

# wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jan 4, 2025 – 09:11 AM EST

PDB ID	:	5AI2
Title	:	Anomalous Neutron phased crystal structure of 113Cd-substituted Perdeuter-
		ated Pyrococcus furiosus rubredoxin to $1.75A$ resolution at $295K$
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Deposited on	:	2015-02-11
Resolution	:	1.75  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $NEUTRON\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	e Pe	ercentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore			1
Ramachandran outliers			<b>i</b> o
Sidechain outliers			0
	Worse	Bet	ter
	Percentile relative to all X-ray stru	uctures	
	Percentile relative to X-ray structu	ures of similar resolution	

Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\# \textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$		
Clashscore	180529	3097 (1.76-1.76)		
Ramachandran outliers	177936	3072 (1.76-1.76)		
Sidechain outliers	177891	3072 (1.76-1.76)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	А	54	100%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1020 atoms, of which 57 are hydrogens and 457 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called RUBREDOXIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	54	Total	С	D	Η	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	02	45	0
	А	54	936	290	423	57	68	93	5	23	40	U

• Molecule 2 is CADMIUM ION (three-letter code: CD) (formula: Cd).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 1	Cd 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is deuterium(1+) (three-letter code: D8U) (formula: D).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	3	Total D 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	48	Total 80	D 31	O 49	0	1



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: RUBREDOXIN

Chain A:

100%

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.



# 4 Model quality (i)

## 4.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DOD, CD, D8U

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVI01	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.25	0/783	0.37	0/1059	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 4.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	879	57	149	0	0
2	А	1	0	0	0	0
3	А	3	0	0	0	0
4	А	80	0	0	1	0
All	All	963	57	149	1	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (1) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 4.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 4.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	94/54~(174%)	94 (100%)	0	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 4.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	82/46~(178%)	82 (100%)	0	100 100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 4.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 4.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 4.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 4.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 4.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

