

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 23, 2025 – 10:01 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2BTF

Title : THE STRUCTURE OF CRYSTALLINE PROFILIN-BETA-ACTIN Authors : Schutt, C.E.; Myslik, J.C.; Rozycki, M.D.; Goonesekere, N.C.W.

Deposited on : 1994-01-18

Resolution : 2.55 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

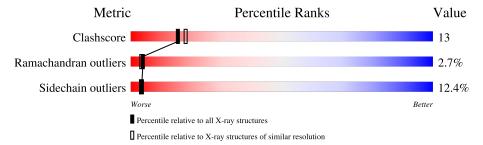
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.41.4

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	180529	1055 (2.54-2.54)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1048 (2.54-2.54)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1048 (2.54-2.54)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	375	54%	35%	10% •			
2	Р	140	59%	31%	7% •			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4000 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called BETA-ACTIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	375	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	313	2921	1848	490	561	22	0	0	U

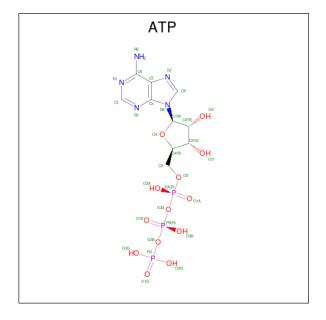
• Molecule 2 is a protein called PROFILIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	Р	140	Total 1047	C 659	N 179	O 200	S 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is STRONTIUM ION (three-letter code: SR) (formula: Sr).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Sr 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
1	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	A	1	31	10	5	13	3	U	0

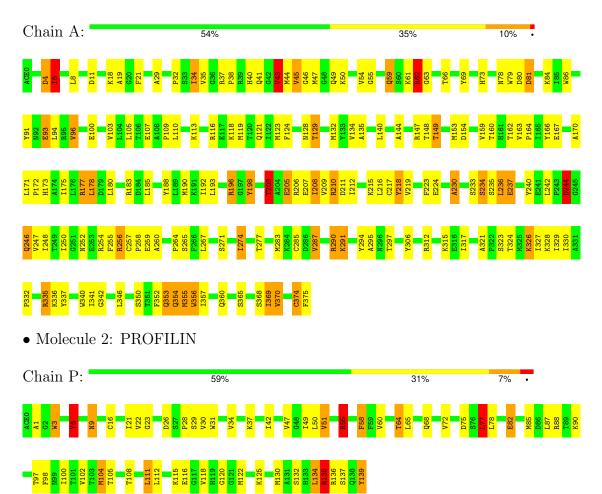


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: BETA-ACTIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	38.95Å 71.30Å 171.90Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) - 2.55	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.55)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)		Беревнег	
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.199 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	4000	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	20.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACE, SR, HIC, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.00	0/2969	1.94	88/4019 (2.2%)	
2	P	1.01	0/1063	1.95	32/1435~(2.2%)	
All	All	1.00	0/4032	1.94	120/5454 (2.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
2	Р	0	2
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 120 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	356	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	13.50	117.10	106.30
1	A	5	ILE	CA-C-N	-11.78	91.29	117.20
1	A	210	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.30	125.45	120.30
2	Р	55	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.25	125.43	120.30
1	A	356	TRP	CB-CG-CD1	-9.87	114.17	127.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	4	ASP	Mainchain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	Р	139	TYR	Sidechain
2	Р	6	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2921	0	2884	85	0
2	Р	1047	0	1050	23	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	31	0	12	1	0
All	All	4000	0	3946	105	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

The worst 5 of 105 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:A:43:VAL:HG21	1:A:49:GLN:HA	1.46	0.95	
1:A:212:ILE:HG23	1:A:216:LEU:HD12	1.68	0.75	
1:A:317:ILE:HG22	1:A:327:ILE:HD13	1.69	0.74	
1:A:160:THR:HG21	1:A:274:ILE:HD11	1.70	0.73	
1:A:257:CYS:HB3	1:A:258:PRO:HD3	1.72	0.72	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	372/375~(99%)	328 (88%)	33 (9%)	11 (3%)	3 2		
2	Р	138/140 (99%)	126 (91%)	9 (6%)	3 (2%)	5 5		
All	All	510/515 (99%)	454 (89%)	42 (8%)	14 (3%)	4 3		

5 of 14 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	43	VAL
1	A	203	THR
1	A	233	SER
1	A	355	MET
1	A	5	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles			
1	A	316/316 (100%)	279 (88%)	37 (12%)		4	4	
2	Р	112/112 (100%)	96 (86%)	16 (14%)		2	2	
All	All	428/428 (100%)	375 (88%)	53 (12%)		4	3	

5 of 53 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	324	THR
1	A	368	SER
2	Р	125	LYS
1	A	335	ARG
1	A	350	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	GLN
1	A	87	HIS
1	A	353	GLN
2	Р	119	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mo	l Type	Chain	Dec	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIO	Type		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	HIC	A	73	1	8,11,12	1.85	2 (25%)	5,14,16	1.26	1 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	A	73	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	A	73	HIC	CD2-NE2	-4.08	1.32	1.38
1	A	73	HIC	CE1-ND1	-2.21	1.31	1.34

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:



\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	73	HIC	CB-CG-CD2	-2.16	123.83	127.89

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
						Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
	4	ATP	A	377	3	28,33,33	1.72	3 (10%)	34,52,52	1.24	4 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ATP	A	377	3	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(exttt{\AA})$
Ī	4	A	377	ATP	PA-O3A	-4.56	1.54	1.59
	4	A	377	ATP	PB-O3A	-4.27	1.54	1.59

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
4	A	377	ATP	PG-O1G	-2.66	1.42	1.50

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	377	ATP	O2G-PG-O3B	3.43	116.15	104.64
4	A	377	ATP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.55	122.16	126.64
4	A	377	ATP	C6-C5-C4	-2.23	113.57	117.90
4	A	377	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-2.10	125.82	128.67

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	377	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
4	A	377	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B
4	A	377	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B

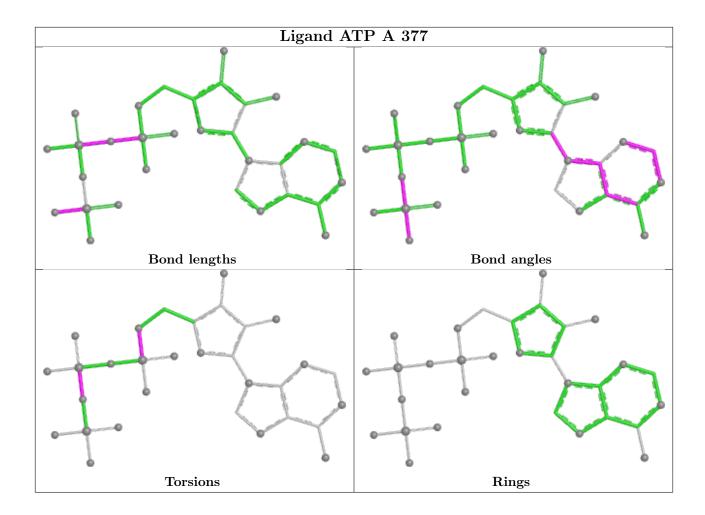
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	377	ATP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

