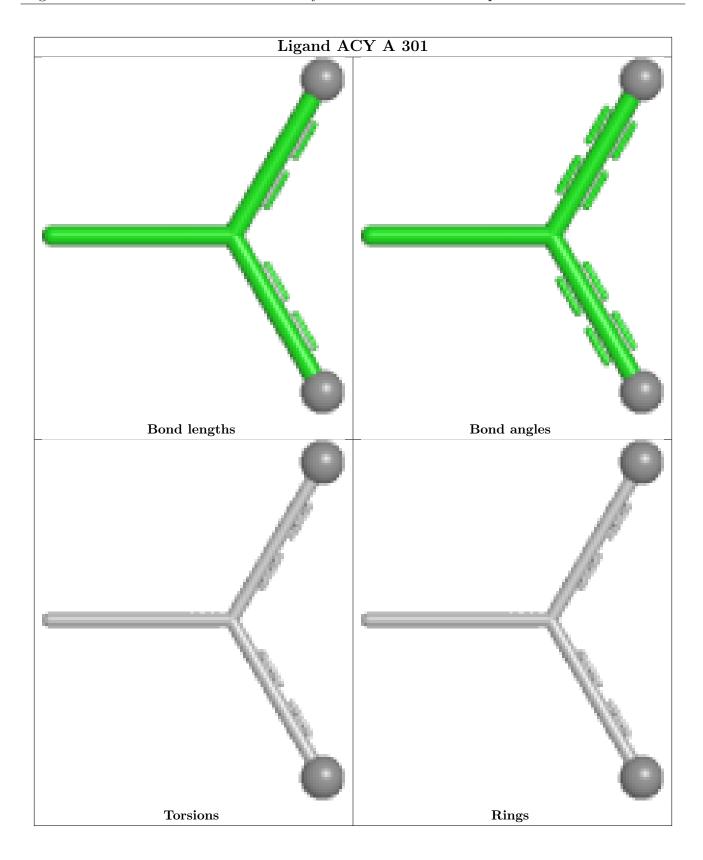




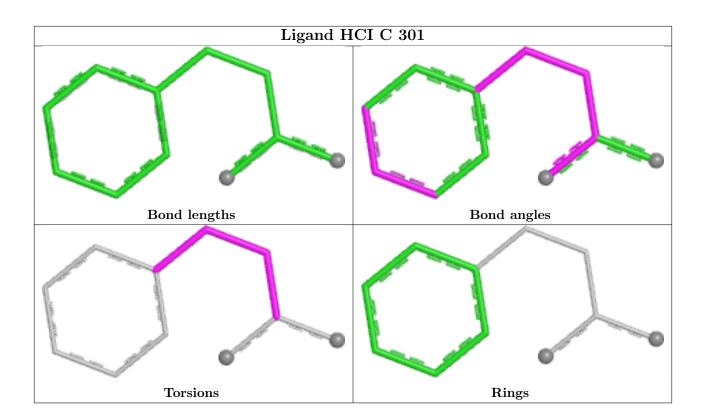




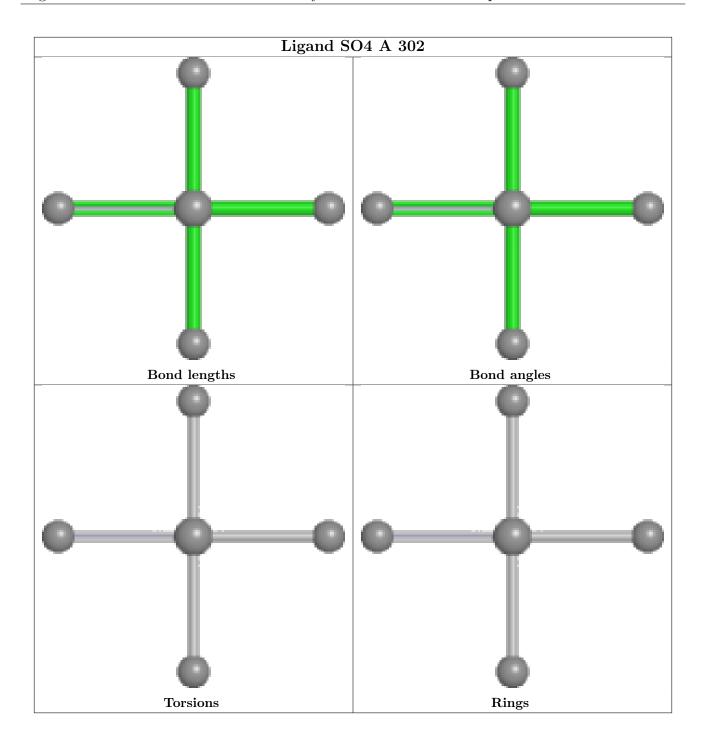




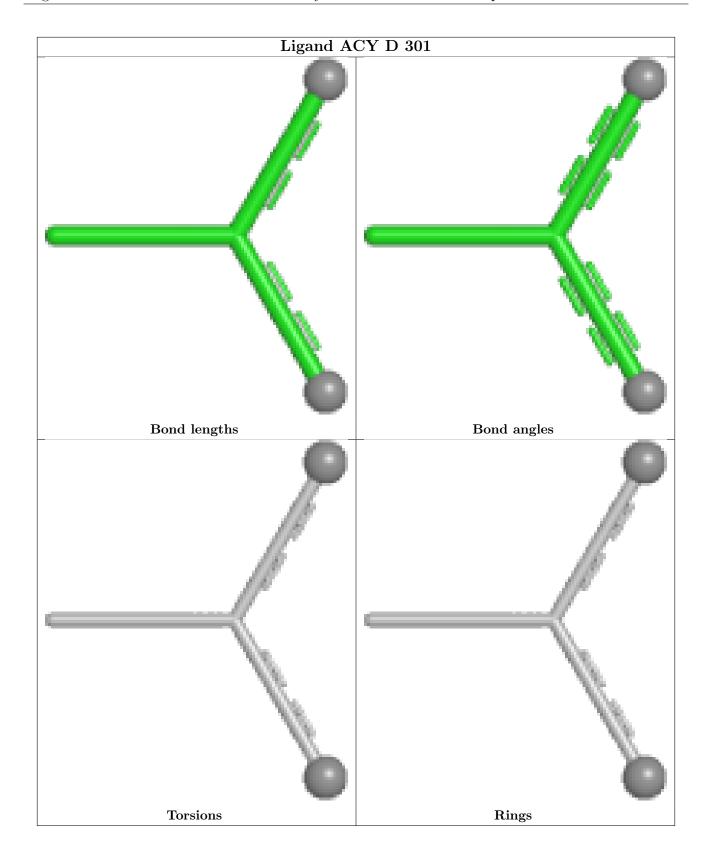












# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	245/256~(95%)	-0.03	5 (2%) 64 66	20, 33, 53, 77	0
1	В	237/256~(92%)	-0.08	7 (2%) 52 55	18, 33, 51, 76	0
1	С	248/256 (96%)	0.24	6 (2%) 59 62	23, 39, 63, 83	0
1	D	247/256 (96%)	0.04	10 (4%) 43 45	16, 33, 54, 72	0
All	All	977/1024 (95%)	0.05	28 (2%) 54 56	16, 36, 57, 83	0

All (28) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	255	LEU	4.9
1	D	126	HIS	3.9
1	С	78	GLY	3.7
1	В	8	PRO	3.7
1	A	124	TYR	3.6
1	A	254	VAL	3.6
1	В	123	ARG	3.2
1	В	7	HIS	3.1
1	A	27	ALA	2.9
1	D	173	TYR	2.9
1	С	215	ALA	2.8
1	С	4	PRO	2.8
1	D	252	ARG	2.8
1	D	215	ALA	2.6
1	D	214	ARG	2.6
1	D	255	LEU	2.5
1	D	253	PRO	2.4
1	С	130	LEU	2.3
1	A	7	HIS	2.3
1	D	254	VAL	2.3
1	В	216	GLY	2.2



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	9	ARG	2.2
1	A	128	ALA	2.1
1	D	124	TYR	2.1
1	D	125	SER	2.1
1	С	166	PRO	2.1
1	В	215	ALA	2.0
1	В	214	ARG	2.0

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	HCI	С	301	11/11	0.73	0.22	36,44,46,52	0
3	SO4	A	302	5/5	0.91	0.10	44,52,55,55	0
2	ACY	D	301	4/4	0.93	0.08	25,25,26,28	0
3	SO4	D	302	5/5	0.94	0.08	44,51,54,55	0
2	ACY	В	301	4/4	0.96	0.07	27,30,32,36	0
2	ACY	A	301	4/4	0.97	0.06	18,20,21,21	0
2	ACY	С	302	4/4	0.97	0.06	29,30,32,33	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

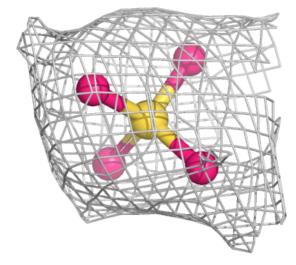


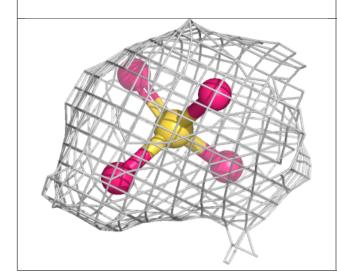
# Electron density around HCI C 301: 2mF<sub>o</sub>-DF<sub>c</sub> (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF<sub>o</sub>-DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

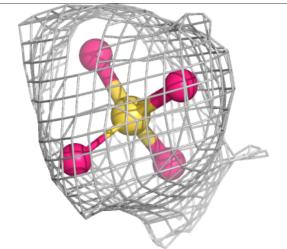


#### Electron density around SO4 A 302:

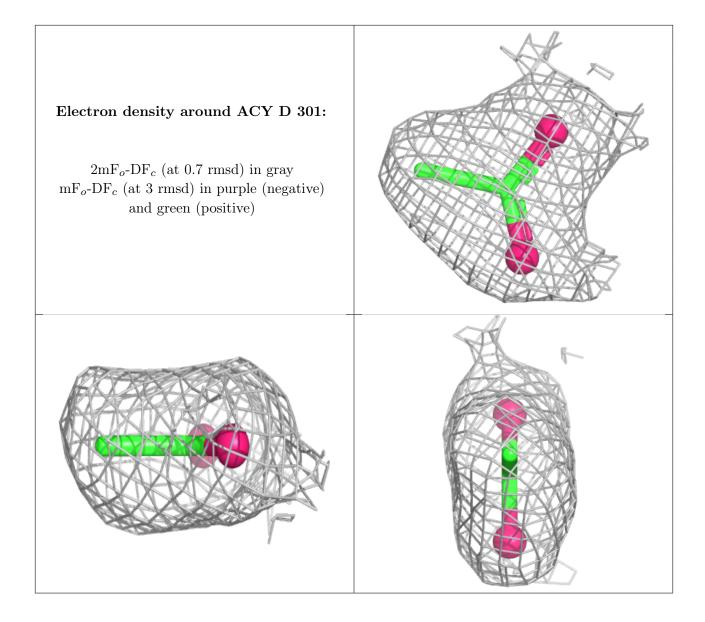
 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



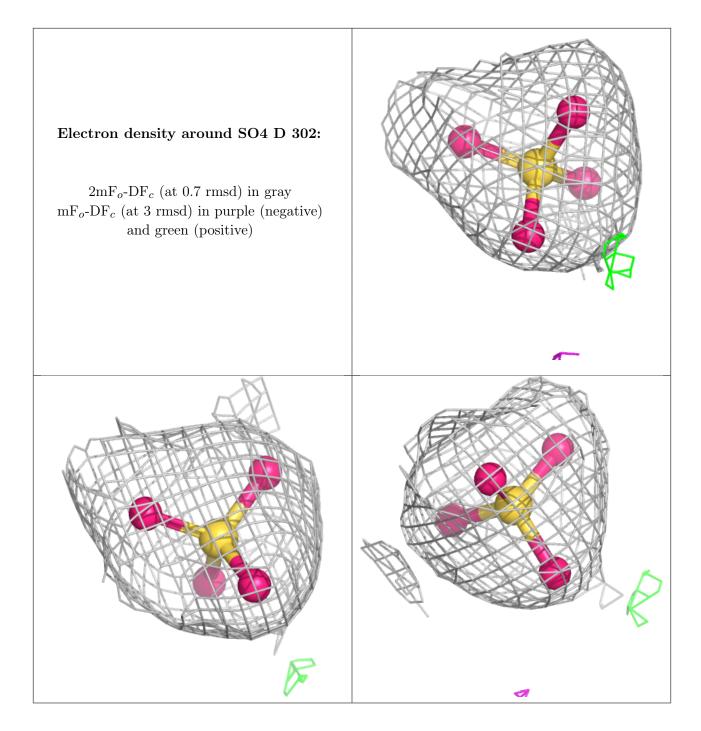




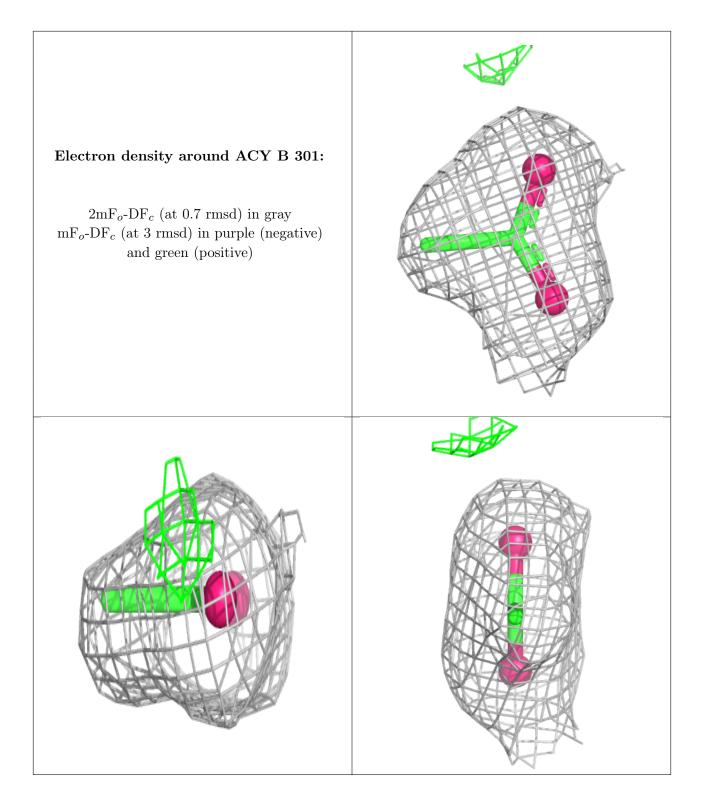








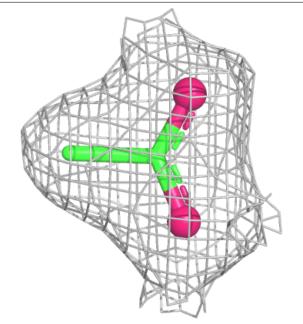


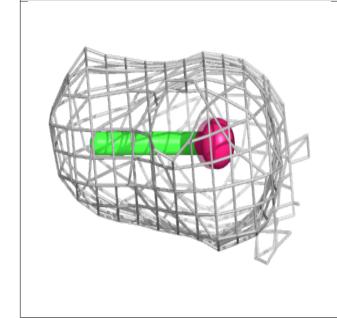


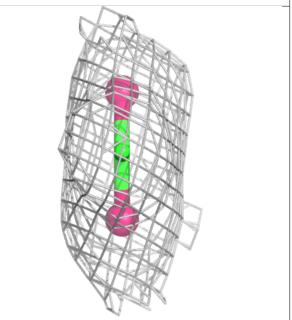


#### Electron density around ACY A 301:

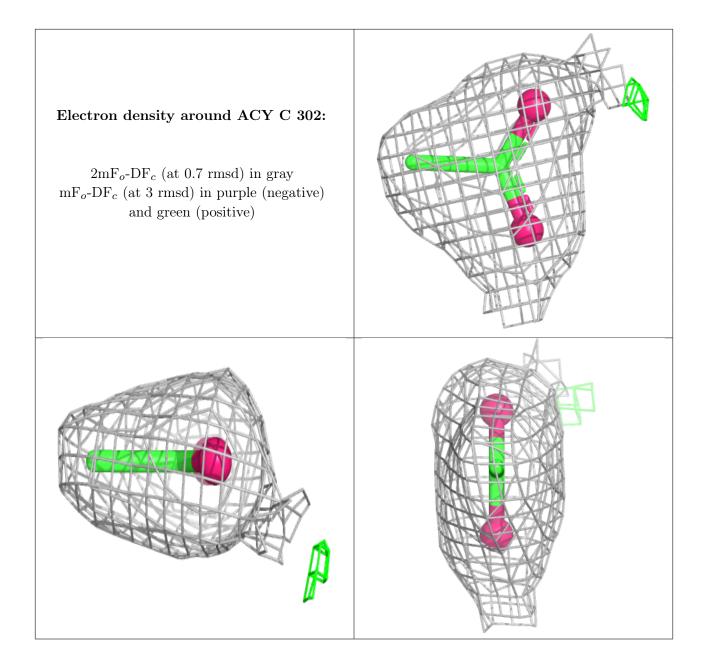
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

