wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report

Jul 20, 2026 – 07:51 PM JST

PDB ID	:	24ID / pdb_000024id
EMDB ID	:	EMD-69539
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of the monomeric WDR11-FAM91A1-C17orf75 complex
Authors	:	Liu, Z.M.; Zhang, Y.F.; Chen, Z.Y.; Chen, Z.G.; Ding, J.P.
Deposited on	:	2026-03-04
Resolution	:	3.34 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

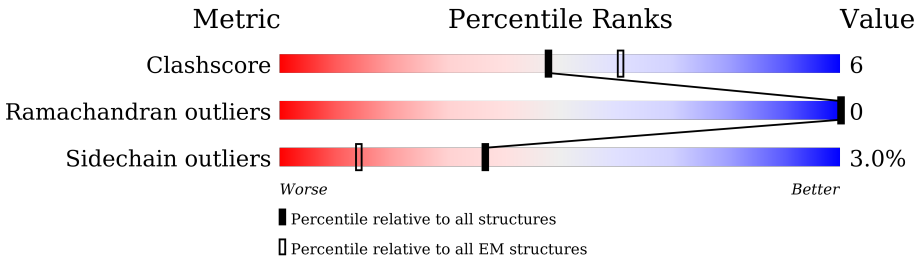
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

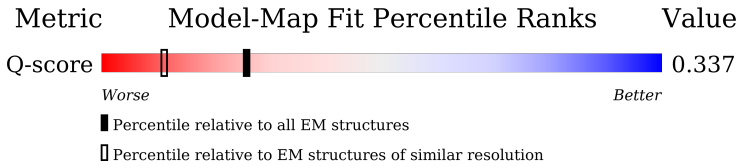
1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.34 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	14446 (2.84 - 3.84)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	410	8% 58% 10% 32%
2	A	1238	64% 14% 21%
3	B	851	35% 8% 56%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12928 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein Njmu-R1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	C	280	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2255	1444	374	416	21		

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-13	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-12	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-11	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-10	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-9	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-8	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-7	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-6	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-5	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-4	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-3	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0
C	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HAS0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called WD repeat-containing protein 11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	A	981	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7735	4947	1325	1417	46		

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-13	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-12	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-11	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-10	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-9	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-8	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-7	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-6	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-5	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-4	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-3	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6
A	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BZH6

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protein FAM91A1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	B	373	2938	1880	512	531	15	1	0

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

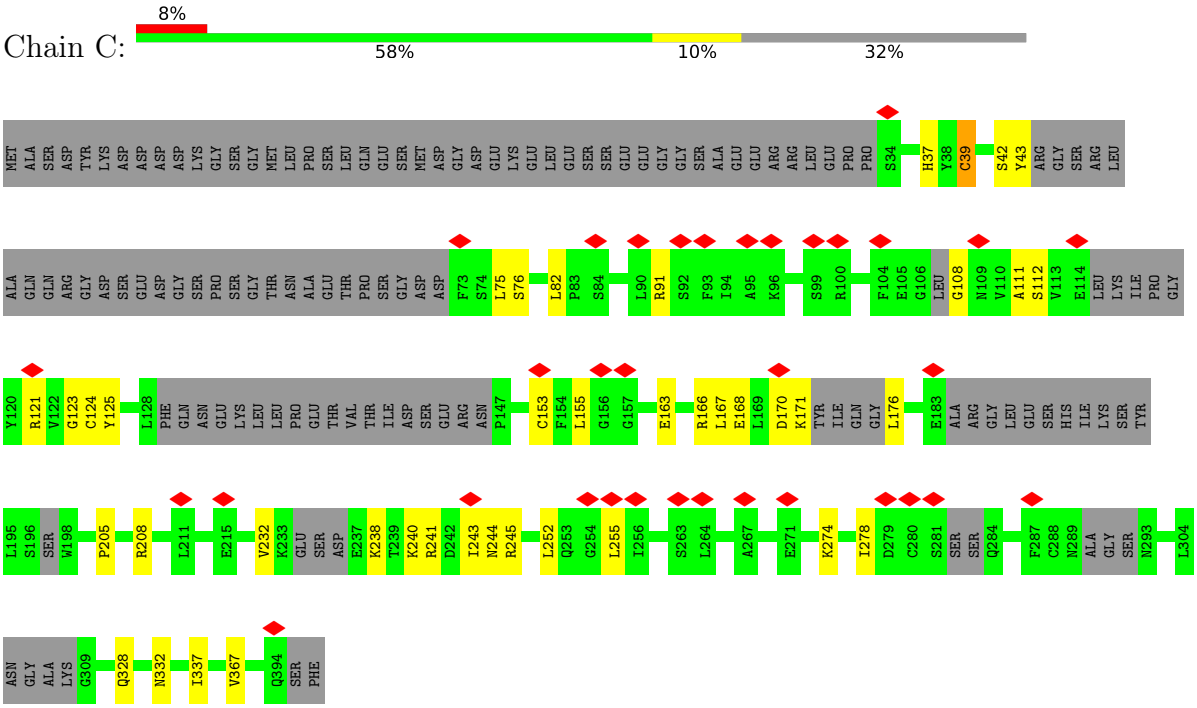
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-12	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q658Y4
B	-11	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-10	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-8	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-7	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-6	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-5	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-4	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-3	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-2	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4
B	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q658Y4

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

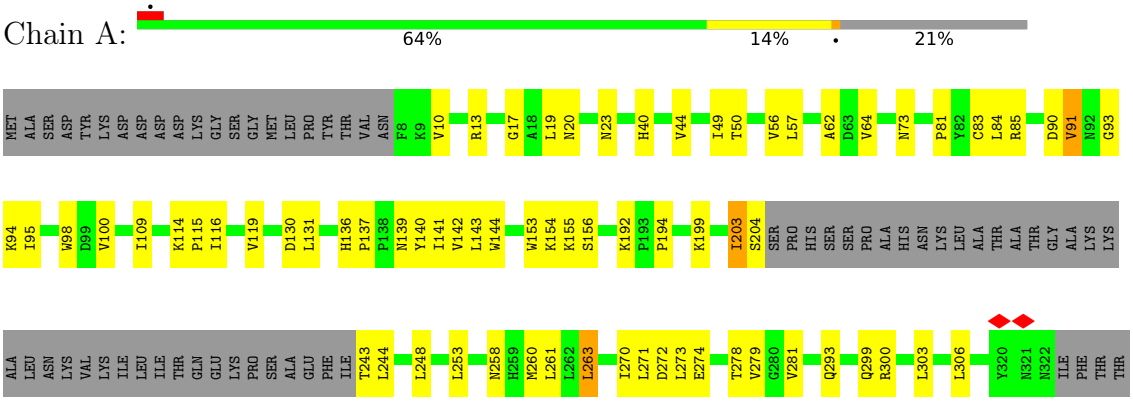
• Molecule 1: Protein Njmu-R1

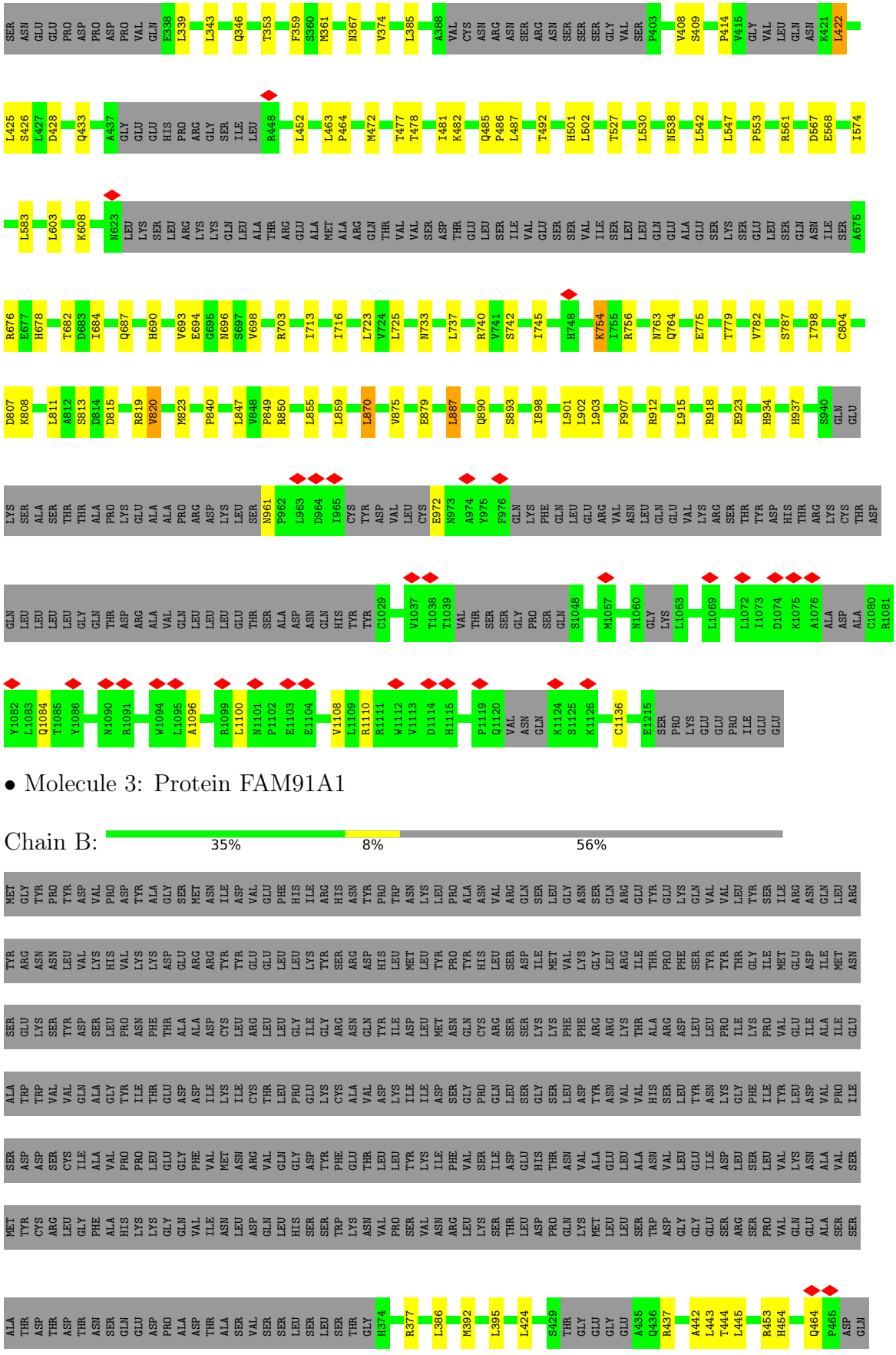
Chain C:



• Molecule 2: WD repeat-containing protein 11

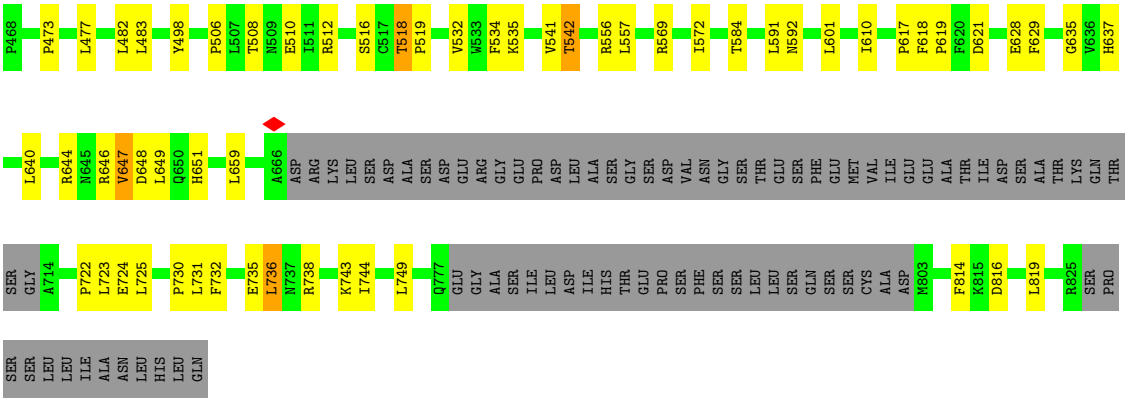
Chain A:





• Molecule 3: Protein FAM91A1

Chain B:


P468 P473 L477 L482 L483 Y498 P506 L507 T508 N509 E510 I511 R512 S516 C517 T518 P519 V532 W533 F534 K535 V541 T542 R556 L557 R569 I572 T584 L591 N592 L601 I610 P617 F618 P619 F620 D621 E628 F629 G635 V636 H637
L640 R644 N645 R646 V647 D648 L649 Q650 H651 L659 A666 ASP ARG LYS LEU SER ASP ALA SER ASP GLU ARG GLY GLU PRO ASP LEU ALA SER GLY SER ASP VAL ASN GLY SER THR GLU SER PHE GLU MET VAL ILE GLU GLU ALA THR ILE ASP SER ALA THR LYS GLN THR
SER GLY A714 P722 L723 E724 L725 P730 L731 F732 E735 L736 N737 R738 K743 I744 L749 Q777 GLU GLY ALA SER ILE LEU LEU ASP ILE HIS THR GLU PRO SER PHE SER SER LEU LEU SER GLN SER SER CYS ALA ASP M803 F814 K815 D816 L819 R825 SER PRO
SER SER LEU LEU ILE ALA ASN LEU HIS LEU GLN

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	65199	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.044	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.002	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.013	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.006	Depositor
Map size (Å)	447.36, 447.36, 447.36	wwPDB
Map dimensions	480, 480, 480	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.932, 0.932, 0.932	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	C	0.07	0/2290	0.20	0/3066
2	A	0.08	0/7899	0.23	0/10717
3	B	0.08	0/3003	0.22	0/4073
All	All	0.08	0/13192	0.22	0/17856

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	2255	0	2227	22	0
2	A	7735	0	7760	94	0
3	B	2938	0	2971	36	0
All	All	12928	0	12958	152	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 152 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:687:GLN:HE21	2:A:703:ARG:HG2	1.56	0.70

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:114:LYS:HB2	2:A:137:PRO:HG3	1.74	0.68
2:A:64:VAL:HA	2:A:90:ASP:HA	1.75	0.68
3:B:508:THR:HG22	3:B:510:GLU:H	1.60	0.67
2:A:754:LYS:HD3	2:A:756:ARG:HH22	1.60	0.65

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	256/410 (62%)	252 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
2	A	953/1238 (77%)	925 (97%)	28 (3%)	0	100	100
3	B	364/851 (43%)	352 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1573/2499 (63%)	1529 (97%)	44 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	252/360 (70%)	246 (98%)	6 (2%)	43	65
2	A	856/1084 (79%)	828 (97%)	28 (3%)	33	59
3	B	332/759 (44%)	323 (97%)	9 (3%)	39	63

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1440/2203 (65%)	1397 (97%)	43 (3%)	37 61

5 of 43 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	782	VAL
3	B	443	LEU
2	A	820	VAL
2	A	887	LEU
3	B	518	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 33 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	B	464	GLN
3	B	565	GLN
3	B	756	GLN
2	A	367	ASN
2	A	321	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

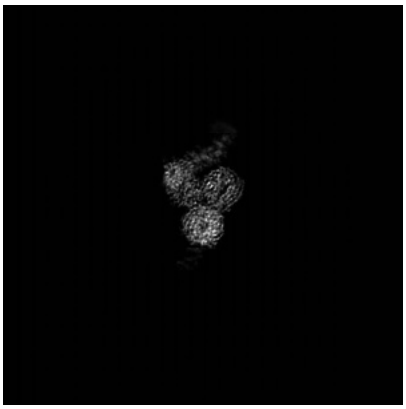
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-69539. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

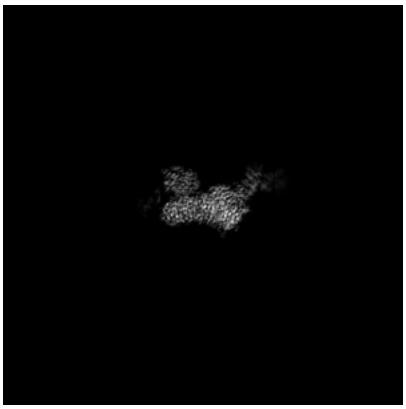
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

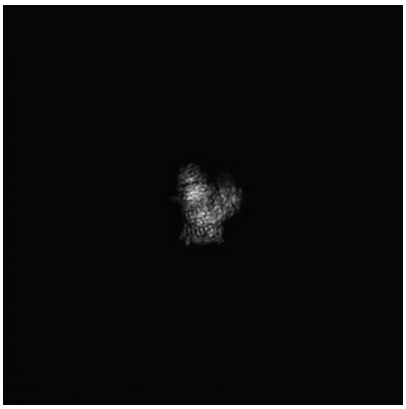
6.1.1 Primary map



X

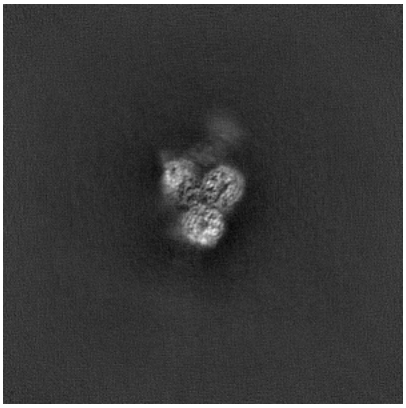


Y

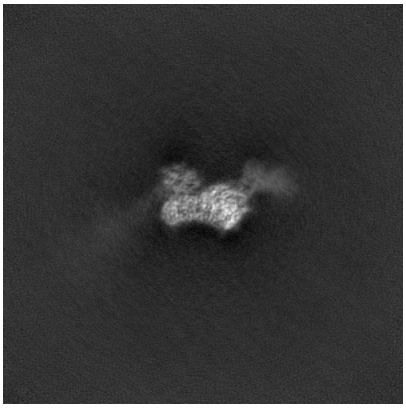


Z

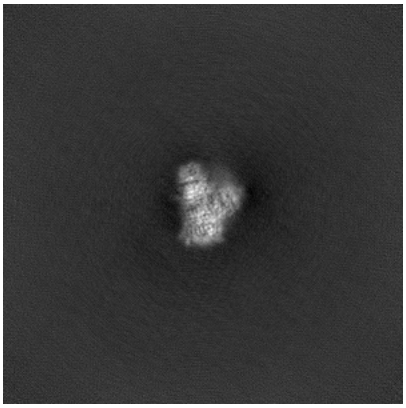
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

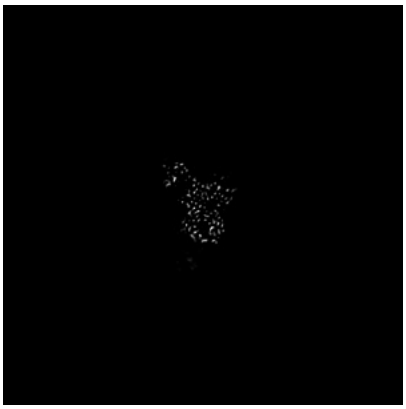


Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map

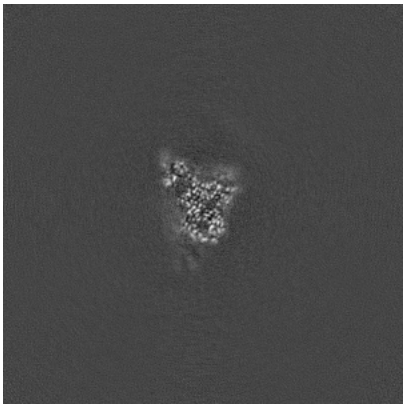


X Index: 240

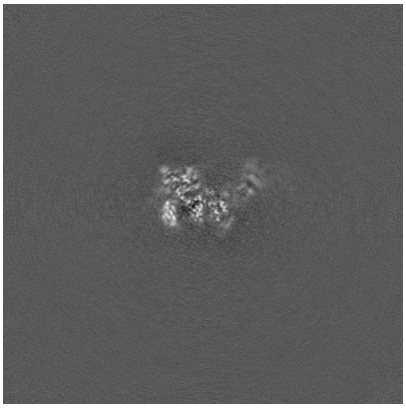
Y Index: 240

Z Index: 240

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 240



Y Index: 240

Z Index: 240

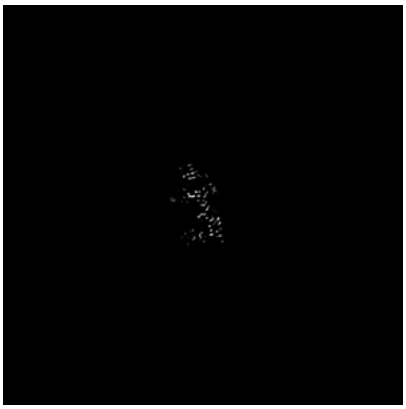
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map

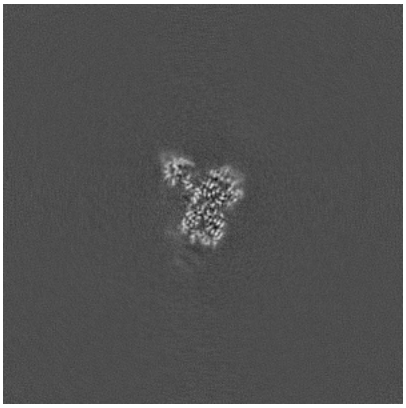
X Index: 233

Y Index: 247

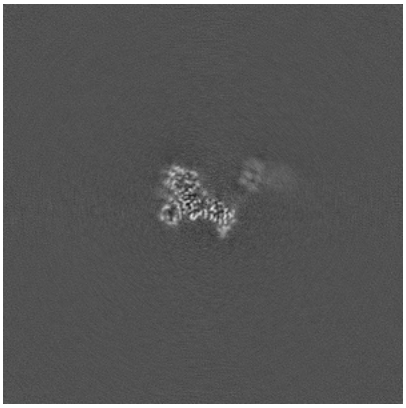


Z Index: 262

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 234



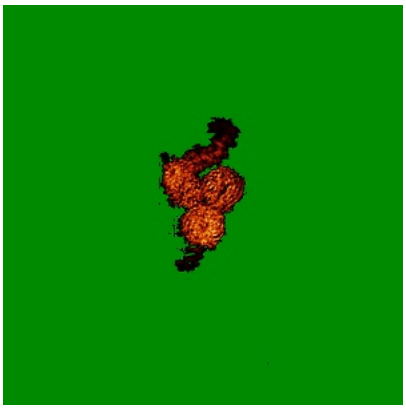
Y Index: 247

Z Index: 266

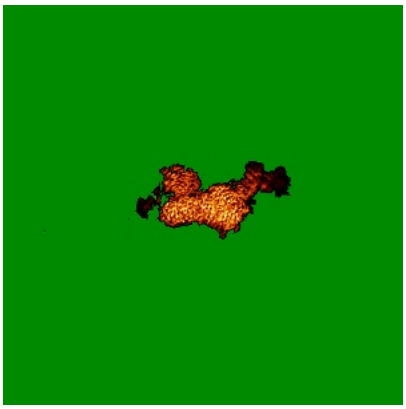
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

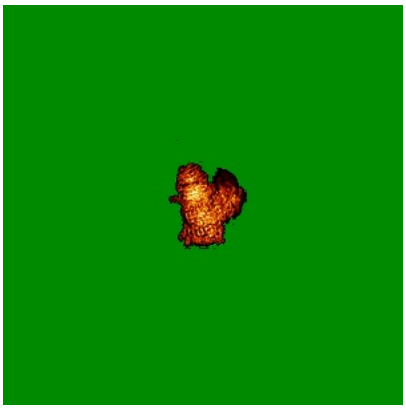
6.4.1 Primary map



X

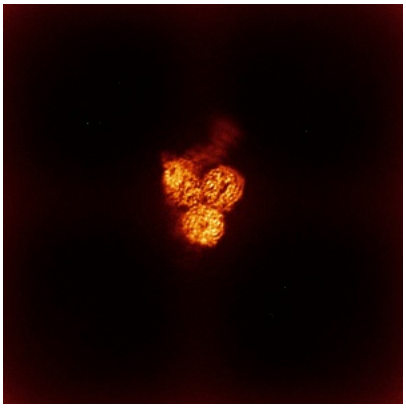


Y

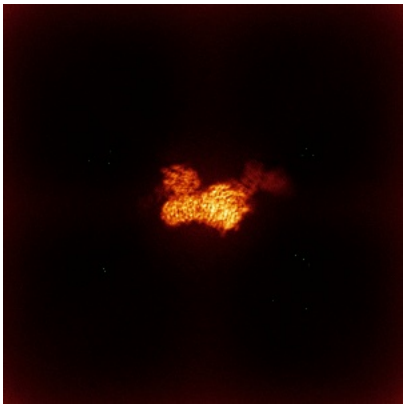


Z

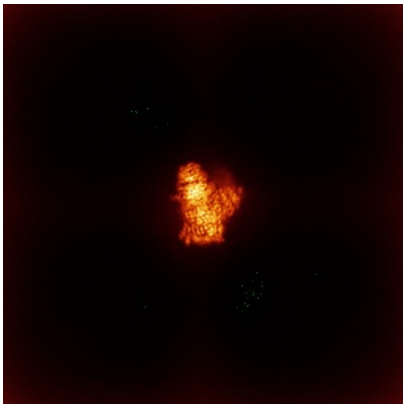
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map

X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.006. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map

X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

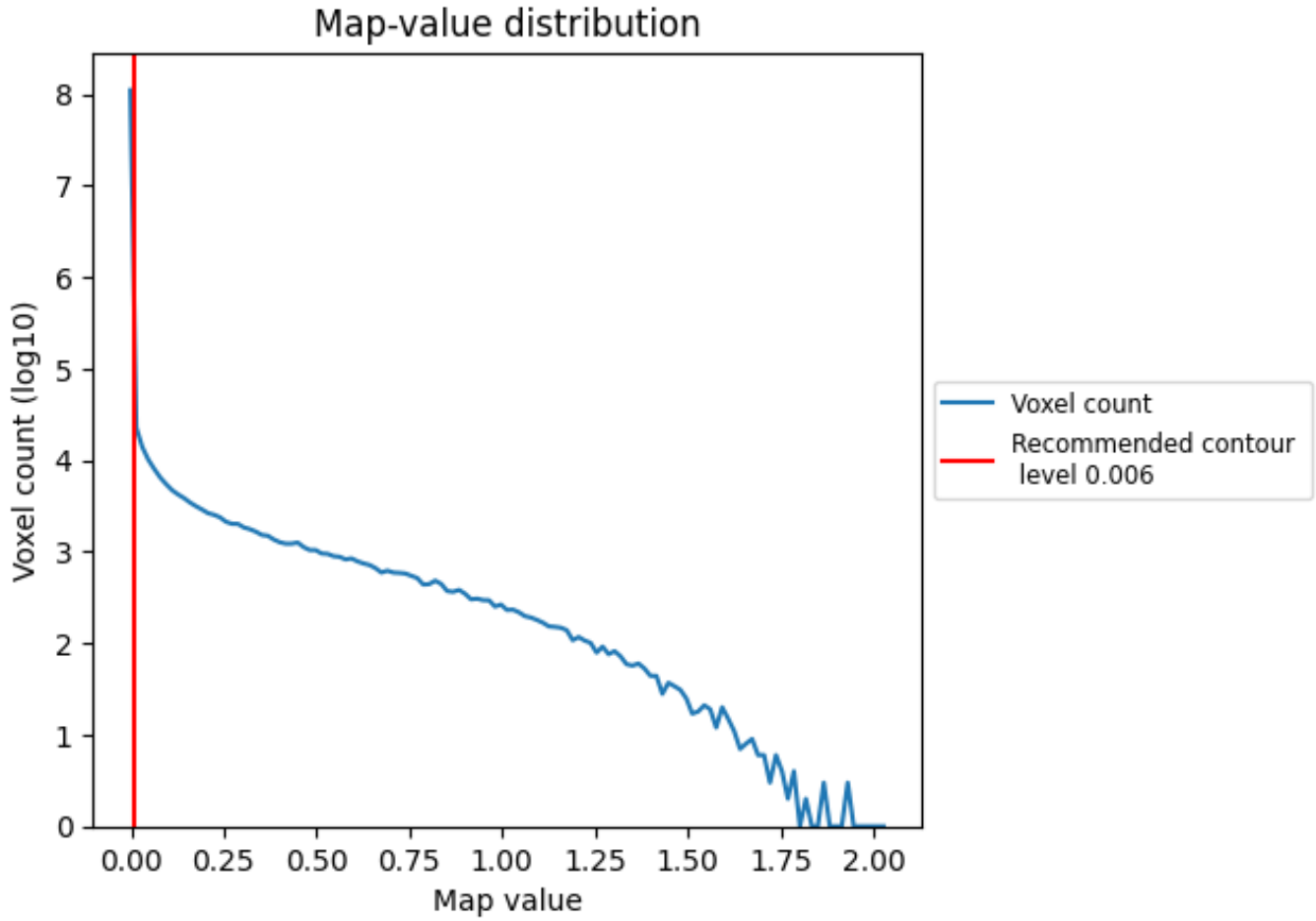
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

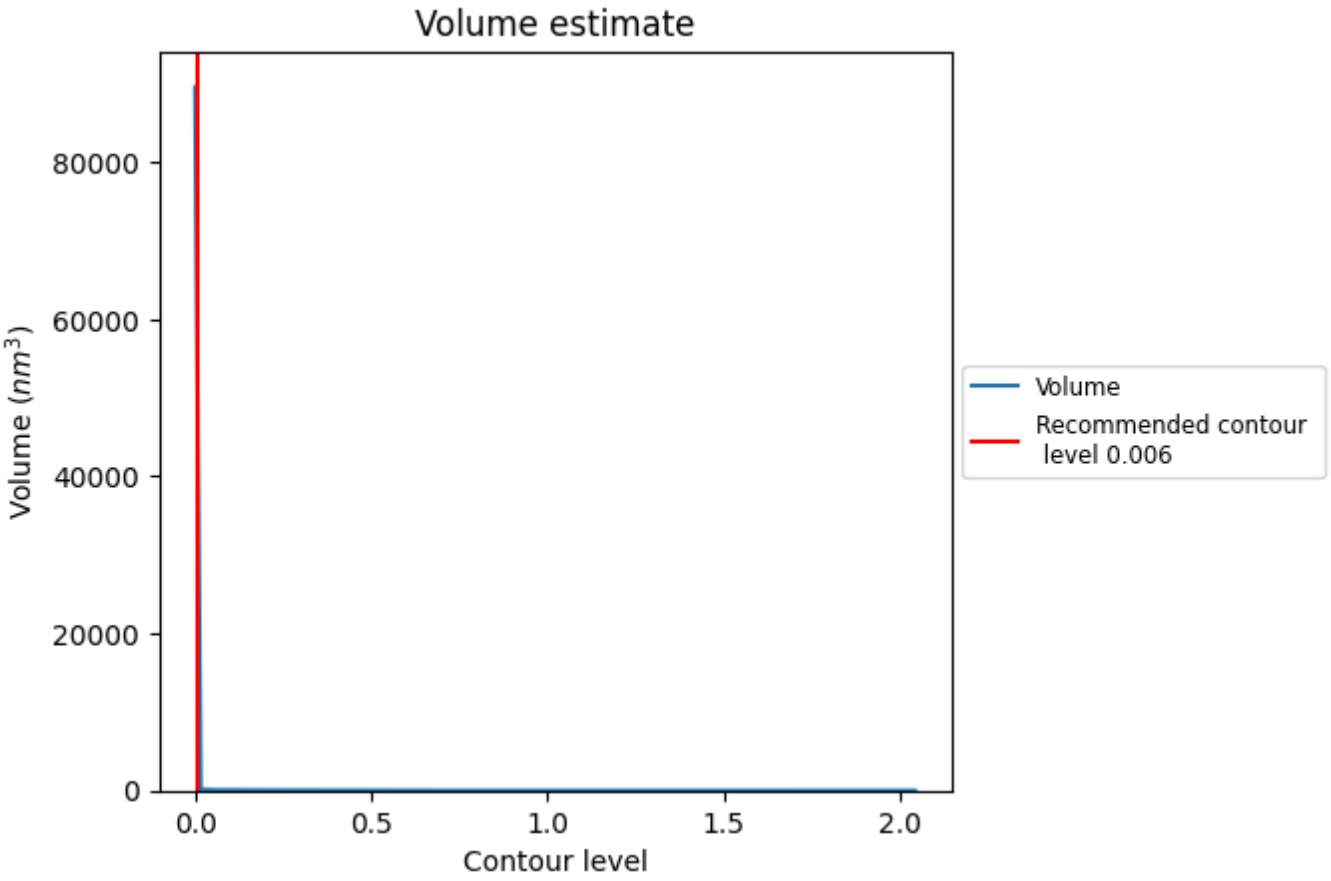
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

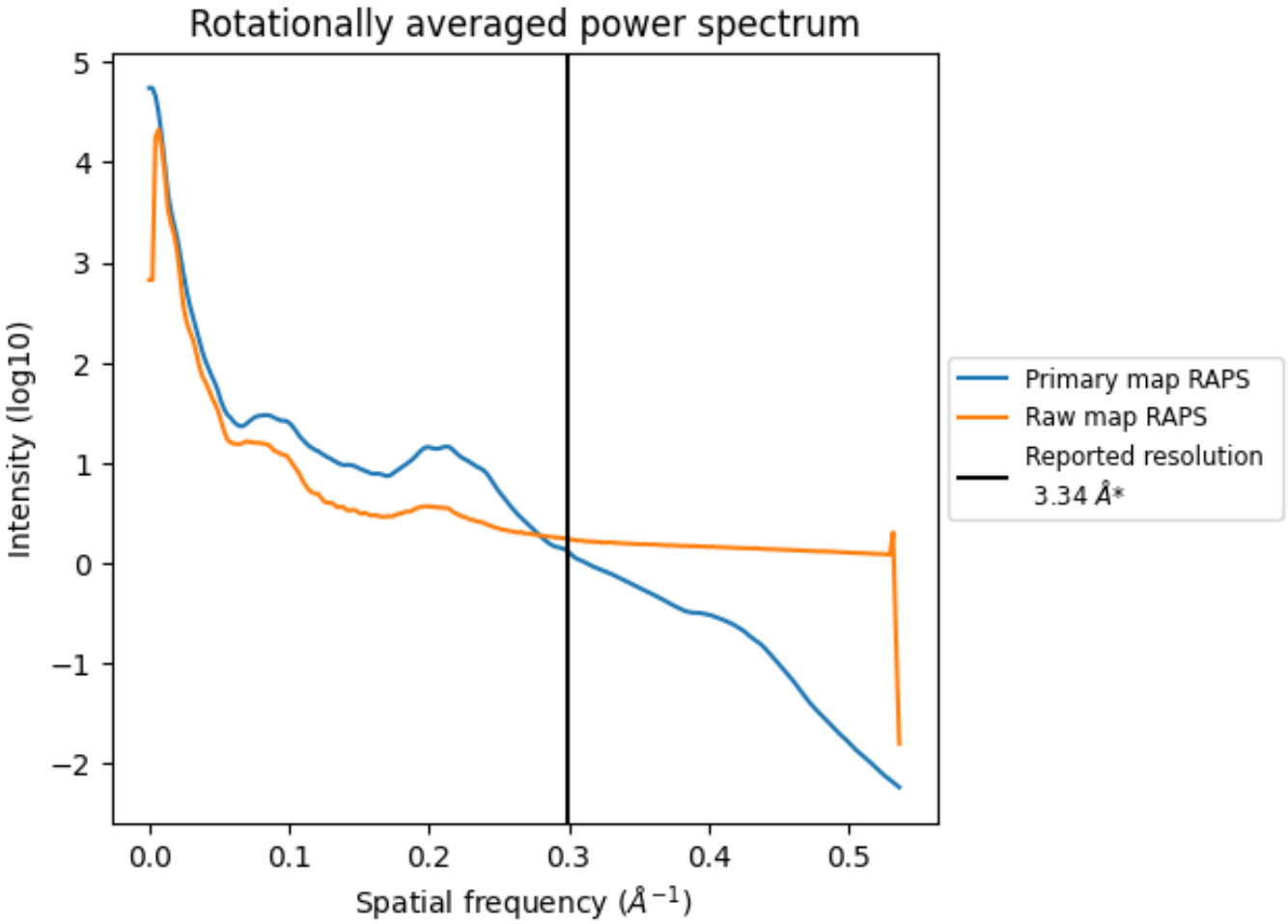
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 46162 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 41699 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

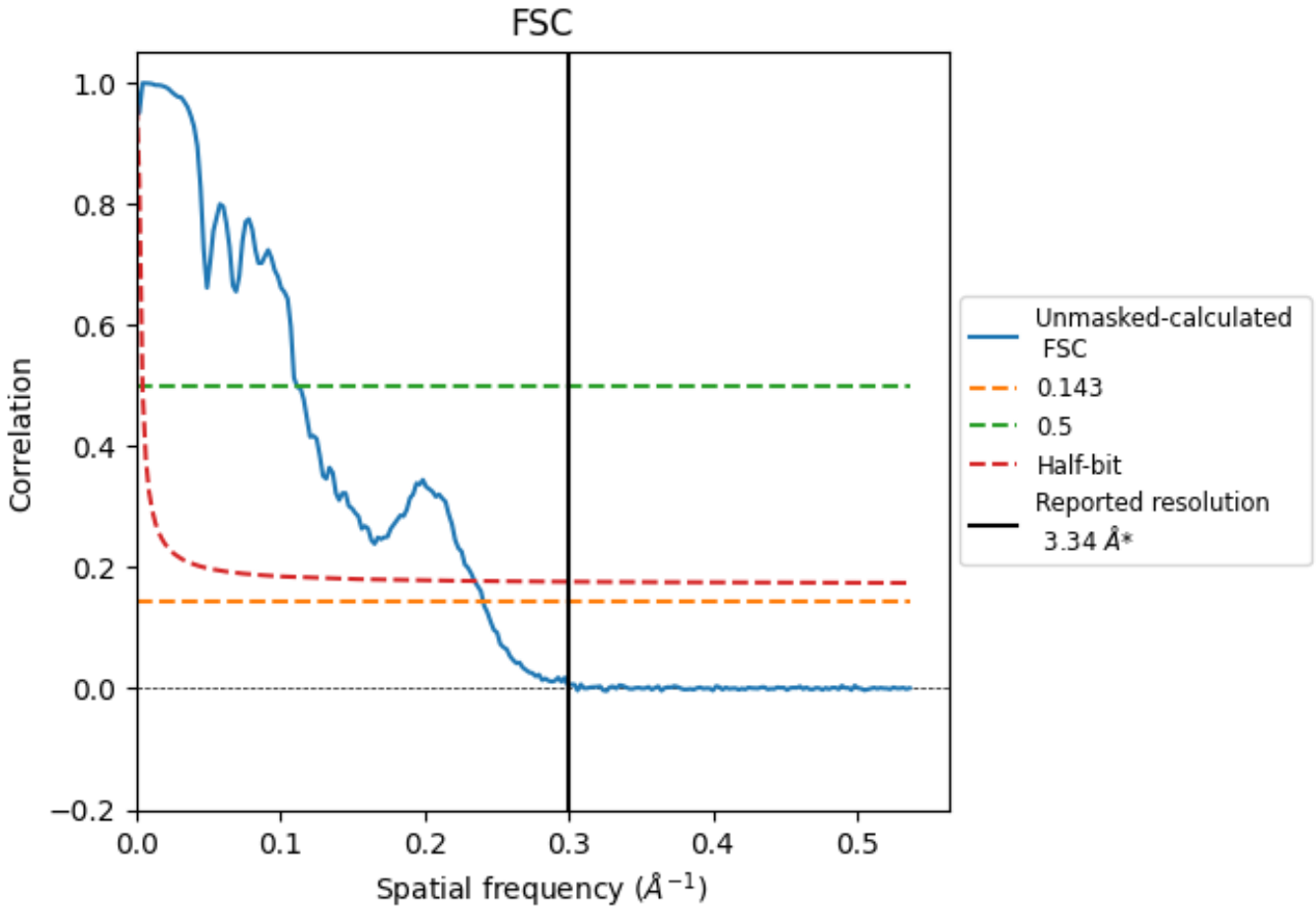


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.299 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.299 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.34	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.15	8.98	4.26

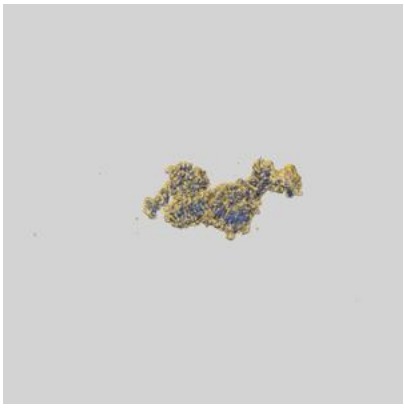
*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.15 differs from the reported value 3.34 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit

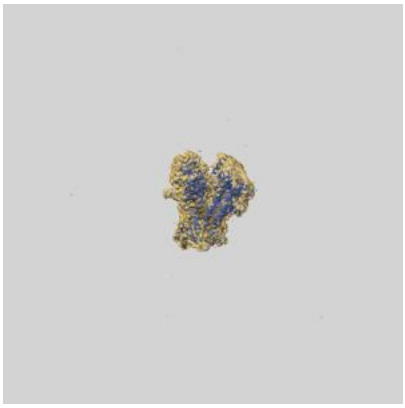
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-69539 and PDB model 24ID. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay

X



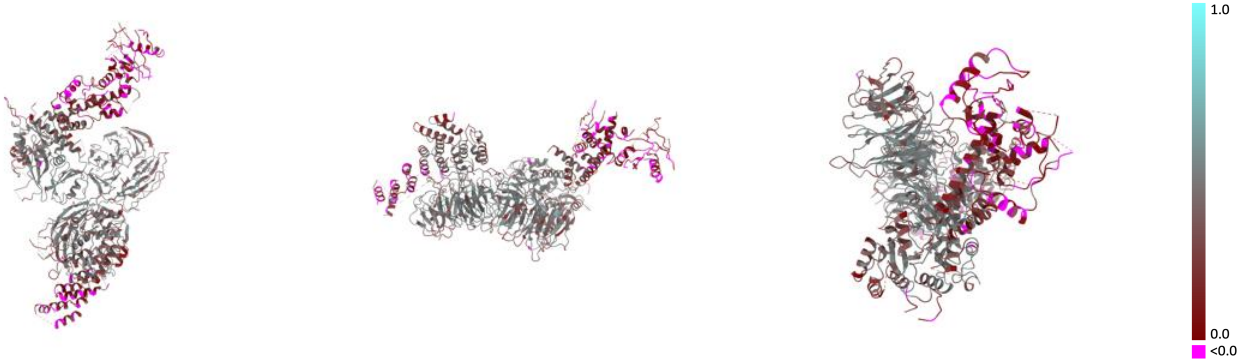
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.006 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

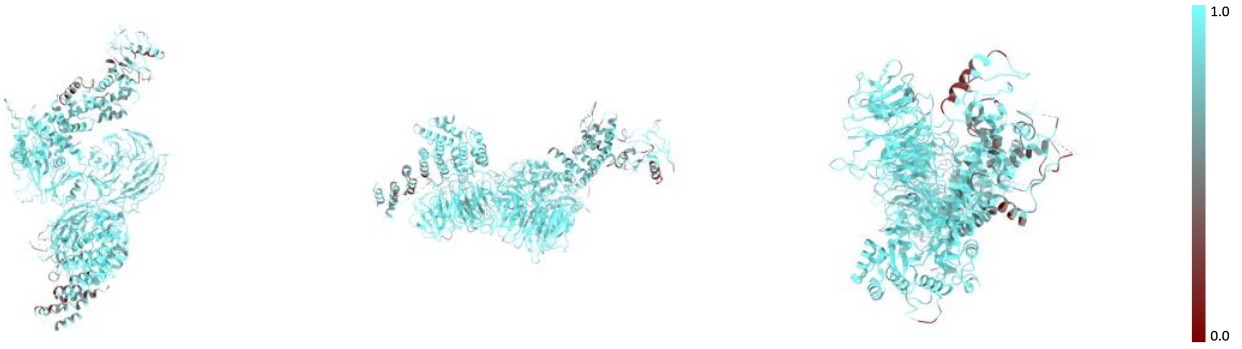
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

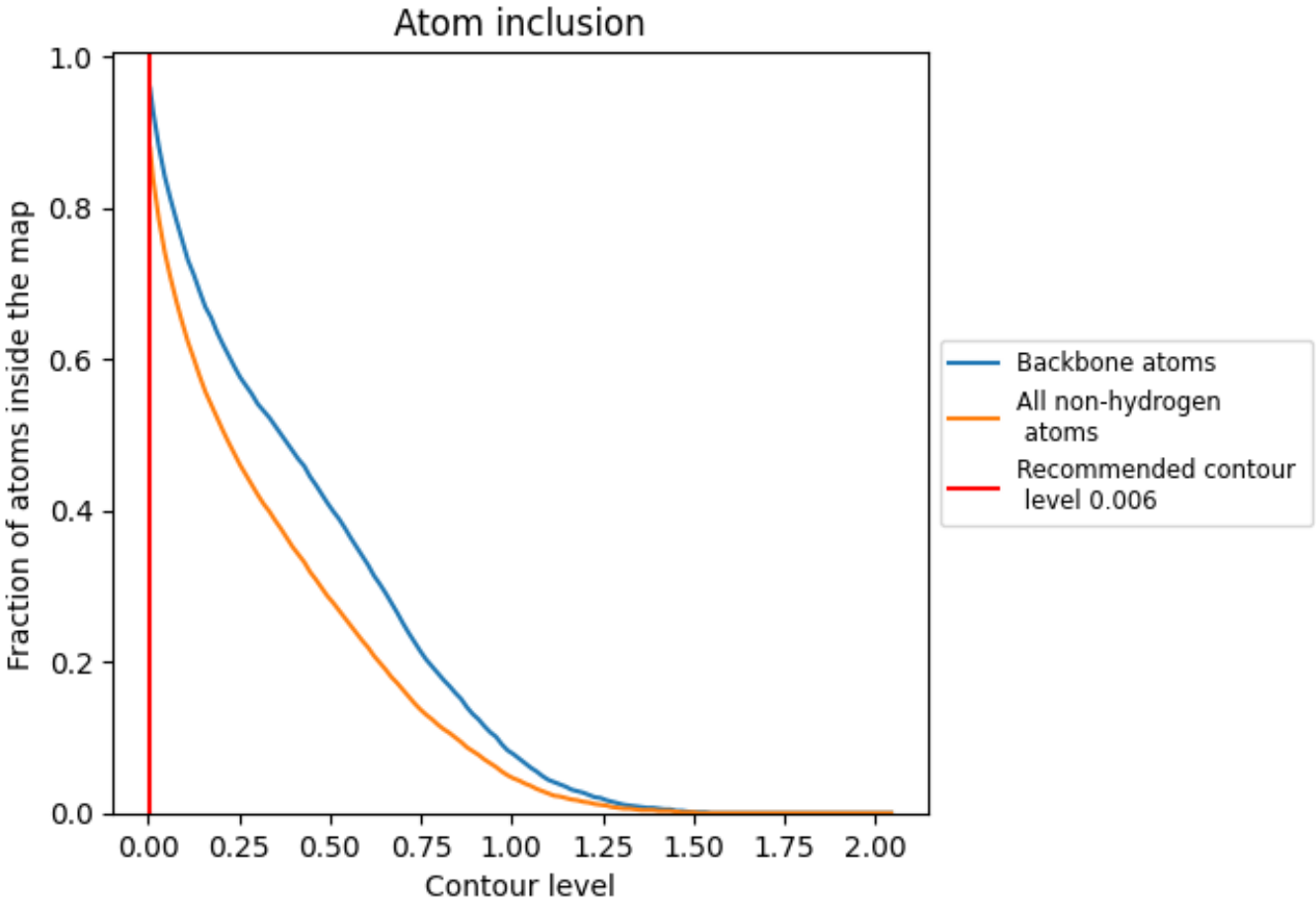
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.006).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 96% of all backbone atoms, 88% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.006) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8790	0.3370
A	0.8980	0.3740
B	0.9360	0.4120
C	0.7400	0.1130