



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Sep 15, 2026 – 09:36 PM JST

PDB ID : 44BW / pdb_000044bw
EMDB ID : EMD-82472
Title : Iota toxin Ib D452A prepore
Authors : Yamada, T.; Nakanishi, R.; Sugita, Y.; Ninomiya, Y.; Yoshida, T.; Noda, T.; Tsuge, H.
Deposited on : 2026-07-24
Resolution : 2.85 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 9JSO

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity : **FAILED**
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

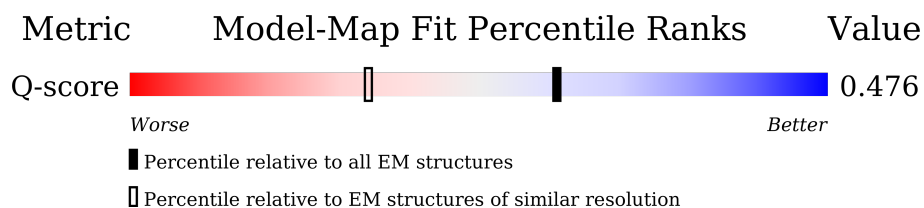
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Q-score	25397	11965 (2.35 - 3.35)

MolProbity failed to run properly - the sequence quality summary graphics cannot be shown.

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 23863 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Iota toxin component Ib.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		
1	B	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		
1	C	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		
1	D	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		
1	E	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		
1	F	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		
1	G	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2168	541	692	5		

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221
B	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221
C	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221
D	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221
E	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221
F	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221
G	452	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q46221

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
2	A	3	Total	Ca	0
			3	3	
2	B	3	Total	Ca	0
			3	3	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
2	C	3	Total 3	Ca 3	0
2	D	3	Total 3	Ca 3	0
2	E	3	Total 3	Ca 3	0
2	F	3	Total 3	Ca 3	0
2	G	3	Total 3	Ca 3	0

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

3 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C7	Depositor
Number of particles used	93962	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	81000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.480	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.262	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.012	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.048	Depositor
Map size (Å)	278.4, 278.4, 278.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.87, 0.87, 0.87	Depositor

4 Model quality [i](#)

4.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

4.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.3.3 RNA [i](#)

MolProbity failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

4.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 21 ligands modelled in this entry, 21 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

4.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

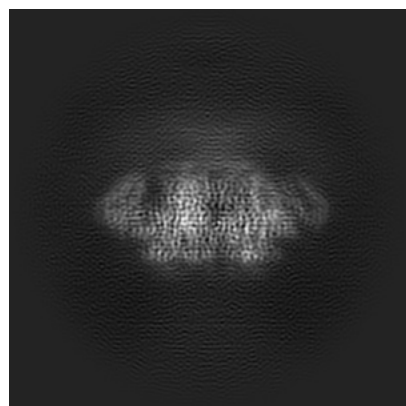
5 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-82472. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

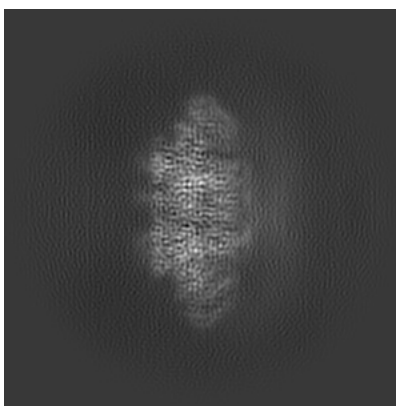
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

5.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

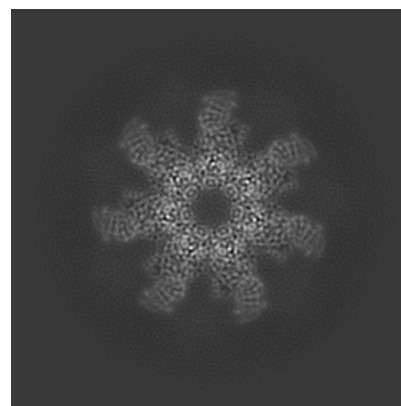
5.1.1 Primary map



X

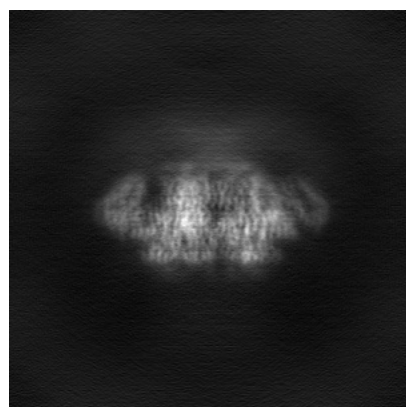


Y

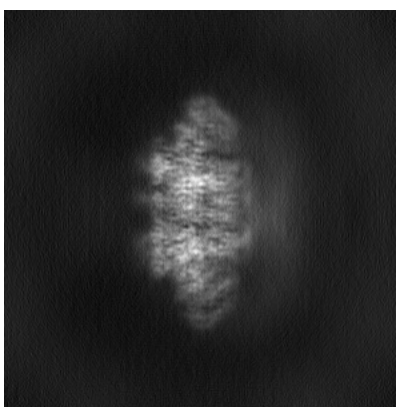


Z

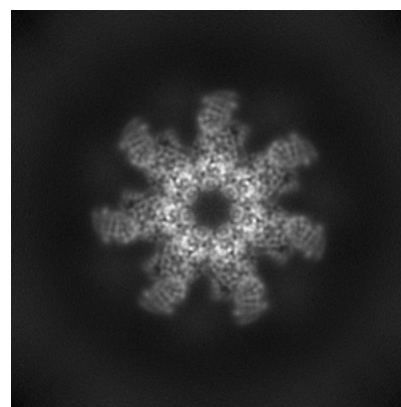
5.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

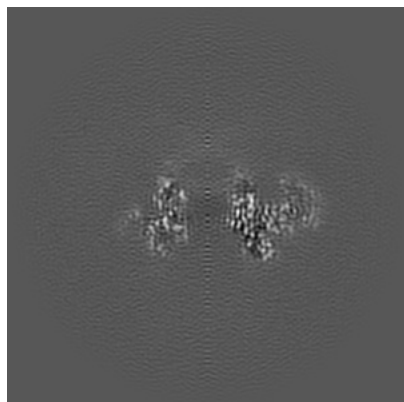


Z

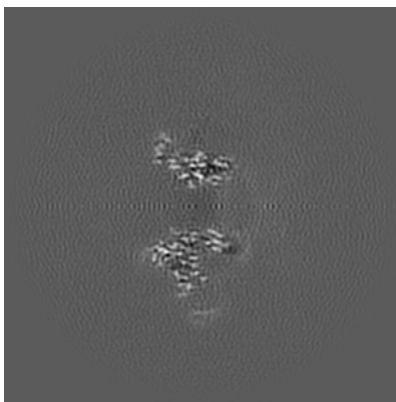
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

5.2 Central slices [i](#)

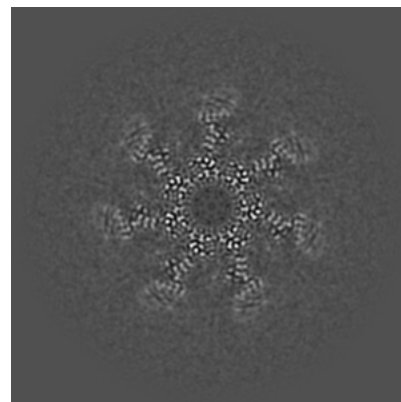
5.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

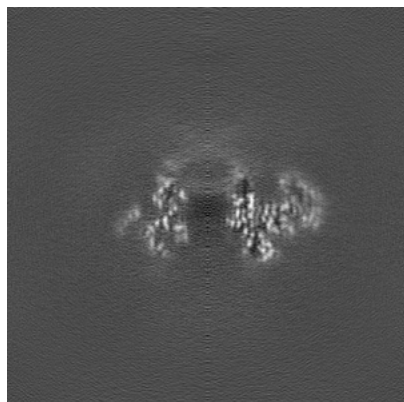


Y Index: 160

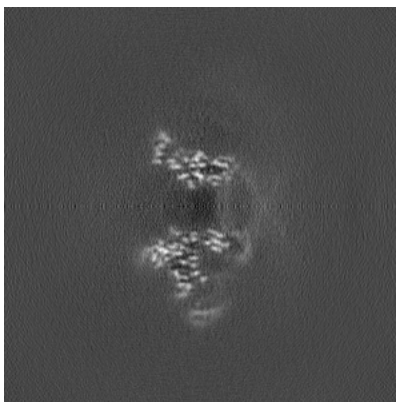


Z Index: 160

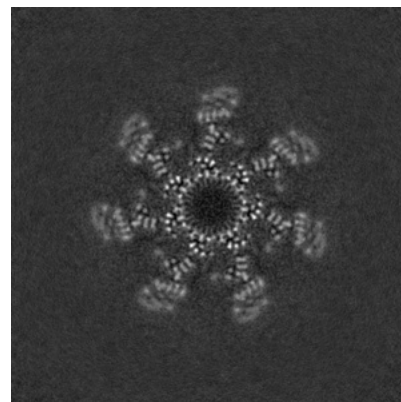
5.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

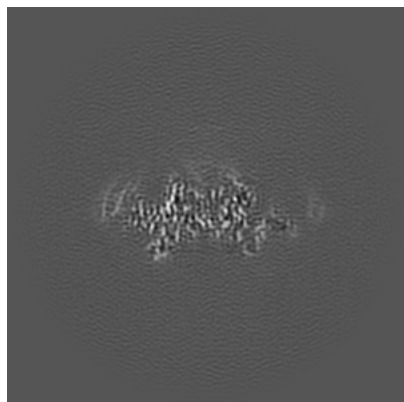


Z Index: 160

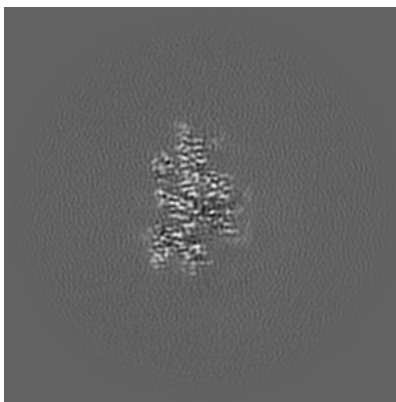
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

5.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

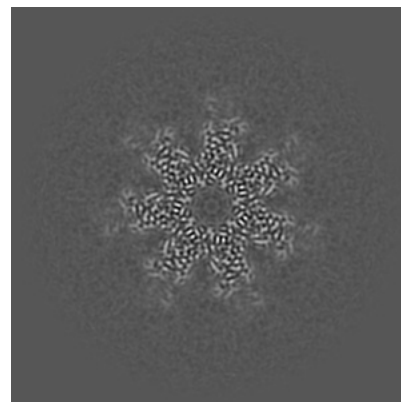
5.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 180

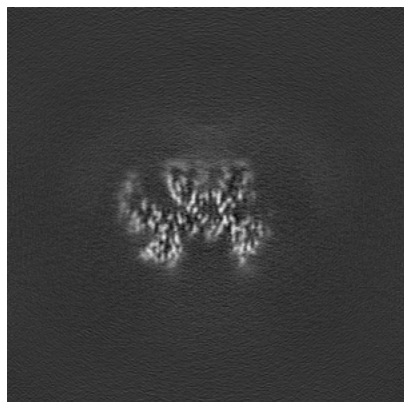


Y Index: 190

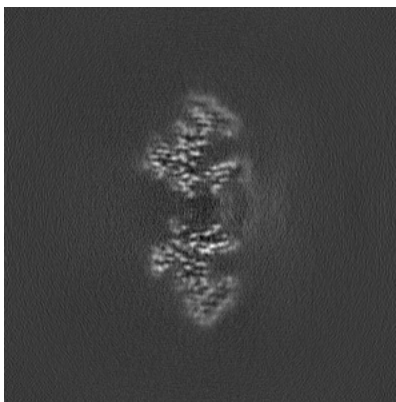


Z Index: 144

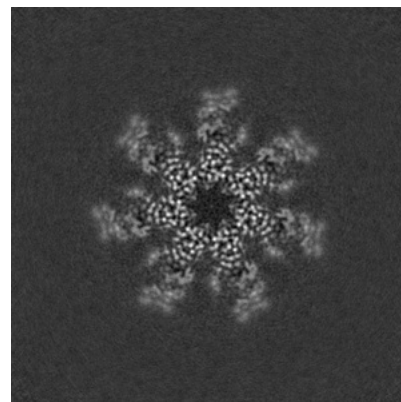
5.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 139



Y Index: 147

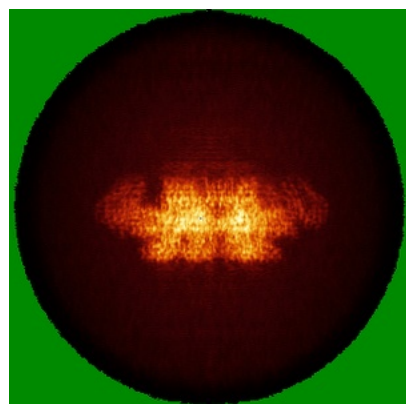


Z Index: 151

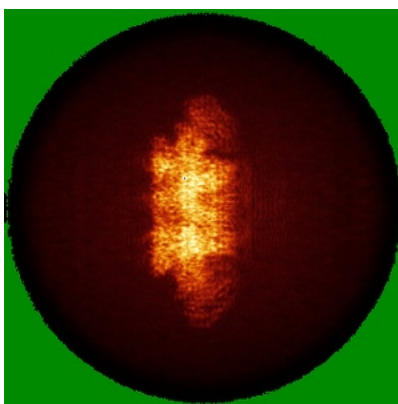
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

5.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

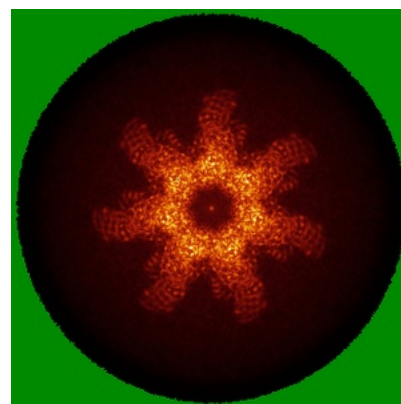
5.4.1 Primary map



X

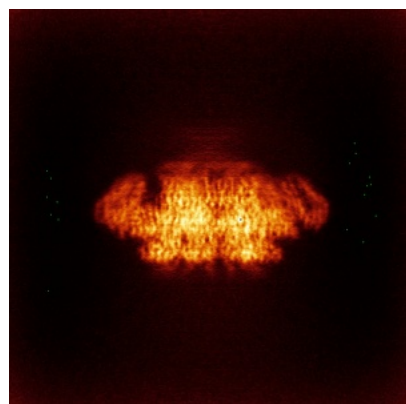


Y

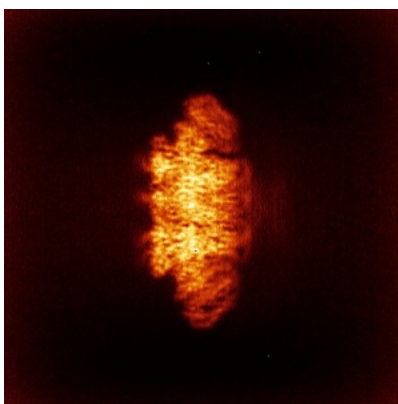


Z

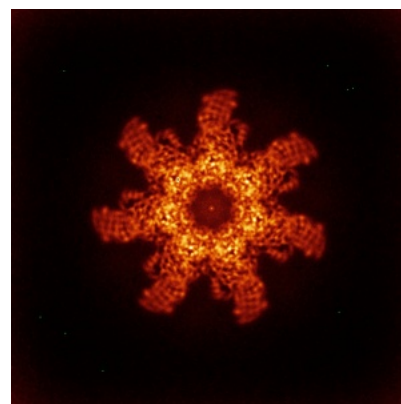
5.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

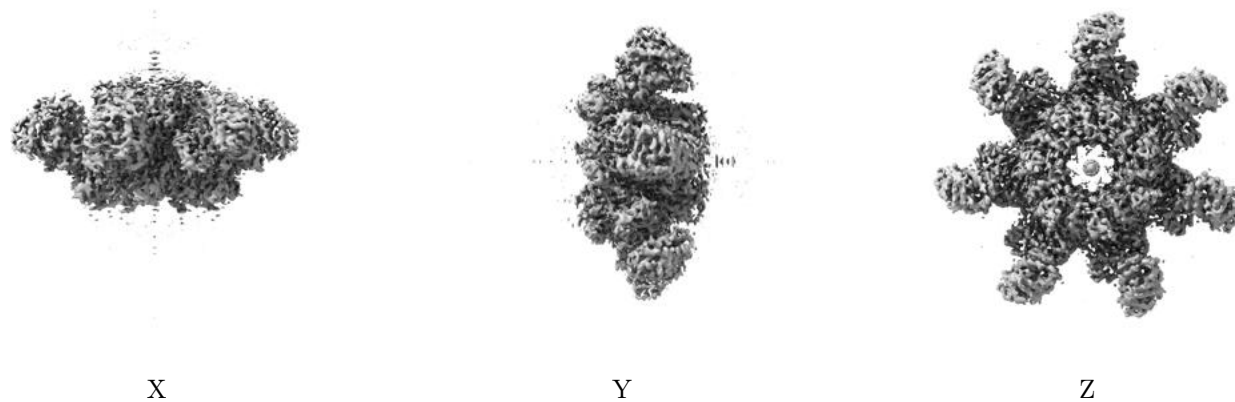


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

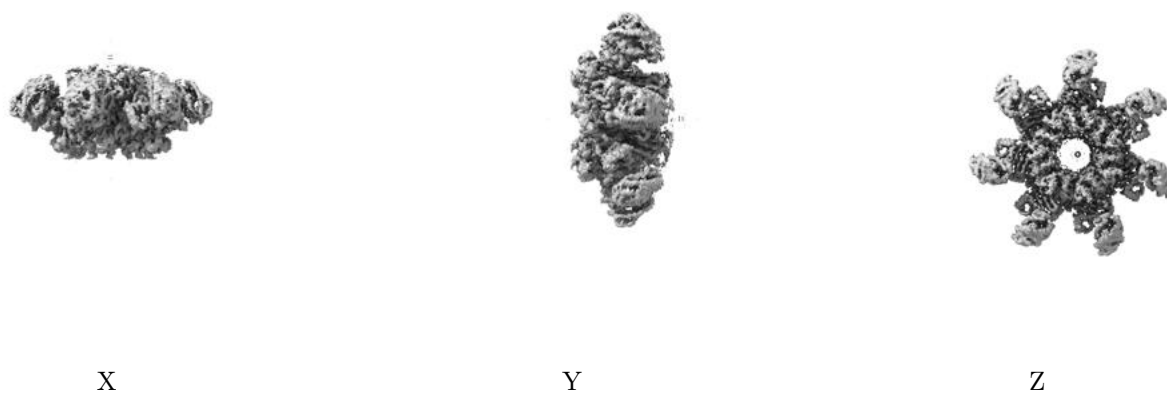
5.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

5.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.048. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

5.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

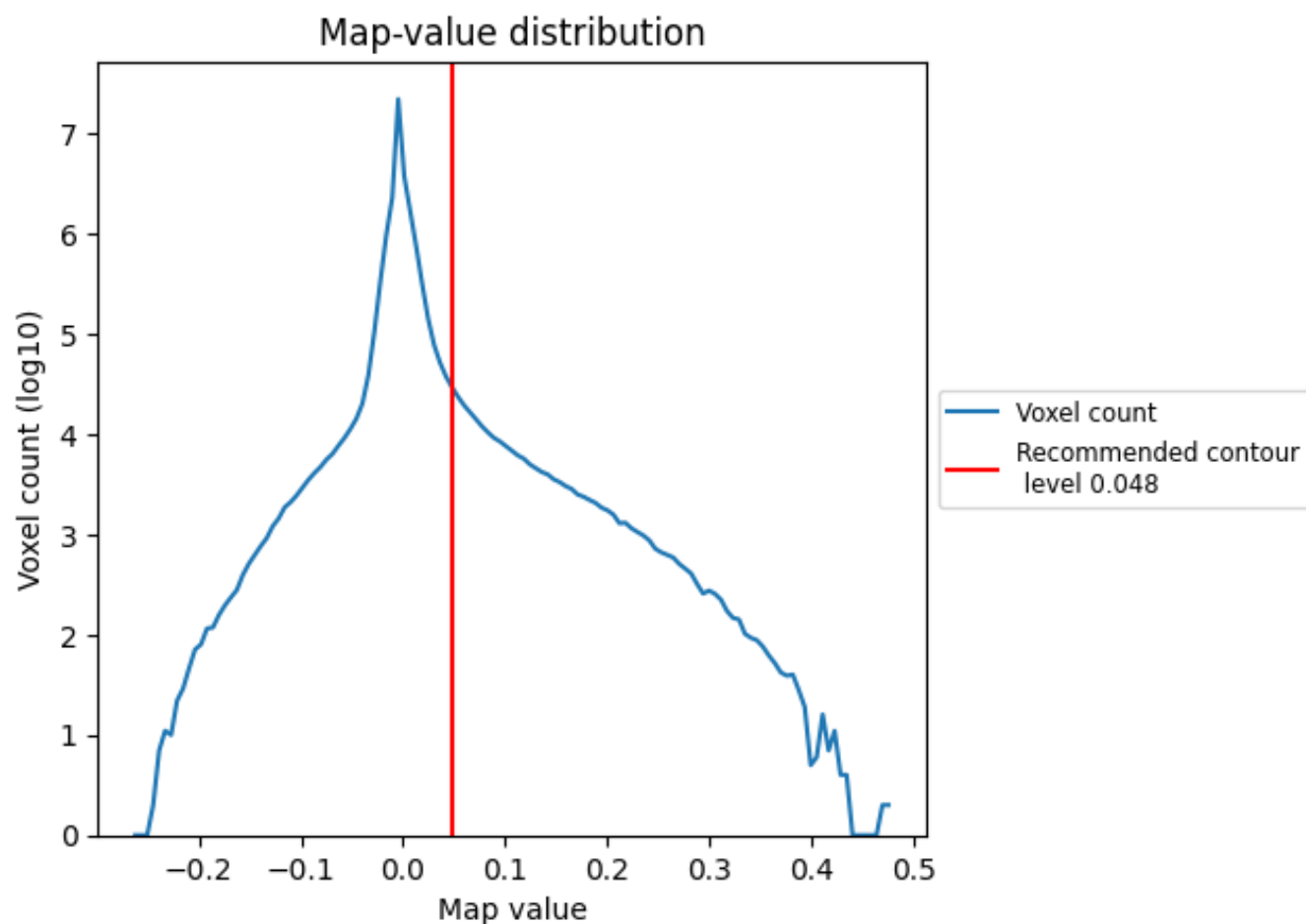
5.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

6 Map analysis [i](#)

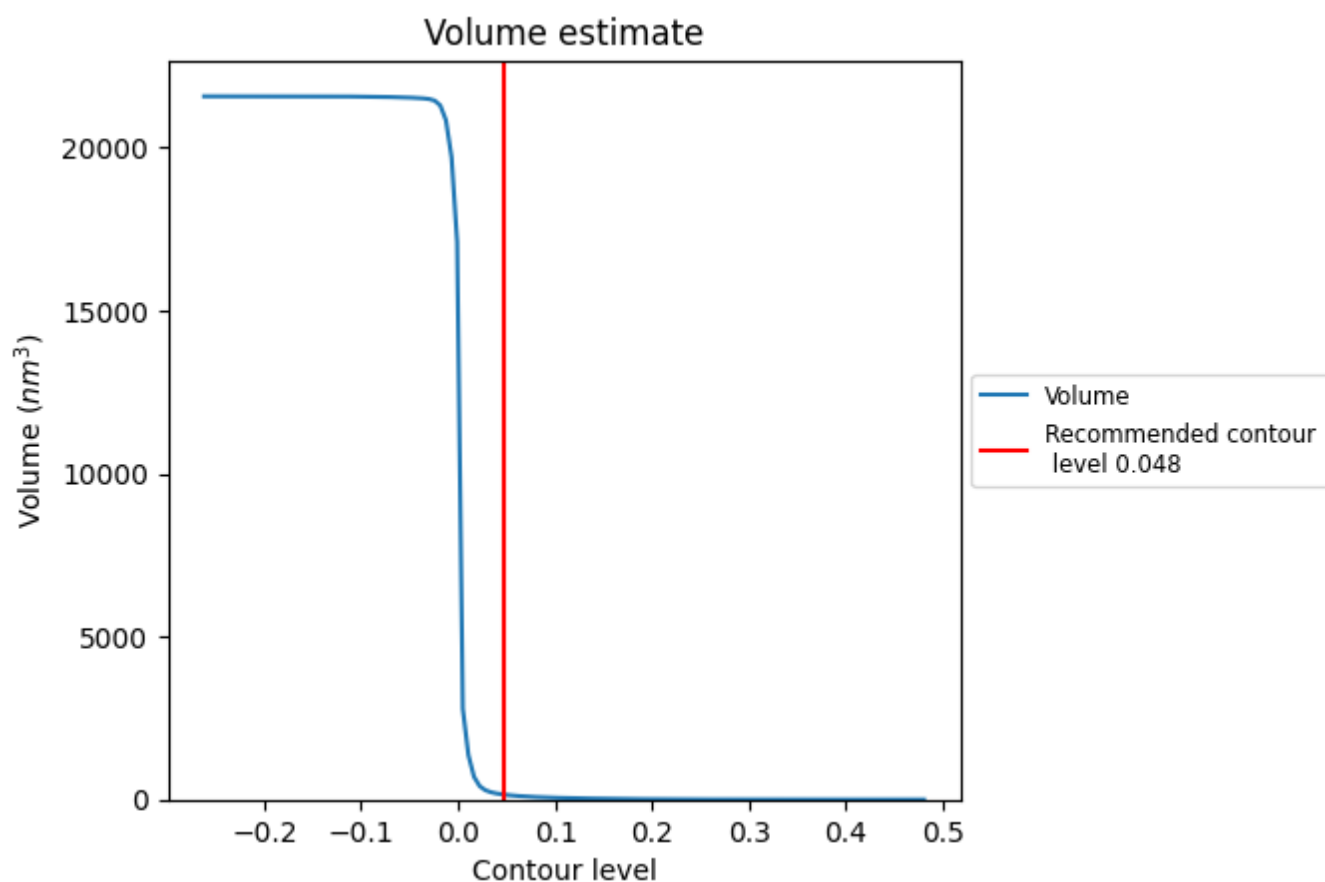
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

6.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

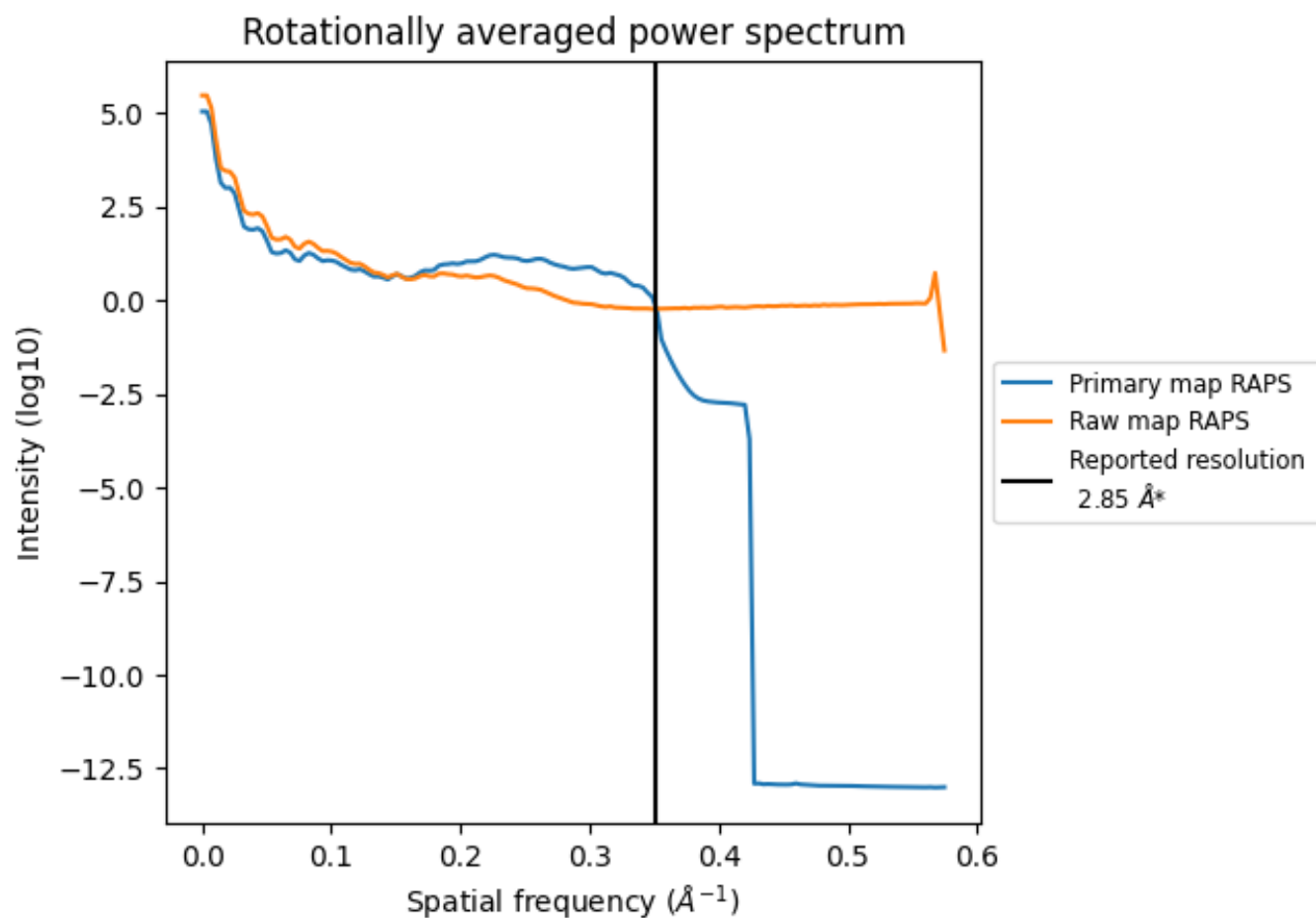
6.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 150 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 135 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

6.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

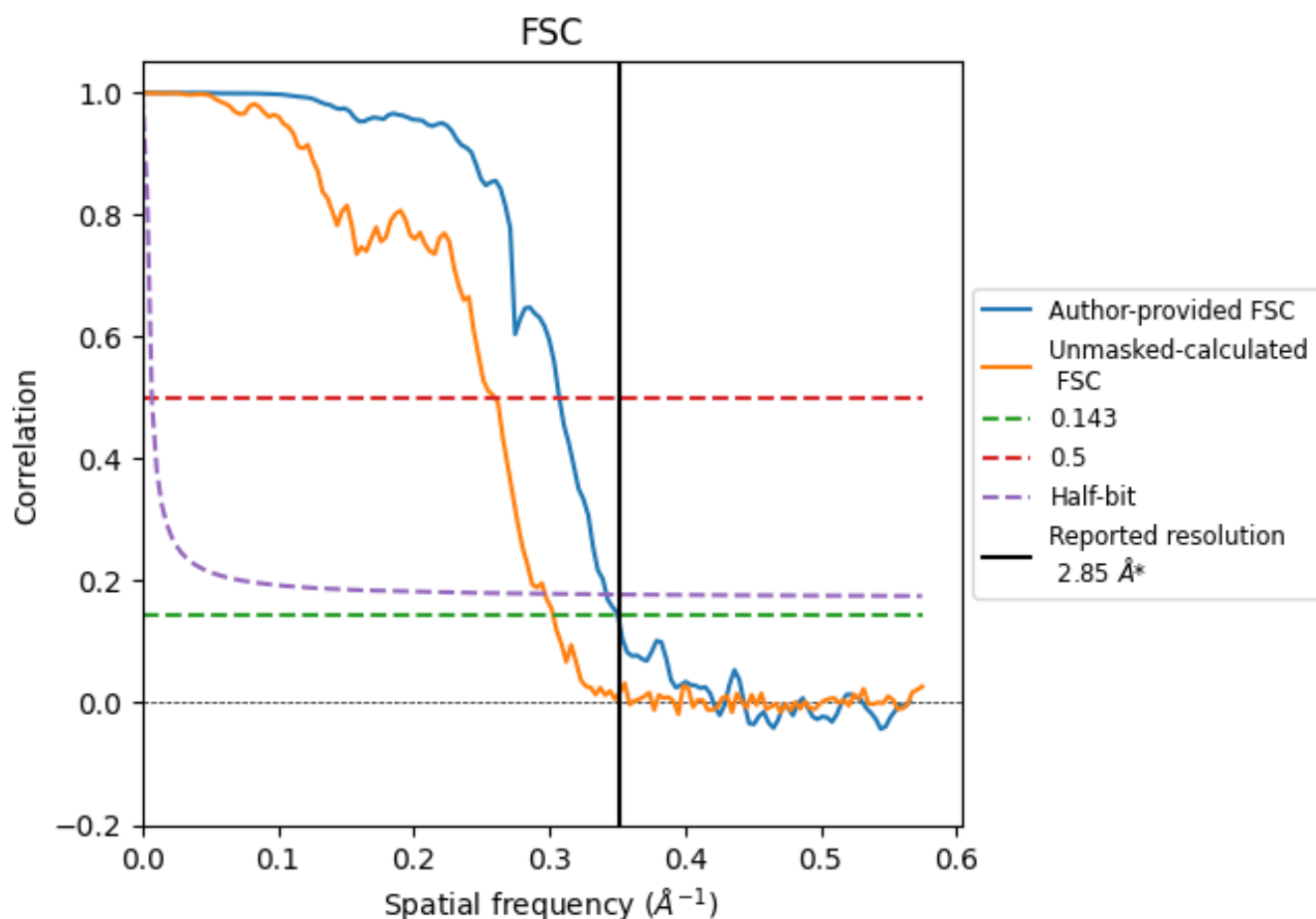


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.351 Å⁻¹

7 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

7.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.351 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

7.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

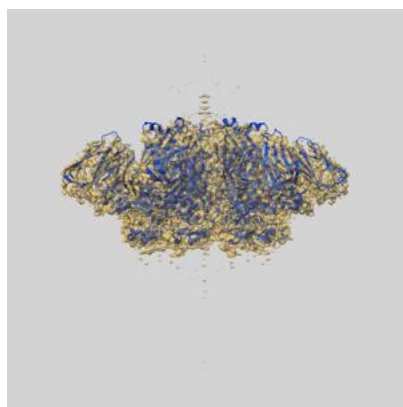
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.85	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.85	3.25	2.92
Unmasked-calculated*	3.30	3.85	3.37

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.30 differs from the reported value 2.85 by more than 10 %

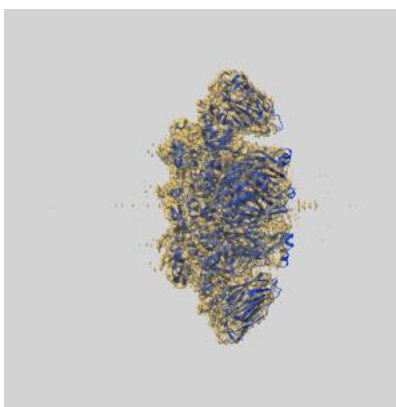
8 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-82472 and PDB model 44BW. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section ?? on page ??.

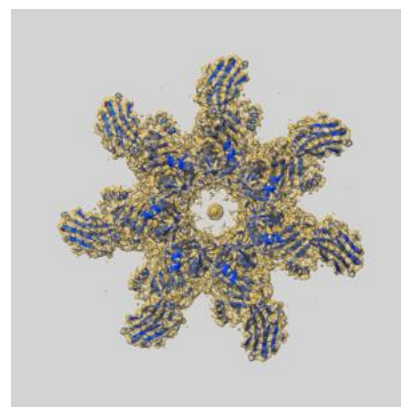
8.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



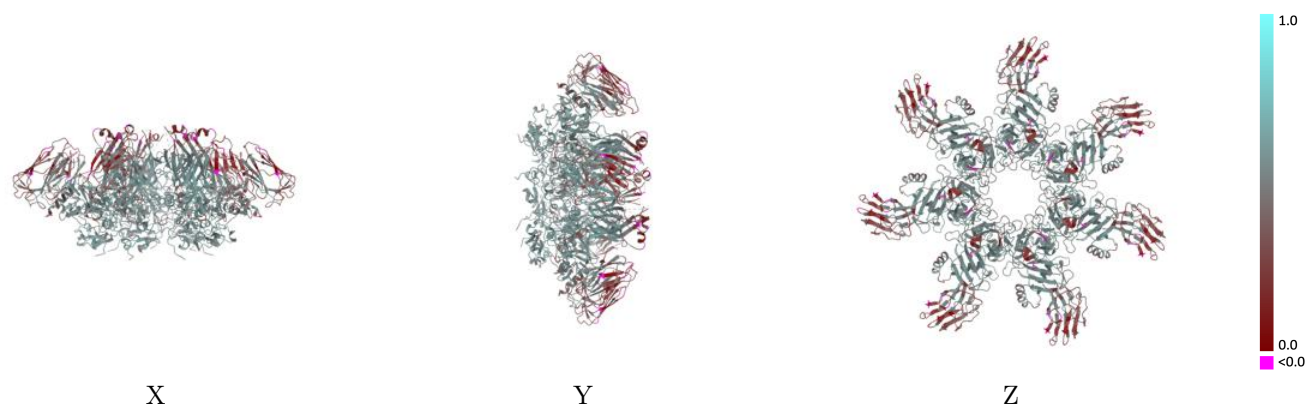
Y



Z

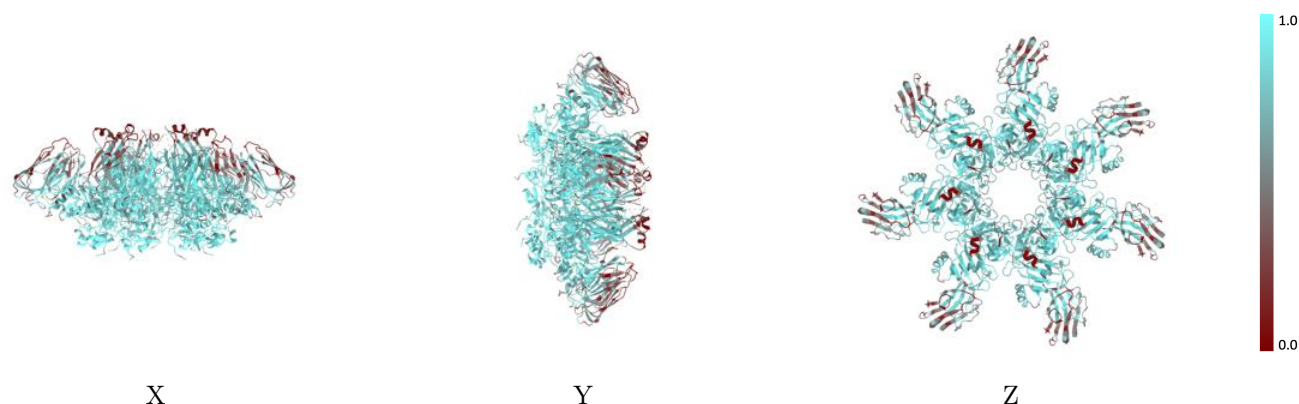
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.048 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

8.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



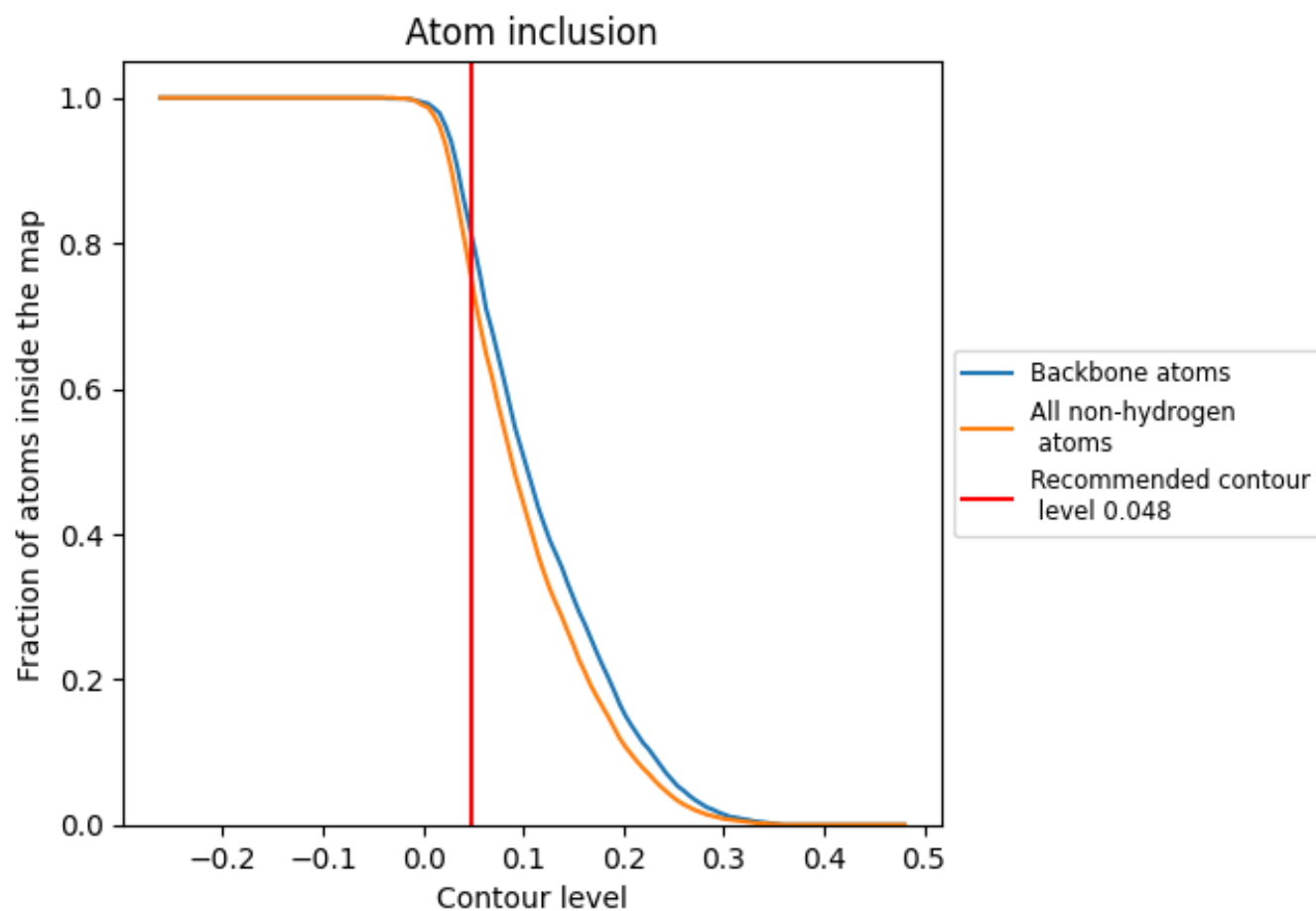
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

8.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.048).

8.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 81% of all backbone atoms, 75% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

8.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.048) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7530	0.4760
A	0.7520	0.4770
B	0.7520	0.4760
C	0.7560	0.4770
D	0.7510	0.4760
E	0.7530	0.4770
F	0.7500	0.4760
G	0.7530	0.4770

1.0

0.0

<0.0