



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 23, 2025 – 12:09 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9DFF / pdb_00009dff
Title : G1 domain of human aggrecan bound to hyaluronan
Authors : Bouyain, S.
Deposited on : 2024-08-29
Resolution : 2.59 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1
EDS : **FAILED**
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.42

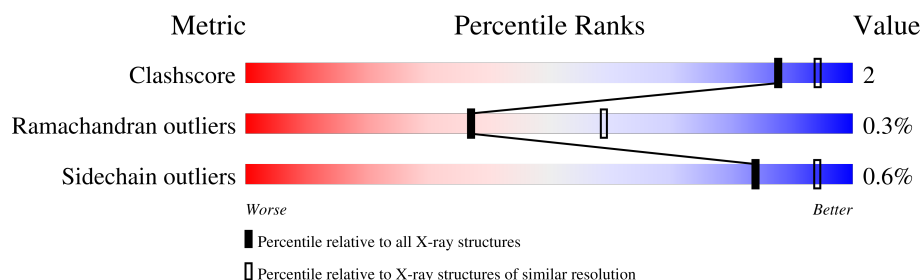
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.59 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	4181 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	4129 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	177891	4129 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	335	86% 5% 9%
1	B	335	85% 10%
2	C	10	30% 60% 10%
2	D	10	40% 60%

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5327 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

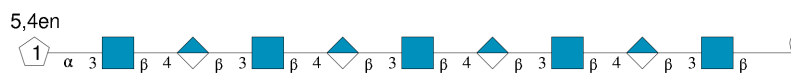
- Molecule 1 is a protein called AggreCAN core protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	306	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2416	1518	422	462	14			
1	B	301	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4	0
			2394	1506	417	457	14			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	17	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
A	18	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
A	19	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
A	20	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
B	17	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
B	18	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
B	19	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P16112
B	20	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P16112

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 4-deoxy-alpha-L-threo-hex-4-enopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



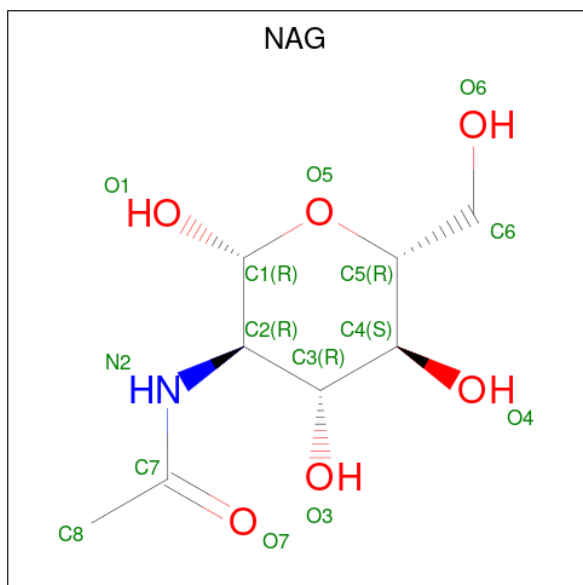
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	10	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			130	70	5	55			

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	10	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			130	70	5	55			

- Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 4 is water.


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	113	Total	O	0	0
			113	113		
4	B	60	Total	O	0	0
			60	60		

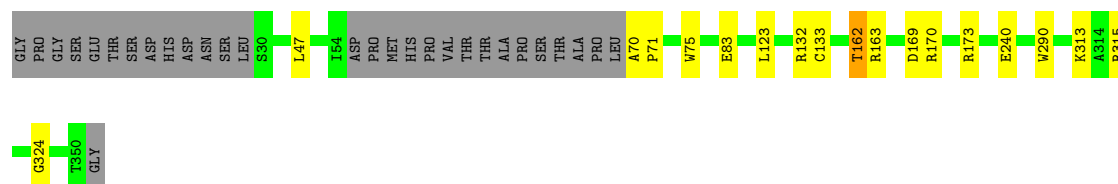
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.


Note EDS failed to run properly.

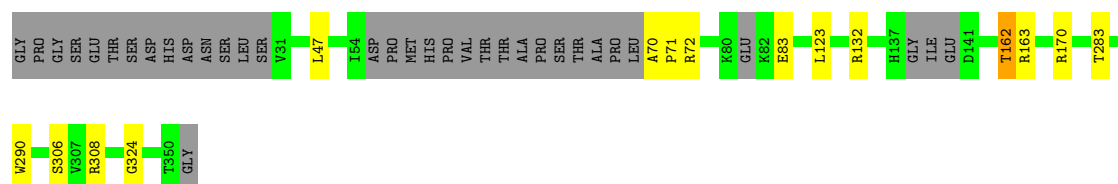
- Molecule 1: Aggrecan core protein

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: Aggrecan core protein

Chain B: 

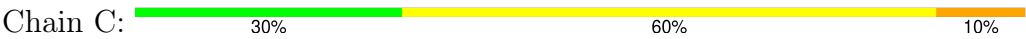


- Molecule 2: 4-deoxy-alpha-L-threo-hex-4-enopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 



- Molecule 2: 4-deoxy-alpha-L-threo-hex-4-enopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



NAG1
BDP2
NAG3
BDP4
NAG5
BDP6
NAG7
BDP8
NAG9
GCD10

4 Data and refinement statistics

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	73.07Å 64.94Å 112.21Å 90.00° 109.33° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	41.03 – 2.59	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	89.1 (41.03-2.59)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.16	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.51 (at 2.58Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.21.2_5419	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.194 , 0.238	Depositor
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	37.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.636	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.008 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	5327	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.00% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BDP, GCD, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.24	0/2475	0.52	0/3366
1	B	0.24	0/2460	0.51	0/3343
All	All	0.24	0/4935	0.52	0/6709

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2416	0	2325	10	0
1	B	2394	0	2307	8	0
2	C	130	0	91	1	0
2	D	130	0	91	0	0
3	A	42	0	39	1	0
3	B	42	0	39	0	0
4	A	113	0	0	1	0
4	B	60	0	0	0	0
All	All	5327	0	4892	19	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 19 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:162:THR:HG22	1:A:163:ARG:H	1.62	0.65
1:B:162:THR:HG22	1:B:163:ARG:H	1.61	0.65
1:A:83:GLU:OE2	1:A:132:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.59
1:A:47:LEU:HB2	1:A:123:LEU:HD11	1.83	0.59
1:B:47:LEU:HB2	1:B:123:LEU:HD11	1.87	0.57

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	303/335 (90%)	292 (96%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	37	59
1	B	297/335 (89%)	286 (96%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	37	59
All	All	600/670 (90%)	578 (96%)	20 (3%)	2 (0%)	37	59

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	162	THR
1	B	162	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	259/282 (92%)	258 (100%)	1 (0%)	89	96
1	B	258/282 (92%)	256 (99%)	2 (1%)	79	91
All	All	517/564 (92%)	514 (99%)	3 (1%)	84	94

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	170	ARG
1	B	72	ARG
1	B	170	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

20 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	2	15,15,15	0.21	0	21,21,21	1.28	2 (9%)
2	GCD	C	10	2	10,11,12	1.20	1 (10%)	12,15,17	0.94	0
2	BDP	C	2	2	12,12,13	0.95	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.81	0
2	NAG	C	3	2	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.49	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	BDP	C	4	2	12,12,13	0.91	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.84	0
2	NAG	C	5	2	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.53	0
2	BDP	C	6	2	12,12,13	0.85	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.94	1 (7%)
2	NAG	C	7	2	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.73	0
2	BDP	C	8	2	12,12,13	0.90	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.76	0
2	NAG	C	9	2	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
2	NAG	D	1	2	15,15,15	0.22	0	21,21,21	0.57	0
2	GCD	D	10	2	10,11,12	1.20	1 (10%)	12,15,17	0.79	0
2	BDP	D	2	2	12,12,13	0.92	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.69	0
2	NAG	D	3	2	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.51	0
2	BDP	D	4	2	12,12,13	0.88	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.91	0
2	NAG	D	5	2	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.61	0
2	BDP	D	6	2	12,12,13	0.83	1 (8%)	14,17,19	1.19	1 (7%)
2	NAG	D	7	2	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.91	1 (5%)
2	BDP	D	8	2	12,12,13	0.84	1 (8%)	14,17,19	0.76	0
2	NAG	D	9	2	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.46	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	GCD	C	10	2	-	0/4/17/20	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	C	2	2	-	0/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	3	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	C	4	2	-	0/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	5	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	C	6	2	-	1/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	7	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	C	8	2	-	0/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	9	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	GCD	D	10	2	-	0/4/17/20	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	D	2	2	-	0/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	3	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	D	4	2	-	1/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	5	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BDP	D	6	2	-	0/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	7	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BDP	D	8	2	-	0/4/21/24	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	9	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	10	GCD	O6B-C6	-3.11	1.22	1.30
2	C	10	GCD	O6B-C6	-3.11	1.22	1.30
2	C	4	BDP	O6B-C6	-3.05	1.20	1.30
2	D	2	BDP	O6B-C6	-3.02	1.21	1.30
2	C	8	BDP	O6B-C6	-3.01	1.21	1.30

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.27	105.22	109.52
2	D	6	BDP	C1-C2-C3	2.88	113.83	109.64
2	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.60	113.74	110.73
2	C	6	BDP	C1-C2-C3	2.32	113.03	109.64
2	D	7	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-2.13	104.98	109.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

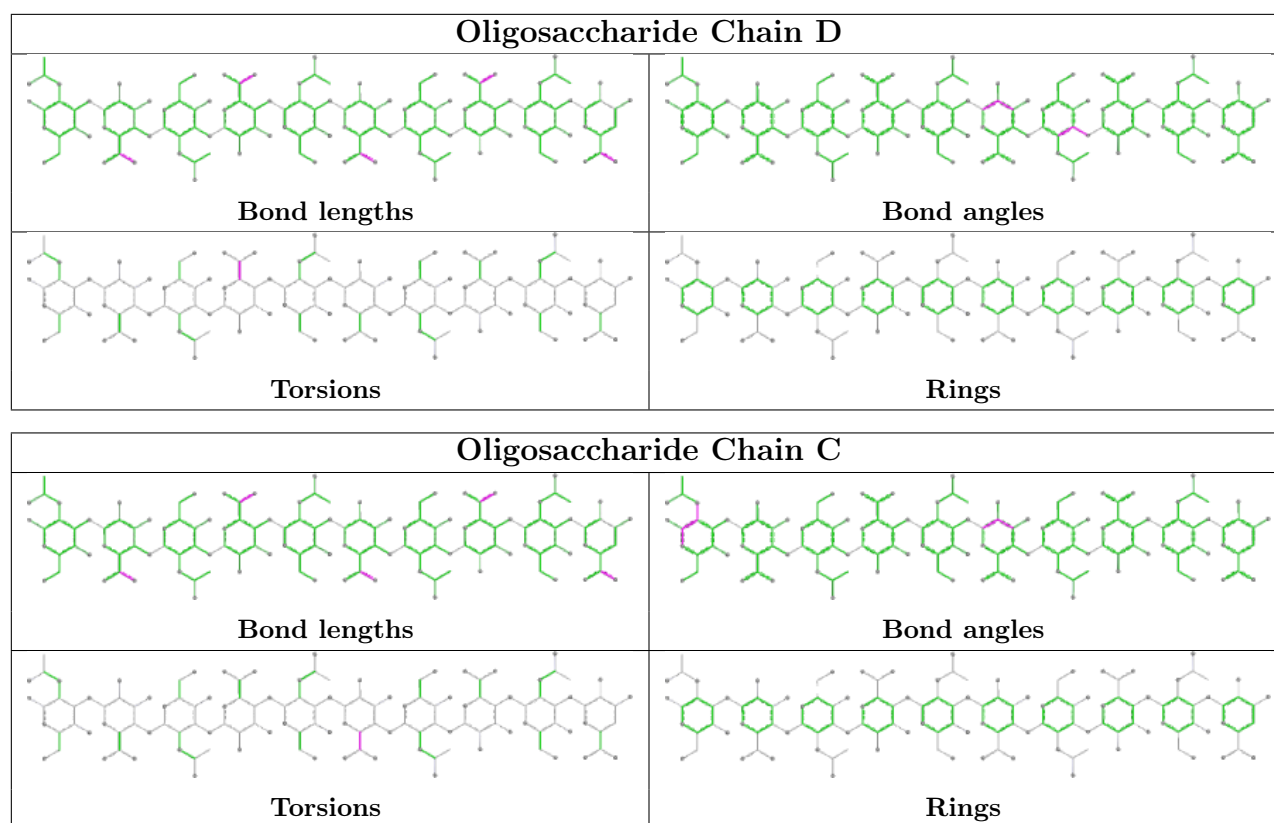
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	4	BDP	O5-C5-C6-O6B
2	C	6	BDP	O5-C5-C6-O6B

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	10	GCD	1	0
2	C	9	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAG	A	402	1	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	1.03	1 (5%)
3	NAG	B	402	1	14,14,15	0.71	0	17,19,21	1.19	1 (5%)
3	NAG	B	401	1	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	0.87	0
3	NAG	B	403	1	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	0.76	0
3	NAG	A	403	1	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.48	2 (11%)
3	NAG	A	401	1	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	0.84	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	402	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	402	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	401	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	403	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	403	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	401	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	403	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.18	128.50	122.90
3	B	402	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.33	127.36	122.90
3	A	403	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.36	107.64	111.29
3	A	402	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.28	125.95	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	401	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	A	403	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	B	402	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	B	402	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	A	402	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

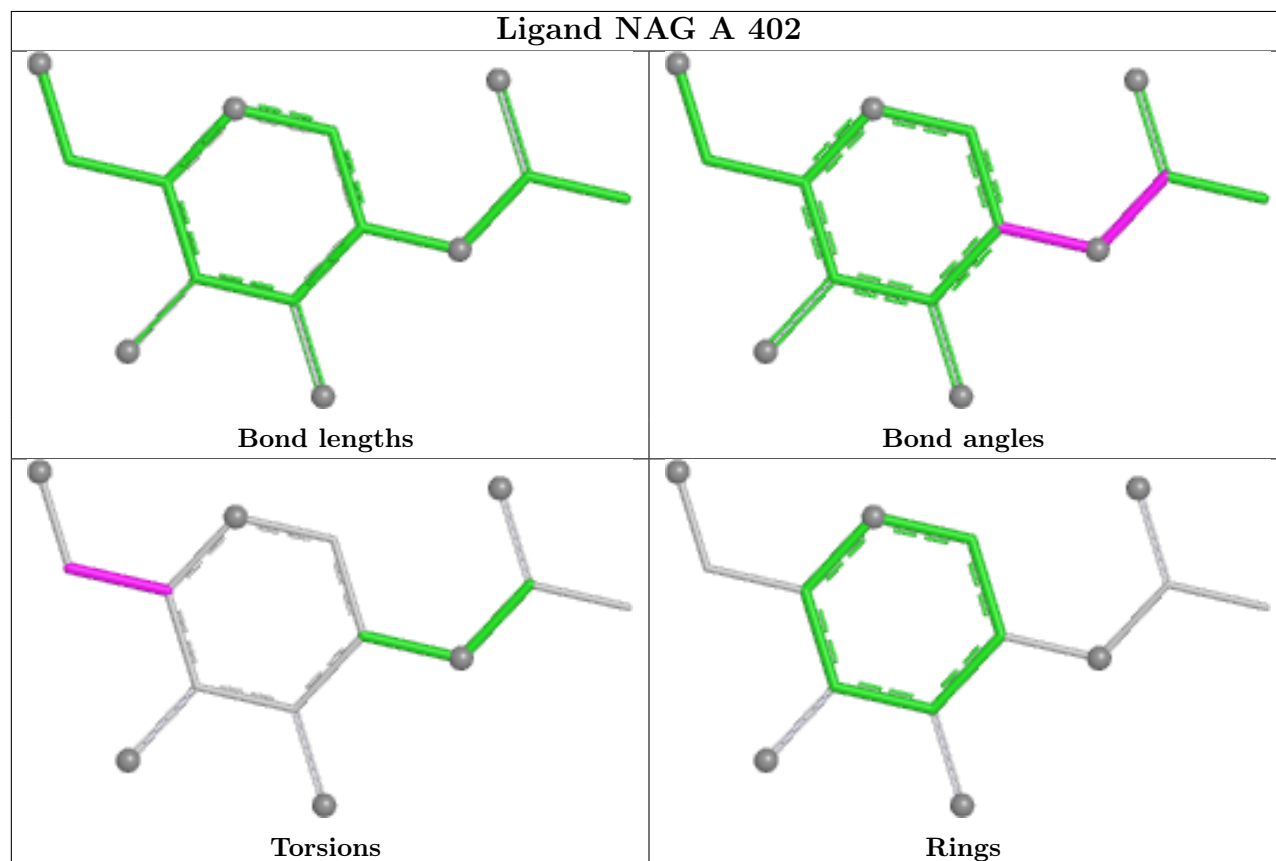
There are no ring outliers.

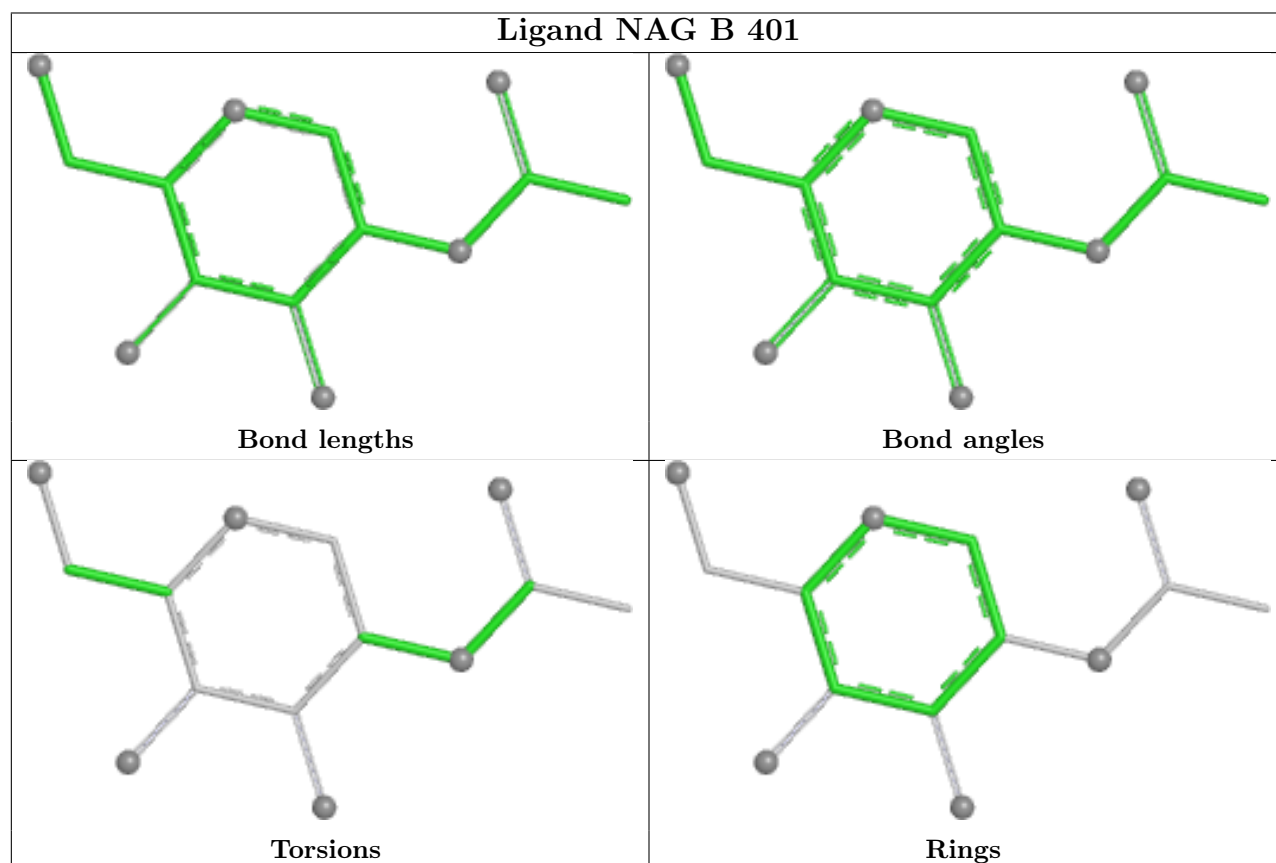
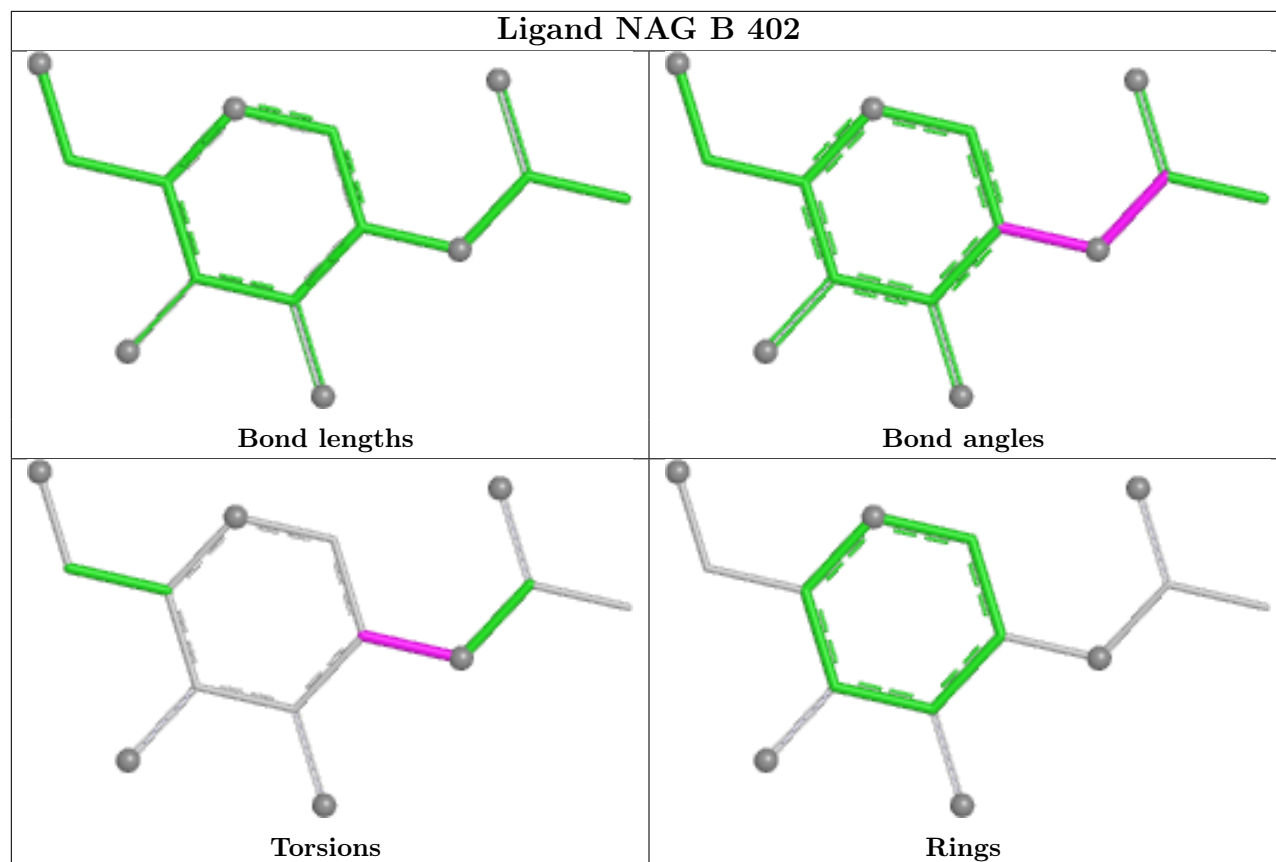
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

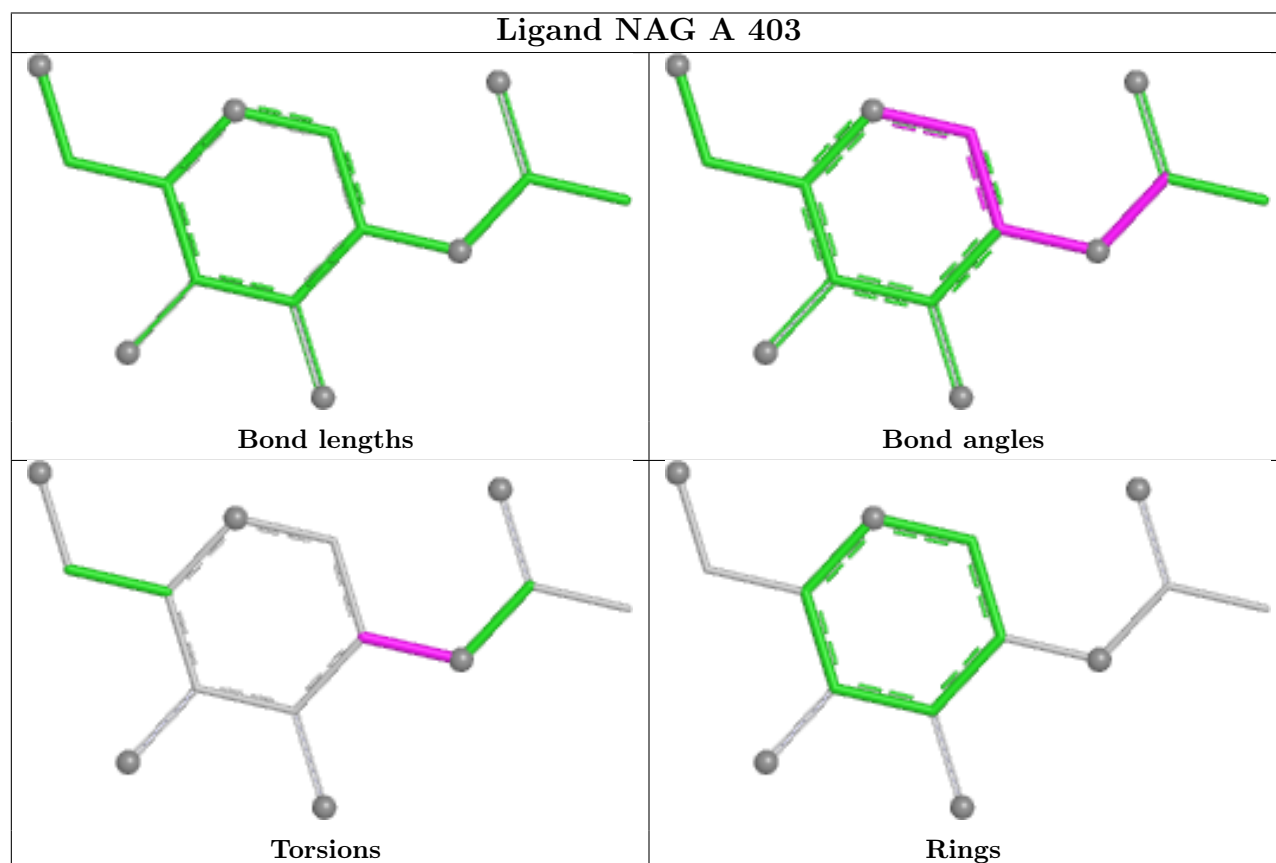
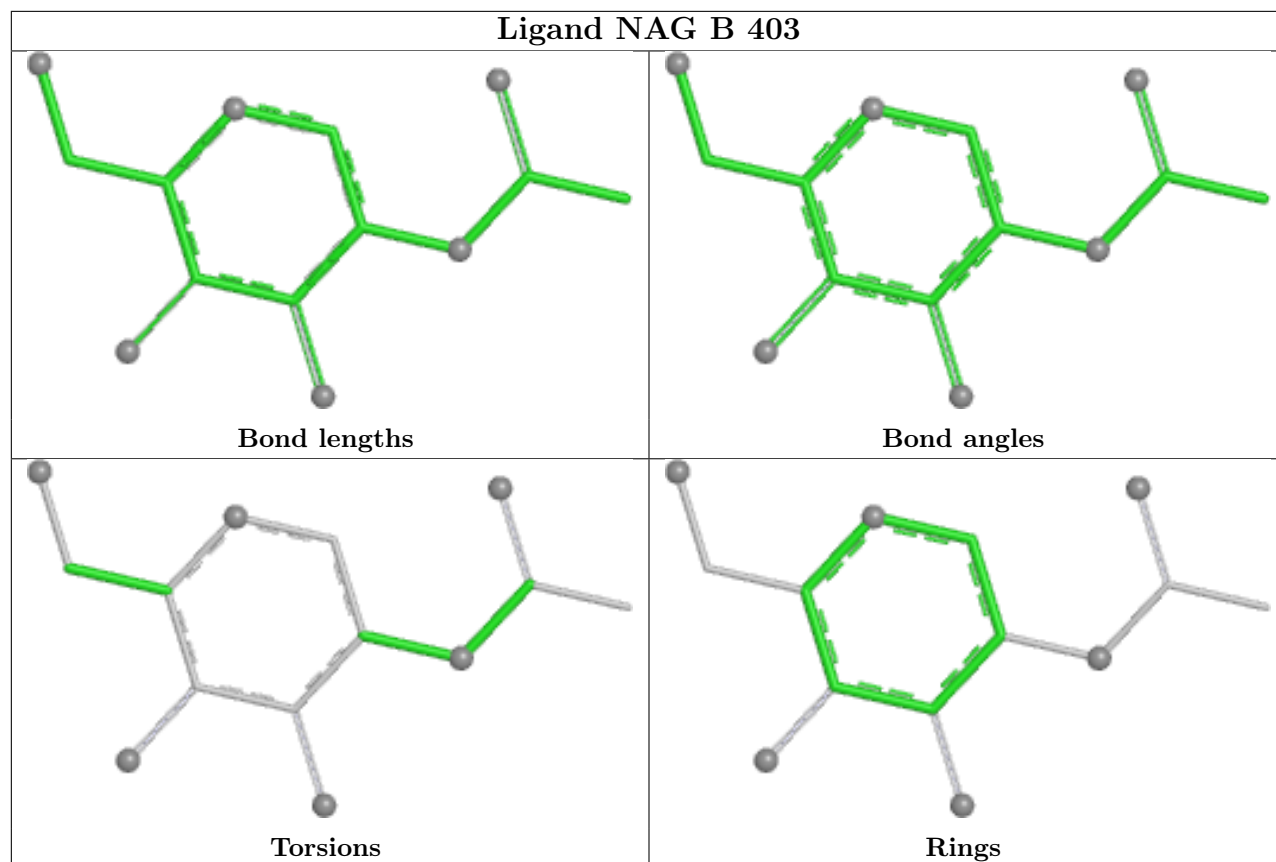
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	402	NAG	1	0

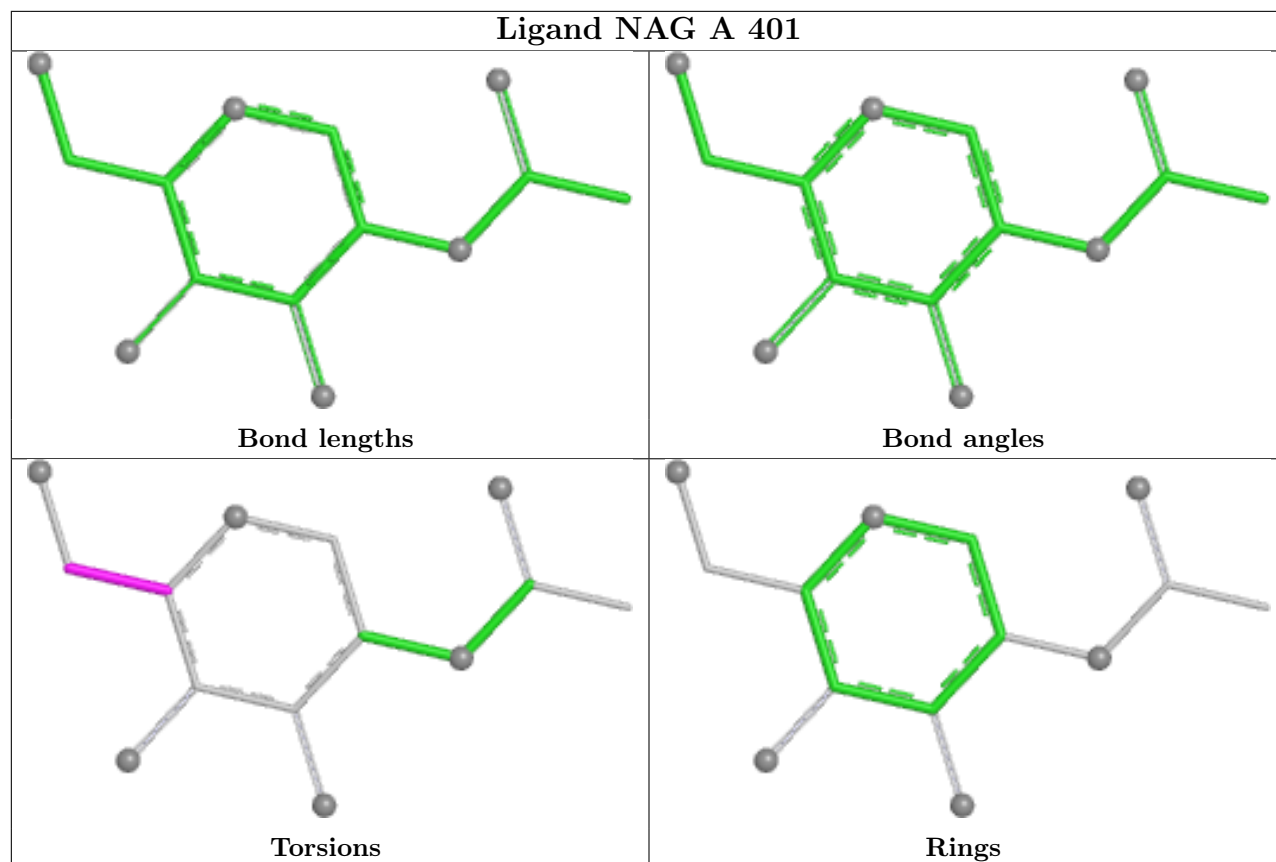
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

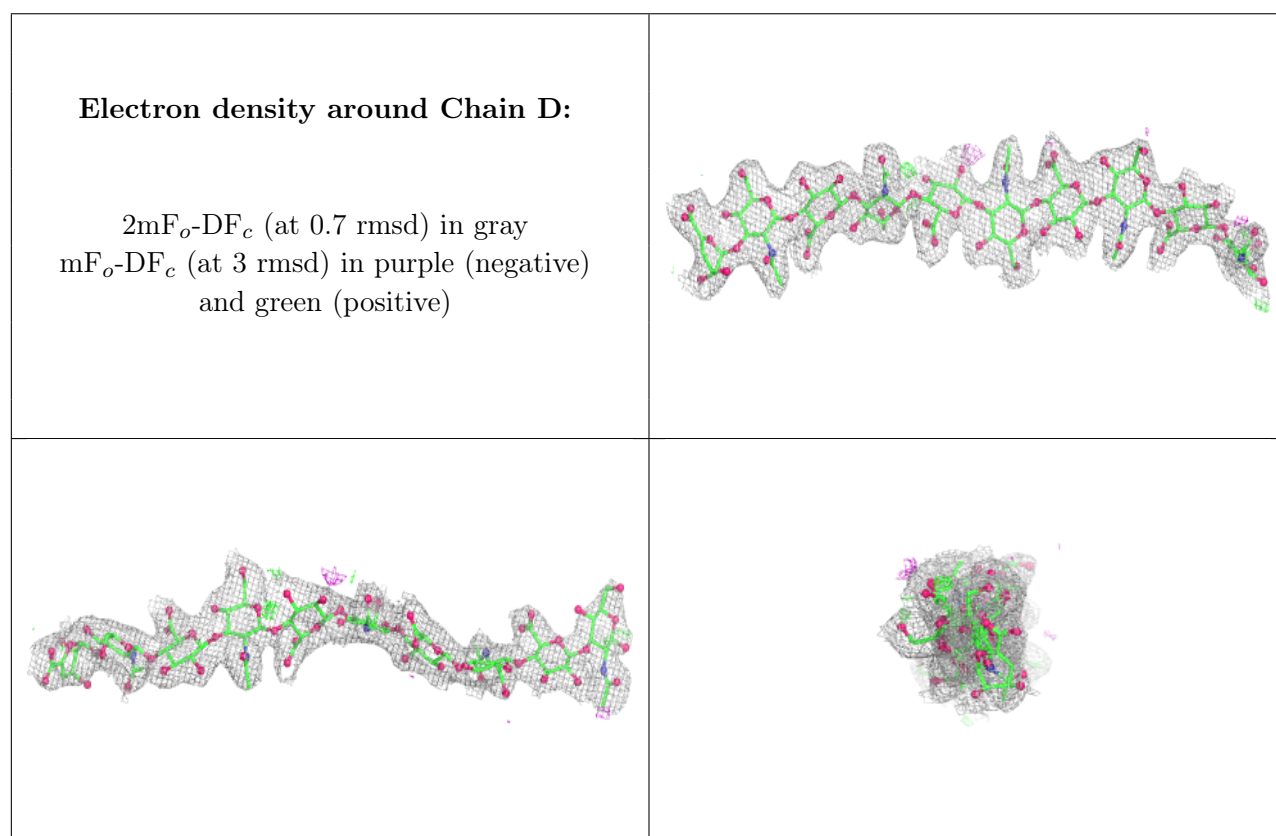
6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

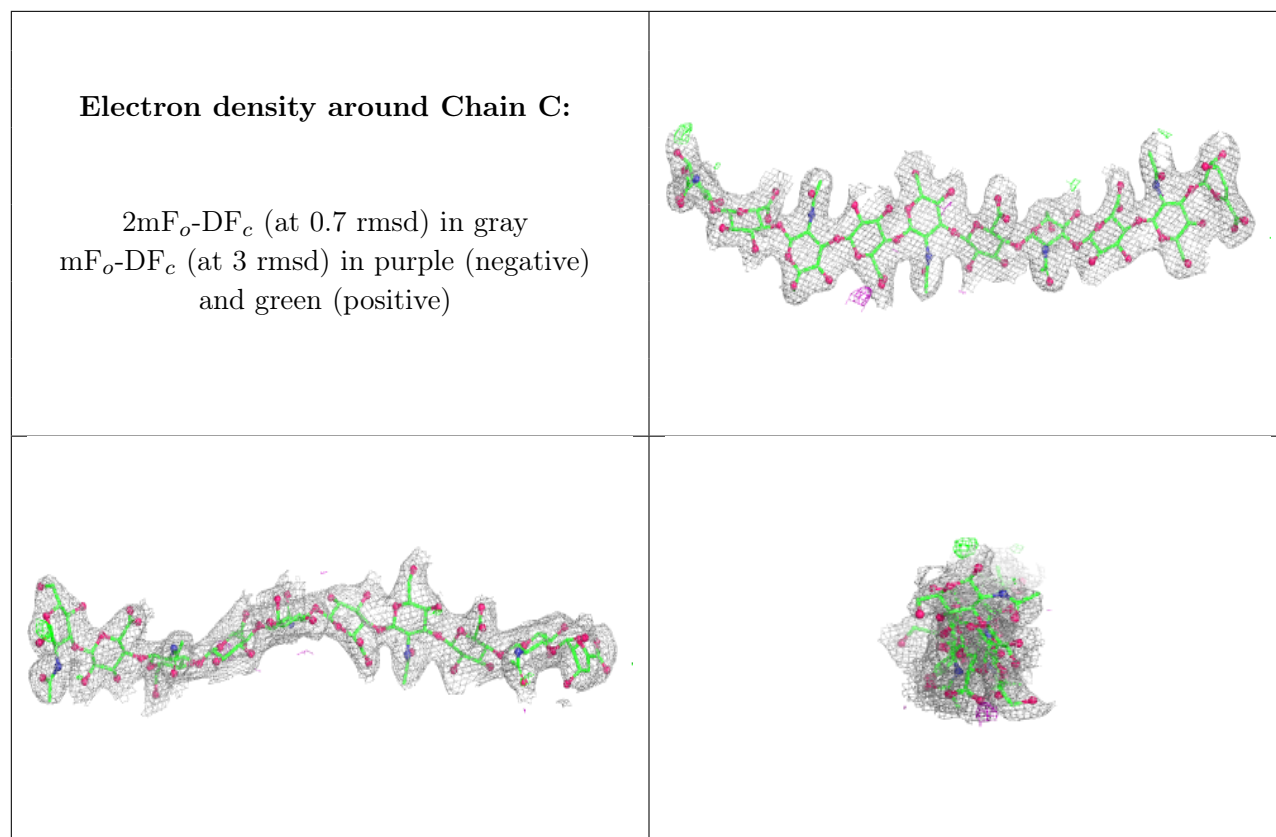
EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





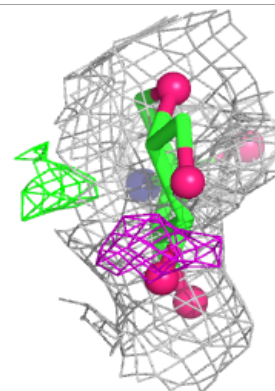
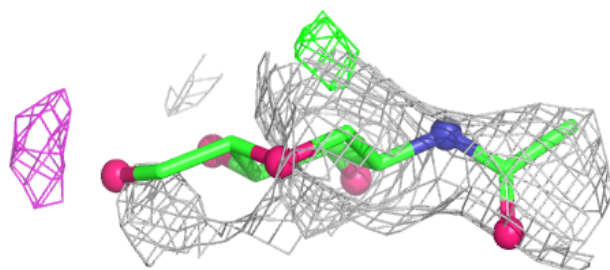
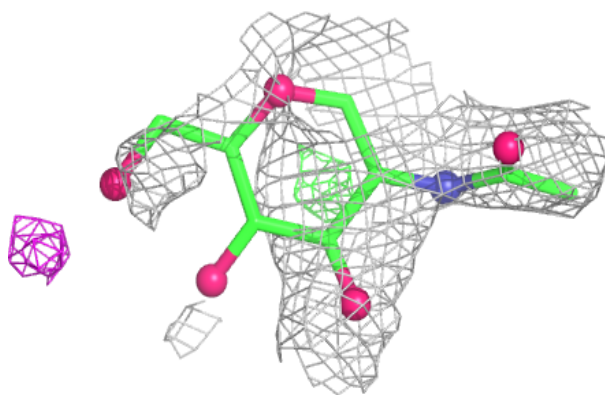
6.4 Ligands [i](#)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

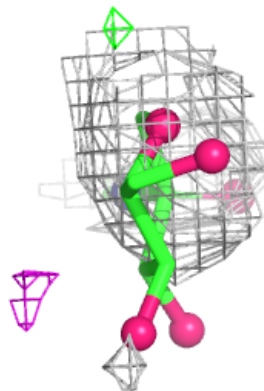
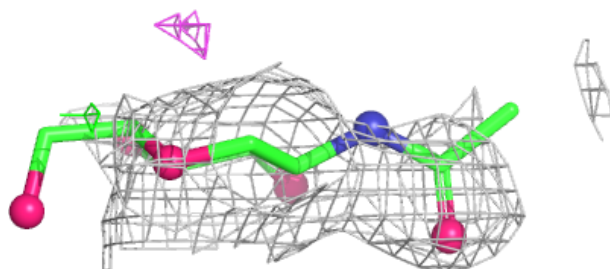
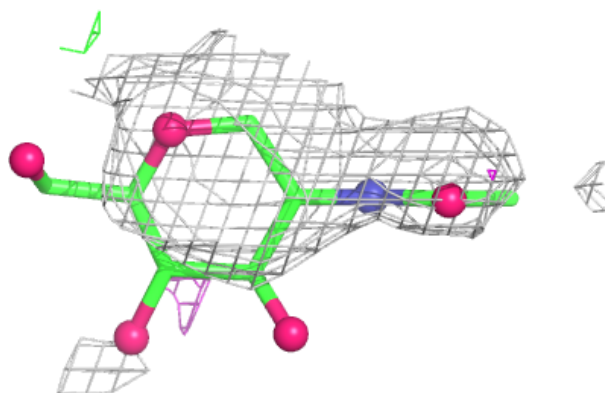
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around NAG A 401:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

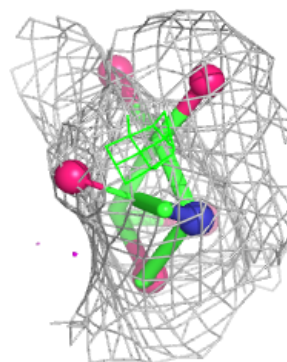
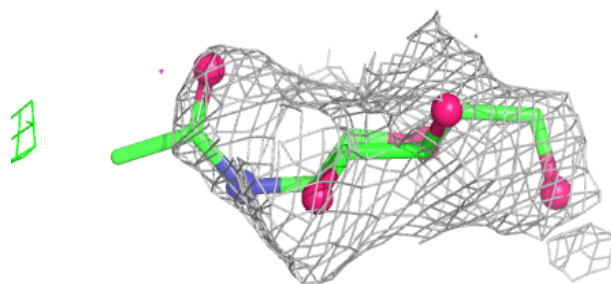
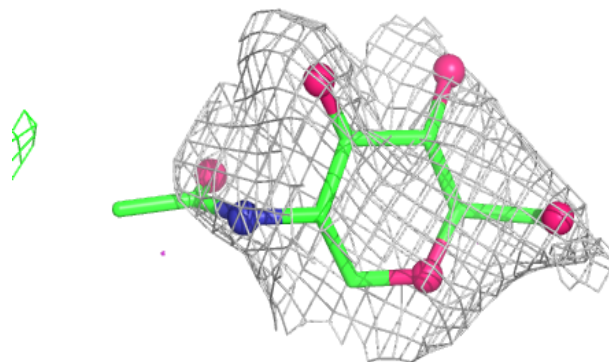
**Electron density around NAG A 402:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

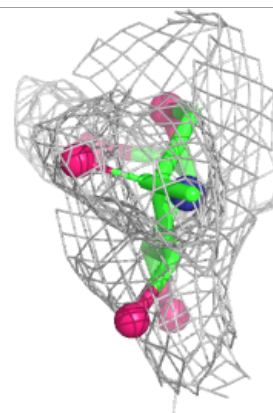
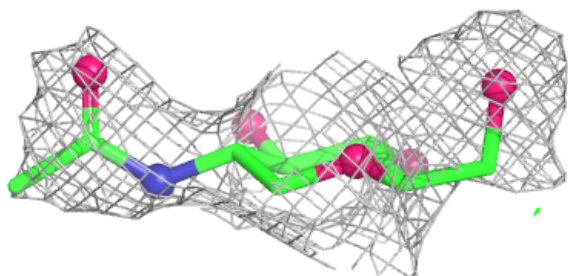
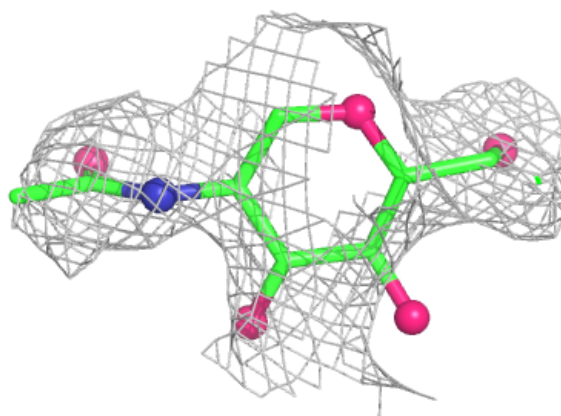


Electron density around NAG A 403:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

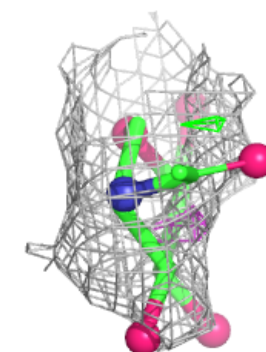
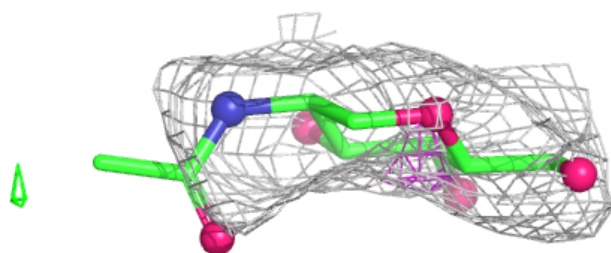
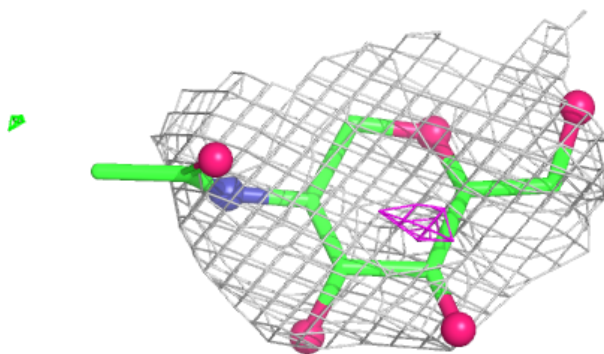
**Electron density around NAG B 401:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

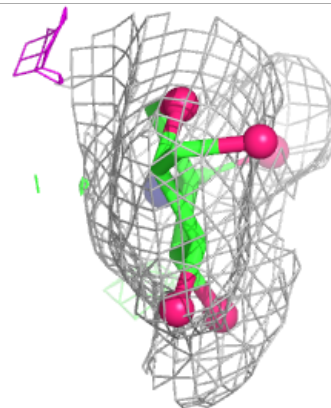
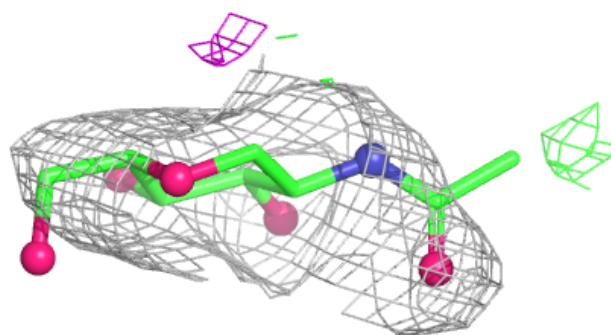
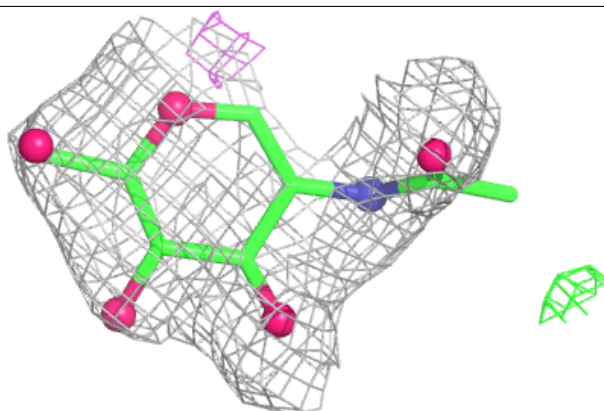


Electron density around NAG B 402:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around NAG B 403:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.