

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jan 6, 2025 - 05:42 PM EST

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PDB ID	:	9D7Z
EMDB ID	:	EMD-46622
Title	:	Shigella flexneri bacteriophage Moo19 Icosahedral Reconstruction
Authors	:	Subramanian, S.; Bergland Drarvik, S.M.; Parent, K.N.
Deposited on	:	2024-08-18
Resolution	:	3.60  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

:	0.0.1.dev $113$
:	4.02b-467
:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
:	1.9.13
:	Engh & Huber (2001)
:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
:	2.40
	: : : : :

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Matria	Whole archive	EM structures
Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq=3, 2, 1$  and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq=5\%$  The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of ch	ain
1	А	401	83%	17%
1	В	401	21%	24% •
1	С	401	22%	23% ·
1	D	401	22%	24% •
1	Е	401	20%	22% ·
1	F	401	24%	25% •
1	G	401	22%	20% ·
1	Н	401	27%	23%

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Conti	nued fron	n previous	page										
Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain									
	_		28%										
1	Ι	401			82%						13%	•	
	_		22%										_
2	J	273		47%			18%	•		34%			
			19%						_				_
2	K	273		39%		22%		5%	•	34%	<b>,</b>		
	_		16%										
2	$\mathbf{L}$	273		52%			14%			34%			

# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 30889 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	401	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0		
	A	401	2992	1898	510	571	13	0	0		
1	Р	401	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0		
	D	D	D	401	3001	1900	516	572	13	0	0
1	C	401	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0		
1		401	3026	1919	517	577	13	0	0		
1	П	401	Total	С	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0		
1	D	401	2993	1900	509	572	12	0	0		
1	F	401	Total	С	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0		
1	Ľ	401	3028	1919	518	578	13	0	0		
1	F	401	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0		
1	Ľ	401	3006	1906	512	575	13	0	0		
1	C	401	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0		
1	G	401	2991	1901	516	561	13	0	0		
1	н	401	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0		
1	11	401	2994	1903	512	566	13	0	0		
1	T	385	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0		
	1	000	2861	1819	488	541	13		U		

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Major capsid protein.

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Ig-like domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
9	т	181	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
	J	101	1339	854	222	262	1	0	0
0	K	180	Total	С	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
	Γ	160	1326	846	220	259	1	0	0
0	т	191	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	L	101	1332	850	222	259	1	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Major capsid protein



# C273 C273 R278 R278 R278 R286 R383 R383 R386 R333 R386 R336 R386 R333 R383 R333 R386 R333 R386 R333 R383 R383</t

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 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: Major capsid protein



• Molecule 1: Major capsid protein







• Molecule 1: Major capsid protein



• Molecule 1: Major capsid protein



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• Molecule 2: Ig-like domain-containing protein



• Molecule 2: Ig-like domain-containing protein







# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	99582	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	33	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.241	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.153	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.008	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.038	Depositor
Map size (Å)	1305.6, 1305.6, 1305.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	800, 800, 800	wwPDB
Map angles $(^{\circ})$	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.632, 1.632, 1.632	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond lengths		Bo	ond angles
	Ullaili	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.28	0/3049	0.51	1/4143~(0.0%)
1	В	0.30	0/3058	0.56	1/4155~(0.0%)
1	С	0.29	0/3084	0.51	0/4185
1	D	0.29	0/3051	0.54	1/4148~(0.0%)
1	Е	0.28	0/3086	0.51	0/4188
1	F	0.30	0/3064	0.51	0/4162
1	G	0.29	0/3049	0.52	0/4143
1	Н	0.28	0/3052	0.52	1/4146~(0.0%)
1	Ι	0.28	0/2918	0.53	1/3965~(0.0%)
2	J	0.28	0/1370	0.50	0/1882
2	Κ	0.70	0/1356	0.63	0/1863
2	L	0.27	0/1363	0.51	0/1874
All	All	0.32	0/31500	0.53	$5/4\overline{2854}\ (0.0\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	0	1
1	Н	0	1
2	J	0	1
2	Κ	0	5
All	All	0	8

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	Ι	329	PRO	CA-N-CD	-9.39	98.35	111.50
1	D	45	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.33	129.86	115.30

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Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	45	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.05	129.21	115.30
1	А	148	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.34	123.11	118.30
1	Н	212	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.11	122.90	118.30

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There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	С	113	ARG	Sidechain
1	Н	366	ARG	Sidechain
2	J	52	ARG	Sidechain
2	Κ	52	ARG	Sidechain
2	Κ	58	ARG	Sidechain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2992	0	2927	45	0
1	В	3001	0	2935	76	0
1	С	3026	0	2983	69	0
1	D	2993	0	2915	62	0
1	Е	3028	0	2981	62	0
1	F	3006	0	2935	69	0
1	G	2991	0	2923	64	0
1	Н	2994	0	2935	69	0
1	Ι	2861	0	2762	33	0
2	J	1339	0	1311	29	0
2	Κ	1326	0	1293	28	0
2	Ĺ	1332	0	1300	26	0
All	All	30889	0	30200	569	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 569 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:366:ARG:NH2	1:H:366:ARG:HG3	1.91	0.84
1:C:113:ARG:HH12	2:L:60:GLU:CD	1.84	0.81
1:A:100:ILE:HD12	1:B:298:LEU:HD11	1.63	0.80
1:D:101:THR:HG22	1:E:172:LYS:HD2	1.64	0.78
2:K:125:GLU:HA	2:K:136:ALA:HA	1.65	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	399/401~(100%)	374 (94%)	23~(6%)	2 (0%)	25	59
1	В	399/401~(100%)	371 (93%)	27 (7%)	1 (0%)	37	67
1	С	399/401~(100%)	374 (94%)	24 (6%)	1 (0%)	37	67
1	D	399/401~(100%)	366 (92%)	33 (8%)	0	100	100
1	Ε	399/401~(100%)	377 (94%)	22 (6%)	0	100	100
1	F	399/401~(100%)	364 (91%)	35~(9%)	0	100	100
1	G	399/401~(100%)	374 (94%)	24 (6%)	1 (0%)	37	67
1	Н	399/401~(100%)	365~(92%)	34 (8%)	0	100	100
1	Ι	381/401~(95%)	356~(93%)	25~(7%)	0	100	100
2	J	179/273~(66%)	171 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
2	Κ	178/273~(65%)	138 (78%)	38 (21%)	2(1%)	12	45
2	L	179/273~(66%)	159 (89%)	20 (11%)	0	100	100
All	All	4109/4428 (93%)	3789 (92%)	313 (8%)	7 (0%)	45	73

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Κ	141	THR
	<u> </u>	7	

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	115	ASN
1	А	113	ARG
1	А	287	ASP
1	G	287	ASP

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	307/332~(92%)	300~(98%)	7 (2%)	45 68
1	В	309/332~(93%)	297~(96%)	12 (4%)	27 57
1	С	315/332~(95%)	299~(95%)	16 (5%)	20 49
1	D	306/332~(92%)	295~(96%)	11 (4%)	30 59
1	Е	315/332~(95%)	306 (97%)	9 (3%)	37 63
1	F	309/332~(93%)	301 (97%)	8 (3%)	41 65
1	G	302/332~(91%)	292~(97%)	10 (3%)	33 61
1	Н	306/332~(92%)	298~(97%)	8 (3%)	41 65
1	Ι	287/332~(86%)	284 (99%)	3 (1%)	73 85
2	J	142/216~(66%)	133 (94%)	9 (6%)	15 44
2	Κ	139/216~(64%)	99 (71%)	40 (29%)	0 2
2	L	140/216~(65%)	133 (95%)	7 (5%)	20 49
All	All	3177/3636 (87%)	3037 (96%)	140 (4%)	26 53

5 of 140 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
2	Κ	86	THR
2	Κ	99	VAL
2	Κ	161	THR
1	Е	26	PHE
1	Е	20	SER



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Κ	49	HIS
2	Κ	92	ASN
1	G	171	GLN
1	Н	160	ASN
1	Ι	72	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-46622. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

## 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



# 6.2 Central slices (i)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map







Z Index: 400

#### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 400

Y Index: 400



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



#### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

#### 6.3.1 Primary map









Z Index: 204

#### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 400

Y Index: 400



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



#### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



#### 6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



#### 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.038. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



#### Mask visualisation (i) 6.6

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

#### $emd_{46622}_{msk_1.map}$ (i) 6.6.1





# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



#### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 10973  $\rm nm^3;$  this corresponds to an approximate mass of 9912 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



#### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278  ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

#### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 



# 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

$\begin{bmatrix} Bosolution ostimato (Å) \end{bmatrix}$	Estim	ation	criterion (FSC cut-off)
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.60	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.60	3.79	3.62
Unmasked-calculated*	3.73	3.98	3.75

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-46622 and PDB model 9D7Z. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

#### 9.1 Map-model overlays

#### 9.1.1 Map-model overlay (i)



#### 9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.038 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



#### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.038).



#### 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 66% of all backbone atoms, 55% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



#### 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.038) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

]	Q-score	Atom inclusion	Chain
]	0.2510	0.5520	All
1.0	0.2290	0.5420	А
	0.2620	0.5760	В
	0.2520	0.5530	С
	0.2630	0.5650	D
	0.2630	0.5730	Е
	0.2480	0.5590	F
	0.2460	0.5600	G
	0.2440	0.5460	Н
0.0	0.2520	0.5320	Ι
<0.0	0.2530	0.5000	J
]	0.2270	0.5150	K
]	0.2630	0.5500	L

