

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 21, 2025 – 10:20 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	$9\mathrm{BEX} \ / \ \mathrm{pdb} \ 00009\mathrm{bex}$
Title	:	X-ray crystallography structural model of the immunoglobulin G1 (IgG1) Fc
		D270C K326C variant
Authors	:	Shenoy, A.; Barb, A.W.
Deposited on	:	2024-04-16
Resolution	:	2.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

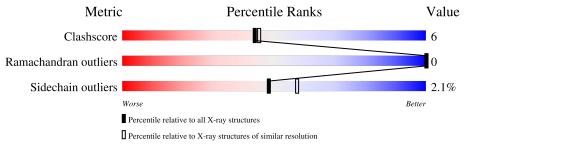
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as 543 be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0rc1
EDS	:	FAILED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.42

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries}, { m resolution} { m range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	180529	1919 (2.26-2.26)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1884 (2.26-2.26)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1885 (2.26-2.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS failed to run properly.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	AAA	232	75%	16% • 8%
1	BBB	232	84%	8% 7%
2	AaA	9	100%	
2	BaB	9	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	FUL	AaA	9	Х	-	-	-
2	FUL	BaB	9	Х	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3680 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

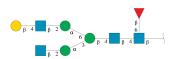
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Immunoglobulin gamma-1 heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	AAA	214	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	I AAA	214	1667	1065	272	321	9	0	0	0
1	BBB	216	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	1	0
1	DDD	210	1696	1079	282	326	9	0		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
AAA	270	CYS	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P0DOX5
AAA	326	CYS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0DOX5
BBB	270	CYS	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P0DOX5
BBB	326	CYS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0DOX5

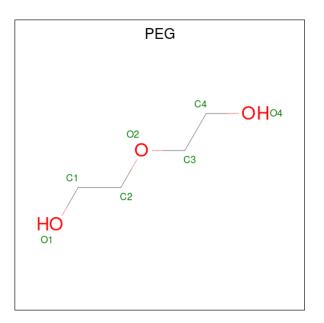
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	AaA	9	Total C N O 110 62 4 44	0	0	0
2	BaB	9	Total C N O 110 62 4 44	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (CCD ID: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mo		hain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	AA	1	Total 7	С 4	O 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	AAA	38	Total O 38 38	0	0
4	BBB	52	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 52 & 52 \end{array}$	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

• Molecule 1: Immunoglobulin gamma-1 heavy chain

Chain AAA:	75%	16%	• 8%
GLU PRD LYS SER SER SER ASP CYS PRD PRD PRD CZ29	L234 L24 C237 C237 C237 C236 C237 C236 C265 C265 C265 C265 C265 C265 C265 C26	Y319 K322 L328	A339 P346 L351
L365 L365 C367 C367 F372 F374 P374 F374 F374 F374 F374 F374 F374 F374 F	L406 L410 4110 4418 8424 5425 5426 5425 5426 5426 5431 14429 558 7431 14429 558 7431 14429 558 7431 14429 558 7431 14429 558 7431 14429 558 7431 14429 558 7431 7431 7431 7431 7431 7431 7431 7431		
• Molecule 1: Immu	noglobulin gamma-1 heavy chain		
Chain BBB:	84%	8%	7%

 $\label{eq:main_optimal_states} \bullet \mbox{Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-6)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$

Chain AaA:

100%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4 NAG5 GAL6 MAN7 NAG8 FUL9

 $\label{eq:main_optimal_states} \bullet \mbox{Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-6)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$

Chain BaB:

100%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	50.02Å 79.74Å 142.48Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.50 - 2.25	Depositor
% Data completeness	88.4 (30.50-2.25)	Depositor
(in resolution range)		-
R _{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.40 (at 2.24 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0257	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.242 , 0.302	Depositor
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	47.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.044	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3680	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	52.0	wwPDB-VP

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.64% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, PEG, GAL, MAN, FUL, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	AAA	0.70	0/1714	0.84	0/2342	
1	BBB	0.68	0/1747	0.83	0/2386	
All	All	0.69	0/3461	0.83	0/4728	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	AAA	1667	0	1590	26	0
1	BBB	1696	0	1625	11	0
2	AaA	110	0	94	0	0
2	BaB	110	0	94	0	0
3	AAA	7	0	10	3	0
4	AAA	38	0	0	0	0
4	BBB	52	0	0	0	0
All	All	3680	0	3413	37	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:AAA:253:ILE:H	1:AAA:253:ILE:HD12	1.53	0.73
1:AAA:310:HIS:H	1:AAA:310:HIS:CD2	2.07	0.70
1:BBB:229:CYS:SG	1:BBB:230:PRO:HD2	2.35	0.67
1:BBB:310:HIS:H	1:BBB:310:HIS:CD2	2.10	0.66
1:BBB:318:GLU:HG2	1:BBB:335:THR:CG2	2.35	0.57

The worst 5 of 37 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	AAA	210/232~(90%)	200~(95%)	10~(5%)	0	100	100
1	BBB	215/232 (93%)	214 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100
All	All	425/464~(92%)	414 (97%)	11 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	189/215~(88%)	184~(97%)	5(3%)	41 50	

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percer	ntiles	3		
1	BBB	194/215~(90%)	191~(98%)	3~(2%)	60	70			
All	All	383/430~(89%)	375~(98%)	8 (2%)	48	57			

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5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	BBB	437	THR
1	BBB	326	CYS
1	AAA	426	SER
1	AAA	424	SER
1	BBB	229	CYS

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such side chains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

18 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Iol Type Chain Res I		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
NIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	AaA	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	1.15	2 (11%)
2	NAG	AaA	2	2	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.40	2 (11%)
2	BMA	AaA	3	2	11,11,12	0.36	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.45	3 (20%)



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng		В	ond ang	les
WIOI	Type	Ullalli	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	MAN	AaA	4	2	$11,\!11,\!12$	0.51	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.46	1 (6%)
2	NAG	AaA	5	2	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.88	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.69	2 (11%)
2	GAL	AaA	6	2	11,11,12	0.78	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.31	3 (20%)
2	MAN	AaA	7	2	11,11,12	0.38	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.35	2 (13%)
2	NAG	AaA	8	2	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.57	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.30	2 (11%)
2	FUL	AaA	9	2	10,10,11	0.68	0	14,14,16	1.89	4 (28%)
2	NAG	BaB	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.61	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.08	1 (5%)
2	NAG	BaB	2	2	14,14,15	0.67	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.56	4 (23%)
2	BMA	BaB	3	2	11,11,12	0.89	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.65	3 (20%)
2	MAN	BaB	4	2	11,11,12	0.72	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.30	1 (6%)
2	NAG	BaB	5	2	14,14,15	0.74	0	17,19,21	1.49	3 (17%)
2	GAL	BaB	6	2	11,11,12	0.90	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.12	1 (6%)
2	MAN	BaB	7	2	11,11,12	0.56	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.46	2 (13%)
2	NAG	BaB	8	2	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	2.12	4 (23%)
2	FUL	BaB	9	2	10,10,11	0.36	0	14,14,16	1.11	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	AaA	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	AaA	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	AaA	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	AaA	4	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	AaA	5	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	AaA	6	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	AaA	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	AaA	8	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUL	AaA	9	2	1/1/4/5	-	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	BaB	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	BaB	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	BaB	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	BaB	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	BaB	5	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	BaB	6	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	BaB	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	BaB	8	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUL	BaB	9	2	1/1/4/5	-	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
ſ	2	BaB	6	GAL	C2-C3	2.31	1.56	1.52
	2	BaB	3	BMA	O5-C1	-2.02	1.40	1.43

The worst 5 of 41 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	AaA	9	FUL	C1-C2-C3	-4.66	102.85	109.64
2	BaB	8	NAG	C4-C3-C2	4.39	117.45	111.02
2	BaB	8	NAG	C3-C4-C5	4.13	117.72	110.23
2	AaA	8	NAG	O5-C1-C2	4.04	117.55	111.29
2	BaB	8	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-4.00	106.82	112.19

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	AaA	9	FUL	C1
2	BaB	9	FUL	C1

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

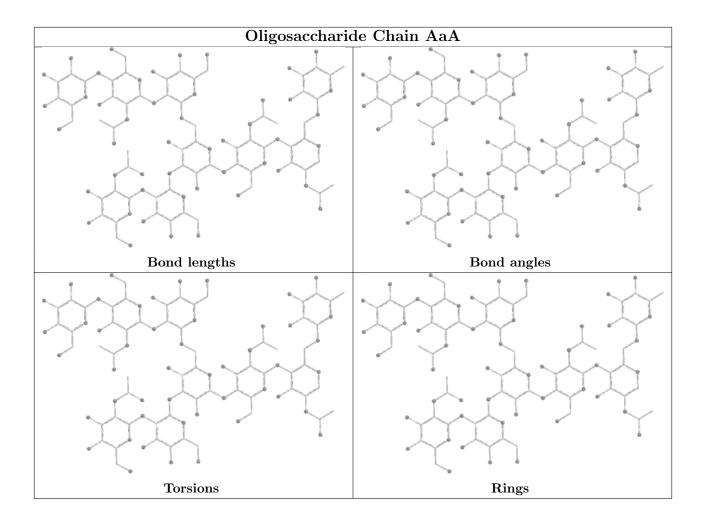
Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms
2	AaA	6	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	AaA	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	AaA	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	AaA	6	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	BaB	6	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

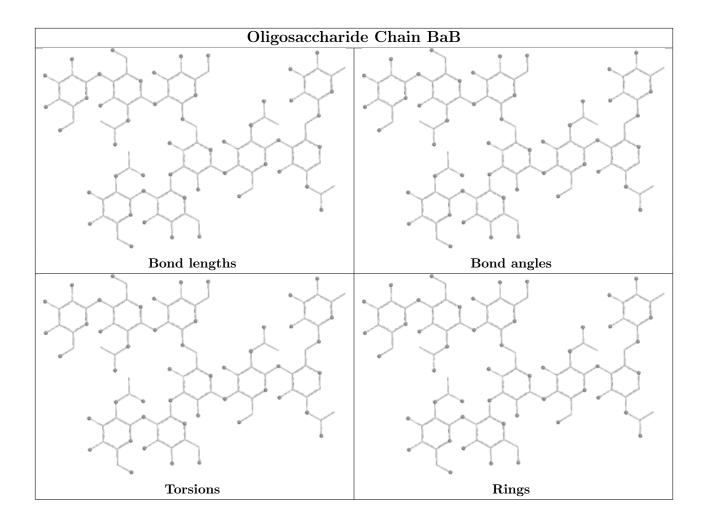
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol T	Type	Chain	Res L	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	PEG	AAA	501	-	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.43	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.26	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PEG	AAA	501	-	-	3/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	AAA	501	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
3	AAA	501	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	AAA	501	PEG	C1-C2-O2-C3

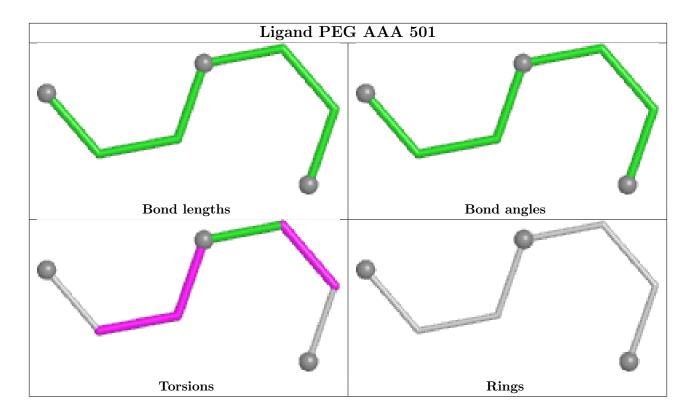
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	AAA	501	PEG	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

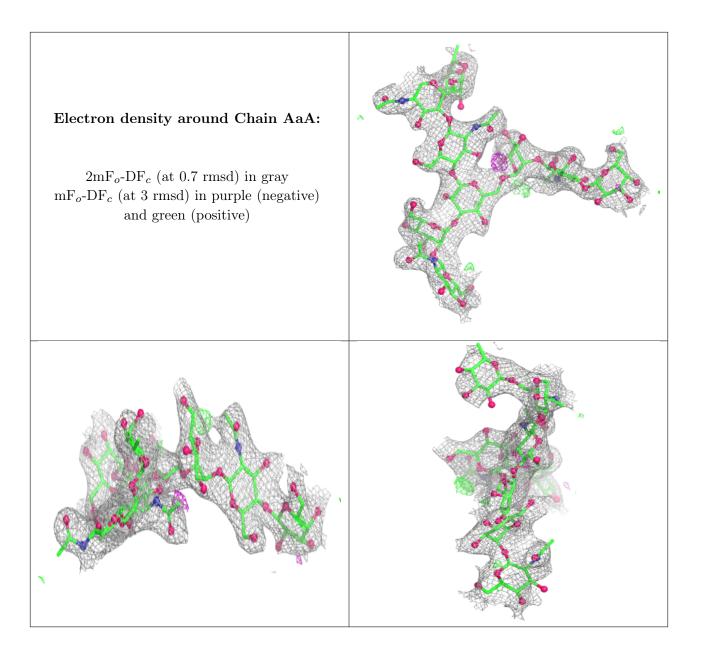
EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

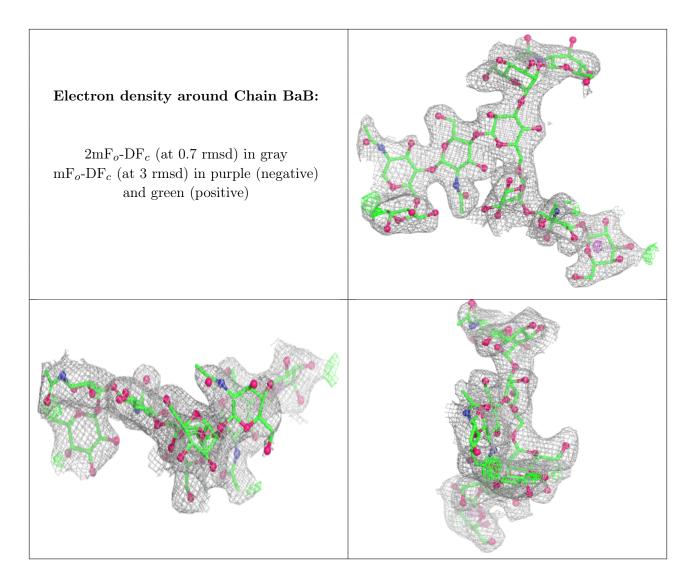
EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







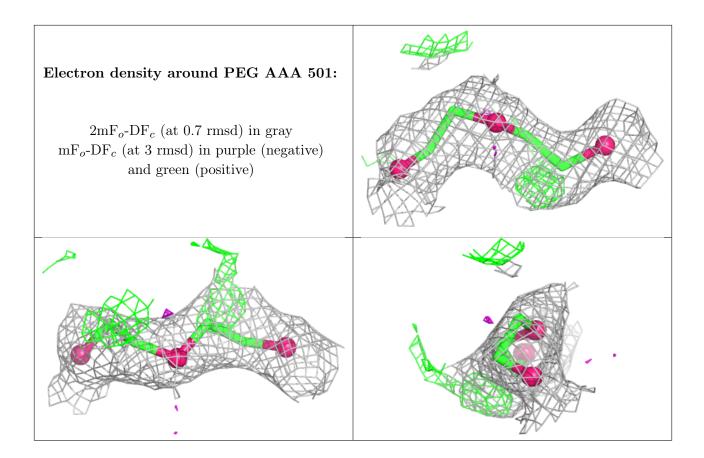


6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

