



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 3, 2025 – 01:06 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9B4N / pdb_00009b4n
EMDB ID : EMD-44186
Title : Filament of Tau in complex with D-TLKIVWR, a D-peptide that disaggregates Alzheimer's Paired Helical Filaments, determined by Cryo-EM
Authors : Hou, K.; Ge, P.; Sawaya, M.R.; Eisenberg, D.S.
Deposited on : 2024-03-21
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : .

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

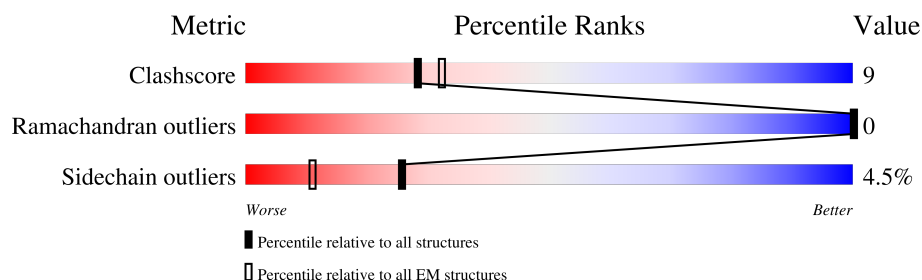
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	758	
1	B	758	
1	C	758	
1	D	758	
1	E	758	
1	F	758	
1	G	758	
1	H	758	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	I	758	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>8% .</div><div>90%</div></div>
1	J	758	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>8% .</div><div>90%</div></div>

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 5870 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

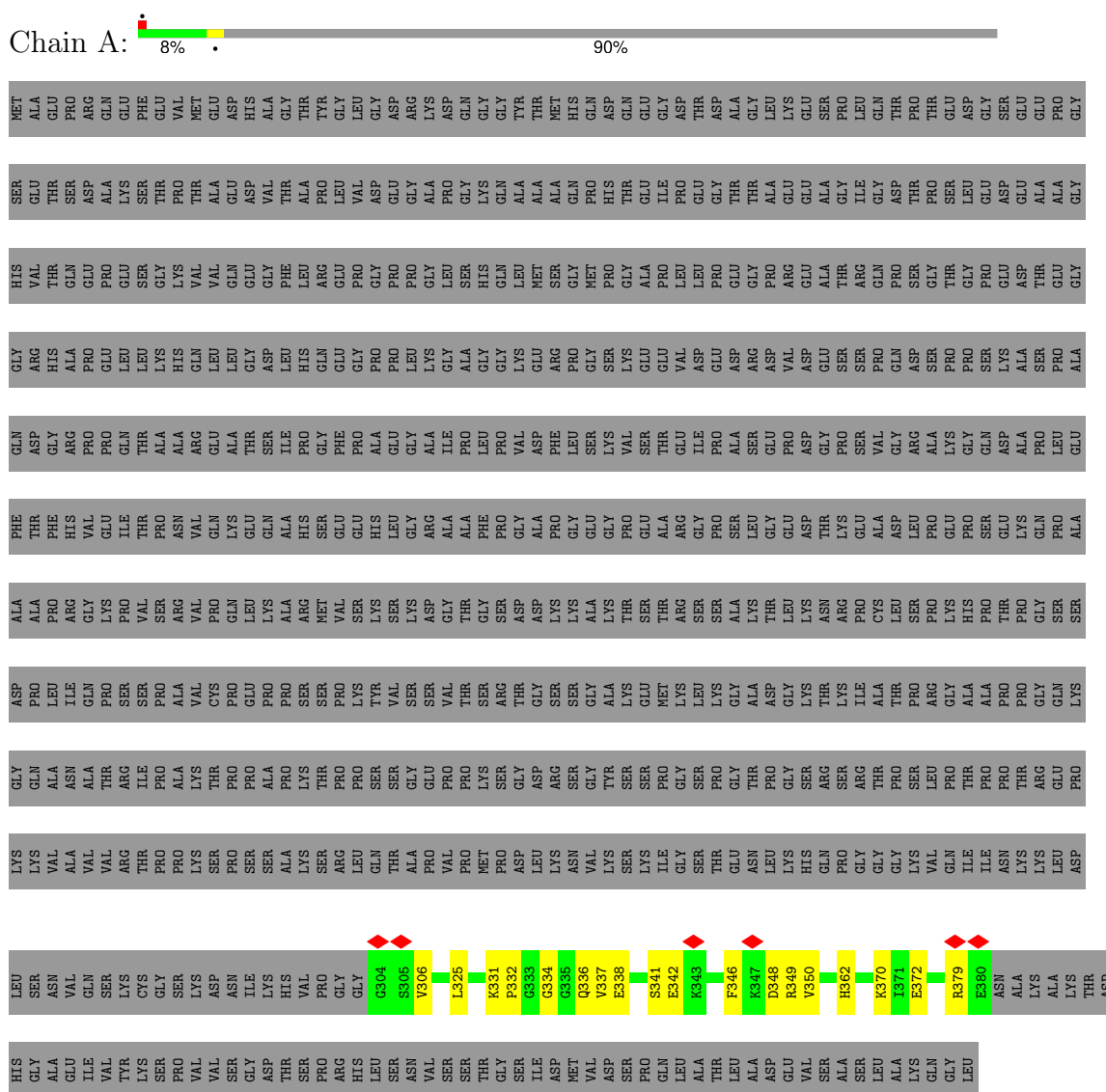
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Microtubule-associated protein tau.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	B	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	C	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	D	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	E	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	F	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	G	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	H	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	I	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	J	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Microtubule-associated protein tau

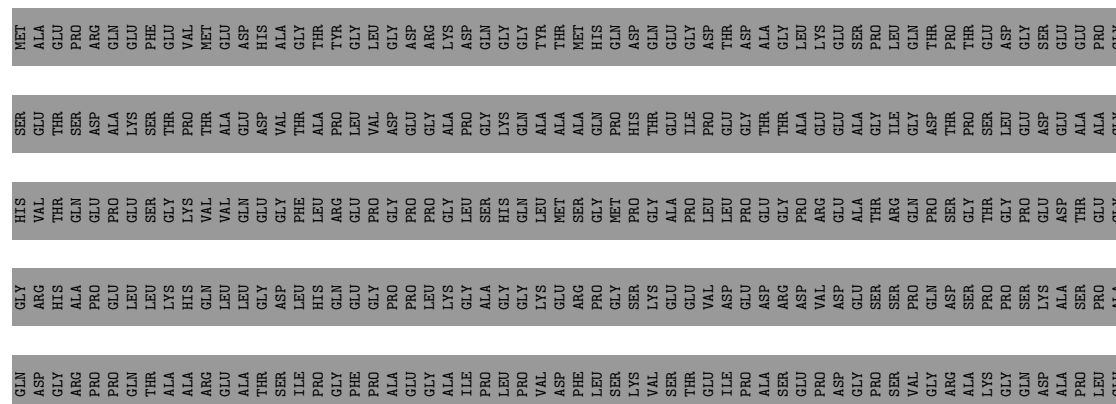


• Molecule 1: Microtubule-associated protein tau





Chain E: 8% 90%



Lys	THR	THR	LEU	LEU	LYS	LYS	GLY	ASP	ALA	PHE
	ASP	ASP	ASN	ASN	VAL	VAL	ALA	LEU	PRO	THR
	GLY	GLY	GLN	GLN	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLN	ARG	HIS
	ALA	ALA	SER	SER	ARG	ARG	ARG	SER	PRO	GLU
	GLU	GLU	LYS	LYS	THR	THR	ILE	SER	VAL	THR
	ILE	ILE	CYS	CYS	PRO	PRO	ALA	PRO	SER	ASN
	VAL	VAL	GLY	GLY	LYS	LYS	THR	VAL	PRO	GLN
	THR	THR	ASN	ASN	PRO	PRO	PRO	GLU	LYS	GLU
	VAL	VAL	ILE	ILE	SER	SER	ALA	PRO	LYS	GLU
	VAL	SER	HIS	HIS	ALA	ALA	PRO	PRO	ALA	ALA
Met	GLY	GLY	VAL	VAL	LYS	LYS	THR	SER	MET	VAL
	ASP	ASP	PRO	PRO	SER	SER	THR	SER	SER	VAL
	THR	THR	GLY	GLY	ARG	ARG	PRO	PRO	VAL	SER
	ASN	ASN	GLY	GLY	PRO	PRO	PRO	LYS	THR	ALA
	VAL	VAL	MET	MET	LYS	LYS	LYS	SER	GLY	PHE
	SER	SER	PRO	PRO	ASP	ASP	GLY	THR	ASP	PRO
	THR	THR	LEU	LEU	LYS	LYS	ASP	GLY	LYS	ALA
	GLY	GLY	ASN	ASN	VAL	VAL	SER	SER	GLY	ALA
	ILE	ILE	G333	G334	LYS	LYS	ARG	SER	GLY	GLU
	ASP	ASP	G335	G336	LYS	LYS	TTR	ALA	LYS	GLY
Pro	MET	MET	Q337	Q337	SER	SER	SER	LYS	THR	PRO
	VAL	VAL	E338	E338	ILE	ILE	PRO	MET	THR	ALA
	ASP	ASP	E338	E338	GLY	GLY	GLY	LYS	ARG	ALA
	SER	SER	S441	S441	SER	SER	SER	LEU	SER	GLY
	PRO	PRO	E342	E342	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	PRO
	GLN	GLN	X343	X343	GLU	GLU	GLY	GLY	ALA	SER
	LEU	LEU	L344	L344	ASN	ASN	THR	ALA	LYS	THR
	THR	THR	D346	D346	LEU	LEU	PRO	ASP	THR	GLY
	LEU	LEU	F346	F346	LYS	LYS	GLY	GLY	LEU	GLY
	ALA	ALA	X347	X347	HIS	HIS	SER	LYS	LYS	ASP
Ser	ASP	ASP	D348	D348	GLN	GLN	ARG	THR	ASN	THR
	GLU	GLU	R349	R349	PRO	PRO	SER	LYS	ARG	LYS
	VAL	VAL	V350	V350	GLY	GLY	ARG	ILE	PRO	GLU
	SER	SER	H362	H362	GLY	GLY	THR	ALA	CYS	THR
	ALA	ALA	H362	H362	LYS	LYS	PRO	THR	LEU	ASP
	SER	SER	L370	L370	VAL	VAL	LEU	ARG	SER	PRO
	LEU	LEU	X371	X371	GLN	GLN	LEU	GLY	LYS	GLU
	ALA	ALA	E372	E372	ILE	ILE	THR	ALA	HIS	PRO
	GLN	GLN	R379	R379	ASN	ASN	PRO	PRO	PRO	GLU
	GLY	GLY	X380	X380	LYS	LYS	THR	LYS	THR	GLY
Glu	LEU	LEU	E380	E380	LEU	LEU	ARG	GLU	SER	GLN
	ASN	ASN	ALA	ALA	ASP	ASP	GLU	GLN	SER	ALA
	LYS	LYS	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	THR	THR	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	ASP	ASP	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	GLU	GLU	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	VAL	VAL	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	SER	SER	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA
	LEU	LEU	ALA	ALA	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	SER	ALA

- Molecule 1: Microtubule-associated protein tau

Chain G:  8% 90%

[illegible]



LEU	SER	ASN	VAL	GLN	SER	LYS	CYS	GLY	SER	LYS	ASP	ASN	ILE	LYS	HIS	VAL	PRO	GLY	GLY	G304	S305	V306	L325	P332	G333	G334	Q335	Q336	V337	E338	S341	E342	K343	F346	K347	D348	R349	V350	H362	K370	I371	E372	R379	E380	ASN	ALA	LYS	ALA	LYS	THR	ASP	HIS
GLY	ALA	GLU	ILE	VAL	TYR	LYS	SER	PRO	VAL	VAL	SER	GLY	ASP	THR	SER	PRO	ARG	HIS	LEU	SER	ASN	VAL	SER	SER	THR	GLY	SER	ILE	ASP	MET	VAL	ASP	SER	PRO	GLN	LEU	ALA	THR	LEU	ALA	ASP	GLU	VAL	SER	ALA	SER	LEU	ALA	LYS	GLN	GLY	LEU

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=179.46°, rise=2.410 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	7821	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	25.874	Depositor
Minimum map value	-20.614	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	5.7	Depositor
Map size (Å)	406.08, 406.08, 406.08	wwPDB
Map dimensions	432, 432, 432	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.94, 0.94, 0.94	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	B	0.28	0/596	0.37	0/797
1	C	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	D	0.28	0/596	0.37	0/797
1	E	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	F	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	G	0.28	0/596	0.37	0/797
1	H	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	I	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	J	0.28	0/596	0.36	0/797
All	All	0.28	0/5960	0.36	0/7970

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	587	0	606	14	0
1	B	587	0	606	23	0
1	C	587	0	606	13	0
1	D	587	0	606	23	0
1	E	587	0	606	23	0
1	F	587	0	606	23	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	G	587	0	606	23	0
1	H	587	0	606	23	0
1	I	587	0	606	14	0
1	J	587	0	606	13	0
All	All	5870	0	6060	111	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 111 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:370:LYS:NZ	1:A:372:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.65
1:D:370:LYS:NZ	1:D:372:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.65
1:F:370:LYS:NZ	1:F:372:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.65
1:H:370:LYS:NZ	1:H:372:GLU:OE1	2.31	0.64
1:J:370:LYS:NZ	1:J:372:GLU:OE1	2.31	0.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	B	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	C	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	D	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	E	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	F	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	G	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	H	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	I	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	J	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
All	All	750/7580 (10%)	670 (89%)	80 (11%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	B	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	C	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	D	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	E	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	F	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	G	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	H	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	I	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
1	J	67/616 (11%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	23	53
All	All	670/6160 (11%)	640 (96%)	30 (4%)	26	53

5 of 30 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	342	GLU
1	J	306	VAL
1	F	342	GLU
1	J	342	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	I	306	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 21 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	368	ASN
1	I	368	ASN
1	J	374	HIS
1	I	374	HIS
1	H	368	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

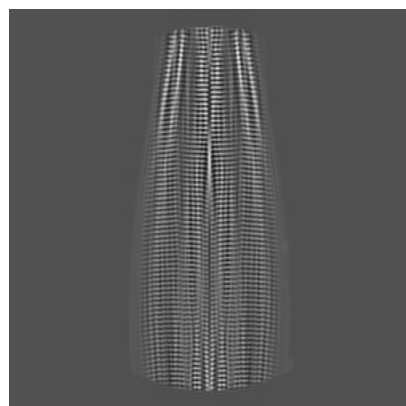
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-44186. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

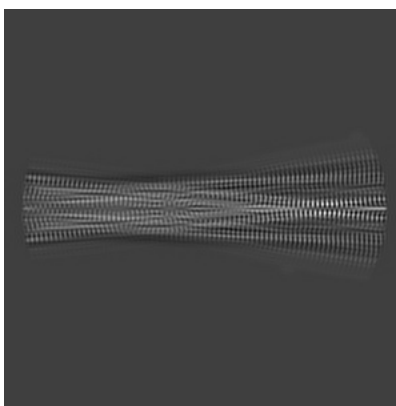
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

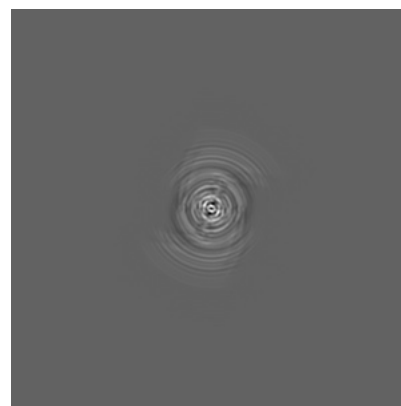
6.1.1 Primary map



X

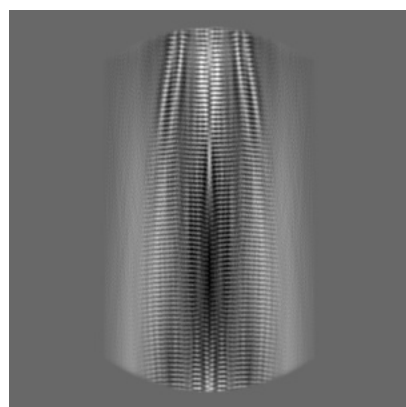


Y

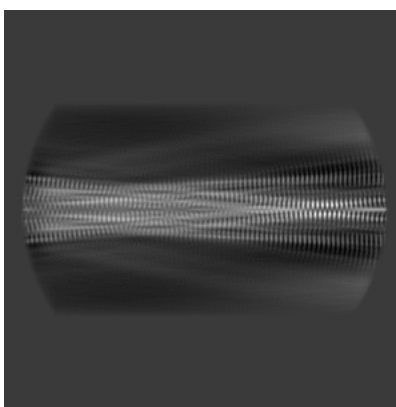


Z

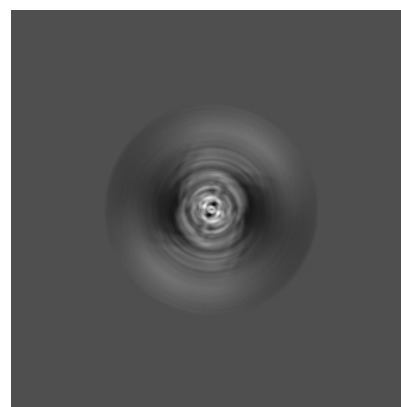
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

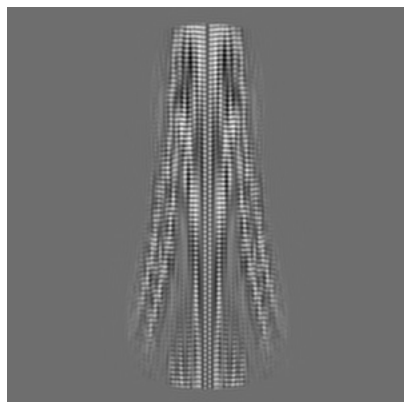


Z

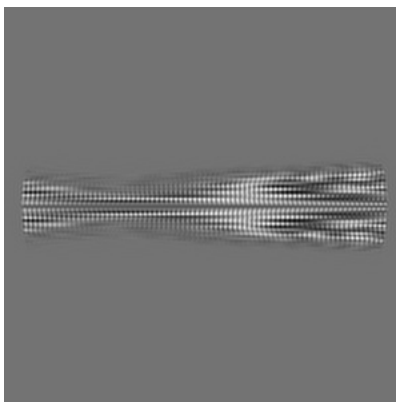
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

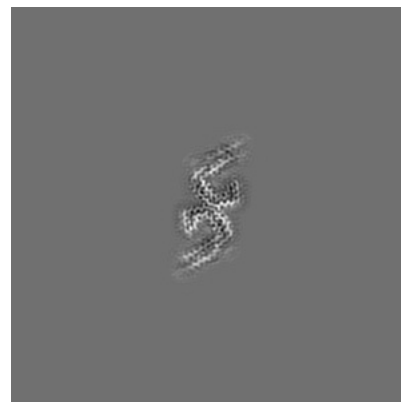
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 216

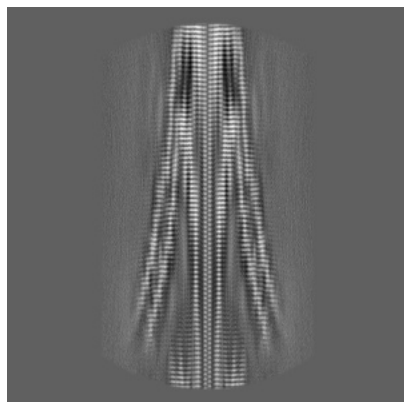


Y Index: 216

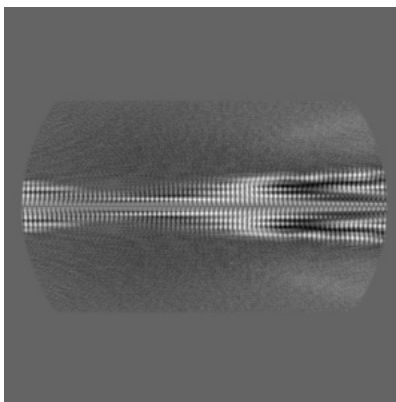


Z Index: 216

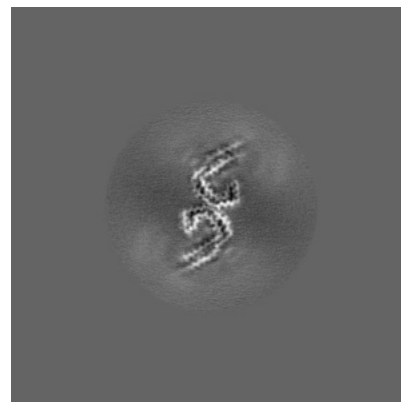
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 216



Y Index: 216

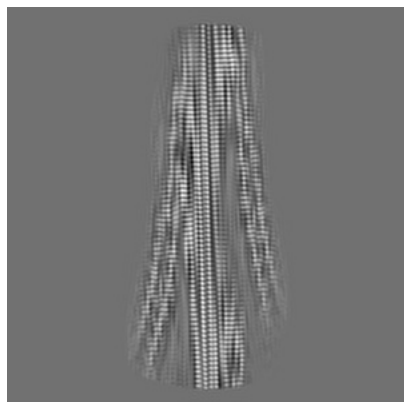


Z Index: 216

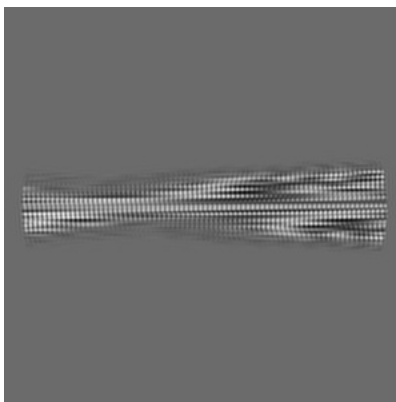
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 223

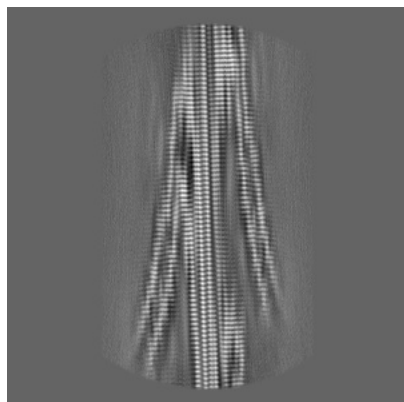


Y Index: 219

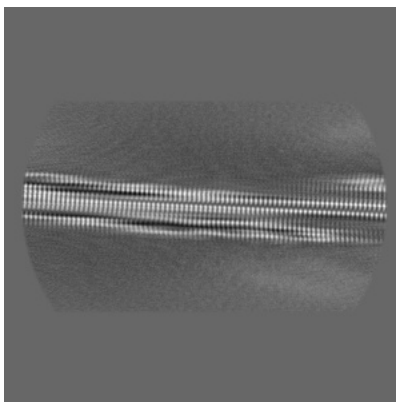


Z Index: 172

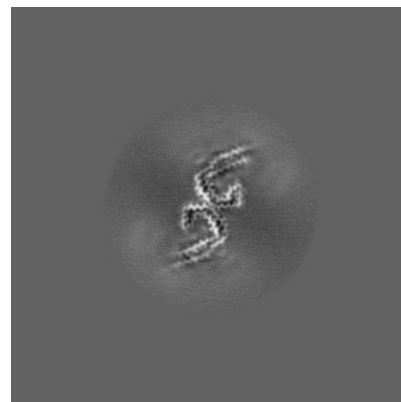
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 223



Y Index: 204

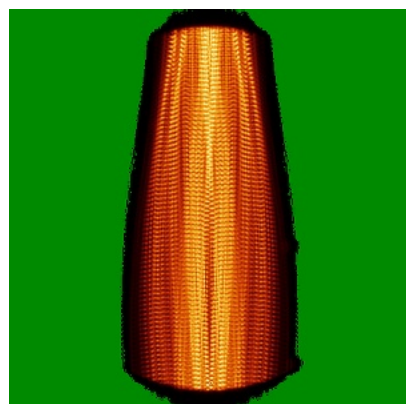


Z Index: 254

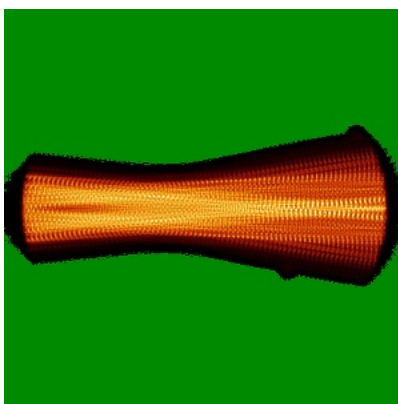
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

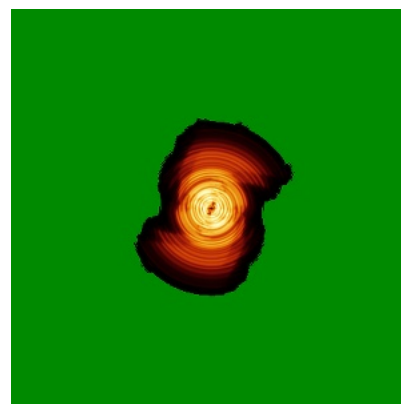
6.4.1 Primary map



X

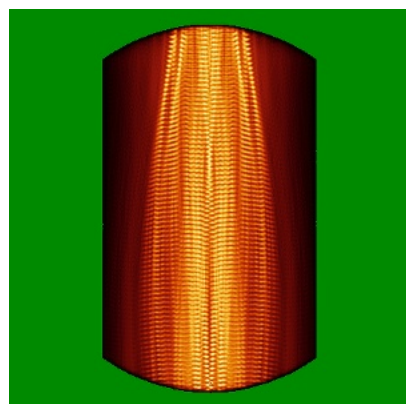


Y

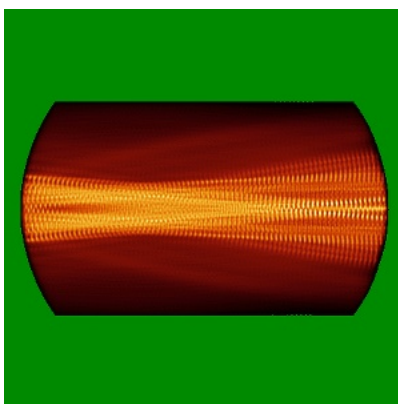


Z

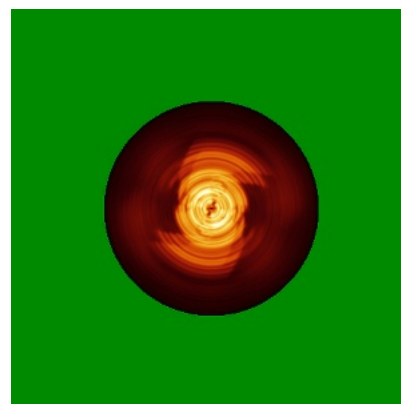
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 5.7. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

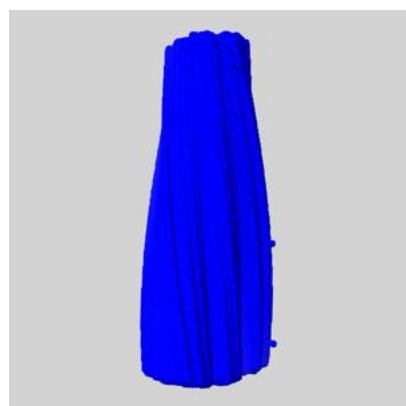
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

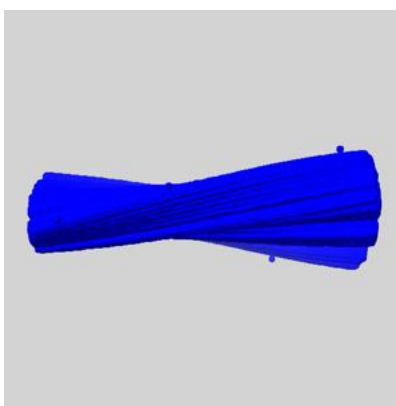
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

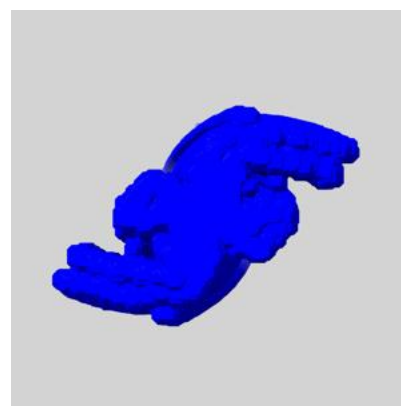
6.6.1 emd_44186_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

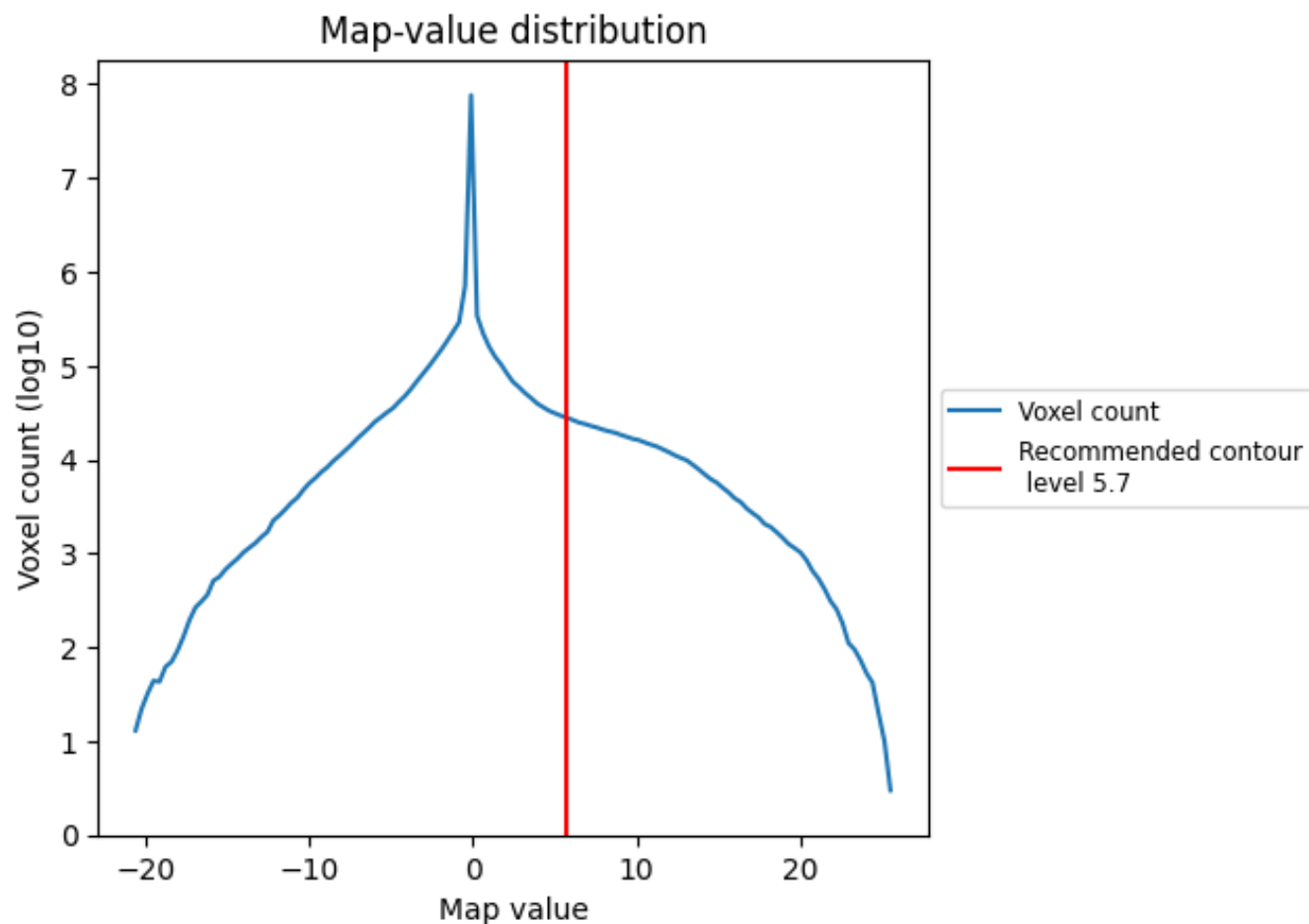


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

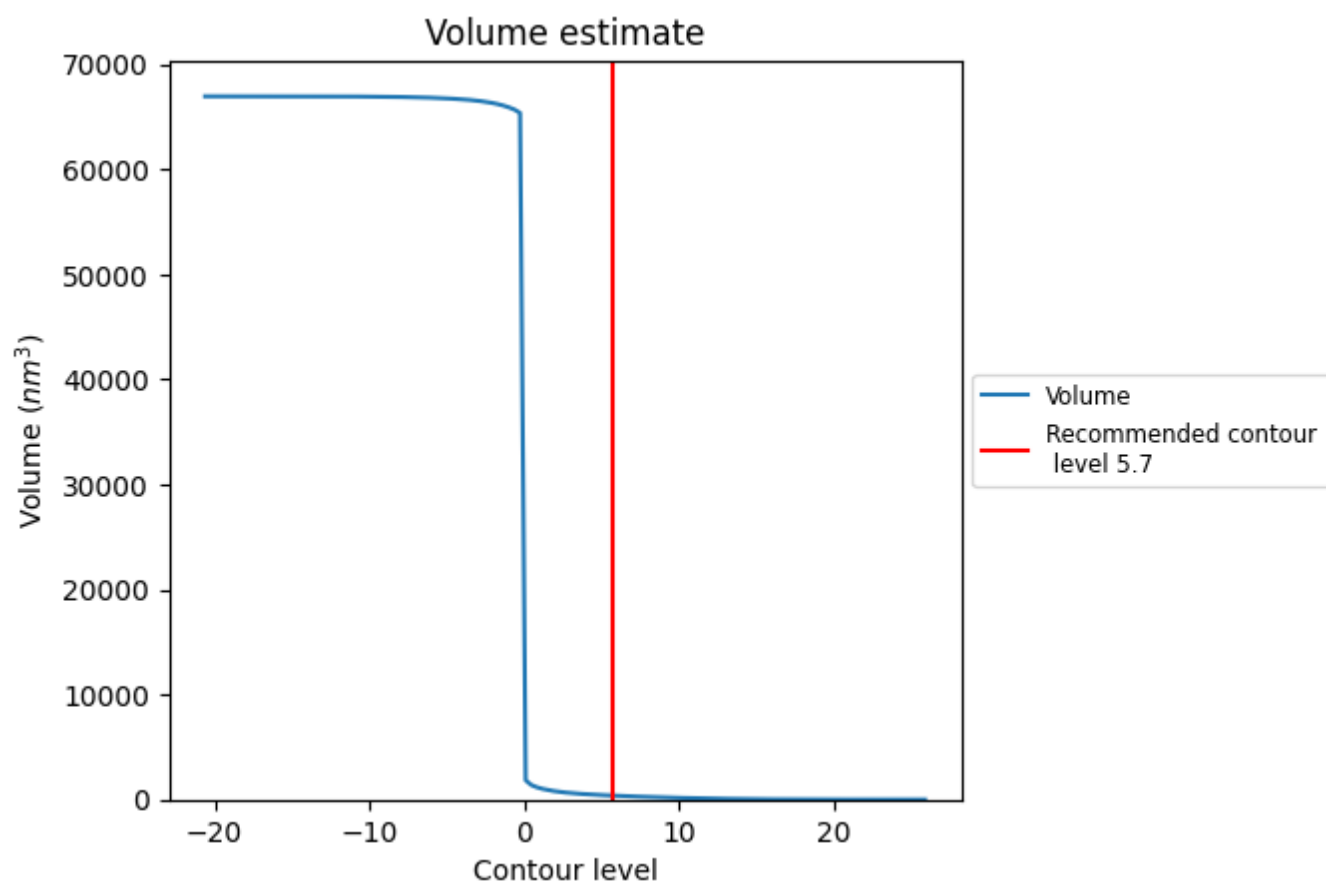
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

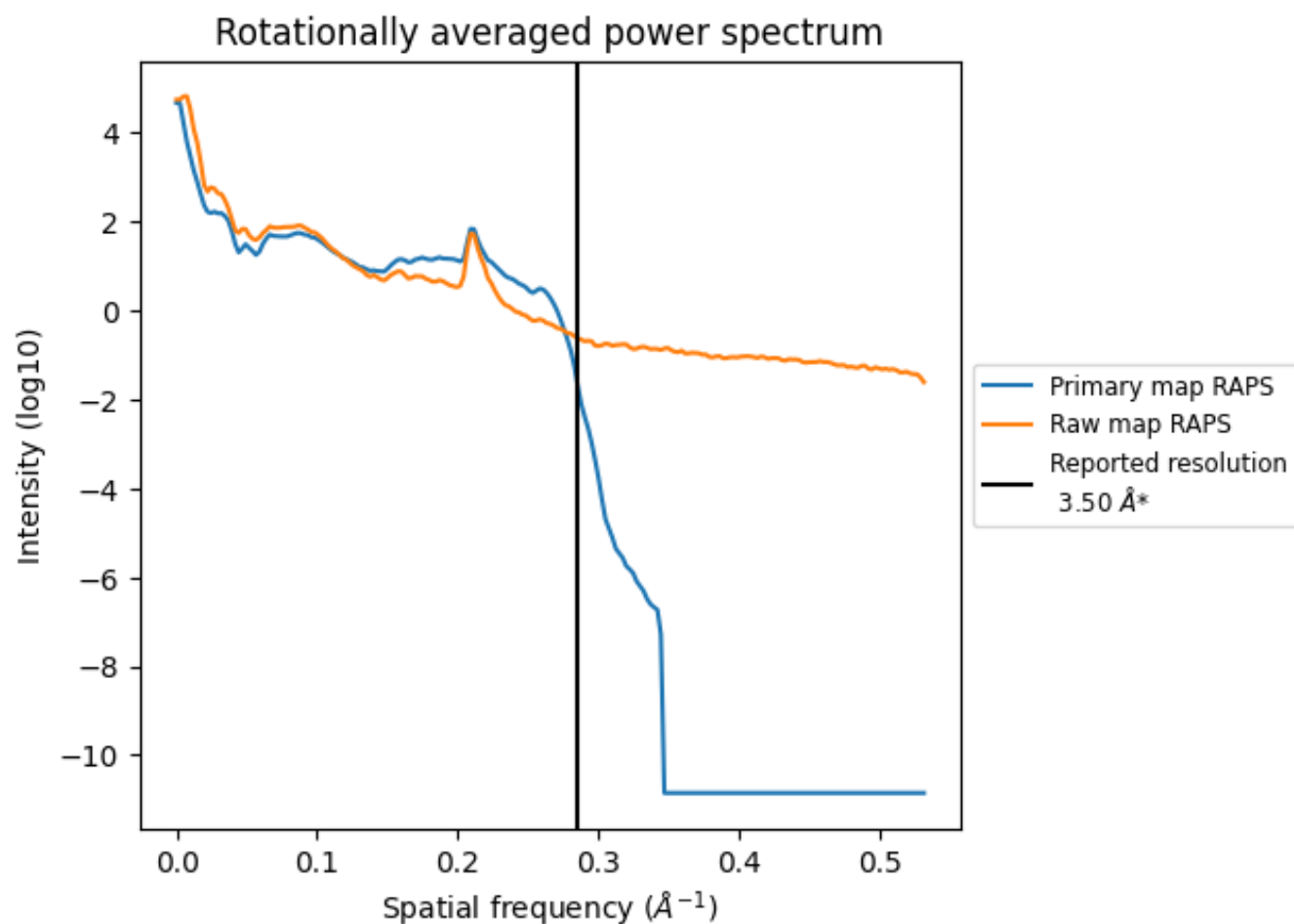
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 378 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 341 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

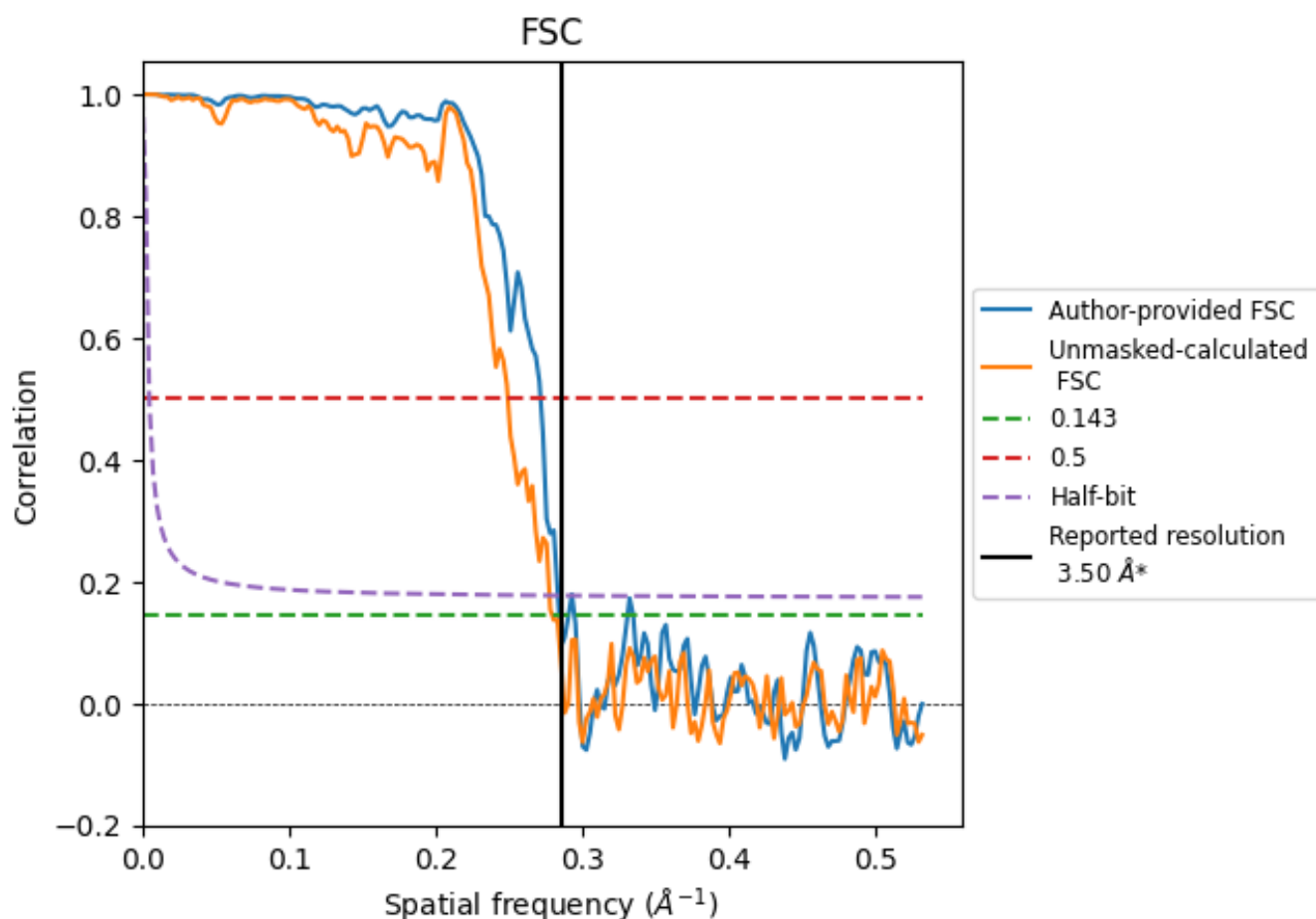


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.52	3.68	3.53
Unmasked-calculated*	3.57	4.01	3.60

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-44186 and PDB model 9B4N. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



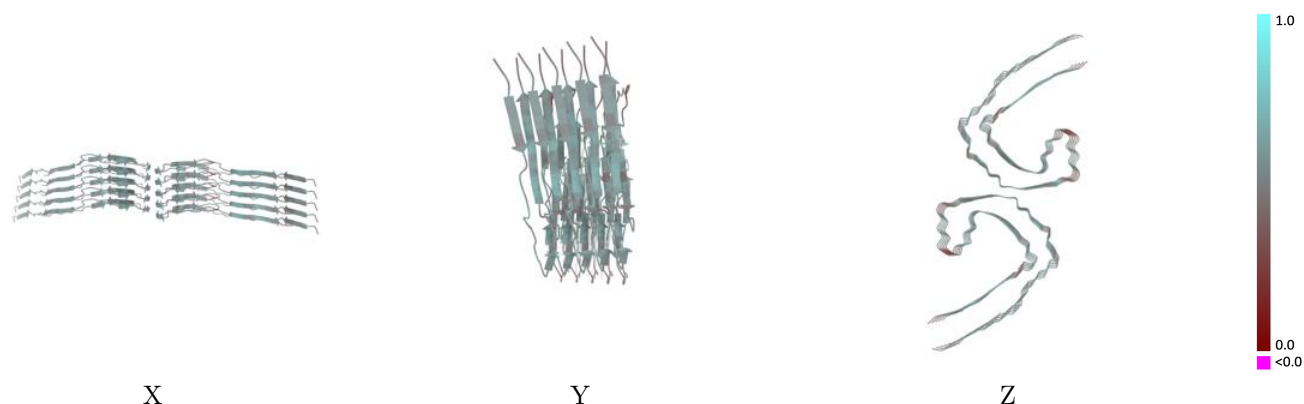
Y



Z

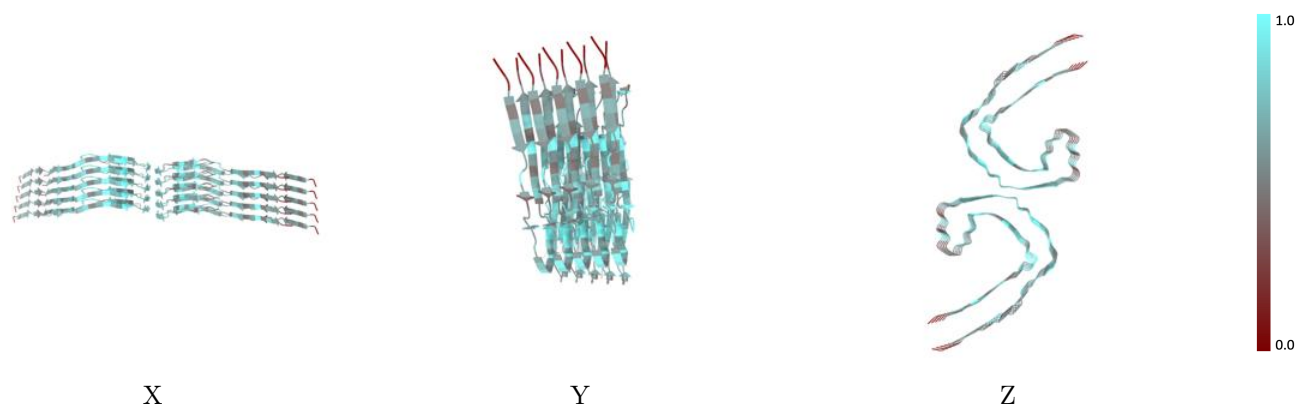
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 5.7 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



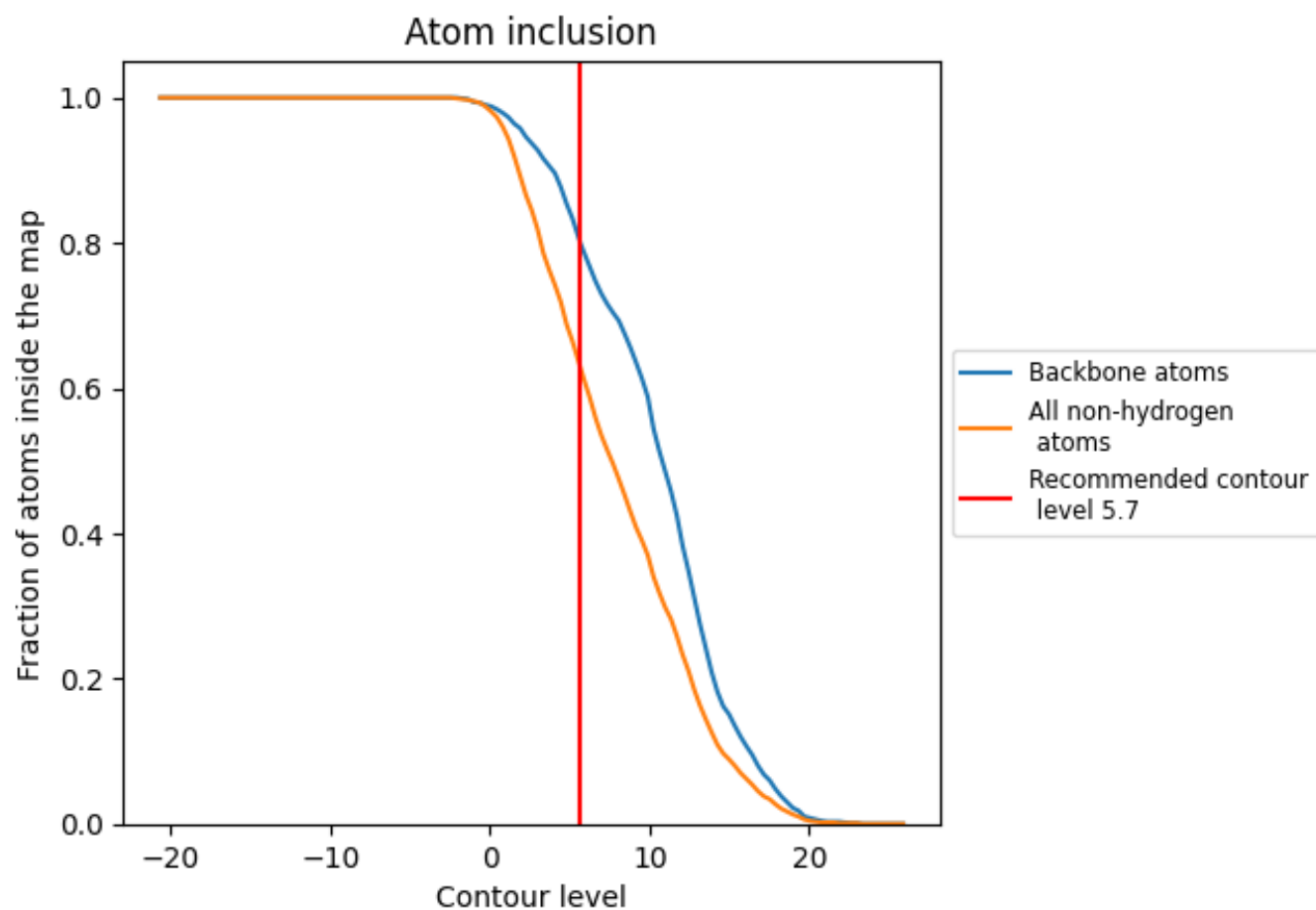
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (5.7).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 63% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (5.7) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.6260	<div></div> 0.5190
A	<div></div> 0.6240	<div></div> 0.5190
B	<div></div> 0.6270	<div></div> 0.5200
C	<div></div> 0.6250	<div></div> 0.5170
D	<div></div> 0.6290	<div></div> 0.5210
E	<div></div> 0.6170	<div></div> 0.5190
F	<div></div> 0.6310	<div></div> 0.5210
G	<div></div> 0.6240	<div></div> 0.5190
H	<div></div> 0.6310	<div></div> 0.5210
I	<div></div> 0.6250	<div></div> 0.5170
J	<div></div> 0.6310	<div></div> 0.5180

1.0

0.0

<0.0