

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 18, 2025 – 04:21 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9BAV / pdb 00009bav

Title : Structure of S1\_15B, a lambda-carrageenan specific sulfatase, in complex with

a carrageenoligosaccharide

Authors: Hettle, J.A.; Vickers, C.; Boraston, A.B.

Deposited on : 2024-04-04

Resolution : 2.49 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

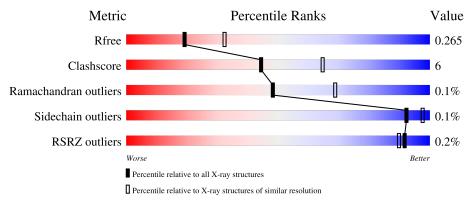
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.45.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.49 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	164625	5504 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	180529	6282 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6191 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6193 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	164620	5504 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	518		80%	13%	7%		
1	В	518		80%	14%	7%		
2	С	3	33%	67%				



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7730 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

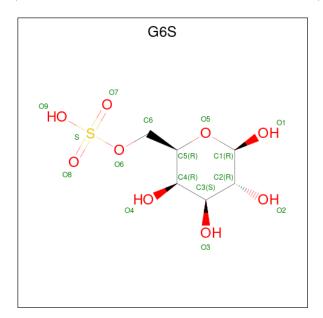
• Molecule 1 is a protein called S1 15B sulfatase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	483	Total 3768	C 2397	11	O 722	S 5	3	0	0
1	В	484	Total 3771	C 2393		O 725	S 5	1	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 6-O-sulfo-alpha-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-2-O-sulfo-b eta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2,6-di-O-sulfo-alpha-D-galactopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	3	Total 50	C 18	O 28	S 4	0	3	0

• Molecule 3 is 6-O-sulfo-beta-D-galactopyranose (CCD ID: G6S) (formula:  $C_6H_{12}O_9S$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



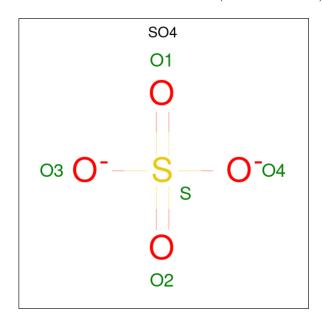


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O S 16 6 9 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

ľ	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	4	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
	4	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



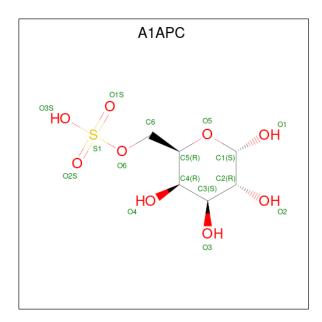
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

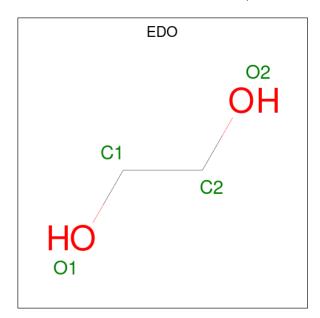
 $\bullet$  Molecule 7 is 6-O-sulfo-alpha-D-galactopyranose (CCD ID: A1APC) (formula:  $C_6H_{12}O_9S)$  (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	В	1	Total 16	C 6	O 9	S 1	0	1

• Molecule 8 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (CCD ID: EDO) (formula:  $C_2H_6O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
8	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 9 is water.



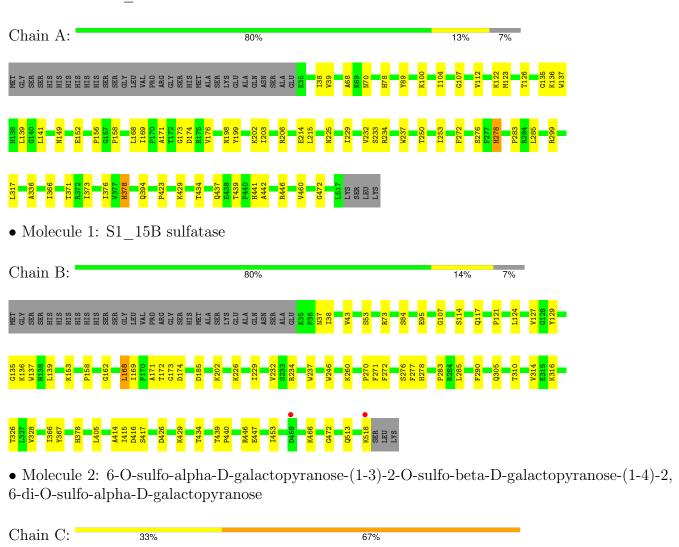
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	49	Total O 49 49	0	0
9	В	42	Total O 42 42	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: S1 15B sulfatase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	66.23Å 92.87Å 176.48Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.53 - 2.49	Depositor
Resolution (A)	29.53 - 2.49	EDS
% Data completeness	97.5 (29.53-2.49)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.4 (29.53-2.49)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.99 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.13_2998	Depositor
D D.	0.200 , 0.266	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.201 , $0.265$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1902 reflections (4.91%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.047	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 33.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	7730	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: G6S, CA, CL, A1APC, SO4, EDO, A1APD, A1APB

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		Bond lengths		ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.42	0/3857	0.74	3/5242 (0.1%)
1	В	0.41	0/3860	0.74	$2/5251 \ (0.0\%)$
All	All	0.42	0/7717	0.74	5/10493 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	168	LEU	N-CA-C	5.89	118.80	109.50
1	В	169	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.63	101.97	107.55
1	A	378	HIS	CA-C-N	5.61	127.22	122.28
1	A	378	HIS	C-N-CA	5.61	127.22	122.28
1	A	278	HIS	N-CA-C	-5.09	107.20	113.41

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3768	0	3677	43	0
1	В	3771	0	3658	43	0
2	С	50	0	0	3	0
3	A	16	0	12	1	0

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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	5	0	0	0	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	В	1	0	0	0	0
7	В	16	0	0	1	0
8	В	8	0	12	0	0
9	A	49	0	0	1	0
9	В	42	0	0	0	0
All	All	7730	0	7359	88	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 88 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:C:1[A]:A1APD:O3	2:C:2[A]:A1APB:O7	2.02	0.77
1:B:95:GLU:HA	1:B:416:ASP:HB2	1.68	0.76
1:A:107:GLY:HA2	1:A:171:ALA:HB2	1.68	0.76
1:A:441:HIS:ND1	1:A:460:VAL:HG11	2.04	0.73
1:A:232:VAL:HG21	1:A:285:LEU:HD11	1.75	0.68

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	481/518 (93%)	460 (96%)	21 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	$482/518 \; (93\%)$	463 (96%)	18 (4%)	1 (0%)	44	64
All	All	963/1036 (93%)	923 (96%)	39 (4%)	1 (0%)	48	69



All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	84	SER

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	P	erce	ntiles	5
1	A	406/448 (91%)	406 (100%)	0		100	100	
1	В	405/448 (90%)	404 (100%)	1 (0%)		92	97	
All	All	811/896 (90%)	810 (100%)	1 (0%)		92	97	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	447	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 14 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	37	ASN
1	В	183	ASN
1	В	513	GLN
1	В	356	ASN
1	В	419	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Des	T inle	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	A1APD	С	1[A]	2	20,20,20	1.98	4 (20%)	27,31,31	1.76	7 (25%)
2	A1APB	С	2[A]	2	15,15,16	2.22	5 (33%)	17,22,24	1.88	3 (17%)
2	A1APC	С	3[A]	2,4	15,15,16	1.73	3 (20%)	21,22,24	1.58	4 (19%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	A1APD	С	1[A]	2	-	10/11/31/31	0/1/1/1
2	A1APB	С	2[A]	2	-	5/7/24/27	0/1/1/1
2	A1APC	С	3[A]	2,4	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	O6-S6	5.06	1.70	1.56
2	С	2[A]	A1APB	O5-C5	4.19	1.51	1.43
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	O2-S2	3.73	1.68	1.57
2	С	2[A]	A1APB	O2-S1	3.61	1.68	1.57
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	O5-C1	3.59	1.51	1.42

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	O2-C2-C1	5.24	114.63	107.58
2	С	2[A]	A1APB	O9-S1-O2	4.55	116.83	106.37
2	С	3[A]	A1APC	O2S-S1-O1S	-4.10	96.42	112.24
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	O55-S2-O54	-3.25	99.70	112.24

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	3[A]	A1APC	C1-C2-C3	3.23	114.34	109.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

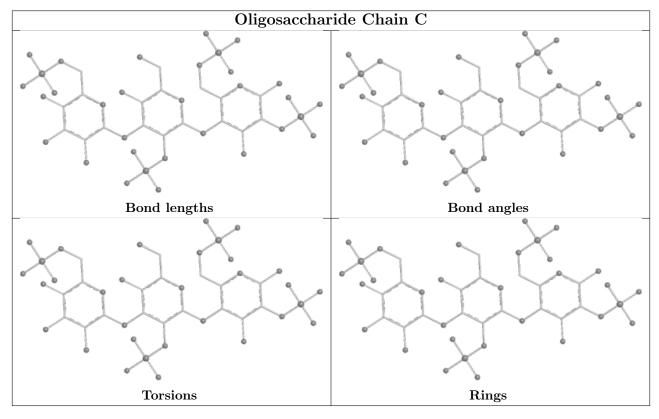
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	C2-O2-S2-O55
2	С	2[A]	A1APB	C2-O2-S1-O9
2	С	3[A]	A1APC	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	1[A]	A1APD	2	0
2	С	2[A]	A1APB	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	SO4	A	603	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.13	0
7	A1APC	В	601[B]	-	16,16,16	1.56	3 (18%)	23,24,24	1.40	5 (21%)
8	EDO	В	604	-	3,3,3	0.40	0	2,2,2	0.47	0
8	EDO	В	603	-	3,3,3	0.41	0	2,2,2	0.59	0
3	G6S	A	601	4	16,16,16	0.83	0	23,24,24	1.62	6 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	A1APC	В	601[B]	-	-	4/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
3	G6S	A	601	4	-	1/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
8	EDO	В	604	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
8	EDO	В	603	_	-	0/1/1/1	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	O6-S1	3.39	1.65	1.56
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	O5-C5	2.56	1.50	1.44
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	C4-C3	-2.06	1.47	1.52

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
3	A	601	G6S	O5-C1-C2	-4.64	102.14	110.30
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	O2S-S1-O1S	-2.79	101.49	112.24
3	A	601	G6S	O5-C5-C6	2.64	111.93	106.69

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	601	G6S	O1-C1-C2	2.60	116.52	108.98
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	O5-C5-C6	2.52	111.69	106.69

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	C6-O6-S1-O1S
3	A	601	G6S	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	В	604	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

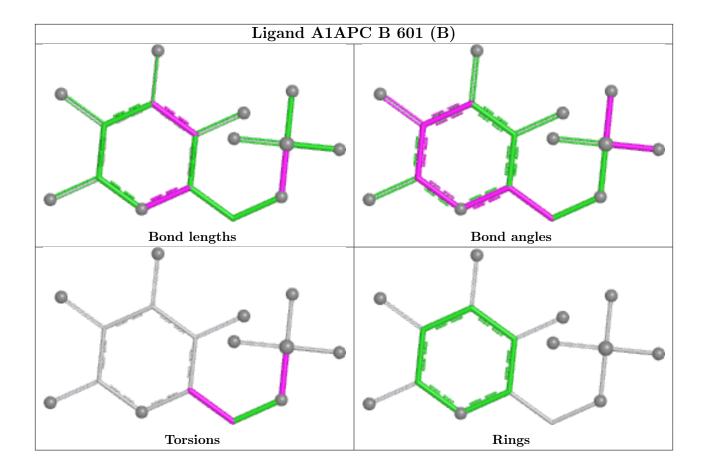
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

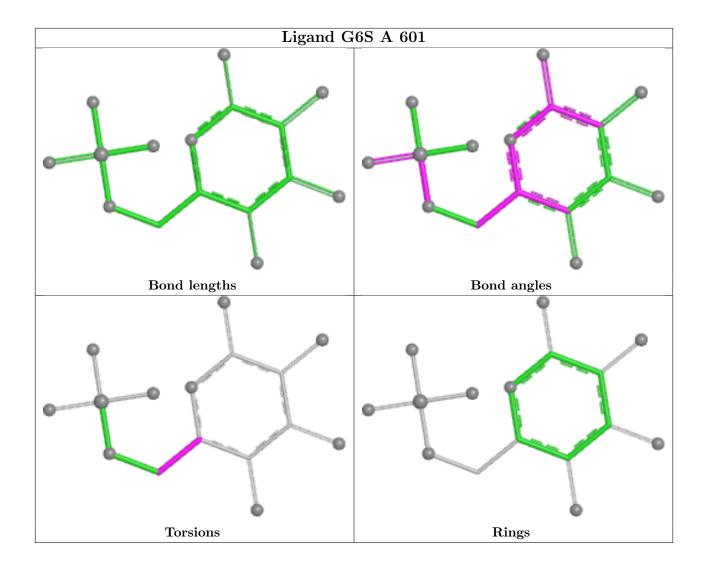
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	В	601[B]	A1APC	1	0
3	A	601	G6S	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	483/518 (93%)	-0.38	0 100 100	22, 35, 46, 70	2 (0%)
1	В	$484/518 \; (93\%)$	-0.32	2 (0%) 89 86	23, 36, 49, 63	1 (0%)
All	All	967/1036 (93%)	-0.35	2 (0%) 92 90	22, 35, 48, 70	3 (0%)

#### All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	459	ASP	2.6
1	В	518	LYS	2.5

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

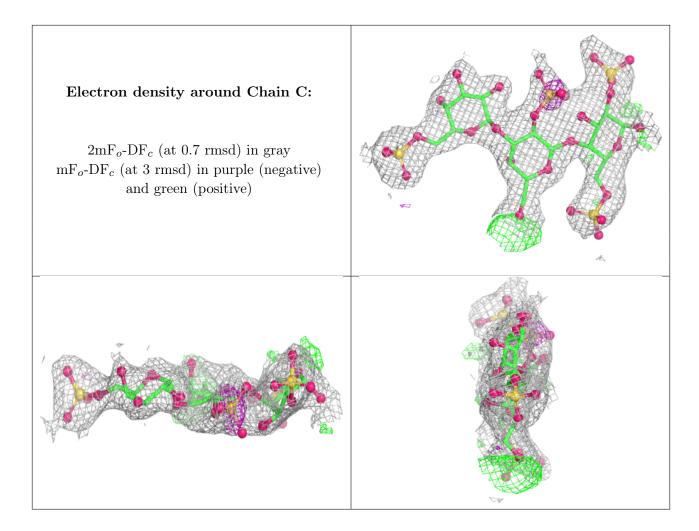
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	A1APD	С	1[A]	20/20	0.73	0.17	50,56,74,77	20
2	A1APB	С	2[A]	15/16	0.81	0.15	42,47,54,66	15
2	A1APC	С	3[A]	15/16	0.98	0.08	20,31,36,39	15

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





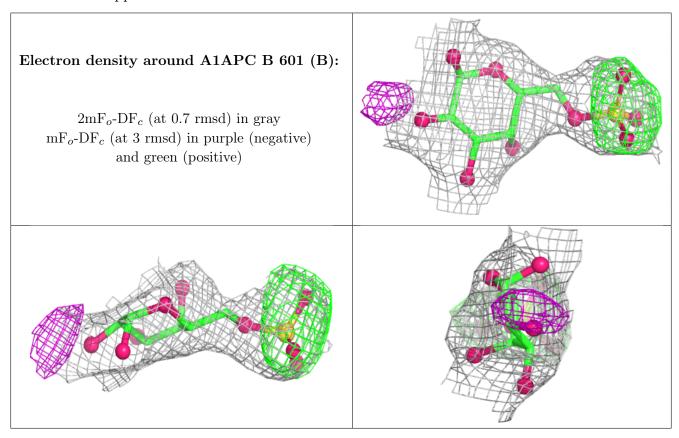
## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

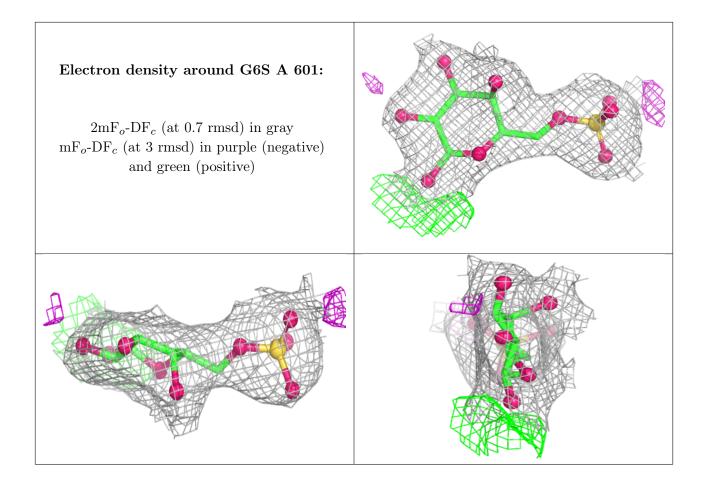
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	A1APC	В	601[B]	16/16	0.66	0.34	38,47,50,51	16
5	SO4	A	603	5/5	0.81	0.20	53,69,85,86	0
8	EDO	В	603	4/4	0.86	0.13	46,47,49,51	0
6	CL	A	604	1/1	0.88	0.14	54,54,54,54	0
6	CL	A	605	1/1	0.89	0.15	54,54,54,54	0
8	EDO	В	604	4/4	0.89	0.09	35,40,42,47	0
6	CL	В	605	1/1	0.91	0.10	51,51,51,51	0
4	CA	A	602	1/1	0.95	0.17	49,49,49,49	0
3	G6S	A	601	16/16	0.95	0.08	26,33,38,40	0
4	CA	В	602	1/1	0.97	0.12	44,44,44,44	0



The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

